

# Lab14: RNA-Seq analysis mini-project

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Here we run through a complete RNASeq analysis from counts to pathways and biological insight...

## Data Import

```
library(DESeq2)

metaFile <- "GSE37704_metadata.csv"
countFile <- "GSE37704_featurecounts.csv"

# Import metadata and take a peak
colData = read.csv(metaFile, row.names=1)
head(colData)
```

```
              condition
SRR493366 control_sirna
SRR493367 control_sirna
SRR493368 control_sirna
SRR493369      hoxa1_kd
SRR493370      hoxa1_kd
SRR493371      hoxa1_kd
```

```
# Import countdata
countData = read.csv(countFile, row.names=1)
head(countData)
```

```
              length SRR493366 SRR493367 SRR493368 SRR493369 SRR493370
ENSG00000186092    918         0         0         0         0         0
ENSG00000279928    718         0         0         0         0         0
```

ENSG00000279457	1982	23	28	29	29	28
ENSG00000278566	939	0	0	0	0	0
ENSG00000273547	939	0	0	0	0	0
ENSG00000187634	3214	124	123	205	207	212
	SRR493371					
ENSG00000186092	0					
ENSG00000279928	0					
ENSG00000279457	46					
ENSG00000278566	0					
ENSG00000273547	0					
ENSG00000187634	258					

## Setup for DESeq

```
# Note we need to remove the odd first $length col
countData <- as.matrix(countData[,-1])

# Filter count data where you have 0 read count across all samples.
countData <- countData[rowSums(countData) != 0, ]

head(countData)
```

	SRR493366	SRR493367	SRR493368	SRR493369	SRR493370	SRR493371
ENSG00000279457	23	28	29	29	28	46
ENSG00000187634	124	123	205	207	212	258
ENSG00000188976	1637	1831	2383	1226	1326	1504
ENSG00000187961	120	153	180	236	255	357
ENSG00000187583	24	48	65	44	48	64
ENSG00000187642	4	9	16	14	16	16

## Running DESeq

```
dds <- DESeqDataSetFromMatrix(countData=countData,
                              colData=colData,
                              design=~condition)
```

Warning in DESeqDataSet(se, design = design, ignoreRank): some variables in design formula are characters, converting to factors

```
dds <- DESeq(dds)
```

estimating size factors

estimating dispersions

gene-wise dispersion estimates

mean-dispersion relationship

final dispersion estimates

fitting model and testing

```
dds
```

```
class: DESeqDataSet
```

```
dim: 15975 6
```

```
metadata(1): version
```

```
assays(4): counts mu H cooks
```

```
rownames(15975): ENSG00000279457 ENSG00000187634 ... ENSG00000276345  
                  ENSG00000271254
```

```
rowData names(22): baseMean baseVar ... deviance maxCooks
```

```
colnames(6): SRR493366 SRR493367 ... SRR493370 SRR493371
```

```
colData names(2): condition sizeFactor
```

```
res <- results(dds, contrast=c("condition", "hoxa1_kd", "control_sirna"))  
summary(res)
```

out of 15975 with nonzero total read count

adjusted p-value < 0.1

LFC > 0 (up) : 4349, 27%

LFC < 0 (down) : 4396, 28%

outliers [1] : 0, 0%

low counts [2] : 1237, 7.7%

(mean count < 0)

[1] see 'cooksCutoff' argument of ?results

[2] see 'independentFiltering' argument of ?results

## Add gene annotation data (gene names etc.)

```
library("AnnotationDbi")
library("org.Hs.eg.db")
```

```
columns(org.Hs.eg.db)
```

```
[1] "ACCNUM"      "ALIAS"      "ENSEMBL"    "ENSEMBLPROT" "ENSEMBLTRANS"
[6] "ENTREZID"    "ENZYME"     "EVIDENCE"   "EVIDENCEALL" "GENENAME"
[11] "GENETYPE"    "GO"         "GOALL"      "IPI"         "MAP"
[16] "OMIM"        "ONTOLOGY"   "ONTOLOGYALL" "PATH"        "PFAM"
[21] "PMID"        "PROSITE"    "REFSEQ"     "SYMBOL"      "UCSCKG"
[26] "UNIPROT"
```

```
res$symbol <- mapIds(org.Hs.eg.db,
                      keys=row.names(res),
                      keytype="ENSEMBL",
                      column="SYMBOL",
                      multiVals="first")
```

'select()' returned 1:many mapping between keys and columns

```
res$entrez <- mapIds(org.Hs.eg.db,
                     keys=row.names(res),
                     keytype="ENSEMBL",
                     column="ENTREZID",
                     multiVals="first")
```

'select()' returned 1:many mapping between keys and columns

```
res$name <- mapIds(org.Hs.eg.db,
                   keys=row.names(res),
                   keytype="ENSEMBL",
                   column="GENENAME",
```

```
multiVals="first")
```

'select()' returned 1:many mapping between keys and columns

```
head(res, 10)
```

log2 fold change (MLE): condition hoxa1\_kd vs control\_sirna

Wald test p-value: condition hoxa1 kd vs control sirna

DataFrame with 10 rows and 9 columns

	baseMean	log2FoldChange	lfcSE	stat	pvalue
	<numeric>	<numeric>	<numeric>	<numeric>	<numeric>
ENSG00000279457	29.913579	0.1792571	0.3248216	0.551863	5.81042e-01
ENSG00000187634	183.229650	0.4264571	0.1402658	3.040350	2.36304e-03
ENSG00000188976	1651.188076	-0.6927205	0.0548465	-12.630158	1.43990e-36
ENSG00000187961	209.637938	0.7297556	0.1318599	5.534326	3.12428e-08
ENSG00000187583	47.255123	0.0405765	0.2718928	0.149237	8.81366e-01
ENSG00000187642	11.979750	0.5428105	0.5215598	1.040744	2.97994e-01
ENSG00000188290	108.922128	2.0570638	0.1969053	10.446970	1.51282e-25
ENSG00000187608	350.716868	0.2573837	0.1027266	2.505522	1.22271e-02
ENSG00000188157	9128.439422	0.3899088	0.0467163	8.346304	7.04321e-17
ENSG00000237330	0.158192	0.7859552	4.0804729	0.192614	8.47261e-01
	padj	symbol	entrez	name	
	<numeric>	<character>	<character>	<character>	
ENSG00000279457	6.86555e-01	NA	NA	NA	
ENSG00000187634	5.15718e-03	SAMD11	148398	sterile alpha motif ..	
ENSG00000188976	1.76549e-35	NOC2L	26155	NOC2 like nucleolar ..	
ENSG00000187961	1.13413e-07	KLHL17	339451	kelch like family me..	
ENSG00000187583	9.19031e-01	PLEKHN1	84069	pleckstrin homology ..	
ENSG00000187642	4.03379e-01	PERM1	84808	PPARGC1 and ESRR ind..	
ENSG00000188290	1.30538e-24	HES4	57801	hes family bHLH tran..	
ENSG00000187608	2.37452e-02	ISG15	9636	ISG15 ubiquitin like..	
ENSG00000188157	4.21963e-16	AGRN	375790	agrin	
ENSG00000237330	NA	RNF223	401934	ring finger protein ..	

## Results visualization

Make a volcano plot:

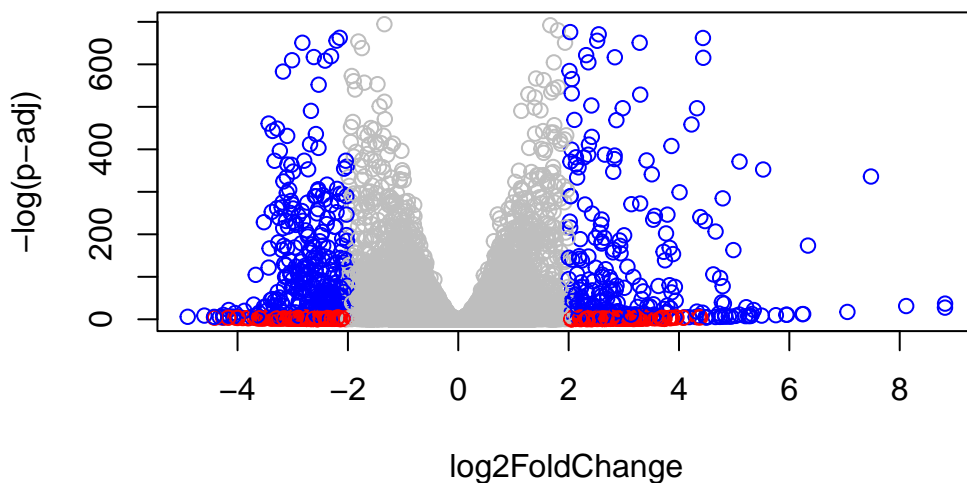
```
# Make a color vector for all genes
mycols <- rep("gray", nrow(res))

# Color red the genes with absolute fold change above 2
mycols[abs(res$log2FoldChange) > 2] <- "red"

# Color blue those with adjusted p-value less than 0.01 and absolute fold change more than 2
inds <- (res$padj < 0.01) & (abs(res$log2FoldChange) > 2)
mycols[inds] <- "blue"

plot(res$log2FoldChange, -log(res$padj), xlab="log2FoldChange", ylab="-log(p-adj)", col=mycols)
```

## Differentially expressed genes of HOXA1 kd experiment



## Save our results

Save to CSV file:

```
res <- res[order(res$pvalue),]
write.csv(res, file="deseq_results.csv")
```

## Pathway analysis (KEGG, GO, Reactome)

KEGG:

```
library(pathview)
```

```
#####  
Pathview is an open source software package distributed under GNU General  
Public License version 3 (GPLv3). Details of GPLv3 is available at  
http://www.gnu.org/licenses/gpl-3.0.html. Particullary, users are required to  
formally cite the original Pathview paper (not just mention it) in publications  
or products. For details, do citation("pathview") within R.
```

The pathview downloads and uses KEGG data. Non-academic uses may require a KEGG  
license agreement (details at <http://www.kegg.jp/kegg/legal.html>).

```
#####
```

```
library(gage)
```

```
library(gageData)
```

```
data(kegg.sets.hs)  
data(sigmet.idx.hs)
```

```
# Focus on signaling and metabolic pathways only  
kegg.sets.hs <- kegg.sets.hs[sigmet.idx.hs]
```

```
# Examine the first 3 pathways  
head(kegg.sets.hs, 3)
```

```
$`hsa00232 Caffeine metabolism`
```

```
[1] "10" "1544" "1548" "1549" "1553" "7498" "9"
```

```
$`hsa00983 Drug metabolism - other enzymes`
```

```
[1] "10" "1066" "10720" "10941" "151531" "1548" "1549" "1551"  
[9] "1553" "1576" "1577" "1806" "1807" "1890" "221223" "2990"  
[17] "3251" "3614" "3615" "3704" "51733" "54490" "54575" "54576"
```

```
[25] "54577" "54578" "54579" "54600" "54657" "54658" "54659" "54963"
[33] "574537" "64816" "7083" "7084" "7172" "7363" "7364" "7365"
[41] "7366" "7367" "7371" "7372" "7378" "7498" "79799" "83549"
[49] "8824" "8833" "9" "978"
```

```
$`hsa00230 Purine metabolism`
```

```
[1] "100" "10201" "10606" "10621" "10622" "10623" "107" "10714"
[9] "108" "10846" "109" "111" "11128" "11164" "112" "113"
[17] "114" "115" "122481" "122622" "124583" "132" "158" "159"
[25] "1633" "171568" "1716" "196883" "203" "204" "205" "221823"
[33] "2272" "22978" "23649" "246721" "25885" "2618" "26289" "270"
[41] "271" "27115" "272" "2766" "2977" "2982" "2983" "2984"
[49] "2986" "2987" "29922" "3000" "30833" "30834" "318" "3251"
[57] "353" "3614" "3615" "3704" "377841" "471" "4830" "4831"
[65] "4832" "4833" "4860" "4881" "4882" "4907" "50484" "50940"
[73] "51082" "51251" "51292" "5136" "5137" "5138" "5139" "5140"
[81] "5141" "5142" "5143" "5144" "5145" "5146" "5147" "5148"
[89] "5149" "5150" "5151" "5152" "5153" "5158" "5167" "5169"
[97] "51728" "5198" "5236" "5313" "5315" "53343" "54107" "5422"
[105] "5424" "5425" "5426" "5427" "5430" "5431" "5432" "5433"
[113] "5434" "5435" "5436" "5437" "5438" "5439" "5440" "5441"
[121] "5471" "548644" "55276" "5557" "5558" "55703" "55811" "55821"
[129] "5631" "5634" "56655" "56953" "56985" "57804" "58497" "6240"
[137] "6241" "64425" "646625" "654364" "661" "7498" "8382" "84172"
[145] "84265" "84284" "84618" "8622" "8654" "87178" "8833" "9060"
[153] "9061" "93034" "953" "9533" "954" "955" "956" "957"
[161] "9583" "9615"
```

```
foldchanges <- res$log2FoldChange
names(foldchanges) <- res$entrez
head(foldchanges)
```

```
1266 54855 1465 51232 2034 2317
-2.422719 3.201955 -2.313738 -2.059631 -1.888019 -1.649792
```

Do the KEGG pathway analysis:

```
# Get the results
keggres <- gage(foldchanges, gsets=kegg.sets.hs)
```

Inspect the downregulated pathways:



```
head(keggres$less)
```

	p.geomean	stat.mean	p.val
hsa04110 Cell cycle	8.995727e-06	-4.378644	8.995727e-06
hsa03030 DNA replication	9.424076e-05	-3.951803	9.424076e-05
hsa03013 RNA transport	1.375901e-03	-3.028500	1.375901e-03
hsa03440 Homologous recombination	3.066756e-03	-2.852899	3.066756e-03
hsa04114 Oocyte meiosis	3.784520e-03	-2.698128	3.784520e-03
hsa00010 Glycolysis / Gluconeogenesis	8.961413e-03	-2.405398	8.961413e-03

	q.val	set.size	exp1
hsa04110 Cell cycle	0.001448312	121	8.995727e-06
hsa03030 DNA replication	0.007586381	36	9.424076e-05
hsa03013 RNA transport	0.073840037	144	1.375901e-03
hsa03440 Homologous recombination	0.121861535	28	3.066756e-03
hsa04114 Oocyte meiosis	0.121861535	102	3.784520e-03
hsa00010 Glycolysis / Gluconeogenesis	0.212222694	53	8.961413e-03

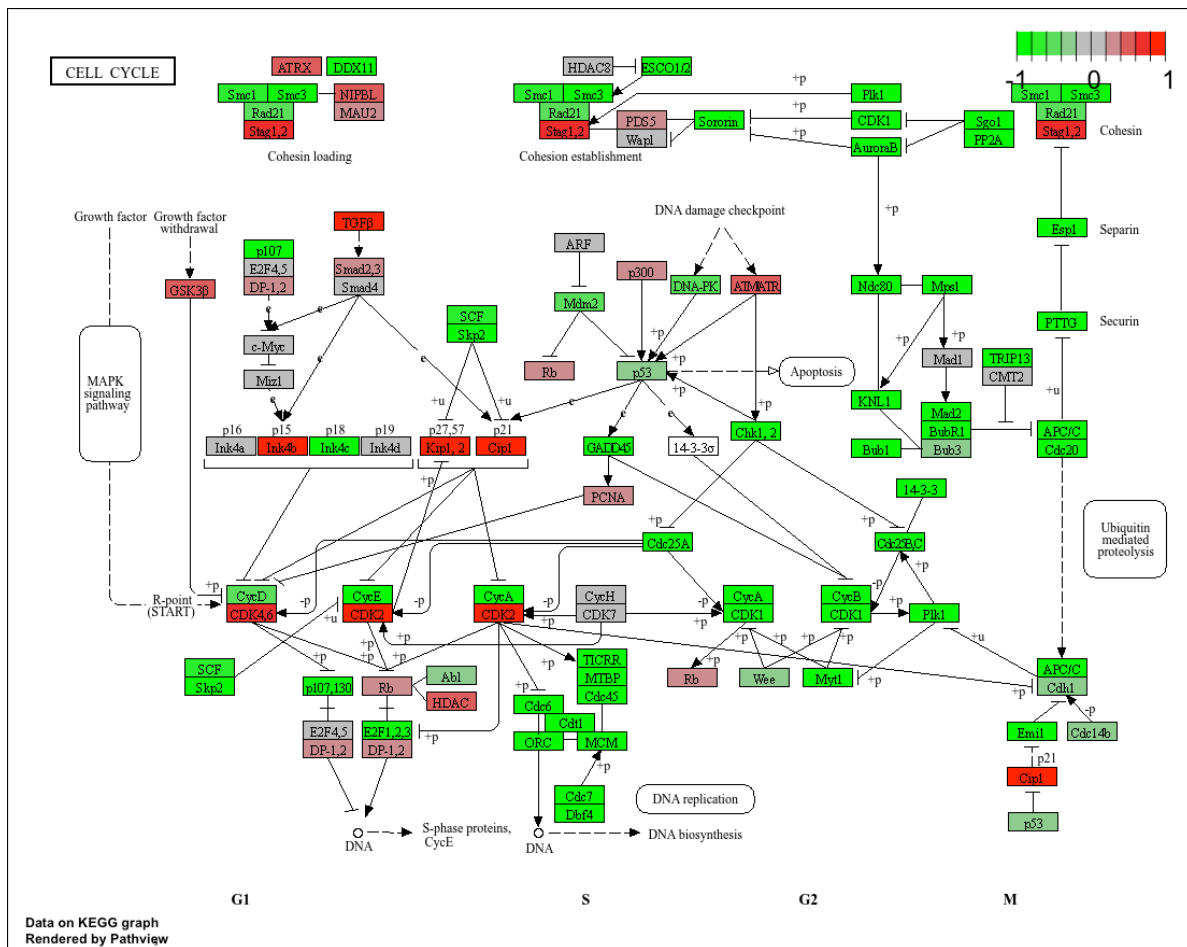
Inspect the Cell cycle pathway (hsa04110) further:

```
pathview(gene.data=foldchanges, pathway.id="hsa04110")
```

'select()' returned 1:1 mapping between keys and columns

Info: Working in directory /Users/duyle/Downloads/BIMM 143/Lab14

Info: Writing image file hsa04110.pathview.png



Focus on top 5 upregulated pathways here:

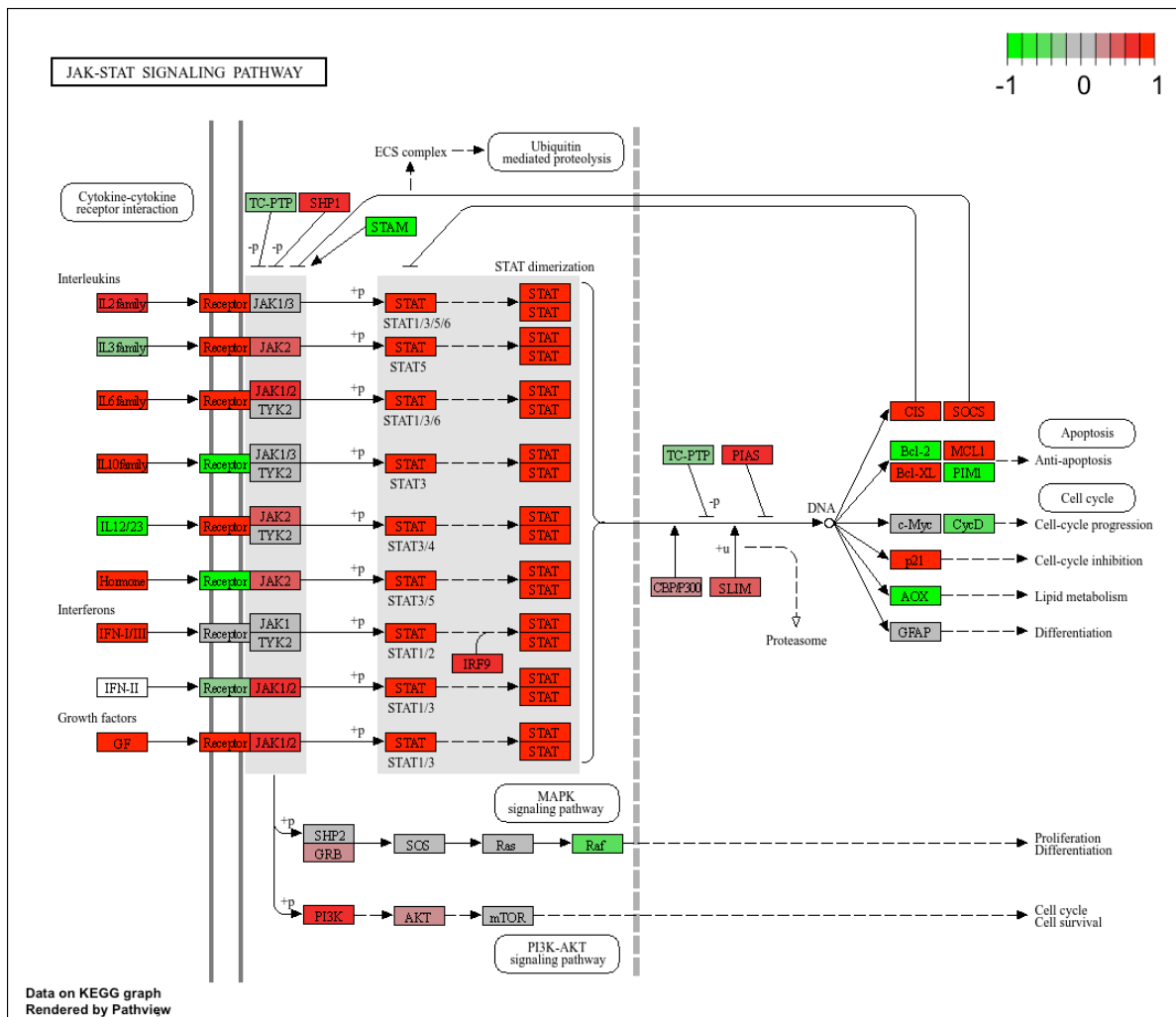
```
keggrespathways <- rownames(keggres$greater)[1:5]
```

```
# Extract the 8 character long IDs part of each string
keggresids <- substr(keggrespathways, start=1, stop=8)
keggresids
```

```
[1] "hsa04640" "hsa04630" "hsa00140" "hsa04142" "hsa04330"
```

```
pathview(gene.data=foldchanges, pathway.id=keggresids, species="hsa")
```









```
keggrespathways <- rownames(keggres$less)[1:5]

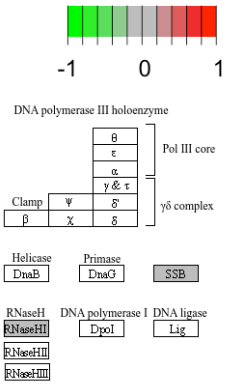
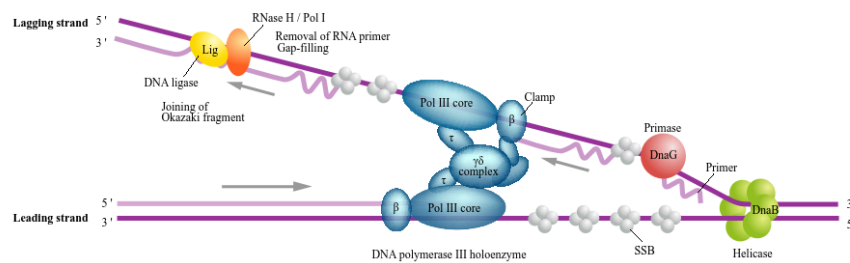
# Extract the 8 character long IDs part of each string
keggresids <- substr(keggrespathways, start=1, stop=8)
keggresids
```

```
pathview(gene.data=foldchanges, pathway.id=keggresids, species="hsa")
```

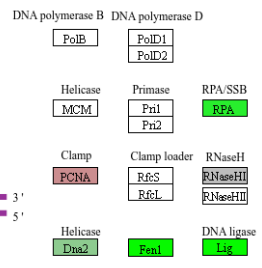
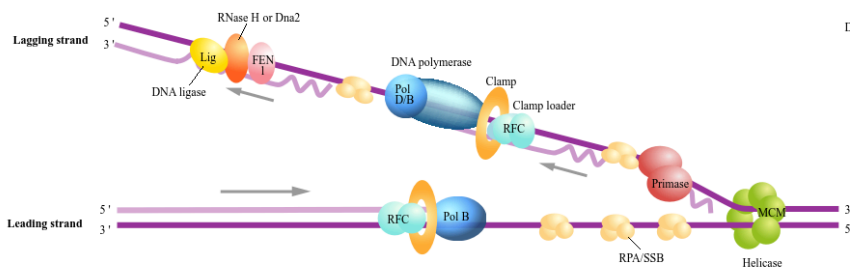


# DNA REPLICATION

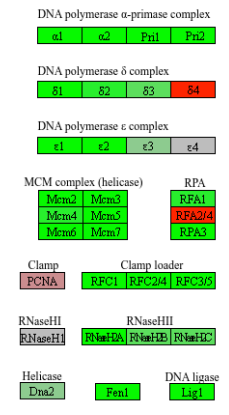
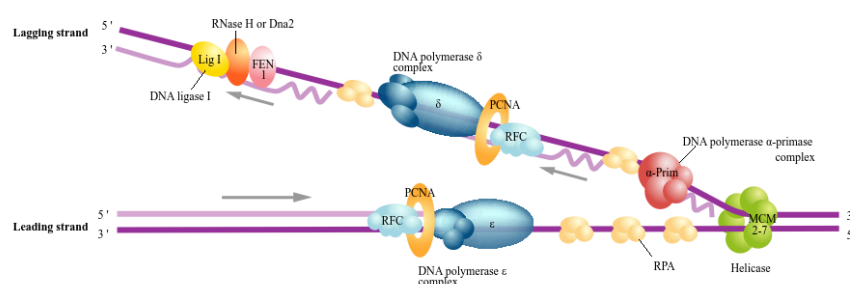
## Replication complex (Bacteria)



## Replication complex (Archaea)

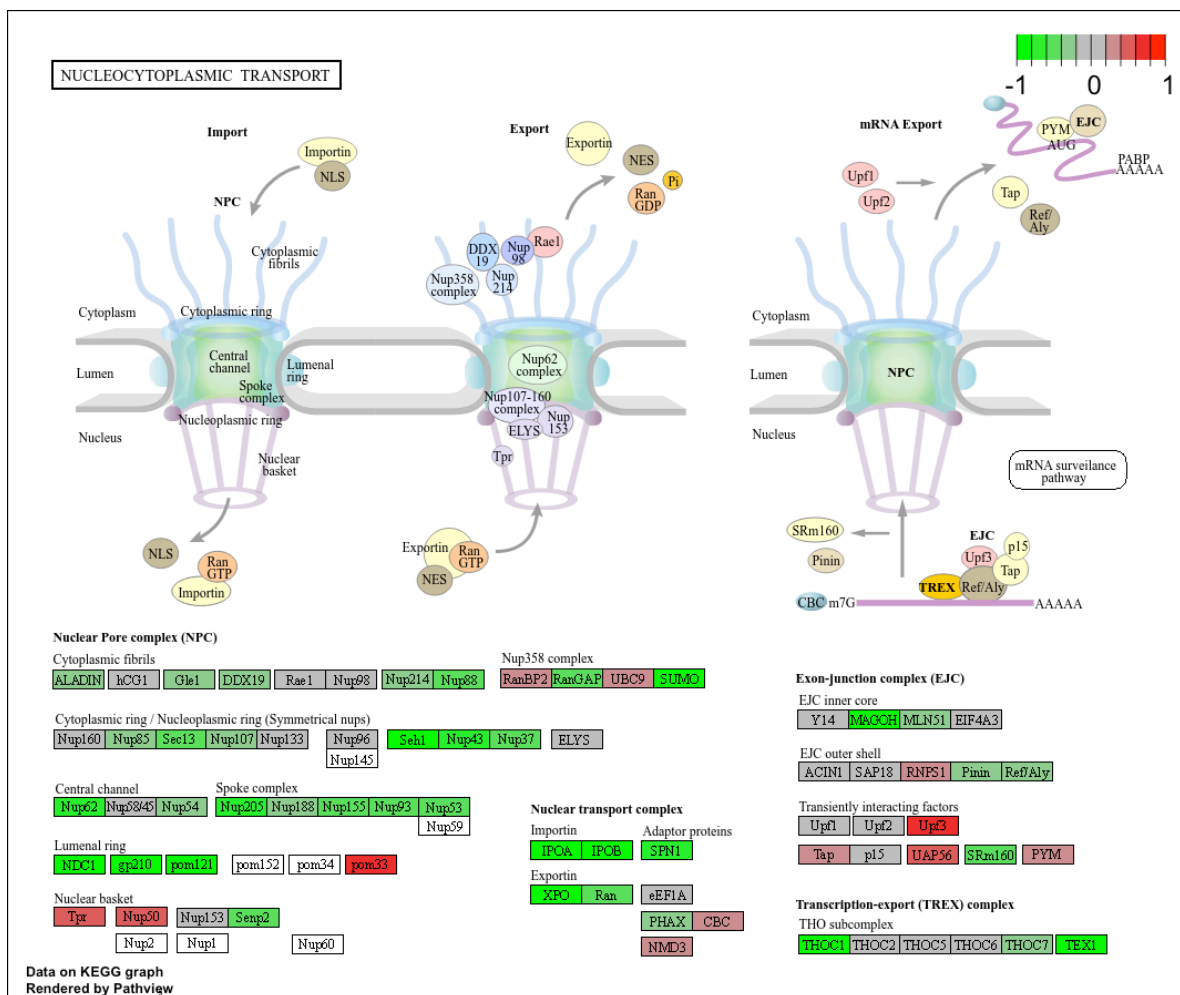


## Replication complex (Eukaryotes)

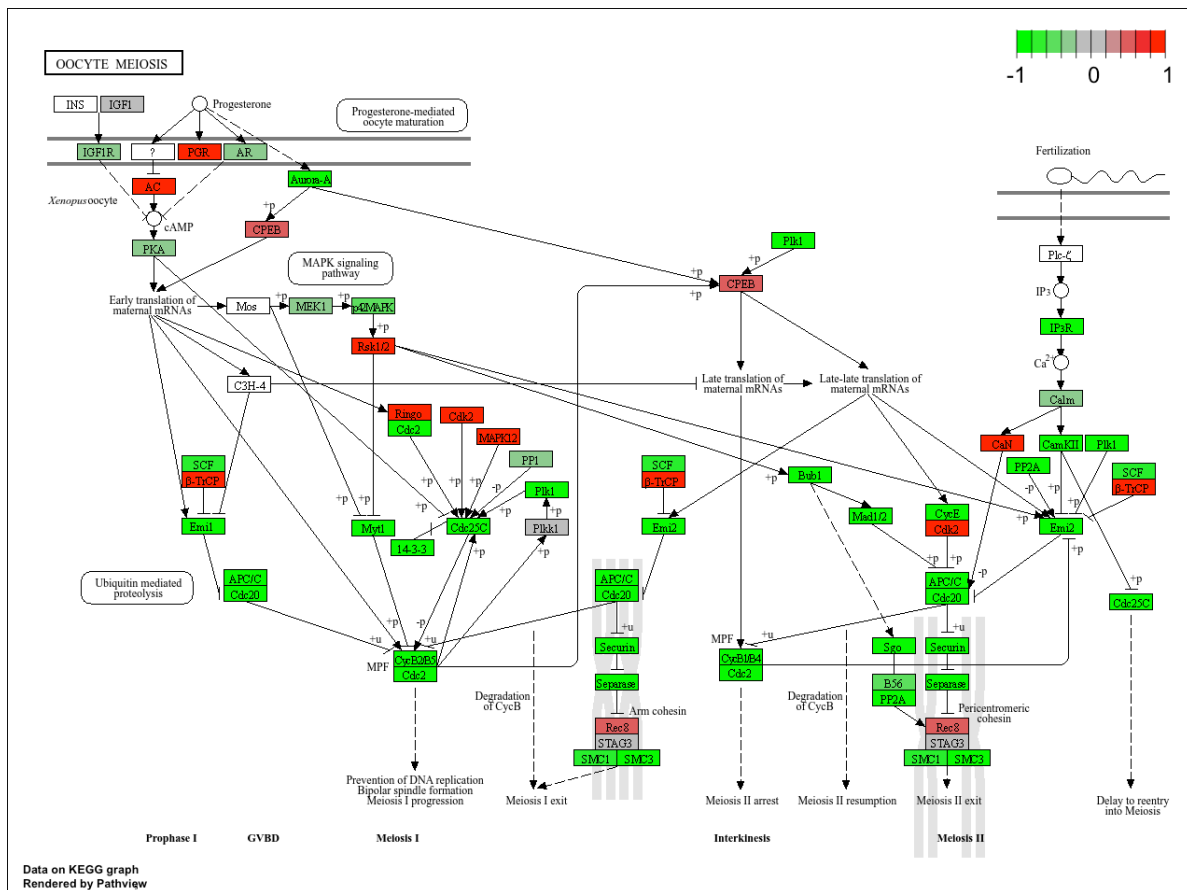


Data on KEGG graph  
Rendered by Pathview









## Gene Ontology (GO)

```
data(go.sets.hs)
```

```
data(go.subs.hs)
```

```
# Focus on Biological Process subset of GO
```

```
gobpsets <- go.sets.hs[go.subs.hs$BP]
```

```
gobpres <- gage(foldchanges, gsets=gobpsets, same.dir=TRUE)
```

```
lapply(gobpres, head)
```

```
$greater
```

	p.geomean	stat.mean	p.val
G0:0007156 homophilic cell adhesion	8.519724e-05	3.824205	8.519724e-05
G0:0002009 morphogenesis of an epithelium	1.396681e-04	3.653886	1.396681e-04
G0:0048729 tissue morphogenesis	1.432451e-04	3.643242	1.432451e-04

G0:0007610	behavior	1.925222e-04	3.565432	1.925222e-04
G0:0060562	epithelial tube morphogenesis	5.932837e-04	3.261376	5.932837e-04
G0:0035295	tube development	5.953254e-04	3.253665	5.953254e-04
		q.val	set.size	exp1
G0:0007156	homophilic cell adhesion	0.1952430	113	8.519724e-05
G0:0002009	morphogenesis of an epithelium	0.1952430	339	1.396681e-04
G0:0048729	tissue morphogenesis	0.1952430	424	1.432451e-04
G0:0007610	behavior	0.1968058	426	1.925222e-04
G0:0060562	epithelial tube morphogenesis	0.3566193	257	5.932837e-04
G0:0035295	tube development	0.3566193	391	5.953254e-04

\$less

		p.geomean	stat.mean	p.val
G0:0048285	organelle fission	1.536227e-15	-8.063910	1.536227e-15
G0:0000280	nuclear division	4.286961e-15	-7.939217	4.286961e-15
G0:0007067	mitosis	4.286961e-15	-7.939217	4.286961e-15
G0:0000087	M phase of mitotic cell cycle	1.169934e-14	-7.797496	1.169934e-14
G0:0007059	chromosome segregation	2.028624e-11	-6.878340	2.028624e-11
G0:0000236	mitotic prometaphase	1.729553e-10	-6.695966	1.729553e-10
		q.val	set.size	exp1
G0:0048285	organelle fission	5.843127e-12	376	1.536227e-15
G0:0000280	nuclear division	5.843127e-12	352	4.286961e-15
G0:0007067	mitosis	5.843127e-12	352	4.286961e-15
G0:0000087	M phase of mitotic cell cycle	1.195965e-11	362	1.169934e-14
G0:0007059	chromosome segregation	1.659009e-08	142	2.028624e-11
G0:0000236	mitotic prometaphase	1.178690e-07	84	1.729553e-10

\$stats

	stat.mean	exp1
G0:0007156	homophilic cell adhesion	3.824205
G0:0002009	morphogenesis of an epithelium	3.653886
G0:0048729	tissue morphogenesis	3.643242
G0:0007610	behavior	3.565432
G0:0060562	epithelial tube morphogenesis	3.261376
G0:0035295	tube development	3.253665

Reactome

```
sig_genes <- res[res$padj <= 0.05 & !is.na(res$padj), "symbol"]
print(paste("Total number of significant genes:", length(sig_genes)))
```

```
[1] "Total number of significant genes: 8147"
```

```
write.table(sig_genes, file="significant_genes.txt", row.names=FALSE, col.names=FALSE, quo
```

From reactome: the cell cycle pathway had the most significant entities p-value this matches. KEGG has a more general description of the pathway whereas Reactome has more precise descriptions (checkpoints, etc... ) Overall, though, the results are very similar from a manual inspection.

#### GO Online

The number 1 pathway was negative regulation of glycogen biosynthetic process. This is different than the KEGG results. KEGG groups genes into pathway groups while GO will assign each gene based on ontology. These two databases vary based on how they assign genes to functions and broad classes so the results tend to differ.