## ▶ Django 本機端設定

安裝套件 pip install django

#### 1. 建立 django 專案

django-admin startproject 專案名稱(例如 myDjango)

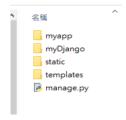
## 2. 建立 application 應用程式

d 專案名稱

python manage.py startapp 應用程式名稱(例如 myapp)

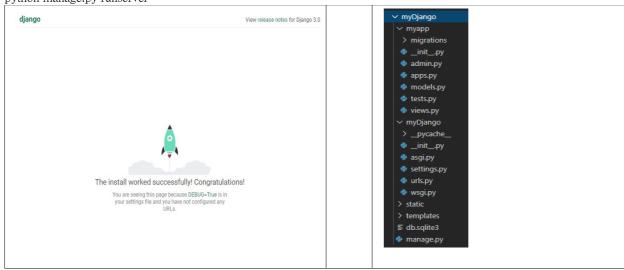
# 3. 建立 templates 和 static 資料夾

與專案名稱和應用程式同層,增加 templates 和 static 資料夾



# 4. 啟動 server

python manage.py runserver



### 5. 加入 application 應用程式

開啟 settings.py 檔案

INSTALLED\_APPS = [

'django.contrib.admin',

'django.contrib.auth',

'django.contrib.contenttypes',

'django.contrib.sessions',

'django.contrib.messages',

'django.contrib.staticfiles',

'myapp' -->增加應用程式名稱

]

```
6. 設定 Template 路徑
開啟 settings.py 檔案
TEMPLATES = [
     'BACKEND': 'django.template.backends.django.DjangoTemplates',
     'DIRS': [os.path.join(BASE_DIR, 'templates')],
     'APP_DIRS': True,
7. 設定語系和時區
開啟 settings.py 檔案
LANGUAGE_CODE = 'zh-Hant'
TIME ZONE = 'Asia/Taipei'
    8. 設定 urls.py
from django.contrib import admin
from django.urls import path
from django.conf.urls import url
from myapp.views import hello,hello01,hello02
urlpatterns = [
  path('admin/', admin.site.urls),
  url(r'^{,} hello),
  url(r'^hello01/(\w+)/\$', hello01),
  url(r'^hello02/(\w+)/\$', hello02)
]
    9. 定義函式
開啟 views.py 檔案
from django.shortcuts import render
from django.http import HttpResponse
from datetime import datetime
# Create your views here.
def hello(request):
  return HttpResponse("HELLO DJANGO!!")
def hello01(request, username):
  return HttpResponse('Hello~:'+username)
def hello02(request, username):
  now=datetime.now()
  return render(request, "hello02.html",locals())
    10. 設定 template/hello02.html 檔
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
<title>第一個模版</title>
</head><body>
<h1>歡迎光臨~:{{username}}</h1>
<h2>現在時刻~:{{now}}</h2>
</body></html>
```

## ➤ Django 上傳 Heroku 遠端設定

## 1. Procfile(專案名稱.wsgi)

web: gunicorn myDjango.wsgi

# 2. requirements.txt 檔案設定

line-bot-sdk
flask
django
gunicorn
dj-static

# 3. wsgi.py 檔案設定

import os from django.core.wsgi import get\_wsgi\_application from dj\_static import Cling os.environ.setdefault('DJANGO\_SETTINGS\_MODULE', 'myDjango.settings') application = Cling(get\_wsgi\_application())

4. settings.py 檔案設定 ALLOWED\_HOSTS = ['\*']

#### 錯誤參考

\$ heroku config:set DISABLE\_COLLECTSTATIC=1

輸出為 heroku config:set DISABLE\_COLLECTSTATIC=1

### ➤ Django 和 Line 設定

def callback(request):

```
1. 專案中的 urls.py
from django.contrib import admin
from django.urls import path, include
from django.conf.urls import url
from myapp.views import hello, hello01,hello02,callback
from myapp import views
urlpatterns = [
  path('admin/', admin.site.urls),
  url(r'^$',hello),
  url(r'^hello01/(\w+)/\$',hello01),
  url(r'^hello02/(\w+)/\$',hello02),
  url('^callback',views.callback),
1
    2. 應用程式中新增 urls.py
from django.urls import path
from . import views
urlpatterns = [
  path('callback/', views.callback, name='callback'),
]
    3. 應用程式 views.py
from django.shortcuts import render
from datetime import datetime
from django.conf import settings
from django.http import HttpRequest, HttpResponse, HttpResponseBadRequest
from django.views.decorators.csrf import csrf_exempt
from linebot import LineBotApi, WebhookHandler, WebhookParser
from linebot.exceptions import InvalidSignatureError
from linebot.models import MessageEvent, TextMessage, TextSendMessage
line bot api = LineBotApi('YOUR CHANNEL ACCESS TOKEN')
parser = WebhookParser('YOUR_CHANNEL_SECRET')
# Create your views here.
def hello(request):
  return HttpResponse("hello Django")
def hello01(request, username):
  return HttpResponse("hello~:"+username)
def hello02(request, username):
  now=datetime.now()
  return render(request, "hello02.html", locals())
@csrf exempt
```

```
if request.method == 'POST':
    signature = request.META['HTTP_X_LINE_SIGNATURE']
    body = request.body.decode('utf-8')

try:
    events = parser.parse(body, signature)
    except InvalidSignatureError:
    return HttpResponseForbidden()
    except LineBotApiError:
    return HttpResponseBadRequest()

for event in events:
    if isinstance(event, MessageEvent):
        line_bot_api.reply_message(event.reply_token,TextSendMessage(text=event.message.text))

return HttpResponse()
else:
    return HttpResponseBadRequest()
```