

Versioning and Documenting Your API



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Coming Up



Versioning your API

- Approaches in ASP.NET Core
- Implementation



Coming Up



Documenting your API with OpenAPI (Swagger)

- Incorporating XML comments
- Describing response types and status codes
- Incorporating API authentication



Versioning Your API

As APIs evolve, different versions start to co-exist

- Different versioning strategies exist



Versioning Your API

Version the URI

- `https://root/api/v1/authors`
- `https://root/api/v2/authors`

Version the URI via query string parameter

- `https://root/api/authors?version=v1`



Versioning Your API

Version via custom request header

- X-version: "v1"

Version via Accept header

- Accept:
"application/json;version=v1"

Version the media types

- Accept:
"application/vnd.marvin.book.v1
+json"



Versioning Your API

NuGet package

- [https://www.nuget.org/packages/
Asp.Versioning.Mvc/](https://www.nuget.org/packages/Asp.Versioning.Mvc/)



Demo



Supporting versioning



Demo



Versioning your API



Demo



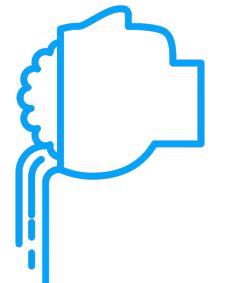
Supporting versioned routes



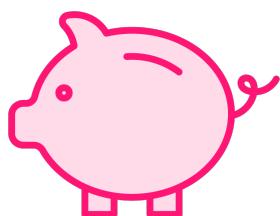
Documenting Your API with OpenAPI / Swagger



Public APIs need documentation, but so do in-company APIs



Documentation leads to knowledge leads to adoption



Clear documentation saves time and money



OpenAPI Specification

An OpenAPI specification describes the capabilities of your API, and how to interact with it. It's standardized, and in JSON or YAML format.



Documenting Your API with OpenAPI / Swagger

Tools and components can use this specification to generate something from, like a documentation UI



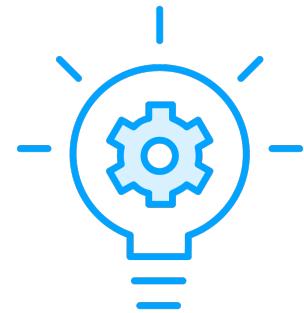
Documenting Your API with OpenAPI / Swagger

Two requirements

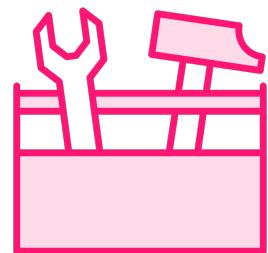
- A tool or component that generates the specification by inspecting our API
- A tool or component that generates a documentation UI from that specification



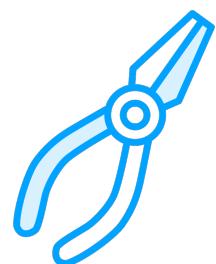
Clearing up the Terminology Confusion



OpenAPI specification and Swagger specification are the same thing



Swagger is a set of open-source built around that OpenAPI specification



Swashbuckle.AspNetCore helps with working with OpenAPI in ASP.NET Core



Documenting Your API with OpenAPI / Swagger

Swashbuckle.AspNetCore

- Generates an OpenAPI specification from your API
- Wraps swagger-ui and provides an embedded version of it
- <https://github.com/domaindrivendev/Swashbuckle.AspNetCore>



Demo



Adding Swagger support to a project



Demo



Incorporating XML comments on actions



Demo



**Describing response types and
status codes**



Demo



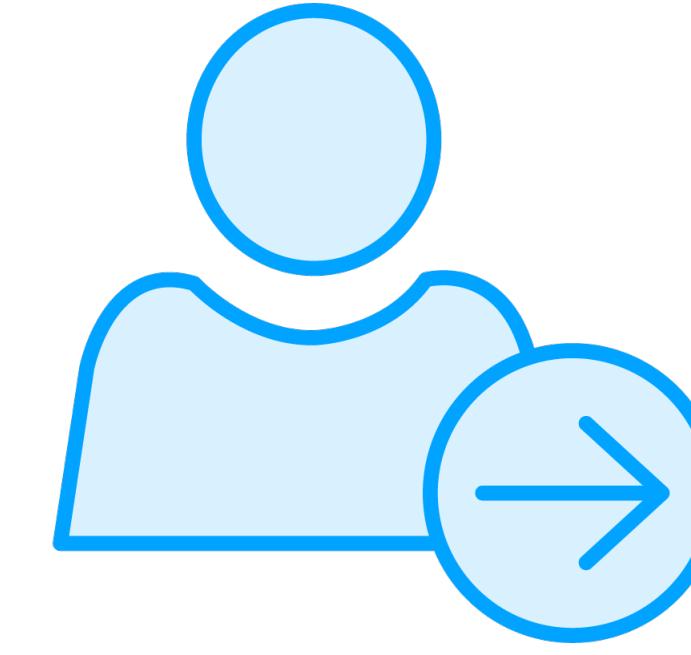
Supporting different documentation versions



Documenting API Authentication



Documentation for your API should describe how to authenticate with it, if applicable



Allow user-friendly interaction with an API that requires authentication via swagger-ui



Documenting API Authentication

**HTTP authentication schemes
(bearer, basic, ...)**

Security scheme type: http

API keys

Security scheme type: apiKey

OAuth2

Security scheme type: oauth2

OpenID Connect

**Security scheme type:
openidConnect**



Demo



Adding authentication support to your documentation



Summary



As APIs evolve, different versions start to co-exist

- Avoid breaking consumers that use an older version

Common versioning strategies

- URI versioning
- Custom headers
- Versioned media types



Summary



API documentation is important for both public and private APIs

An OpenAPI specification is a standardized description of your API from which a documentation UI can be generated



Summary



Improve your documentation by

- Using `ActionResult<T>`
- Incorporating XML comments
- Describing response types and status codes
- Incorporating authentication

Be as specific as possible!



Up Next:

Testing and Deploying Your API

