

unity存储

步骤是:1, 创建/打开一个文件流, 2, BinaryFormatter序列化一个Save对象, 3, 写入硬盘中
4, 最后关闭文件流

```
1 using System.Collections;
2 using System.Collections.Generic;
3 using UnityEngine;
4 using System.IO;
5 using System.Runtime.Serialization.Formatters.Binary; //必须引用这个命名空间才能使用
   BinaryFormatter
6
7 public class GameSaveManager : MonoBehaviour
8 {
9     public MyBag myBagManager;
10
11
12     public void SaveGame()
13     {
14         Debug.Log(Application.persistentDataPath);
15         if (!Directory.Exists(Application.persistentDataPath + "/game_SaveDate")) //创建文件夹
16         {
17             Directory.CreateDirectory(Application.persistentDataPath + "/game_SaveDate");
18         }
19
20         BinaryFormatter formatter = new BinaryFormatter(); //进行二进制转换。
21         1, FileStream file = File.Create(Application.persistentDataPath + "/game_SaveDate/myBag.txt");
22
23         2, var json = JsonUtility.ToJson(myBagManager); //将数据转换为string类型,
24
25         3, formatter.Serialize(file, json); //json为要转换的对象
26         4, file.Close();
27     }
28     步骤是:创建/打开一个文件流, BinaryFormatter序列化一个Save对象, 写入硬盘中
29     最后关闭文件流
30     public void LoadGame()
31     {
32         BinaryFormatter bf = new BinaryFormatter();
33         if (File.Exists(Application.persistentDataPath + "/game_SaveDate/myBag.txt"))
34             //加载文件夹
35         {
36             FileStream file = File.Open(Application.persistentDataPath + "/game_SaveDate/myBag.txt",
37             FileMode.Open);
38             JsonUtility.FromJsonOverwrite((string)bf.Deserialize(file), myBagManager);
```

```

38
39     file.Close();
40 }
41 }

```

```

}

```

`udp.json` 文件保存在:

```

Application.PersistentDataPath + '/Unity' + '/' + Application.CloudProjectID + '/udp/udp.json

```

其中:

- `Application.PersistentDataPath` 是游戏的持久数据路径
- `Application.CloudProjectID` 是游戏的 Unity 项目 ID

以下是一个 `udp.json` 文件路径示例:

```

path/storage/emulated/0/Android/data/com.mystudio.mygame/files/Unity/c83d2de2-de74-4b75-83fc-ade948bda064/udp/udp.json

```

其中:

- `Application.PersistentDataPath` = `path/storage/emulated/0/Android/data/com.mystudio.mygame`
- `Application.CloudProjectID` = `c83d2de2-de74-4b75-83fc-ade948bda064`

([**PlayerPrefs**] 是 player preferences 的简写)

[playerPrefs] 是 Unity 内置的一个静态类, 可以用于[存储读取]一些简单的数据类型, 是一个特殊的[**Caching System**缓存系统]用来储存读取游戏中的[简单设置和数据]

其中**PlayerPrefs.SetInt(Key, value)**方法用做[保存数据]

即将value的值, 以键key的方式储存起来, 可以理解为一把钥匙(键key)储存一个数据(值value)

[PlayerPrefs.GetInt(Key)]方法用做 [读取数据]通过键名来读取数据(如果这个键存在的话)

序列化是将[对象的状态信息]转换为[Unity可以存储的形式]的自动化处理过程

(即:序列化是一个过程, 以某种存储形式使自定义对象得以保存)

简单来说, 把[对象]转化为[可传输的字节序列]过程称为序列化

可以将对象转换为字节序列后, 存储在数据库, 内存或者文件中

[**File**类], [**FileStream**类]和(**BinaryFormatter**类) 使用File类的前提条件是使用[System.IO]命名空间

(即文件类，文件流类，二进制格式化类)

当你想新建，剪切，复制一个文件的时候，声明的是File类的对象(实例)，当你想将文件读取或者写入时候，就要使用FileStream类

BinaryFormatte序列化(保存的过程) :将对象转化成二进制

BinaryFormatter.Serialize(Stream Object)方法: 将对象序列化到给定的流

BinaryFormatter.Serialize(Stream, Object)方法: 将对象序列化到给定的流这是(保存过程 的核心方法

```
1 using System.Collections;
2 using System.Collections.Generic;
3 using UnityEngine;
4 using UnityEngine.UI;
5
6 public class MenuManager : MonoBehaviour
7 {
8     public GameObject gameMenuImage;
9     public Player play;
10    public Toggle BGMtoggle;
11    private AudioSource audioSource;
12    // Start is called before the first frame update
13    void Start()
14    {
15        gameMenuImage.gameObject.SetActive(false);
16        audioSource = GetComponent<AudioSource>();
17    }
18
19
20    // Update is called once per frame
21    void Update()
22    {
23        if (Input.GetKeyDown(KeyCode.M))
24        {
25            if (GameManager.instance.isPause)
26            {
27                Refuse();//恢复游戏
28            }
29            else
30            {
31                Pasue();//暂停游戏
32            }
33        }
34        BGMManager();
35    }
36    public void Pasue()
```

```
37 {
38     gameMenuImage.gameObject.SetActive(true);//
39     Time.timeScale = 0f;
40     GameManager.instance.isPause = true;
41 }
42 public void Refuse()
43 {
44     gameMenuImage.gameObject.SetActive(false);
45     Time.timeScale = 1.0f;
46     GameManager.instance.isPause = false;
47 }
48 public void BGMtoggleButten();//背景音乐
49 {
50     if (BGMtoggle.isOn)
51     {
52         PlayerPrefs.SetInt("BGM", 1);
53         Debug.Log(PlayerPrefs.GetInt("BGM"));
54     }
55     else
56     {
57         PlayerPrefs.SetInt("BGM", 0);
58         Debug.Log(PlayerPrefs.GetInt("Bgm"));
59     }
60 }
61 private void BGMManager()
62 {
63     if (PlayerPrefs.GetInt("BGM") == 1)
64     {
65         BGMtoggle.isOn = true;
66         audioSource.enabled = true;
67     }
68 }
69 else if (PlayerPrefs.GetInt("BGM") == 0)
70 {
71     BGMtoggle.isOn = false;
72     audioSource.enabled = false;
73 }
74 }
75
76 public void SaveButten()
77 {
78     SaveByPlayPre();
79 }
80 public void LoadButten()
81 {
82     LoadBYPlayerPfe();//加载数据
83     Refuse();//恢复游戏
84 }
```

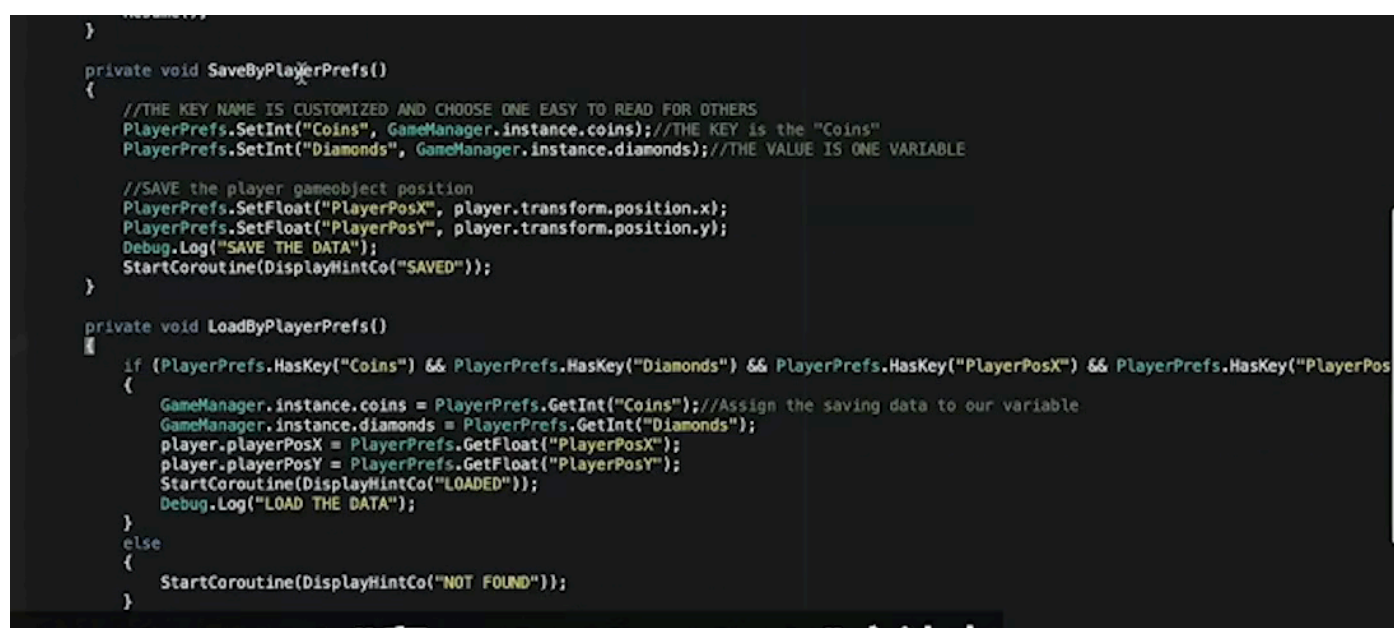
```

85 private void SaveByPlayPre()
86 {
87     //存储数据
88     PlayerPrefs.SetInt("score", play.score);
89     PlayerPrefs.SetInt("HP", play.currentHp);
90 }
91 private void LoadBYPlayerPfe()
92 {
93     if(PlayerPrefs.HasKey("score"))
94         play.score = PlayerPrefs.GetInt("score");//加载数据
95     if (PlayerPrefs.HasKey("HP"))
96         play.currentHp = PlayerPrefs.GetInt("HP");
97 }
}

```

BinaryFormatte序列化(保存的过程) :将对象转化成二进制

BinaryFormatter.Serialize(Stream Object)方法: 将对象序列化到给定的流



```

}

private void SaveByPlayerPrefs()
{
    //THE KEY NAME IS CUSTOMIZED AND CHOOSE ONE EASY TO READ FOR OTHERS
    PlayerPrefs.SetInt("Coins", GameManager.instance.coins);//THE KEY is the "Coins"
    PlayerPrefs.SetInt("Diamonds", GameManager.instance.diamonds);//THE VALUE IS ONE VARIABLE

    //SAVE the player gameobject position
    PlayerPrefs.SetFloat("PlayerPosX", player.transform.position.x);
    PlayerPrefs.SetFloat("PlayerPosY", player.transform.position.y);
    Debug.Log("SAVE THE DATA");
    StartCoroutine(DisplayHintCo("SAVED"));
}

private void LoadByPlayerPrefs()
{
    if (PlayerPrefs.HasKey("Coins") && PlayerPrefs.HasKey("Diamonds") && PlayerPrefs.HasKey("PlayerPosX") && PlayerPrefs.HasKey("PlayerPosY"))
    {
        GameManager.instance.coins = PlayerPrefs.GetInt("Coins");//Assign the saving data to our variable
        GameManager.instance.diamonds = PlayerPrefs.GetInt("Diamonds");
        player.playerPosX = PlayerPrefs.GetFloat("PlayerPosX");
        player.playerPosY = PlayerPrefs.GetFloat("PlayerPosY");
        StartCoroutine(DisplayHintCo("LOADED"));
        Debug.Log("LOAD THE DATA");
    }
    else
    {
        StartCoroutine(DisplayHintCo("NOT FOUND"));
    }
}

```

```
private void SaveBySerialization()
```

```
{
```

```
Save save = createSaveGameObject();
```

```
BinaryFormatter bf = new BinaryFormatter();
```

```
FileStream filestream = File.Create(Application.persistentDataPath + "/Data.text");//
```

```
新建文件流
```

```
bf.Serialize(fileStream, save);//序列化Save对象
```

```
fileStream.Close();//关闭文件流
```

```
}这就是序列化(保存)全过程
```

```
(创建一个二进制格式化对象-新建文件流->序列化Save对象->关闭文件流)
```

▼

```
1
2
3 private void SaveBySerialization()
4 {
5     Save save = createSaveGameObject();
6     BinaryFormatter bf = new BinaryFormatter();
7     FileStream fileStream = File.Create(Application.persistentDataPath + "/Data. text");//新建文件流
8     bf.Serialize(fileStream, save);//序列化Save对象
9     fileStream.Close();//关闭文件流
10 }这就是序列化(保存)全过程
11 (创建一个二进制格式化对象-新建文件流->序列化Save对象->关闭文件流)
12
13
14 private void LoadByDeSerialization()
15 {
16     if (File.Exists(Application.persistentDataPath + "/Data. text"))
17         //LOAD THE GAME
18         BinaryFormatter bf = new BinaryFormatter();
19         FileStream fileStream = File.Open(Application.persistentDataPath + "/Data. text",
20             FileMode.open);
21         Save save = bf.Deserialize(fileStream) as Save;//You l
22         fileStream.Close();
23     else
24     {
25         //REPORT THE ERROR
26         Debug.Log("NOT FOUND THIS FILE");
27     }
```