# MongoDB deep dive

Understanding CRUD, mongoose and building an end to end authenticated app

### Supreme Court example

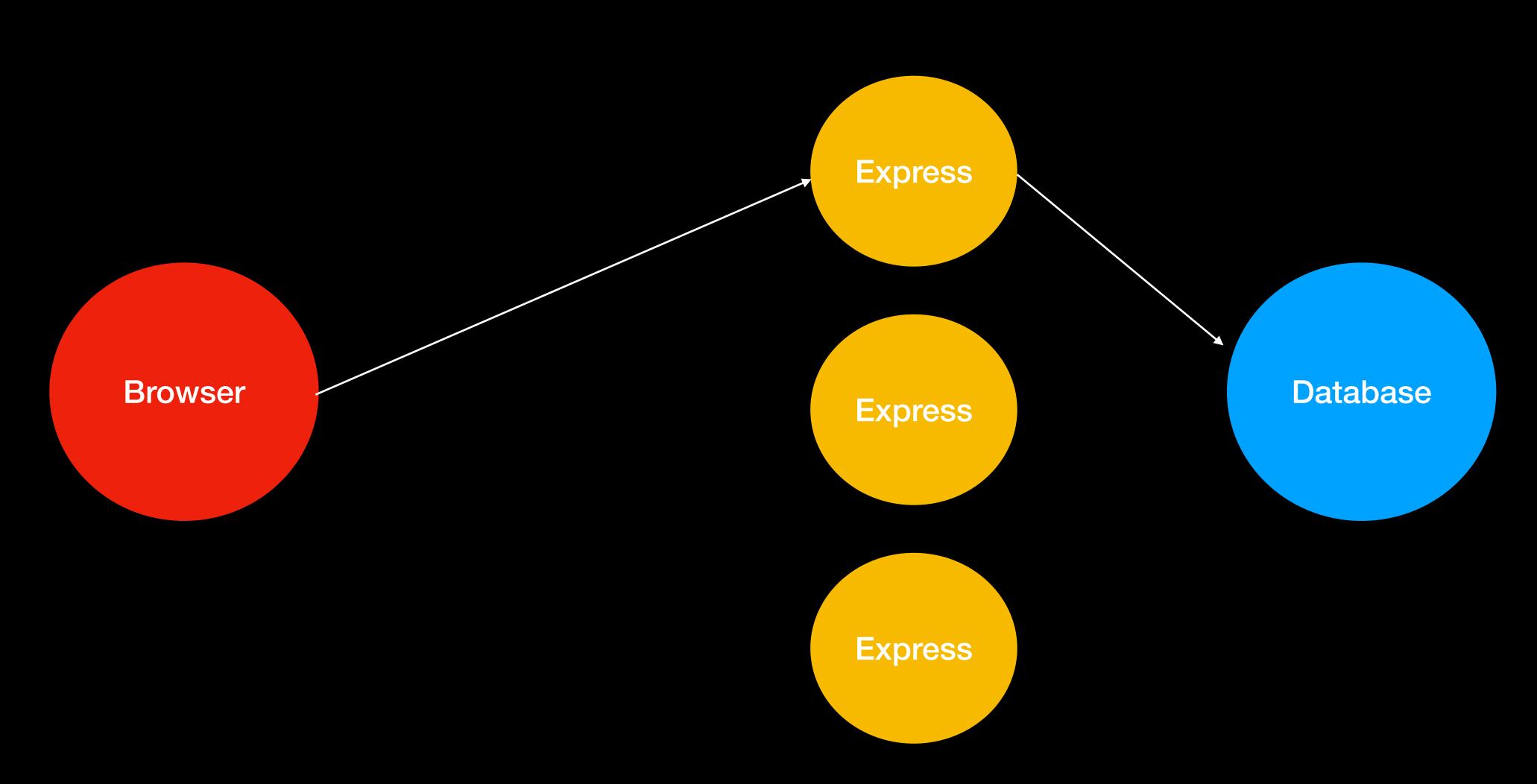




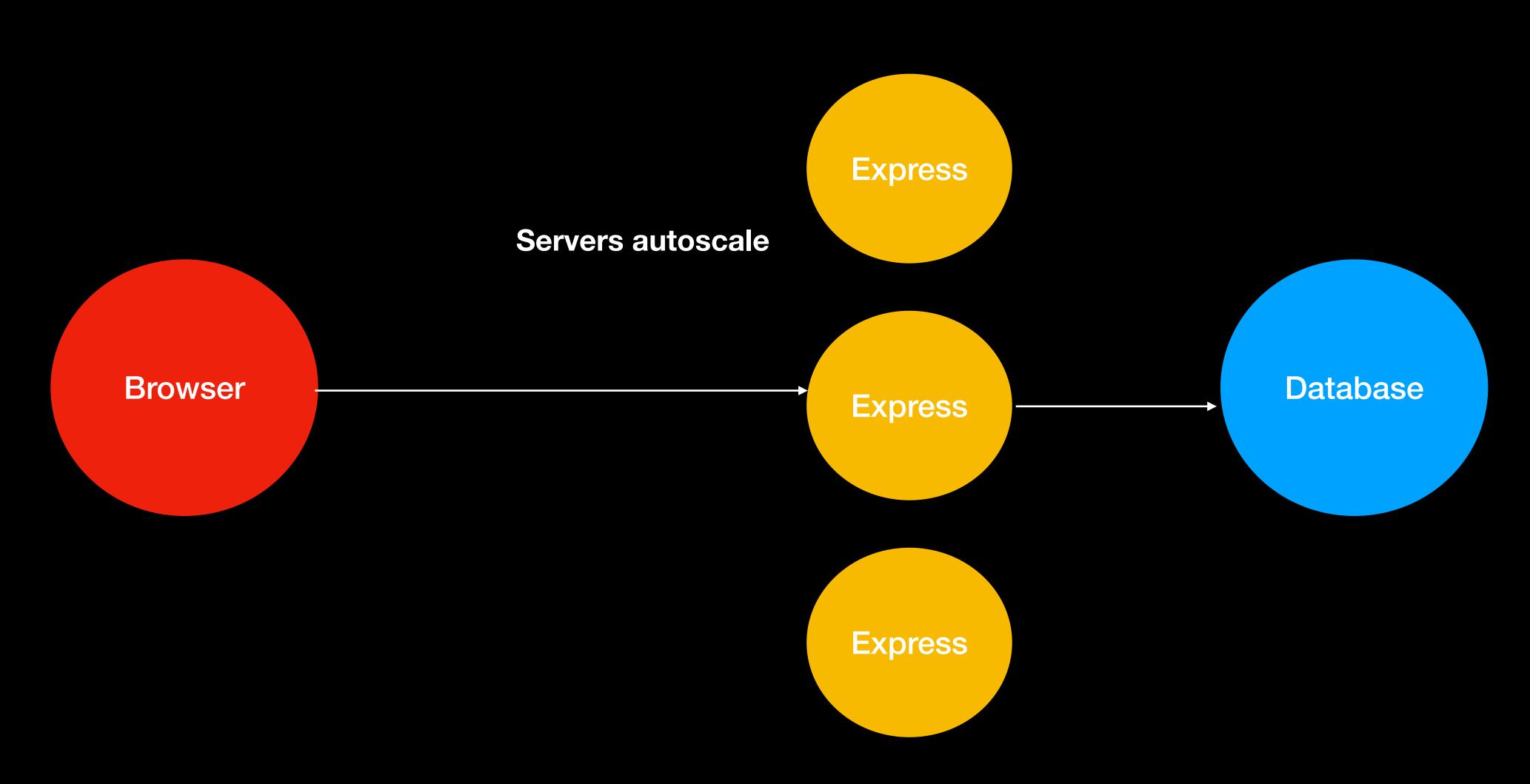




It is a place where data is stored persistently

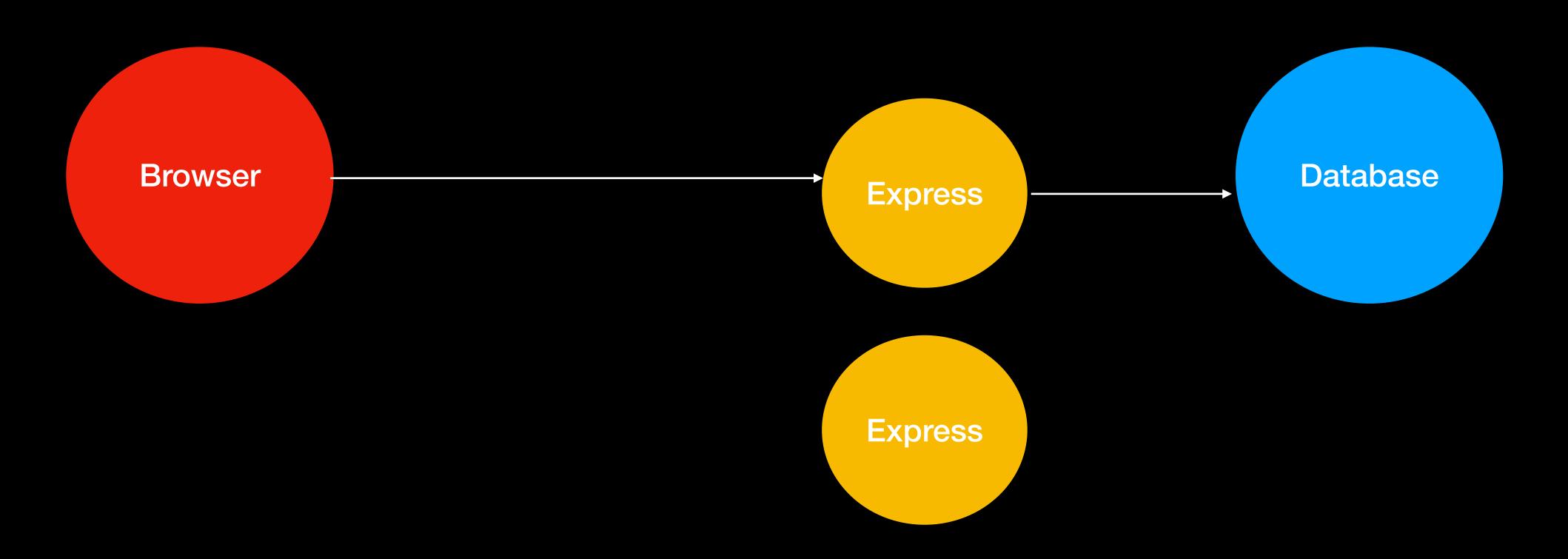


It is a place where data is stored persistently



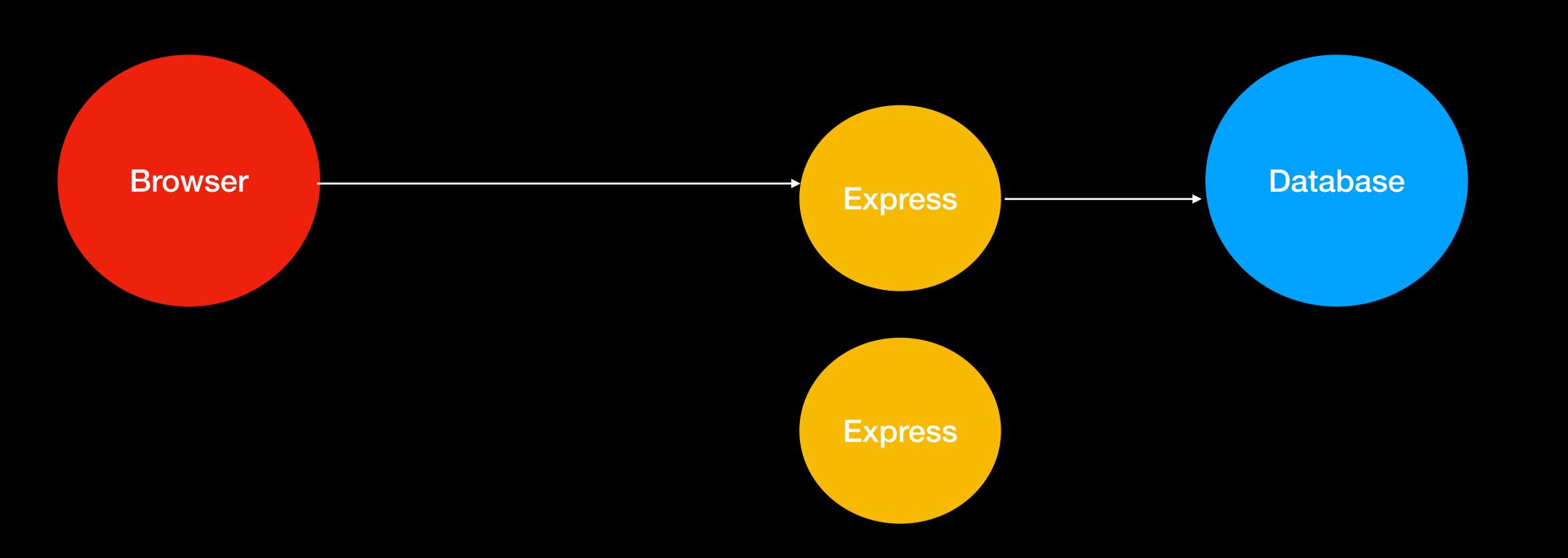
It is a place where data is stored persistently

#### **Servers are transient**



It is a place where data is stored persistently

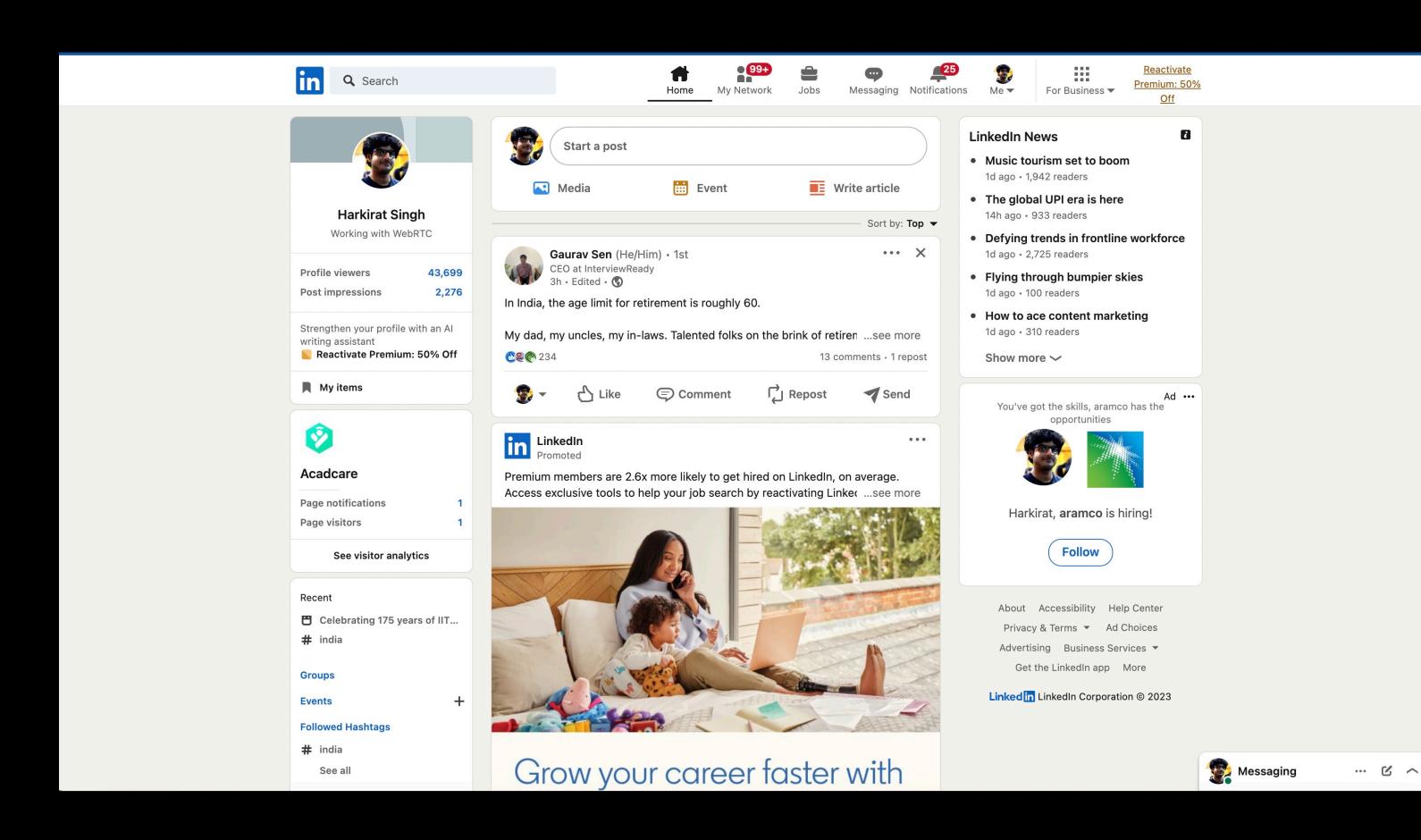
Database is persistent



**Examples of data stored in databases -**

#### For Linkedin

- 1. User data
- 2. Users posts
- 3. Users connection relationships
- 4. Messages



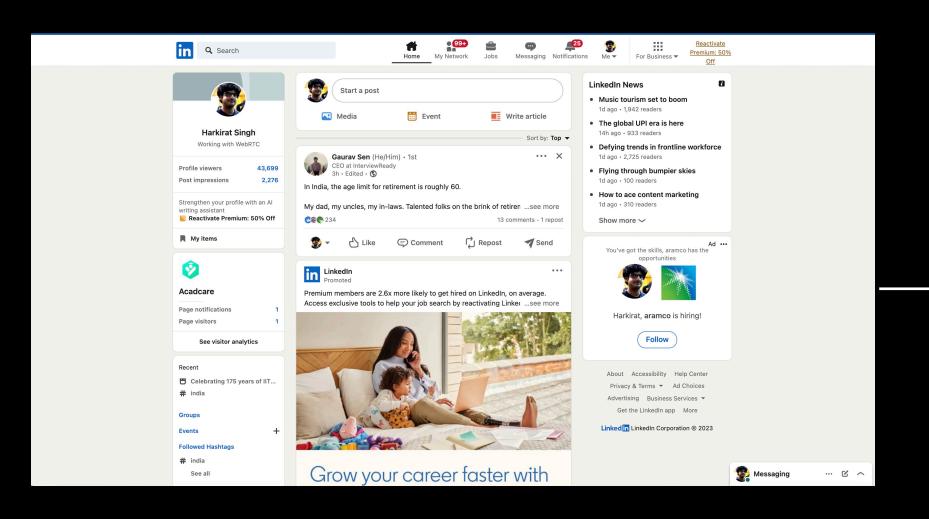
**Examples of data stored in databases -**



Good question to have at this point

Why don't we let the user hit the database directly?

What extra does the http server provide exactly?



Give me all posts for myself

Database

#### Good question to have at this point

Why don't we let the user hit the database directly? What extra does the http server provide exactly?

- 1. Databases were are created using protocols that browsers don't understand
- 2. Databases don't have granual access as a first class citizen. Very hard to do user specific access in them
- 3. There are some databases (firebase) that let you get rid of the http server and try their best to provide granola access



Databases usually allow access to 4 primitives

- 1. Create Data
- 2. Read Data
- 3. Update Data
- 4. Delete Data

Popularly known as CRUD

Let's see the API for the mongoose library Eventually, we'll be using prisma (which is the industry standard way of doing this)

In mongoose, first you have to define the schema
This sounds counter intuitive since mongodb is schemaless?
That is true, but mongoose makes you define schema for things like autocompletions/
Validating data before it goes in the DB to make sure you're doing things right
Schemaless Dbs can be very dangerous, using schemas in mongo makes it slightly less
Dangerous

**Defining schema** 

```
const UserSchema = new mongoose.Schema({
    email: String,
    password: String,
    purchasedCourses: [{
        type: mongoose.Schema.Types.ObjectId,
        ref: 'Course'
const CourseSchema = new mongoose.Schema({
   title: String,
   price: 5999
});
```

```
const User = mongoose.model('User', UserSchema);
const Course = mongoose.model('Course', CourseSchema);
```

#### Create

```
const UserSchema = new mongoose.Schema({
    username: String,
    password: String
});
```

```
User.create({
    username: req.body.username,
    password: req.body.password
});
```

```
const User = mongoose.model('User', UserSchema);
```

Read

```
const UserSchema = new mongoose.Schema({
    username: String,
    password: String
});
```

```
const User = mongoose.model('User', UserSchema);
```

```
User.findById("1");
User.findOne({
    username: "harkirat@gmail.com"
})
User.find({
    username: "harkirat96@gmail.com"
})
```

#### **Update**

```
const UserSchema = new mongoose.Schema({
    username: String,
    password: String
});
```

```
const User = mongoose.model('User', UserSchema);
```

```
User.updateOne({
    id: "1"
}, {
    password: "newPassword"
})

User.update({}, {
    premium: true
})
```

#### Delete

```
const UserSchema = new mongoose.Schema({
    username: String,
    password: String
});
```

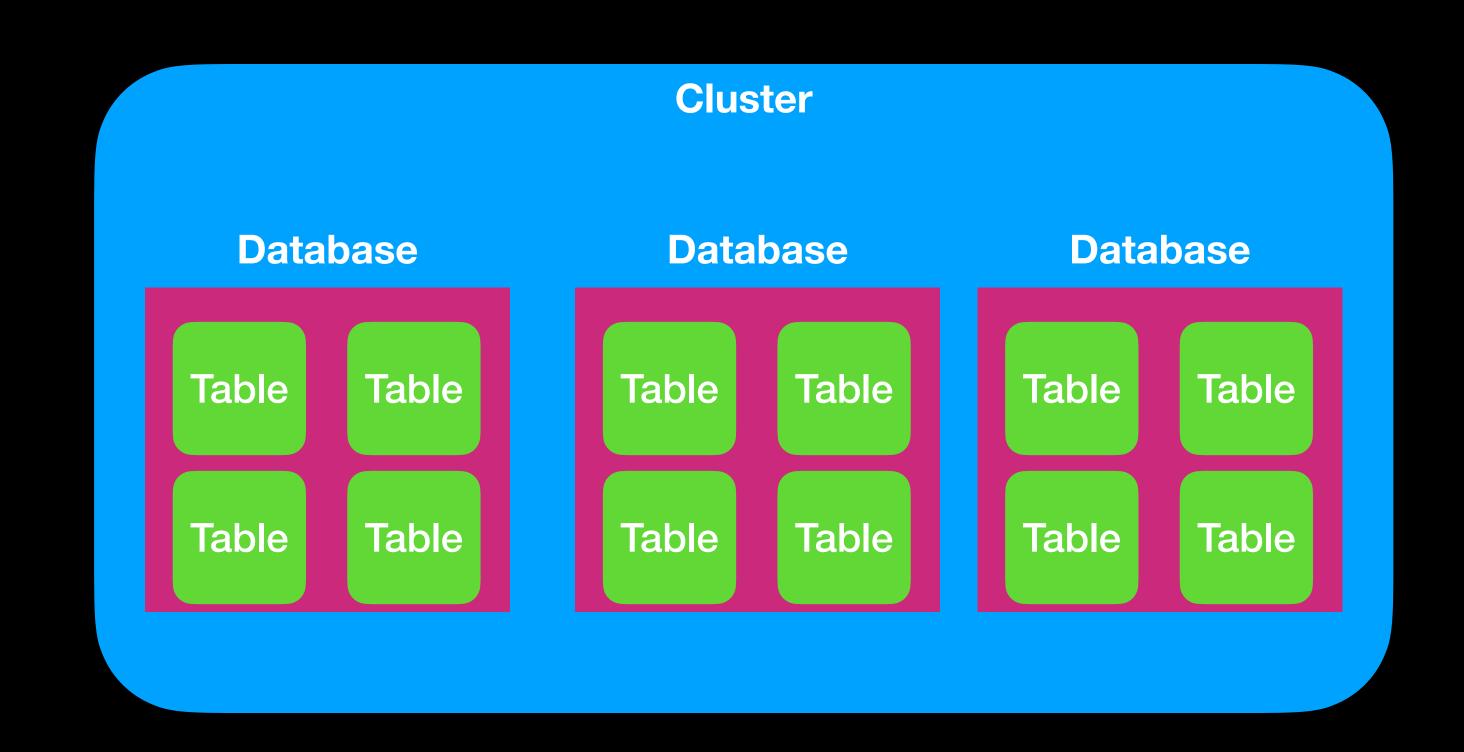
```
const User = mongoose.model('User', UserSchema);
```

```
User.deleteMany({})

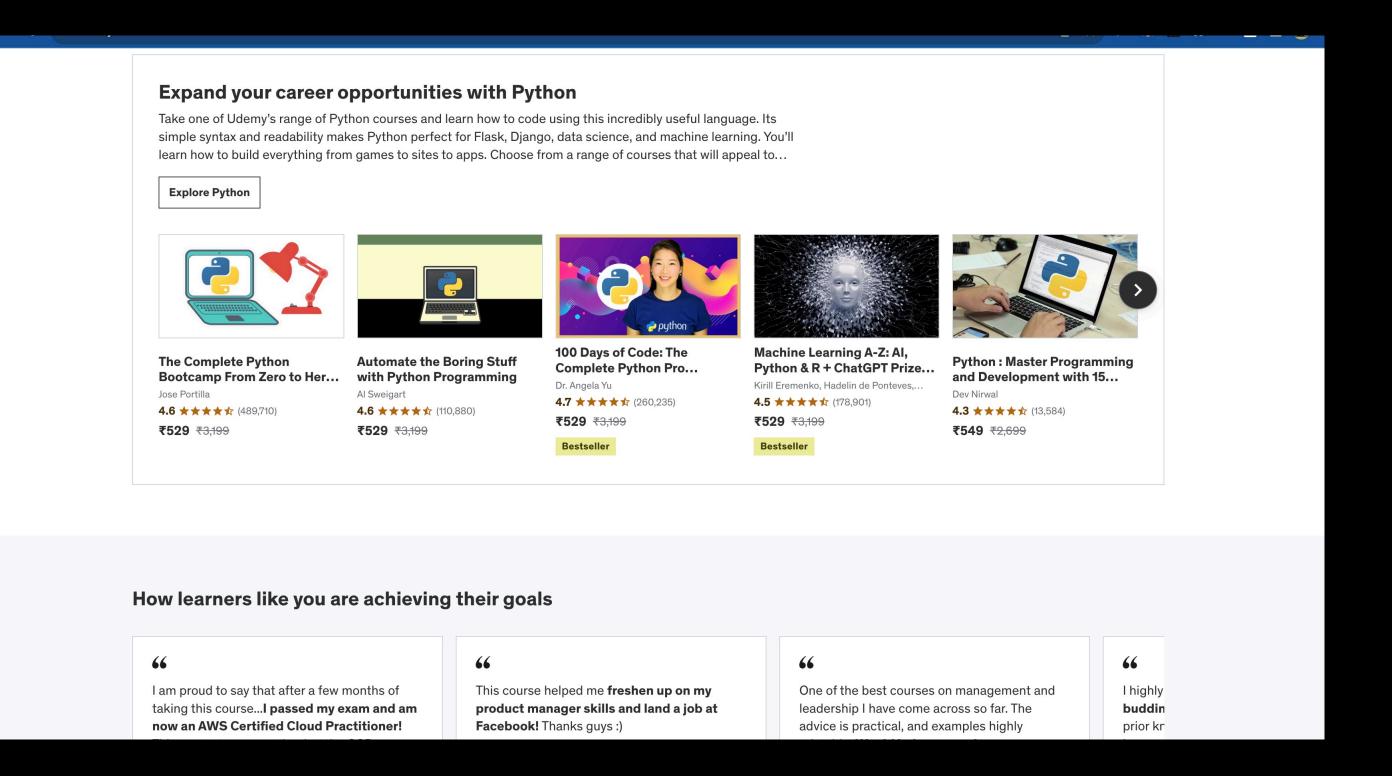
User.deleteOne({
    username: "harkirat@gmail.com"
    })
```

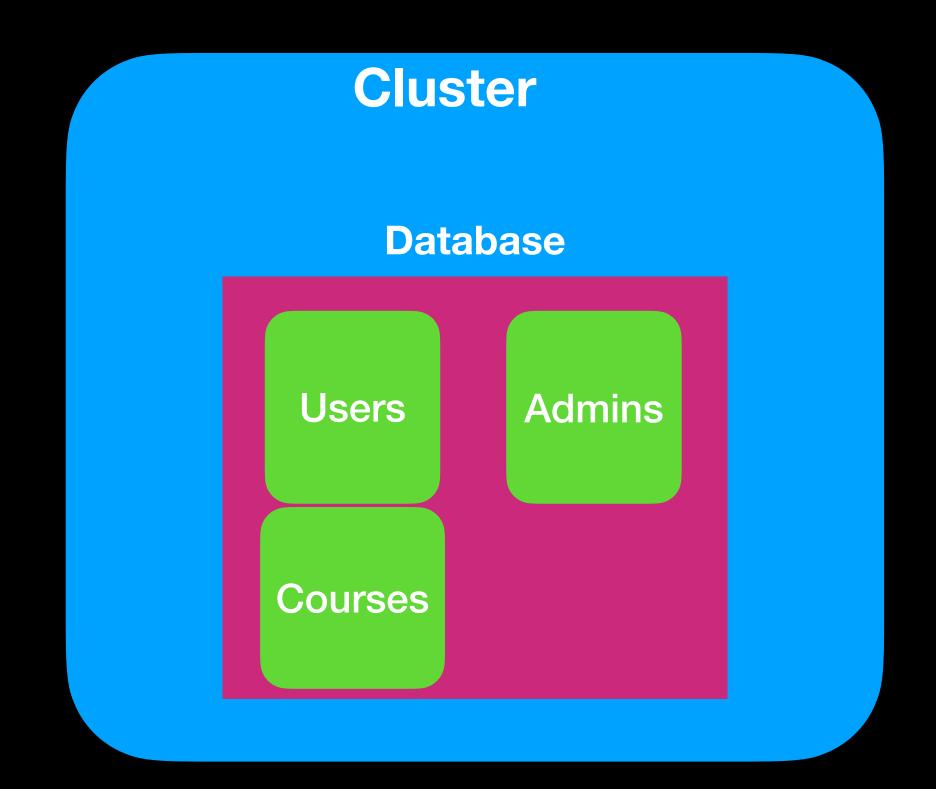
#### 3 Jargons to know in Databases

- 1. Cluster
- 2. Database
- 3. Table



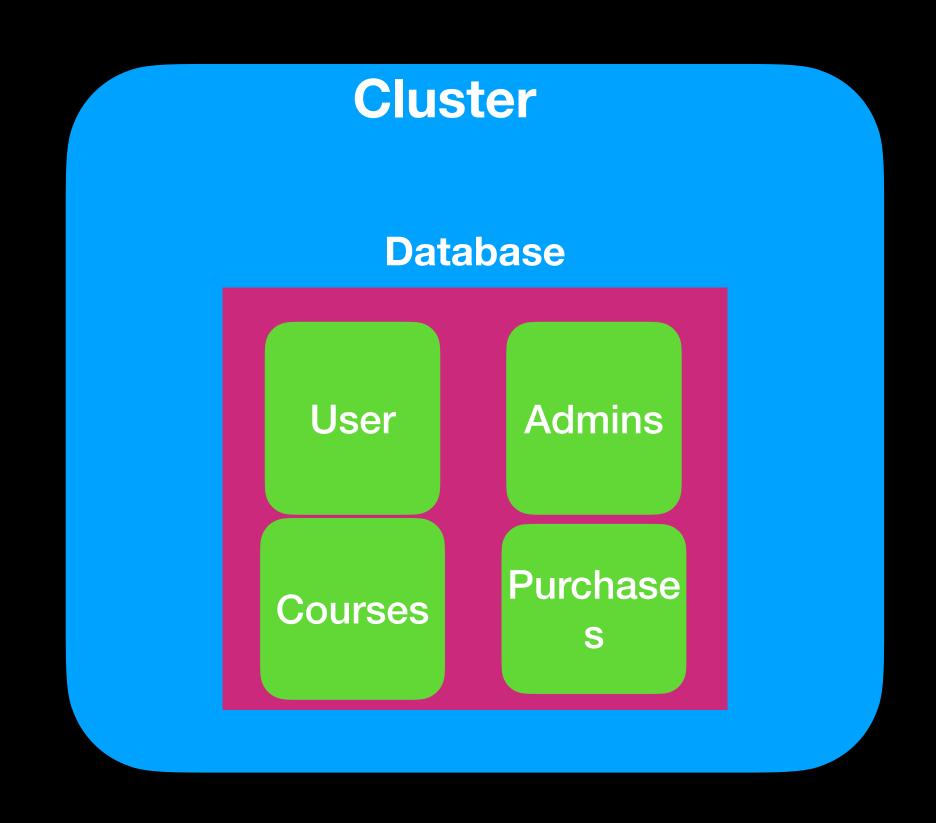
What would this mean for a simple course app





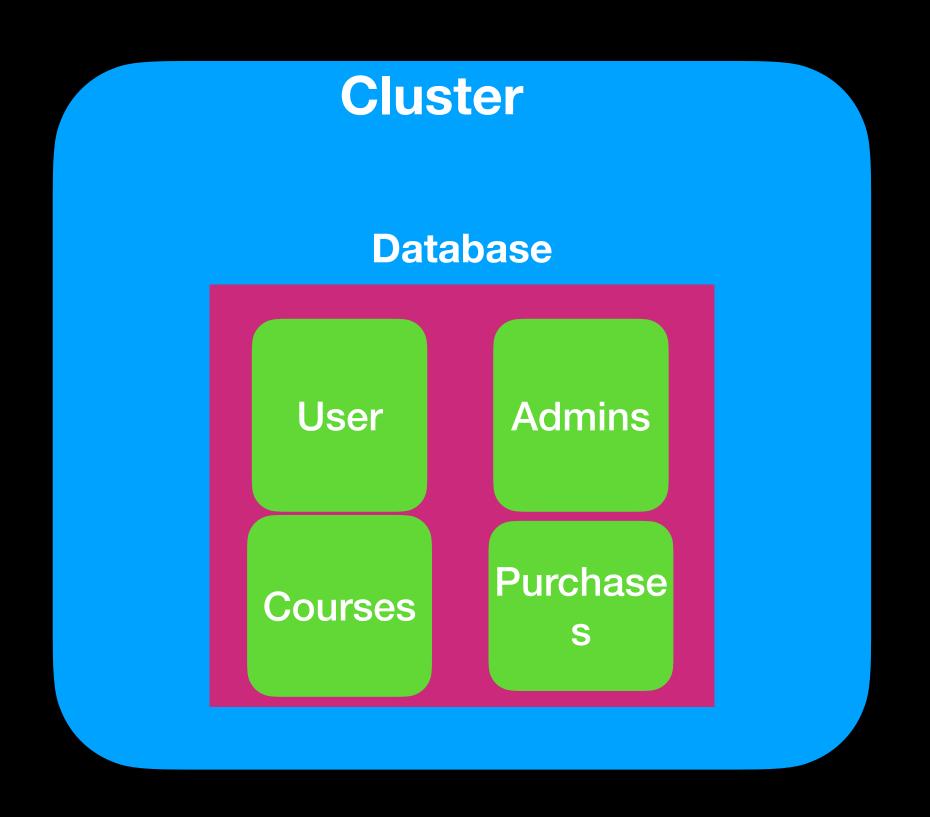
What would this mean for a simple course app

```
Users
Id | Email | Password | Name | Age
1 | harkirat@gmail.com | 123123 | harkirat | 20
2 | raman@gmail.com | kirat123 | harkirat | 22
```

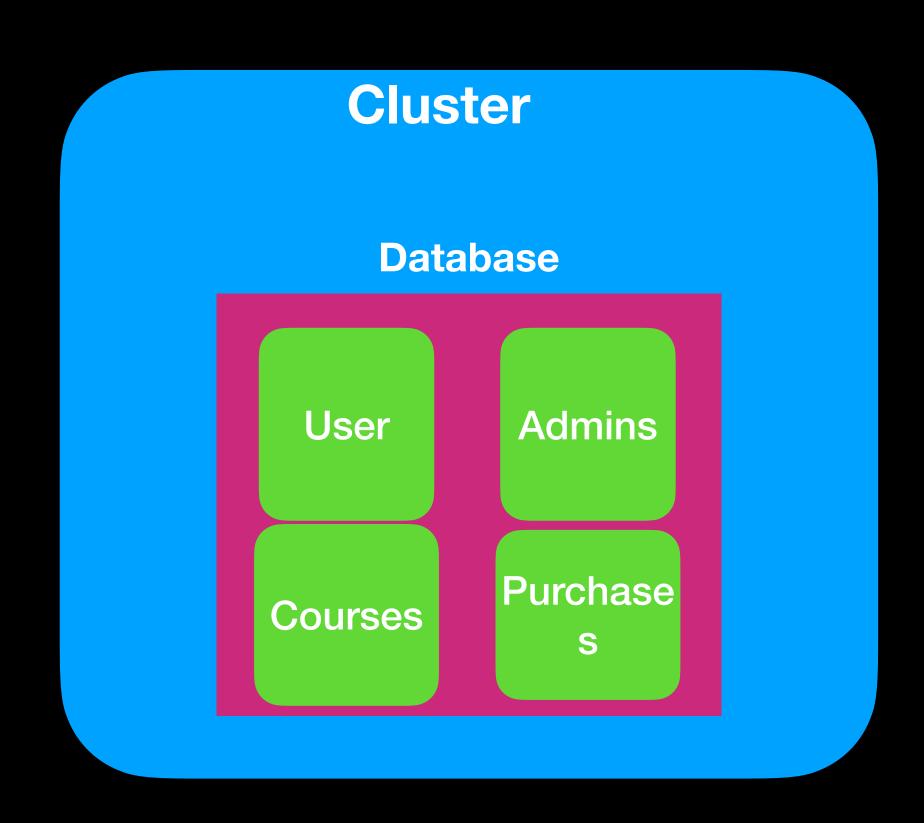


What would this mean for a simple course app

Admins
Id | Email | Password | Name
1 | admin@gmail.com | 123123 | Raman
2 | admin2@gmail.com | 123123 | Kirat

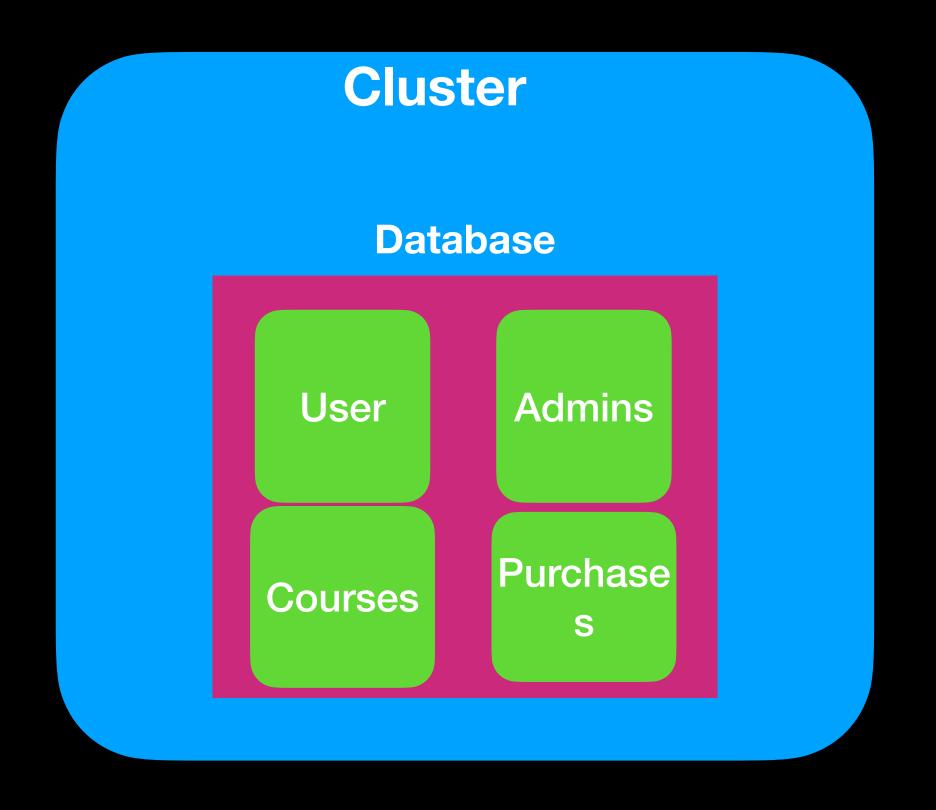


```
Courses
id | Title | Description | Price
1. | Full stack | Learn Full stack | 5000
2. | Web3 | Learn Web3. | 3999
```



What would this mean for a simple course app

urchas	ses   course_id	timestamp	payment_ref
1. 	Course_iu   1	02/12/2024.	payment_rer
2 <b>.</b>	11	02/12/2024.	pay_331213



Lets try to target the assignments from this week

Something extra

You can attach methods to schema And call them on objects later

```
UserSchema.methods.purchaseCourse = async function(courseId) {
    this.purchasedCourses.push(courseId);
    await this.save();
};
```

```
User.findById(userId).then(user => {
    user.purchaseCourse(courseId).then(() => {
        console.log('Course purchased successfully');
    });
});
```