Grade received 100% To pass 80% or higher

Hashing and Machine Translation

Total points 10

1. Assume that your objective is to minimize the transformation of X as similar to Y as possible, what would you optimize to get R? (XR pprox Y)

1/1 point

- Minimize the distance between XR and Y
- Maximize the distance between XR and Y
- Minimize the dot product between XR and Y
- Maximize the dot product between XR and Y
- **⊘** Correct

This is correct.

2. When solving for R, which of the following is true?

1/1 point

- Create a forloop, inside the forloop: (initialize R, compute the gradient, update the loss
- Create a forloop, inside the forloop: (initialize R, update the loss, compute the gradient.
- Initialize R, create a forloop, inside the forloop: (compute the gradient, update the loss)
- Initialize R, compute the gradient, create a forloop, inside the forloop: (update the loss)
- **⊘** Correct

This is correct.

3. The Frobenius norm of A = $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 3 \\ 4 & 5 \end{pmatrix}$ is

1/1 point

7.14

- **⊘** Correct
- **4.** Assume $X \in R^{m \times n}, R \in R^{n \times n}, Y \in R^{m \times n}$ which of the following is the gradient of $\|XR Y\|_F^2$?

1/1 point

- \bigcirc $\frac{2}{m}X^T(XR-Y)$
- $\bigcap \frac{2}{m}X(XR-Y)$
- $\bigcap \frac{2}{m}(XR-Y)X$

	$O(\frac{\pi}{m}(\Lambda R - \Gamma)\Lambda)$	
	○ Correct This is correct.	
5.	Imagine that you are visiting a city in the US. If you search for friends that are living in the US, would you be able to determine the 2 closest of ALL your friends around the world?	1 / 1 point
	Yes, because I am already in the country and that implies that my closest friends are also going to be in the same country.	
	No	
	○ Correct This is correct.	
5.	What is the purpose of using a function to hash vectors into values?	1/1 point
	To speed up the time it takes when comparing similar vectors.	
	○ Correct This is correct.	
	To not have to spend time comparing vectors with other vectors that are completely different.	
	○ Correct This is correct.	
	☐ To make the search for other similar vectors more accurate.	
	☐ It helps us create vectors.	
7.	Given the following vectors, determine the true statements.	1/1 point
	P:	
	$\left[\begin{smallmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{smallmatrix} \right]$	
	V_1 :	
	$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$	
	V_2 :	
	$\begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$	
	V_3 :	
	$\begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}$	

 $\ \ \, \ \, \ \, PV_1^T$ and PV_2^T have the same sign.

 $\bigcap\ PV_1^T$ and PV_2^T are equal in magnitude.

	$igcup PV_1^T$ and PV_3^T have the same sign.	
8.	We define H to be the number of planes and h_i to be 1 or 0 depending on the sign of the dot product with plane i. Which of the following is the equation used to calculate the hash for several planes.	1 / 1 point
	$igotimes \sum_i^H 2^i h_i$	
	$igcirc \sum_i^H 2^i h_i^i$	
	$igcirc$ $\sum_i^H 2ih_i$	
	$igcirc \sum_i^H 2^{h_i} i$	
9.	How can you speed up the look up for similar documents.	1/1 point
	□ PCA	
	Approximate Nearest Neighbors	
	☐ K-Means	
	✓ Locality sensitive hashing	
	○ Correct This is correct.	
10.	. Hash tables are useful because	1/1 point
	allow us to divide vector space to regions.	
	○ Correct This is correct.	
	speed up look up	
	○ Correct This is correct.	
	classify with higher accuracy	
	can always be reproduced	



You will always hash the same vector to the same bucket with the same hash function.