UW Bothell CSS 343:

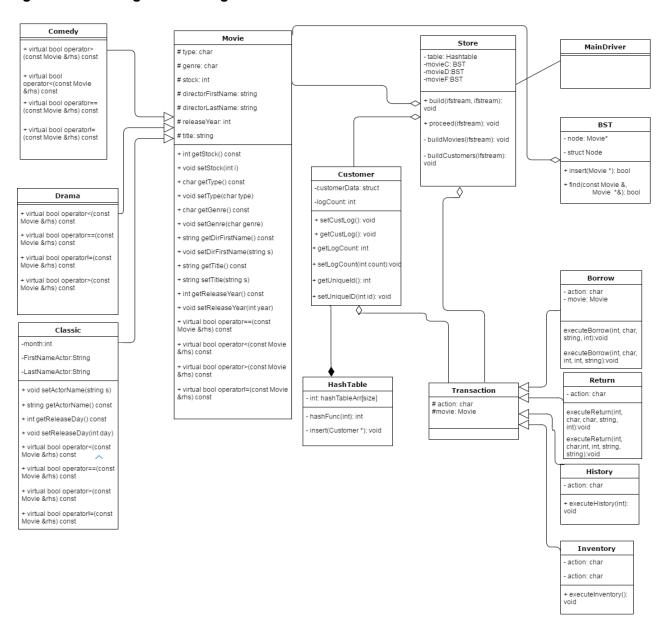
Spring 2017

Program 4 Design

Group 8: Artiom Voronin, Natnael Tezera, Bao Tran, Jason Gautama, Jin Kim **Overview:**

We have a main class called Store, which will handle all the interactions between the customer and the store by executing the commands file. Store has three BST (for efficiency) that represent three different movie genres. Store also has customers, which will be stored in a hashtable. Store interacts with class Customer which contains data members of name, ID, and history. Movie which is the base class interacts with customer. Class comedy, drama, and classic all inherit data members specified in the Movie class. Additionally, Classic class will extend on Movie class with supplementary data members such as major actor and release date. Transaction class is the base class that holds all the commands that the program will execute. Thus, Inventory, History, Borrow, and Return classes are the children of the Transaction class.

Figure 1. UML Diagram for Program 4



Description of main:

Reads text file "data4movies.txt" and initializes the content of inventory, reads another file "data4customers.txt" to get customer list, and reads "data4commands.txt" for arbitrary sequences of commands.

Main.cpp - Creates the store and executes the program

```
Example of main:
int main() {
       // reading the movies data
       ifstream movies("data4movies.txt");
       if (!movies) {
              cout << "File could not be opened." << endl;
              return 1;
       }
       // reading customers
       ifstream customers("data4customers.txt");
       if (!customers) {
              cout << "File could not be opened." << endl;
              return 1;
       }
       // reading the commands
       ifstream commands("data4commands.txt");
       if (!commands) {
              cout << "File could not be opened." << endl;
              return 1;
       }
       // creating store
       Store movieRentalStore = new Store();
       // build inventory and customer base for the store
       // movies will be stored in an array of BST Trees
       // customers are stored as hash table
       movieRentalStore.build(movies, customers);
       // execute the program by calling the commands
       movieRentalStore.proceed(commands);
       return 0;
}
```

Description of Classes:

1. Class name: Movie

Movie class is a parent class for Comedy, Drama, and Classic classes. Movie has protected data members: stock, directorFirstname, directorLastname, title, releaseYear, and type.

//MovieMovie
// Purpose: This is the header file for movie.cpp
// base class for comedy, drama and classic
// assumes comedy, drama and classic classes extend from this class
//
#pragma once
#include <iostream></iostream>
using namespace std;
class Movie
class Movie{ // overloading operator
friend ostream& operator<<(ostream &, const Movie &);
Public:
//Movie()
// Default constructor
// precondition: None
// postconditon: a default movie class is constructed
//
Movie();
//Movie()
// Constructor with parameters
// precondition: the arguments in the parameter are valid
// postconditon: a movie with valid parametersd is initialized
//
Movie(int stock, string firstName, string lastName, string title, int release, char
type, char genre);
// Doctminton
// Destructory destruct the maying close
// Destructor: destruct the movie class
// precondition: a constructed movie existed
// postconditon: NONE //
//
iviovic(f),

	getStock
	// getStock: counts and returns the number of all available movies in the store
	// precondition: none
	// postconditon: the number of movies in the store returned
	//
	int getStock() const;
	//setStock
	// setStock: sets the number of movies in the store
	// precondition: s is a valid integer number
	// postconditon: the number of movies in the store set
	//void setStock(int i);
	//getType
	// getType: return the type of a movie
	// precondition: none
	// postcondition: the type of a movie is returned
	//
	char getType() const;
	/setType
	// setType: sets the type of a movie
	// precondition: c is a valid char character
	// postconditon: the type of a movie is store set //
	void setType(char type);
/	/
	g
	// getGenre: return the genre of a movie
	// precondition: none
	// postcondition: the genre of a movie is returned //
	char getGenre() const;
	//setGenre
	// setGenre: sets the genre of a movie
	// precondition: genre is a valid char character
	// postconditon: the type of genre is store set
	// pedeemakem the type of germe to do a cot
	void setGenre(char genre);
	•

	getDirFirstName
-	rstName: returns a movie's director first name
•	ition: None
	diton: the movies director first name returned
	DirFirstName() const;
//	setDirFirstName
// setDirFire	stName: sets the director's first name
// precondit	tion: s is a valid string
=	liton: the director's first name isset
	rFirstName(string s);
//	getDirLastName
// getDirLa	stName: returns a movie's director last name
// precondi	ition: None
•	diton: the movies director last name returned
"	 DirLastName()
	setDirLastName
	stName: sets the director's last name
=	ition: s is a valid string
=	diton: the director's last name is set
void setDir	rLastName(string s);
//	getTitle
// getTitle:	returns a movie title
// precondi	ition: None
// postcond	dition: the movies title is returned
string getT	Title() const;
//	setTitle
// setTitle:	sets the movie title
•	ition: s is a valid movie title
	dition: the director's last name is set
	U- (-A-1)
void setTit	IDICITING 61.

//	getReleaseYear
// g	etReleaseYear: returns the release year
// p	recondition: None
-	ostcondition: the release year is returned
	getReleaseYear() const;
11	setReleaseYear
	etReleaseYear: sets the release year of the move
	precondition: year is a valid integer number > 1900
// p	ostcondition: the release year of a movie is returned
	d setReleaseYear(int year);
// c	overload operators, for comparing movies in order to store the movies
//	operator<
	perator< : operator that compares if lhs is less than rhs
	recondition: rhs is a valid Movie type
	ostcondition: returns true if *this < rhs; returns false if *this > rhs
• • •	ual bool operator<(const Movie &rhs) const;
//	operator>
// c	perator>: checks if the lhs is greater than the rhs
// p	recondition: rhs is a valid Movie type
	ostcondition: returns true if *this > rhs; returns false if *this < rhs
	ual bool operator>(const Movie &rhs) const;
11	
//	operator==
	operator==: compares two movies to each other
// c	perator==: compares two movies to each other precondition: movies exist
// c // p // p	perator==: compares two movies to each other precondition: movies exist postcondition: returns true if the movies are identical, false otherwise
// c // p //	perator==: compares two movies to each other precondition: movies exist postcondition: returns true if the movies are identical, false otherwise
// c // p //	perator==: compares two movies to each other precondition: movies exist postcondition: returns true if the movies are identical, false otherwise
// c // p // p // virtu	perator==: compares two movies to each other precondition: movies exist postcondition: returns true if the movies are identical, false otherwise postcondition: returns true if the movies are identical, false otherwise postcondition: returns true if the movies are identical, false otherwise postcondition: returns true if the movies are identical, false otherwise postcondition: returns true if the movies are identical, false otherwise postcondition: returns true if the movies are identical, false otherwise postcondition: returns true if the movies are identical, false otherwise postcondition: returns true if the movies are identical, false otherwise postcondition: returns true if the movies are identical, false otherwise postcondition: postcondition: returns true if the movies are identical, false otherwise postcondition: postcondition: returns true if the movies are identical, false otherwise postcondition: p
// c // p // virtu // // o	perator==: compares two movies to each other precondition: movies exist postcondition: returns true if the movies are identical, false otherwise postcondition: returns true if the movies are identical, false otherwise postcondition: returns true if the movies are identical, false otherwise postcondition: returns true if the movies are identical, false otherwise postcondition: returns true if the movies are identical, false otherwise postcondition: returns true if the movies are identical, false otherwise postcondition: returns true if the movies are identical, false otherwise postcondition: returns true if the movies are identical, false otherwise postcondition: returns true if the movies are identical, false otherwise postcondition: returns true if the movies are identical, false otherwise postcondition: returns true if the movies are identical, false otherwise postcondition: returns true if the movies are identical, false otherwise postcondition: returns true if the movies are identical, false otherwise postcondition: returns true if the movies are identical, false otherwise postcondition: returns true if the movies are identical, false otherwise postcondition: returns true if the movies are identical, false otherwise postcondition: returns true if the movies are identical, false otherwise postcondition: returns true if the movies are identical, false otherwise postcondition: returns true if the movies are identical, false otherwise postcondition: returns true if the movies are identical, false otherwise postcondition: returns true if the movies are identical, false otherwise postcondition: returns true if the movies are identical, false otherwise postcondition: returns true if the movies are identical, false otherwise postcondition: returns true if the movies are identical, false otherwise postcondition: returns true if the movies are identical, false otherwise postcondition: returns true identical, false otherwise postcondition: returns true identical, false otherwise postcondition: returns true identical,
// c // p // virtu // // op // P	perator==: compares two movies to each other precondition: movies exist postcondition: returns true if the movies are identical, false otherwise postcondition: returns true if the movies are identical, false otherwise postcondition: returns true if the movies are identical, false otherwise postcondition: returns true if the movies are identical, false otherwise postcondition: returns true if the movies are identical, false otherwise postcondition: returns true if the movies are identical, false otherwise postcondition: returns true if the movies are identical, false otherwise postcondition: returns true if the movies are identical, false otherwise postcondition: returns true if the movies are identical, false otherwise postcondition: postcondition: returns true if the movies are identical, false otherwise postcondition: postcondition: returns true if the movies are identical, false otherwise postcondition: p

virtual bool operator!=(const Movie &rhs) const;

```
char type; // Holds type of Media
char genre; // movie genre
int stock; // number of movies available
string directorFirstName; // Director's first name
string directorLastName; // Director's last name
string title; // Movie title
int releaseYear; // Movie release year
}
```

2. Class name: Comedy

This class is a children of Movie that inherited the Movie functions, including Stock, Director, Title, and Year. Handles actions related to the comedy class

```
#pragma once
#include "movie.h"
// ----- comedy.h-----
// Purpose: This file contains Comedy class function declaration notes:
//- Comedy Class inherits the attributes from Movie Class
//------
class Comedy: public Movie
public:
    //-----customer()------
    // Customer() : default constructor for Comedy class
                 : NONE
    // precondition
    // postcondition : initialize the private value to NULL
    //------
    Comedy();
    //-----
    // Customer() : constructor that set the datas
    //
                  for Comedy class
    // precondition : NONE
    // postcondition : initialize the private value to NULL
    //------
    Comedy(int stock, string firstName, string lastName, string title, int
                      release, char type, char genre);
```

```
// ~Customer() : destructor for Customer class
// precondition
                : NONE
// postcondition : NONE
//----
virtual ~Comedy() {};
//-----operator<------
// operator< : operator that compares if lhs is less than rhs
// precondition: rhs is a valid Movie type
// postcondition: returns true if *this < rhs; returns false if *this > rhs
//-----
virtual bool operator<(const Movie &rhs) const;
//-----operator>-----
// operator>: checks if the lhs is greater than the rhs
// precondition: rhs is a valid Movie type
// postcondition: returns true if *this > rhs; returns false if *this < rhs
//-----
virtual bool operator>(const Movie &rhs) const;
//-----operator==-----
// operator==: compares two movies to each other
// precondition: movies exist
// postcondition: returns true if the movies are identical, false otherwise
virtual bool operator==(const Movie &rhs) const;
//-----operator!=-----
// operator!=: not equal
// Precondition: none
// Postcondition: return true if not equal rhs, else false
virtual bool operator!=(const Movie &rhs) const;};
```

3. Class name: Classic

Extends from the movie class, and includes additional attributes including major actor and release date. It handles actions related to classic movies

```
#pragma once
#include <iostream>
#include "movie.h"
class Classic: public Movie{
    friend ostream& operator <<(ostream &, const Classic &);</pre>
```

Public:						
	//Classic/ // Default constructor					
	// precondition: None					
	// precondition: None // postcondition: a default classic class is constructed					
	//					
	Classic();					
	//Classic					
	// Constructor					
	// precondition: the arguments in the parameter are valid					
	// postconditon: a classic movie with valid parameter is initialized					
	Classic(int stock, string firstName, string lastName, string title, int					
	release, char type, char genre);					
	//Destructor					
	// Destructor: destructs the classic class					
	// precondition: a constructed movie existed					
	// postconditon: set to NULL					
	//					
	virtual ~Classic();					
	//setActorName					
	// setActorName: sets actor first name					
	// precondition: s is a valid string object					
	// postconditon: the actor's first name of a movie is store set					
	//void setActorName(string s);					
	void selection variets thing s/,					
	//getTitle					
	// getTitle: returns actor fname					
	// precondition: None					
	// postconditon: the actor name is returned					
	string getActorName();					
	//getStock					
	// getReleaseDay: returns release date					
	// precondition: None					
	// postconditon: release date returned //					
	int getReleaseDay()					

```
//----setReleaseDay-----
// setReleaseDay: sets the release date
// precondition: i is a valid integer number
// postcondition: the release date is set
//------
void setReleaseDay(int day);
//-----operator<------
// operator< : operator that compares if lhs is less than rhs
// precondition: rhs is a valid Movie type
// postcondition: returns true if *this < rhs; returns false if *this > rhs
//------
virtual bool operator<(const Movie &rhs) const;
//-----operator>-----
// operator>: checks if the lhs is greater than the rhs
// precondition: rhs is a valid Movie type
// postcondition: returns true if *this > rhs; returns false if *this < rhs
//------
virtual bool operator>(const Movie &rhs) const;
//-----operator==-----
// operator==: compares two movies to each other
// precondition: movies exist
// postcondition: returns true if the movies are identical, false otherwise
//------
virtual bool operator==(const Movie &rhs) const;
//------operator!=------
// operator!=: not equal
// Precondition: none
// Postcondition: return true if not equal rhs, else false
virtual bool operator!=(const Movie &rhs) const;
private:
      string actortName; // First name of actor
      int releaseDay;
                         // release day of movie
}
```

4. Class name: Drama

extends from the movie class and implement functions that relates with drama movies. It handles actions related to the drama class

#pragma once	
#include <iostream></iostream>	
#include "movie.h"	
class Drama : public Movie	
{	
private:	
Public:	
//dramadrama	
// Default constructor	
// precondition: None	
// postconditon: a default classic class is constructed	
//	
Drama();	
//Classic	
// Constructor	
// precondition: the arguments in the parameter are valid	
// postconditon: a classic movie with valid parameter is initialized	
Drama(int stock string firstName string lastName string title int release sha	
Drama(int stock, string firstName, string lastName, string title, int release, cha	11
type, char genre);	
//Destructor	
// Destructor: destructs the classic class	
// precondition: a constructed movie existed	
// postconditon: set to NULL	
//	
virtual ~Drama() ;	
V /	
//operator<	
// operator< : operator that compares if lhs is less than rhs	
// precondition: rhs is a valid Movie type	
// postcondition: returns true if *this < rhs; returns false if *this > rhs	
//	
virtual bool operator<(const Movie &rhs) const;	
//operator>	
// operator>: checks if the lhs is greater than the rhs	

```
// precondition: rhs is a valid Movie type
// postcondition: returns true if *this > rhs; returns false if *this < rhs
//------
virtual bool operator>(const Movie &rhs) const;
//-----operator==-----
// operator==: compares two movies to each other
// precondition: movies exist
// postcondition: returns true if the movies are identical, false otherwise
//------
virtual bool operator==(const Movie &rhs) const;
//------perator!=------
// operator!=: not equal
// Precondition: none
// Postcondition: return true if not equal rhs, else false
//------
virtual bool operator!=(const Movie &rhs) const:
```

5. Class name: Customer

};

Customer class is a class that will store the customerData struct; countHistory, which counts the number of history transactions the user has used as index; and also the History of the borrowed item.

```
#pragma once
#include "movie.h"
#include "transaction.h"
#include <string>
using namespace std;

// -------customer.h ------
// Purpose: This file contains customer Class function declaration.
// --------
#define MAXSIZE 100
class Customer {
private:

//forward declaration
struct CustomerData;
int logCount = 0;
// count the number of history
```

```
// transaction the user has Used as
                                       // index.
     struct CustomerData {
           int uniqueID;
                                       // customer's unique identification
           int uniqueKey;
                                      // customer's unique key for
hasTable
           Transaction log[MAXSIZE];
                                      // user's log
           string firstName;
                                      // customer's first name
           string lastName;
                                      // customer's last name
     };
public:
     // Customer() : default constructor for Customer class
                     : NONE
     // precondition
     // postcondition : initialize the private value to NULL
     //-----
     Customer():
     //------
     // ~Customer() : destructor for Customer class
                     : NONE
     // precondition
     // postcondition : delete the array of Transaction
     //------
     ~Customer();
     //------
     // Customer() : constructor that set uniqueID and customer's name
     //
                      for customer
     // precondition : uniqueID is four digit number, firstName and lastName
                      should be a valid string
     // postcondition : initialize the private values with the passed in values
     Customer(int uniqueID, string firstName, string lastName);
     // getCustLog() : accessor to access customer's history by calling
     //
                      hash table class
     // precondition : NONE
// postcondition : print the customer's history
     //-----
     void getCustLog();
```

```
// setCustLog()
              : mutator to set customer's history
// precondition : t is a valid Transaction type // postcondition : customer's history is set
//-----
void setCustLog(Transaction &t);
// getLogCount()
                : accessor to access the number of borrow/ return
//
                  transactions
//
                 history the customer has
// precondition
                 : NONE
// postcondition : return customer's history count
//-----
int getLogCount() const;
// setLogCount(): mutator to set the number of borrow/ return
//
                              history the customer has
// precondition
                 : count > 0
// postcondition
                : customer's history count is set
//------
void setLogCount(int count);
// getUniqueID() : accessor to access customer's unique ID
// precondition
               : NONE
// postcondition : return customer's unique ID
//-----
int getUniqueID() const;
// setUniqueID() : mutator to set customer's unique ID
// precondition
                 : uniqueID is a valid int, 4 digits
// postcondition
                 : customer's unique ID are set
void setUniqueID(int uniqueID);
```

6. Class name: Store

Store is a wrapper class for customers and 3 BST of movies. It reads the three data files(data4Customers.txt, data4Movies.txt, data4Commands.txt) and builds a binary search tree of drama, comedy and classic movies, and fill a hashTable with the customer information.

```
// -----store.h -----
// Purpose: This file contains Store class function declaration
// ------
Class Store{
Public:
                  : default constructor for Customer class
    // Store()
                  : NONE
    // precondition
    // postcondition : builds store object
     //------
     Store():
                : destructor for Store class
     // ~Store()
    // precondition
                  : NONE
    // postcondition : store object is destroyed
     //------
     ~Store();
     //------
                : function that takes in movies and customers
    // build()
    //
                   as a parameter
    // precondition : movies and customers have valid data // postcondition : movies and customers are built
     void build(ifstream &movies, ifstream &customers)
     {
      // call buildMovies(movies)
      // call buildCustomers(customers);
     }
    // proceed
                  : reads the commands and executes them
     // precondition
                  : commands are valid format
    // postcondition : executes the commands specified by the file
     //------
     void proceed(ifstream &commands)
         {
```

```
char ch = ";
             commands >> ch;
             Switch (ch) {
             Case 'I':
                          call inventory transaction
                          Break:
             Case 'H':
                          call history transaction
                          Break;
             Case 'B':
                          call borrow transaction
                          Break;
             Case 'R':
                          call return transaction
                          Break:
             }
private:
      // buildMovies(ifstream &movie);
      // precondition: movie file exists
      // postcondition: all movies are processed and stored in their BST
      //------
      buildMovies(ifstream &movie);
             while(data4movies.txt is not empty, or end of the file){
                   Read the genre of the movie
                   If the genre is comedy, Insert it in the comedy bst
                   If the genre is drama, insert the movie in the drama bst
                   If the genre is classic, insert the movie in the classic
                   Skip to the next line
             }
      // buildCustomers(ifstream &customer)
      // precondition: customer file exists
      // postcondition: a hashtable is built and store customers by their key, which
      // come from their unique ID
      //-----
      buildCustomers(ifstream &customer)
      {
```

```
HashTable ht:
                 while(data4Customer.txt is not empty, or end of the file){
                       Read the customerID, first name and last name
                       Create new Customer object called cust
                       ht.insert(cust);
                       Skip to the next line
                 }
           }
           HashTable table:
           BST *movieC;
           BST *movieD;
           BST *movieF;
     };
7. Class name: Transaction -- Transaction class is parent class of borrow and return class
     //-----Transaction------
     // This class contain a declaration for Transaction class
     #include "Movie.h"
     Using namespace std;
     Class Transaction {
     Protected:
           Char action = ":
           Movie movie;
     Public:
           //-----Default Constructor-----
           //precondition : NONE
           //Postcondition : A new transaction object is created
           Transaction():
           //-----Constructor-----
           //precondition: A Movie object is passed in
           //Postcondition : A new transaction object is created
           //Set movie to be movie in parameter
           //-----
           Transaction(Movie mov);
           //-----Destructor------
           // Precondition:
```

	// Postcondition: A new transaction object is destroyed
	~ virtual Transaction();
}://end	class transaction

8. Class name: Borrow -- Borrow class is borrow transaction, which will be used when a customer borrow a movie from store. Action character: B. This class will interact with Customer and Store classes. Write a new transaction to Customer's history and decrease one in stock of Store class.

Class Borrow: public Transaction{ Private: //overloaded from transaction Char action = 'B'; Movie movie = NULL; //inherited from transaction Public: //------Default Constructor------// Borrow(); // Precondition: // Postcondition: A borrow transaction is created Borrow(); //-----Constructor(Movie)-----// Borrow(movie); // Precodition: A Movie object is passed in // Postcondition: A borrow transaction is created // Movie is movie from parameter //------Borrow(Movie &movie); //------Destructor------// ~Borrow(); // Precondition: // Postcondition: Borrow object is destroyed //------~Borrow(); //-----executeBorrow()-----// Description: execute borrow function for comedy // Precondition:

// De	executeBorrow()scription: execute borrow function for drama movies
// Pre	econdition:
// Po	stcondition: stock in store -1, a new transaction
	is added in corresponding csutomer's history
void	executeBorrowD(int customerID, char movieType,
Strin	g director, string title);
//	executeBorrow()
//Des	scription: execute borrow function for comedy
//	and drama movies
,,	
• •	econdition:
// Pre	econdition: stcondition: stock in store -1, a new transaction
// Pre	
// Pro //Pos	stcondition: stock in store -1, a new transaction
// Pre //Pos //	stcondition: stock in store -1, a new transaction is added in corresponding customer's history

9. Class name: Return -- Return class is return transaction, which will be used when a customer return a movie to the store. Action character: R.

public:	
1.	///
//	/ Return();
	/ Precondition: none
	/ Postcondition: Return transaction is created
	///
ŀ	Return();
1.	///
1.	/ ~Return();
//	/ Precondition: none
//	/ Postcondition: Return transaction is deleted
1	///
^	-Return();
1.	///
	/ executeReturn: this function is designed for F&D type of genres.
	/ Precondition: all parameters must exist
	/ Postcondition: return is performed by updating the inventory of the store,
//	
//	///
V	oid executeReturn(int cutomerID, char mediaType, char movieType, string
movieNa	ame,
	int year); // return for F&D(Comedy&Drama) genres
1.	///
//	/ executeReturn: this function is designed for C type of genre.
1.	/ Precondition: all parameters must exist
1.	/ Postcondition: return is performed by updating the inventory of the store,
1.	1 ,
	///
	oid executeReturn(int cutomerID, char mediaType, int month, int year, string First, string directorLast); // return for C(classical) genre
} ;	
	e: Inventory Inventory class is an inventory transaction, which will be used ould like to print out its inventory. Action character: I.
11	class Inventory
	class Inventory
<u>-</u>	child of the Transaction Class. buts all the movies that the store carries.
" inventory out	an and movido that the otore damed.

//
class Inventory : public Transaction {
private:
char action = 'I'; // action identifier for Inventory transaction
public:
//Default Constructor//
// Inventory();
// Precondition: none
// Postcondition: Inventory transaction is created
////
Inventory();
//Destructor//
// ~Inventory();
// Precondition: none
// Postcondition: Inventory transaction is deleted
////
~Inventory();
//executeInventory//
// executeInventory: prints out the inventory of the store
// Precondition: store must be assigned and contain customers and inventory data members
// Postcondition: prints out the inventory ////
void executeInventory();
} ;
11. Class name: History History class is a history transaction, which will be used to output the log of the transactions for a customer. Action character: H.
// class History
// History is a child of the Transaction Class.
// History outputs the log of the transactions between the store and a customer
//
class History : public Transaction {

```
private:
      char action = 'H; // action identifier for History transaction
public:
      //-----Default Constructor-----//
      // History();
      // Precondition: none
      // Postcondition: History transaction is created
      //-----//
      History();
      //-----Destructor-----//
      // ~History();
      // Precondition: none
      // Postcondition: History transaction is deleted
      ~History();
      //-----executeHistory-----//
      // executeHisotry: prints out the log of transactions for the customer
      // Precondition: store must be assigned and contain customers and inventory data
             members customer must have a log member with transactions stored in it
      // Postcondition: prints out the log of a customer
      void executeHistory(int customerID);
};
```

12. Class name: HashTable -- HashTable is implemented to handle storing necessary storage in this project. It will implement hashing function double probing.

```
#define HASHTABLESIZE 31
class HashTable{
private:
      Int hashTableArr[HASHTABLESIZE];
       //-----hashFunc------
       // hashFunc: determines where a customer go, help to insert method
       // precondition: id is a valid customer id
       // postcondition: the location where the customer need to be inserted is
       // determined
       int hashFunc(int idNum)
             Int key = idNum % 31;
             If (hashTableArr[key] == NULL)
                    Insert the idNum;
                    Return key;
             }
             Else
                    For (int i = 1; i <= HASHTABLESIZE; i++)
                    If (hashTableArr[(Key + i^2) \% 31] == NULL)
                           Insert the idNum and break
                    }
             }
      Return key;
      }
public:
       //-----Destructor------
       // Destructor: destructor
       // precondition: none
       // postcondition: the hashtable is destructed
       ~HashTable();
```

//-----Constructor-----

```
// constuctor: initializes a hash table with i length
           // precondition: the parameter i is a valid integer number
           // postcondition: a length of i hash table constructed
           //-----
           HashTable(int i);
           //-----inserts------inserts------
           // insert: inserts a customer in the hashtable
           // precondition: c is a valid customer object
           // postcondition: a customer is inserted in the hash table
           //-----
           void insert(Customer *c);
          {
               Check if the hash table is not full
                If the hash table is full
                     let the user know
               Otherwise,
                     Call hashFunc with the customerID;
          }
     }
13. Class name: BST - Binary Search Tree to store the Movie in BST
// ------ bst.h ------
// Purpose: This file contains BST class function declaration
// ------
Class BST{
//------
// operation<< : Overloads << to print BST
// precondition
               : Movies have overloaded << operation
// postcondition : Prints all movies inside BST
friend ostream& operator<<(ostream &output, const Store& s)
{
Public:
//-----
// BST()
               : default constructor for BST class
// precondition
               : NONE
// postcondition : builds store object
//-----
BST();
```

}

```
// ~BST() : destructor for BST class // precondition : NONE
// postcondition : BST is deleted
//------
~BST();
//------
               : insert Node with Movie data inside BST
// insert()
// precondition : movies have valid data
// postcondition : Node with Movie Data is inserted to BST
//------
bool insert(Movie *){
       if BST is empty
           add first Node with Movie Data
       else
           compare Nodes to find an appropriate location
           insert Node with movie Data
}
//------
// find()
               : find the location of the Node with correct Movie in BST
// precondition : Movie has a valid data
// postcondition : returns the location of the Node with the correct Movie
//------
bool find(const Movie &, Movie *&){
     Traverse through BST with recursive
     If movie is found, return the location on 2<sup>nd</sup> Movie parameter
}
private:
     // Node
                   : Node to insert Movie to be used in BST
     //-----
     struct Node {
                         // pointer to data object
           Movie* movie;
           Node* left:
                                // left subtree pointer
           Node* right;
                                // right subtree pointer
     };
     Movie* root;
```