



Case Study - Counting Crimes

Jason Myers Instructor



Data Set Overview

```
Date,Block,Primary Type,Description,
Location Description,Arrest,Domestic, District

05/23/2016 05:35:00 PM,024XX W DIVISION ST,ASSAULT,SIMPLE,
STREET,false,true,14

03/26/2016 08:20:00 PM,019XX W HOWARD ST,BURGLARY,FORCIBLE ENTRY,
SMALL RETAIL STORE,false,false,24
```

Chicago Open Data Portal https://data.cityofchicago.org/



Part 1 - Step 1

Read data from CSV



Part 1 - Step 2

Create and use a Counter with a slight twist

```
In [1]: from collections import Counter
In [2]: nyc_eatery_count_by_types = Counter(nyc_eatery_types)
```

Use date parts for Grouping like in Chapter 4

Part 1 - Step 3

- Group data by Month
- The date components we learned about earlier.

Part 1 - Final

Find 5 most common locations for crime each month.

```
In [1]: print(nyc_eatery_count_by_types.most_common(3))
[('Mobile Food Truck', 114), ('Food Cart', 74), ('Snack Bar', 24)]
```





Let's practice!





Case Study - Crimes by District and Differences by Block

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Part 2 - Step 1

Read in the CSV data as a dictionary

Pop out the key and store the remaining dict

```
In [1]: galleries_10310 = art_galleries.pop('10310')
```



Part 2 - Step 2

Pythonically iterate over the Dictionary



Wrapping Up

Use sets for uniqueness

difference() set method as at the end of Chapter 1

```
In [1]: cookies_jason_ate.difference(cookies_hugo_ate)
set(['oatmeal cream', 'peanut butter'])
```





Let's practice!





Final thoughts

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