Congratulations! You passed!

Grade received 100% To pass 80% or higher

Go to next item

Part of Speech Tagging

Total points 8 1. The Transition matrix A defined in lecture allows you to: 1/1 point Ompute the probability of going from a word to a part of speech tag. Ompute the probability of going from a word to another word. Ocompute the probability of going from a part of speech tag to a word. Compute the probability of going from a part of speech tag to another part of speech tag. ✓ Correct Correct. 2. The Emission matrix B defined in lecture allows you to: 1/1 point Ompute the probability of going from a part of speech tag to another part of speech tag. Compute the probability of going from a word to another word. Compute the probability of going from a part of speech tag to a word. Ocompute the probability of going from a word to a part of speech tag. ✓ Correct **3.** The column sum of the emission matrix has to be equal to 1. 1/1 point O True. False. **⊘** Correct It is the row sum that has to be 1.

4. The row sum of the transition matrix has to be 1.

1/1 point

True

False, it has to be the column sum.



5	Why is	smoothing	usually	applied?	Select	all that	apply

1/1 point

Applying smoothing, for the majority of cases, allows us to decrease the probabilities in the transition and emission matrices and this allows us to have non zero probabilities.

⊘ Correct

Correct.

- Applying smoothing is a bad idea and we should not use it.
- Applying smoothing, for the minority of cases, allows us to increase the probabilities in the transition and emission matrices and this allows us to have non zero probabilities.

Correct.

Applying smoothing, for the majority of cases, allows us to increase the probabilities in the transition and emission matrices and this allows us to have non zero probabilities.

6. Given the following D matrix, what would be the sequence of tags for the words on the right?

1/1 point

<s> w1 w2 w3 w4 w5

\odot	t_2 ,	t_3 ,	t_1 ,	t_3 ,	t

 $\bigcirc \ t_3,t_4,t_2,t_2,t_1$

 $\bigcap t_1, t_3, t_1, t_2, t_1$

 $\bigcap t_3, t_4, t_2, t_3, t_1$

✓ CorrectCorrect

7. Previously, we have been multiplying the raw probabilities, but in reality we take the log of those probabilities. Why might that be the case?

1 / 1 point

O Because the log probabilities force the numbers to be between 0 and 1 and hence, we want to take a probability.

The log probabilities should not be used because they introduce noise to our original computed scores.

	The log probabilities help us with the inference as they bound the numbers between -1 and 1.	
	We take the log probabilities because probabilities are bounded between 0 and 1 and as a result, the numbers could be too small and will go towards 0.	
	○ Correct Correct.	
8.	Which of the following are useful for applications for parts of speech tagging?	1 / 1 poin
	Sentiment Analysis	
	Named Entity Recognition	
	✓ Coreference Resolution	
	○ Correct Correct.	
	Speech recognition	
	○ Correct Correct.	