《科学》杂志曾于创刊125周年之际发布过125个推动基础科学研究的科学难题,对指引其后十几年的科学发展产生积极影响。

16年过去了,科技发展日新月异,科学突破层出不穷,许多问题得到一定程度的解答,一些问题更深入。"巨大的变化在许多科学领域发生,现在正是回顾过往和展望未来的大好时机(great time),来寻找科学灵感。我相信这些问题将成为代表未来的年轻人思考的重要部分。"世界顶尖科学家协会副主席、2013年诺贝尔化学奖的主Michael Levitt在致辞中说到。

此次125个科学问题《科学》杂志专刊作为交大建校125周年纪念活动之一,问题征集结合国际前沿、全球共需、科学发展,聚焦前瞻重大科学问题,面向科学家、学生、社会征集。世界顶尖科学家协会也发挥资源优势,邀请诺贝尔奖、沃尔夫奖、拉斯克奖、图灵奖、麦克阿瑟天才奖等世界"最强大脑"共同参与,共同讨论人类当前与未来面对的科学问题。

SJTU & Science 125个科学问题

Mathematical Sciences

数学

- 1. What makes prime numbers so special?
- 1.什么使素数如此特别?
- 2. Will the Navier-Stokes problem ever be solved?
- 2.纳维尔-斯托克斯问题会得到解决吗?
- 3. Is the Riemann hypothesis true?
- 3.黎曼猜想是真的吗?

Chemistry

化学

- 1. Are there more color pigments to discover?
- 1.还有更多色彩元素可发现吗?
- 2. Will the periodic table ever be complete?
- 2.元素周期表会完整吗?
- 3. How can we measure interface phenomena on the microscopic level?
- 3.如何在微观层面测量界面现象?
- 4. What is the future for energy storage?
- 4.能量存储的未来是怎样的?

- 5. Why does life require chirality?
- 5.为什么生命需要手性?
- 6. How can we better manage the world's plastic waste?
- 6.我们如何更好地管理世界上的塑料废物?
- 7. Will Al redefine the future of chemistry?
- 7.AI会重新定义化学的未来吗?
- 8. How can matter be programmed into living materials?
- 8.物质如何被编码而成为生命材料?
- 9. What drives reproduction in living systems?
- 9.是什么驱动生命系统的复制?

Medicine & Health

医学与健康

- 1. Can we predict the next pandemic?
- 1.我们可以预测下一次流行病吗?
- 2. Will we ever find a cure for the common cold?
- 2.我们会找到治疗感冒的方法吗?
- 3. Can we design and manufacture medicines customized for individual people?
- 3.我们可以设计和制造出为个人定制的药物吗?
- 4. Can a human tissue or organ be fully regenerated?
- 4.人体组织或器官可以完全再生吗?
- 5. How is immune homeostasis maintained and regulated?
- 5.如何维持和调节免疫稳态?
- 6. Is there a scientific basis to the Meridian System in traditional Chinese medicine?
- 6.中医的经络系统有科学依据吗?
- 7. How will the next generation of vaccines be made?
- 7.下一代疫苗将如何生产?
- 8. Can we ever overcome antibiotic resistance?
- 8.我们能否克服抗生素耐药性?
- 9. What is the etiology of autism?
- 9.自闭症的病因是什么?
- 10. What role does our microbiome play in health and disease?
- 10.我们的微生物组在健康和疾病中扮演什么角色?

- 11. Can xenotransplantation solve the shortage of donor organs?
- 11.异种移植能否解决供体器官的短缺问题?

Biology

生命科学

- 1. What could help conservation of the oceans?
- 1.什么可以帮助保护海洋?
- 2. Can we stop ourselves from aging?
- 2.我们可以阻止自己衰老吗?
- 3. Why can only some cells become other cells?
- 3.为什么只有一些细胞会变成其他细胞?
- 4. Why are some genomes so big and others very small?
- 4.为什么有些基因组非常大而另一些却很小?
- 5. Will it be possible to cure all cancers?
- 5.有可能治愈所有癌症吗?
- 6. What genes make us uniquely human?
- 6.哪些基因使我们人类与众不同?
- 7. How do migratory animals know where they're going?
- 7.迁徙动物如何知道它们要去哪里?
- 8. How many species are there on Earth?
- 8.地球上有多少物种?
- 9. How do organisms evolve?
- 9.有机体是如何进化的?
- 10. Why did dinosaurs grow to be so big?
- 10.为什么恐龙长得如此之大?
- 11. Did ancient humans interbreed with other human-like ancestors?
- 11.远古人类是否曾与其他类人祖先杂交?
- 12. Why do humans get so attached to dogs and cats?
- 12.人类为什么会对猫狗如此着迷?
- 13. Will the world's population keep growing indefinitely?

- 13.世界人口会无限增长吗?
- 14. Why do we stop growing?
- 14.我们为什么会停止生长?
- 15. Is de-extinction possible?
- 15.能否复活灭绝生物?
- 16. Can humans hibernate?
- 16.人类可以冬眠吗?
- 17. Where do human emotions originate?
- 17.人类的情感源于何处?
- 18. Will humans look physically different in the future?
- 18.未来人类的外貌会有所不同吗?
- 19. Why were there species explosions and mass extinction?
- 19.为什么会发生物种大爆发和大灭绝?
- 20. How might genome editing be used to cure disease?
- 20.基因组编辑将如何用于治疗疾病?
- 21. Can a cell be artificially synthesized?
- 21.可以人工合成细胞吗?
- 22. How are biomolecules organized in cells to function orderly and effectively?
- 22.细胞内的生物分子是如何组织从而有序有效发挥作用的?

Astronomy

天文学

- 1. How many dimensions are there in space?
- 1.空间中有多少个维度?
- 2. What is the shape of the universe?
- 2.宇宙的形状是怎样的?
- 3. Where did the big bang start?
- 3.大爆炸从何处开始?
- 4. Why don't the orbits of planets decay and cause them to crash into each other?
- 4.为什么行星的轨道不衰减并导致它们相互碰撞?
- 5. When will the universe die? Will it continue to expand?
- 5.宇宙何时消亡?它会继续膨胀吗?
- 6. Is it possible to live permanently on another planet?

- 6.我们有可能在另一个星球上长期居住吗?
- 7. Why do black holes exist?
- 7.为什么存在黑洞?
- 8. What is the universe made of?
- 8.宇宙是由什么构成的?
- 9. Are we alone in the universe?
- 9.我们是宇宙中唯一的生命体吗?
- 10. What is the origin of cosmic rays?
- 10.宇宙射线的起源是什么?
- 11. What is the origin of mass?
- 11.物质的起源是什么?
- 12. What is the smallest scale of space-time?
- 12.时空的最小尺度是是多少?
- 13. Is water necessary for all life in the universe, or just on Earth?
- 13.水是宇宙中所有生命所必需的么,还是仅对地球生命?
- 14. What is preventing humans from carrying out deep-space exploration?
- 14.是什么阻止了人类进行深空探测?
- 15. Is Einstein's general theory of relativity correct?
- 15.爱因斯坦的广义相对论是正确的吗?
- 16. How are pulsars formed?
- 16.脉冲星是如何形成的?
- 17. Is our Milky Way Galaxy special?
- 17.我们的银河系特别吗?
- 18. What is the volume, composition, and significance of the deep biosphere?
- 18.深层生物圈的规模、组成和意义是什么?
- 19. Will humans one day have to leave the planet (or die trying)?
- 19.人类有一天会不得不离开地球吗(还是会在尝试中死去)?
- 20. Where do the heavy elements in the universe come from?
- 20.宇宙中的重元素来自何处?
- 21. Is it possible to understand the structure of compact stars and matter?
- 21.有可能了解致密恒星和物质的结构吗?
- 22. What is the origin of the high-energy cosmic neutrinos?
- 22.高能宇宙中微子的起源是什么?
- 23. What is gravity?

Physics

物理学

- 1. Is there a diffraction limit?
- 1.有衍射极限吗?
- 2. What is the microscopic mechanism for high-temperature superconductivity?
- 2.高温超导的微观机理是什么?
- 3. What are the limits of heat transfer in matter?
- 3.物质传热的极限是什么?
- 4. What are the fundamental principles of collective motion?
- 4.集体运动的基本原理是什么?
- 5. What are the smallest building blocks of matter?
- 5.什么是物质的最小组成部分?
- 6. Will we ever travel at the speed of light?
- 6.我们会以光速行驶吗?
- 7. What is quantum uncertainty and why is it important?
- 7.什么是量子不确定性,为什么它很重要?
- 8. Will there ever be a "theory of everything"?
- 8.会有"万有理论"吗?
- 9. Why does time seem to flow in only one direction?
- 9.为什么时间似乎只朝一个方向流动?
- 10. What is dark matter?
- 10.什么是暗物质?
- 11. Can we make a real, human-size invisibility cloak?
- 11.我们可以制作出真人大小的隐形斗篷吗?
- 12. Are there any particles that behave oppositely to the properties or states of photons?
- 12.是否存在与光子性质或状态相反的粒子?
- 13. Will the Bose-Einstein condensate be widely used in the future?
- 13.玻色-爱因斯坦冷凝体未来会被广泛使用吗?
- 14. Can humans make intense lasers with incoherence comparable to sunlight?
- 14.人类能制造出与太阳光相似的非相干强激光吗?
- 15. What is the maximum speed to which we can accelerate a particle?

- 15.我们最多可以将粒子加速到多快?
- 16. Is quantum many-body entanglement more fundamental than quantum fields?
- 16.量子多体纠缠比量子场更基本吗?
- 17. What is the optimum hardware for quantum computers?
- 17.量子计算机的最佳硬件是什么?
- 18. Can we accurately simulate the macro- and microworld?
- 18.我们可以精确模拟宏观和微观世界吗?

Information Science

信息科学

- 1. Is there an upper limit to computer processing speed?
- 1.计算机处理速度是否有上限?
- 2. Can Al replace a doctor?
- 2.AI可以代替医生吗?
- 3. Can topological quantum computing be realized?
- 3.拓扑量子计算可以实现吗?
- 4. Can DNA act as an information storage medium?
- 4.DNA可以用作信息存储介质吗?

Engineering & Material Science

工程与材料科学

- 1. What is the ultimate statistical invariances of turbulence?
- 1.湍流的最终统计不变性是什么?
- 2. How can we break the current limit of energy conversion efficiencies?
- 2.我们如何突破当前的能量转换效率极限?
- 3. How can we develop manufacturing systems on Mars?
- 3.我们如何在火星上开发制造系统?
- 4. Is a future of only self-driving cars realistic?
- 4.纯无人驾驶汽车的未来是否现实?

Neuroscience

神经科学

- 1. What are the coding principles embedded in neuronal spike trains?
- 1.神经元放电序列的编码准则是什么?
- 2. Where does consciousness lie?
- 2. 意识存在于何处?
- 3. Can human memory be stored, manipulated, and transplanted digitally?
- 3.能否数字化地存储、操控和移植人类记忆?
- 4. Why do we need sleep?
- 4.为什么我们需要睡眠?
- 5. What is addiction and how does it work?
- 5.什么是成瘾?
- 6. Why do we fall in love?
- 6.为什么我们会坠入爱河?
- 7. How did speech evolve and what parts of the brain control it?
- 7.言语如何演变形成,大脑的哪些部分对其进行控制?
- 8. How smart are nonhuman animals?
- 8.除人类以外的其他动物有多聪明?
- 9. Why are most people right-handed?
- 9.为什么大多数人都是右撇子?
- 10. Can we cure neurodegenerative diseases?
- 10.我们可以治愈神经退行性疾病吗?
- 11. Is it possible to predict the future?
- 11.有可能预知未来吗?
- 12. Can we more effectively diagnose and treat complex mental disorders?
- 12.精神障碍能否有效诊断和治疗?

Ecology

生态学

- 1. Can we stop global climate change?
- 1.我们可以阻止全球气候变化吗?
- 2. Where do we put all the excess carbon dioxide?
- 2.我们能把过量的二氧化碳存到何处?
- 3. What creates the Earth's magnetic field (and why does it move)?
- 3.是什么创造了地球的磁场(为什么它会移动)?

- 4. Will we be able to predict catastrophic weather events (tsunami, hurricanes, earthquakes) more accurately?
- 4.我们是否能够更准确地预测灾害性事件(海啸、飓风、地震)?
- 5. What happens if all the ice on the planet melts?
- 5.如果地球上所有的冰融化会怎样?
- 6. Can we create an environmentally friendly replacement for plastics?
- 6.我们可以创造一种环保的塑料替代品吗?
- 7. Can we achieve a situation where essentially every material can be recycled and reused?
- 7.几乎所有材料都可以回收再利用是否可以实现?
- 8. Will we soon see the end of monocultures like wheat, maize, rice, and soy?
- 8.我们会很快看到小麦、玉米、大米和大豆等单一作物的终结吗?

Energy Science

能源科学

- 1. Could we live in a fossil-fuel-free world?
- 1.我们可以生活在一个去化石燃料的世界中吗?
- 2. What is the future of hydrogen energy?
- 2.氢能的未来是怎样的?
- 3. Will cold fusion ever be possible?
- 3.冷聚变有可能实现吗?

Artificial Intelligence

人工智能

- 1. Will injectable, disease-fighting nanobots ever be a reality?
- 1.可注射的抗病纳米机器人会成为现实吗?
- 2. Will it be possible to create sentient robots?
- 2.是否有可能创建有感知力的机器人?
- 3. Is there a limit to human intelligence?
- 3.人类智力是否有极限?
- 4. Will artificial intelligence replace humans?
- 4.人工智能会取代人类吗?
- 5. How does group intelligence emerge?
- 5.群体智能是如何出现的?

- 6. Can robots or Als have human creativity?
- 6.机器人或 AI 可以具有人类创造力吗?
- 7. Can quantum artificial intelligence imitate the human brain?
- 7.量子人工智能可以模仿人脑吗?
- 8. Could we integrate with computers to form a human-machine hybrid species?
- 8.我们可以和计算机结合以形成人机混合物种吗?