

B505/I500: Applied Algorithms

HW1 (Due: **Sept 5, Saturday 11:59pm**)

1. (10 pts) Illustrate the operation of Insertion-sort algorithm on array $A = \langle 31, 41, 59, 26, 41, 58 \rangle$.
2. (20 pts) The input to the algorithm *Unknown* illustrated below is an array A of N numbers. (1) what is the output of the algorithm? (2) using big-O notation to show the running time of the algorithm.

Input: Array A of N numbers;

Unknown(A)

for j = 1 to N-1

 if $A[N] < A[j]$

 exchange $A[j]$ and $A[N]$

Output $A[N]$;

3. (15 pts) What is the run time for the following function? Justify your answer.

```
int foo(int n) {
    int i, j, k=0;
    for (i = n/2; i <= n; i++) {
        for (j = 2; j <= n; j = j * 2) { k +=
                                     n/2;
        }
    }
    return k;
}
```

4. (10 pts) Show that $f(n) = 1/n \in O(1)$ using the formula.
5. (10 pts) You are given $f(n) = O(g(n))$ and $f(n) = O(h(n))$. Give an example where $g(n) = O(h(n))$ and where $g(n) \neq O(h(n))$. Justify your answer.
6. (20 pts) Compare the following pairs of functions, and show which one is big-O of the other one: $(n, \log n)$, $(n^2, 2^n)$, $(2^n, 3^n)$, $(\log n, \log^2 n)$. Justify your answer.
7. (15 pts) Given an array of numbers as the input, devise an algorithm to generate a random permutation of the array, such that each number has equal probability to be placed in each position in the output array.