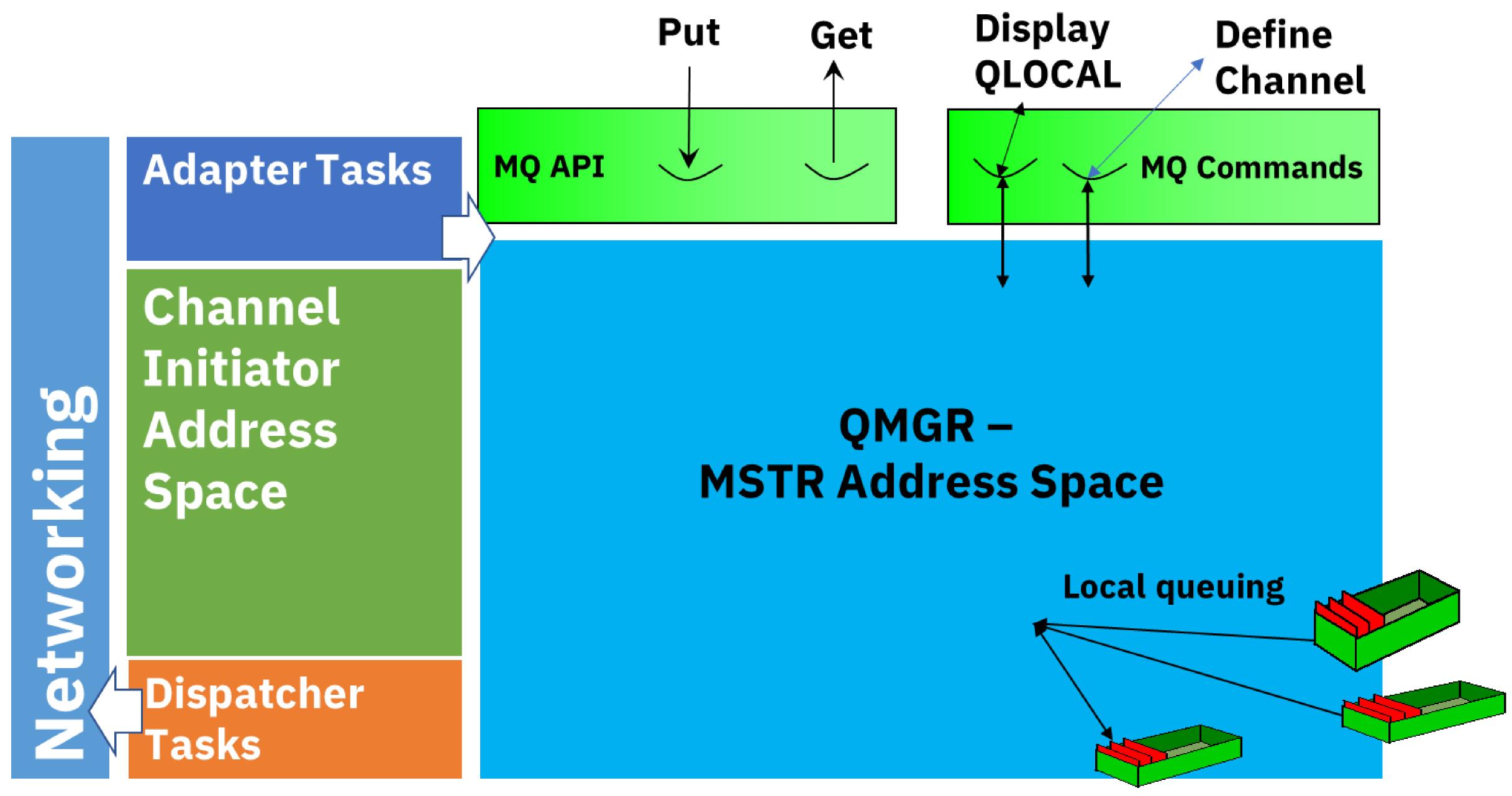


### Wildfire Workshop

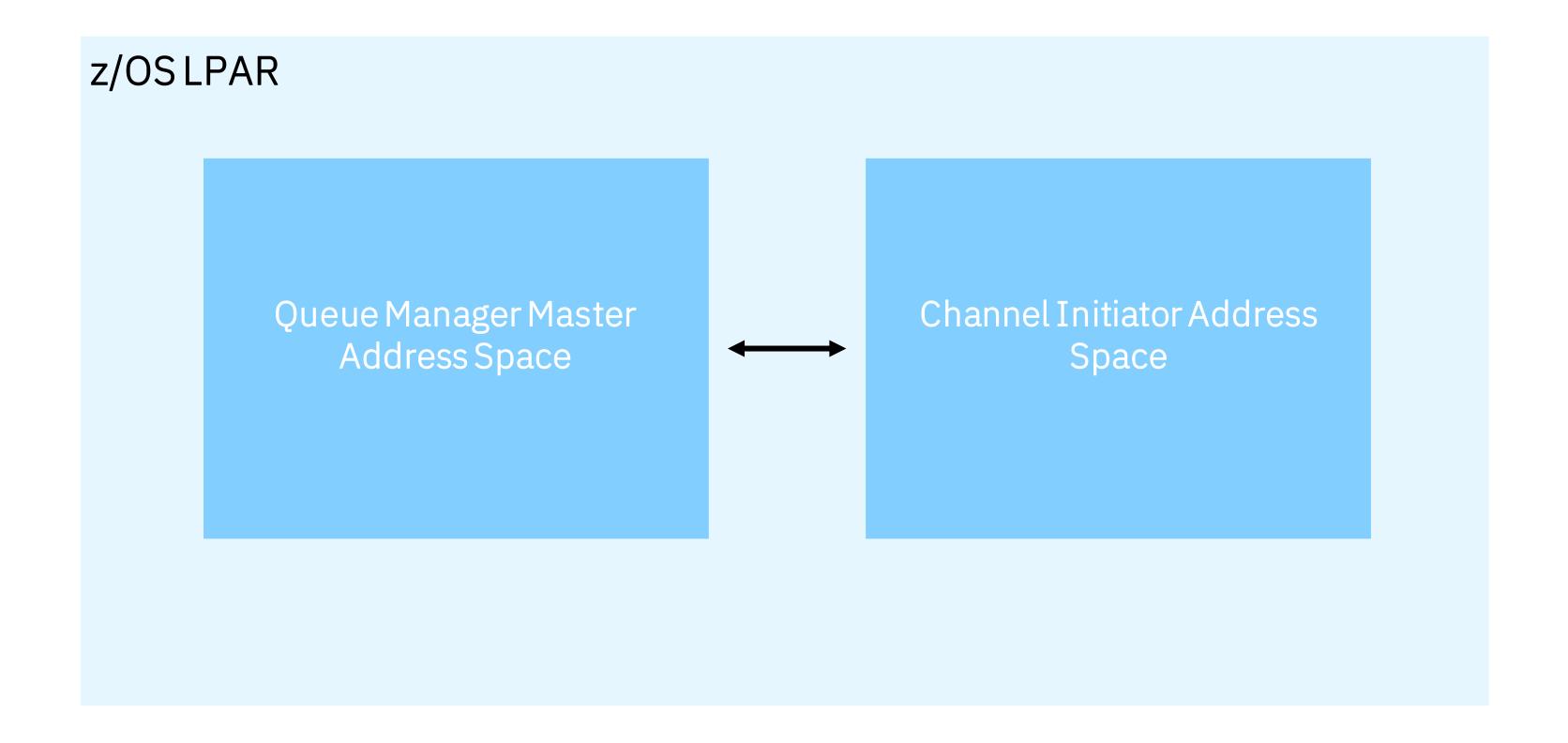
Washington Systems Center Technical Hands-On Workshops

# Queue Manager Internals



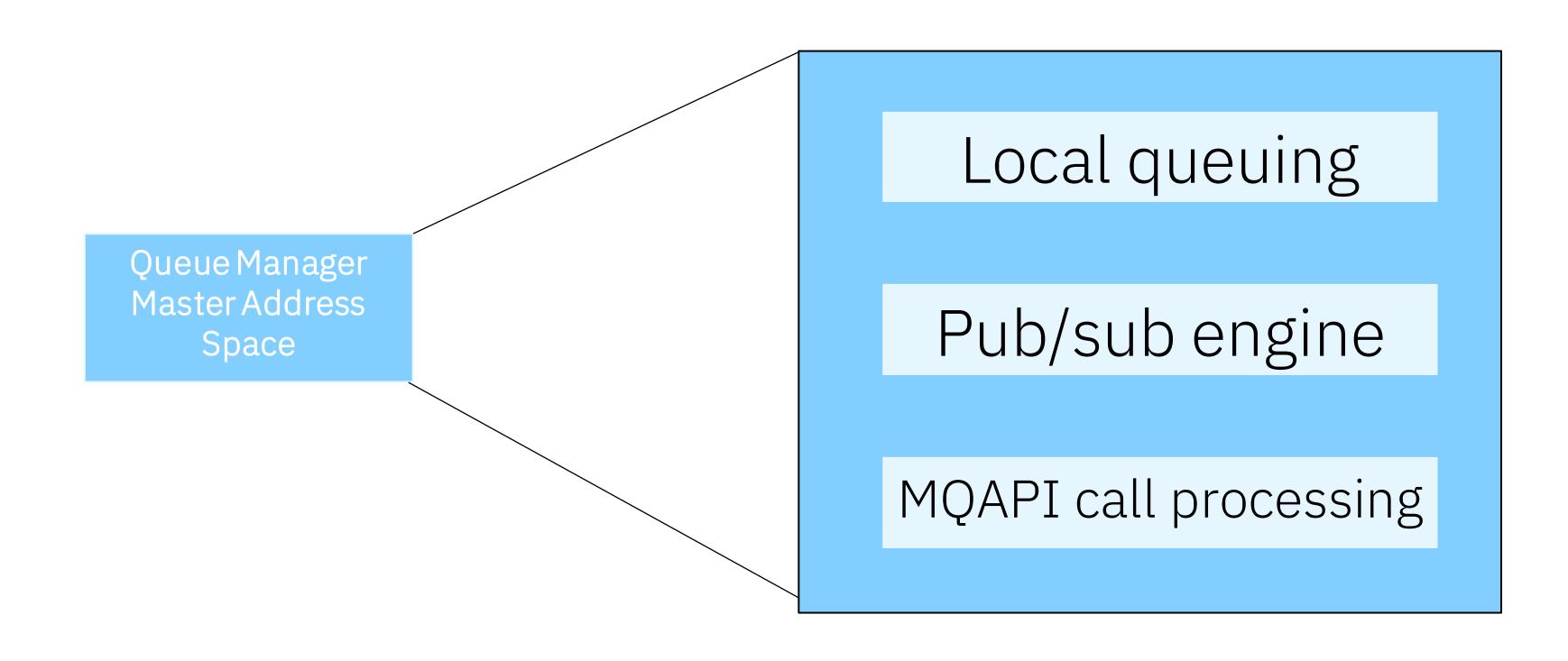


# At a glance

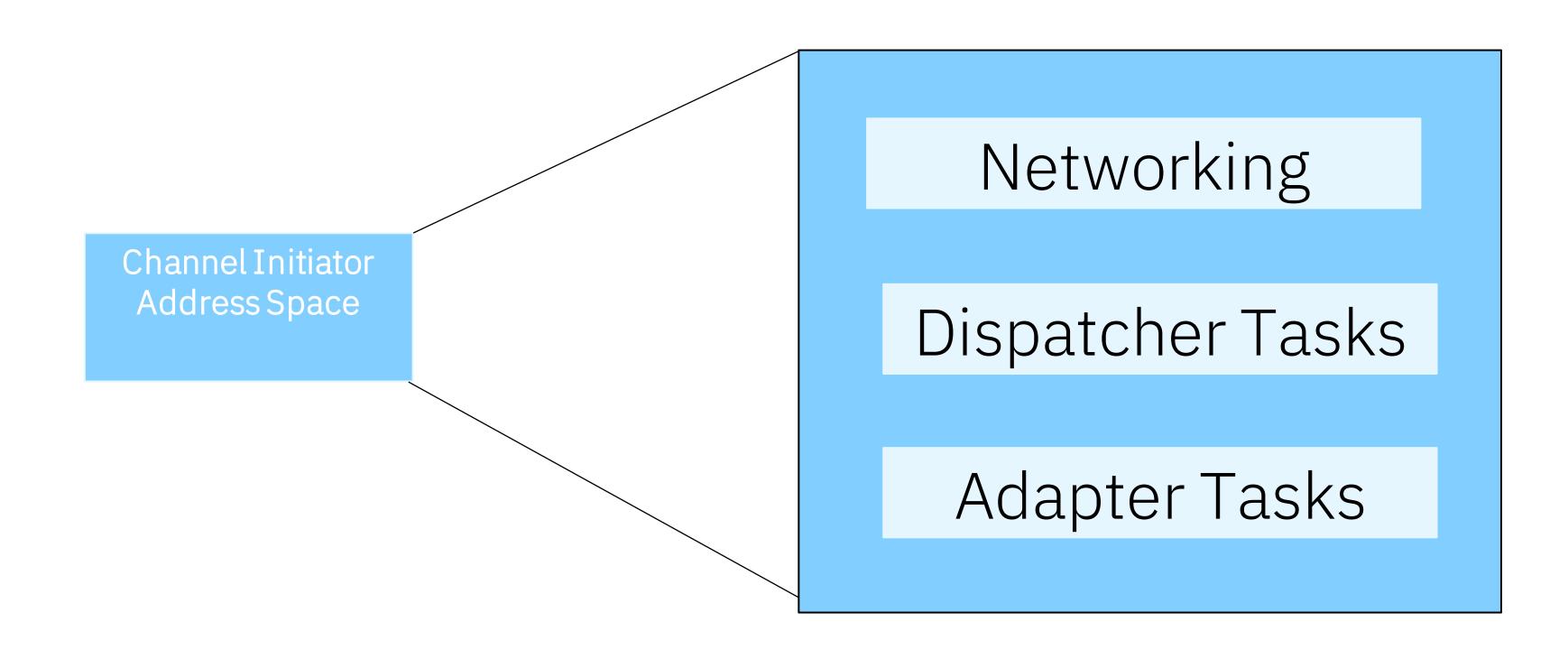




# Diving deeper: Private queues



# Diving deeper: Private queues



# Digging into local queuing

### Message A

```
Sent message:
  JMSMessage class: jms_text
 JMSType:
                   null
 JMSDeliveryMode: 2
 JMSDeliveryDelay: 0
  JMSDeliveryTime: 1585562399950
  JMSExpiration:
  JMSPriority:
                ID:414d5120514d312020202020202020200ac2815e024ce120
  JMSMessageID:
 JMSTimestamp:
                1585562399950
 JMSCorrelationID: null
  JMSDestination: queue:///DEV.QUEUE.1
 JMSReplyTo:
                null
  JMSRedelivered: false
    JMSXAppID: JmsPutGet (JMS)
    JMSXDeliveryCount: 0
    JMSXUserID: app
    JMS_IBM_PutApplType: 28
    JMS IBM PutDate: 20200330
    JMS_IBM_PutTime: 09595997
Your lucky number today is 926
```

#### Message details

#### Messages properties

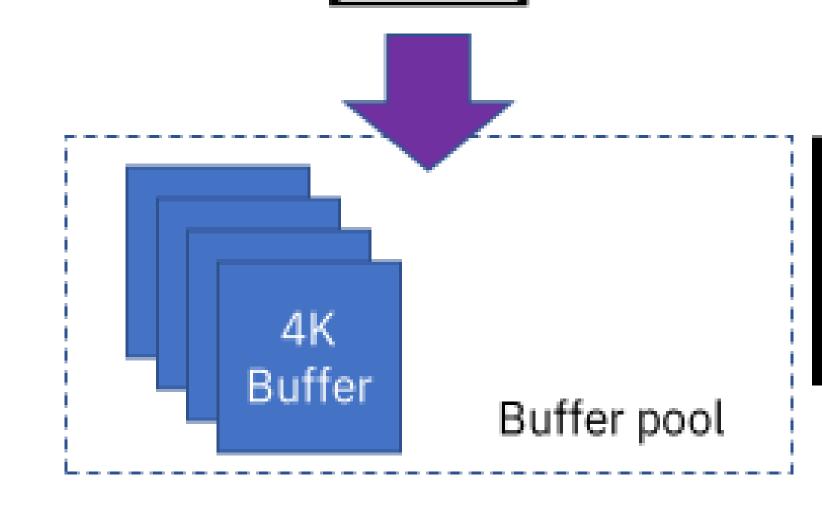
Message ID	ID:414d5120514d312020202020202 02020aec50b62010a0e40	
Timestamp	2022-2-18 16:37:23	
Character set	UTF-8	
Delivery mode	Persistent	
Application ID	JmsPutGet (JMS)	
Format	MQSTR	
Expiration	0	
Priority	4	
Encoding	273	
User ID	арр	
<b>Application data</b>		

Your lucky number today is 369

How does physical storage work on a private queue? <u>A</u>

When messages are written to page sets...

- When messages have been in the buffer pool for 2 log checkpoints
- When buffer pool usage exceeds the deferred write threshold
- When buffer pool usage exceeds the buffer pool threshold



DEFINE BUFFPOOL BUFFERS(1000) LOCATION(BELOW) PAGECLAS(4KB)

# How are private queues associated with physical storage?

Queue layer

DEFINE QLOCAL (QUEUED)

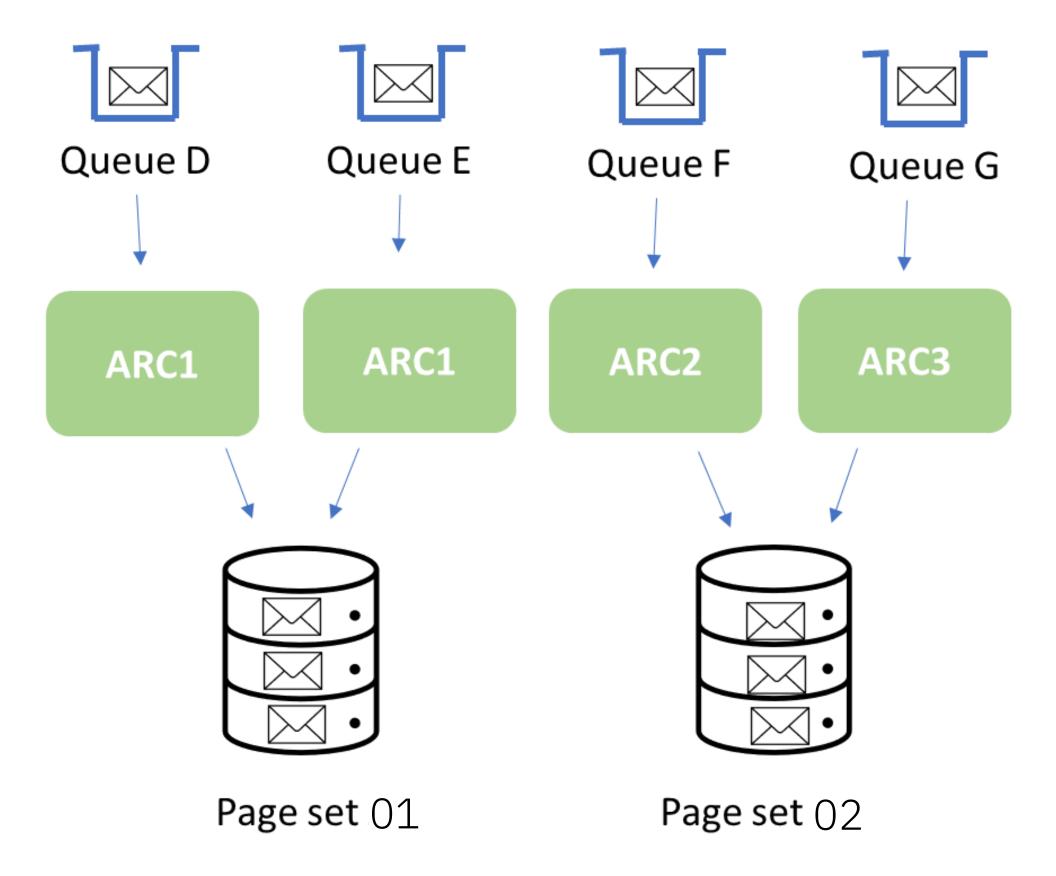
STGCLASS (ARC1)

Storage class layer

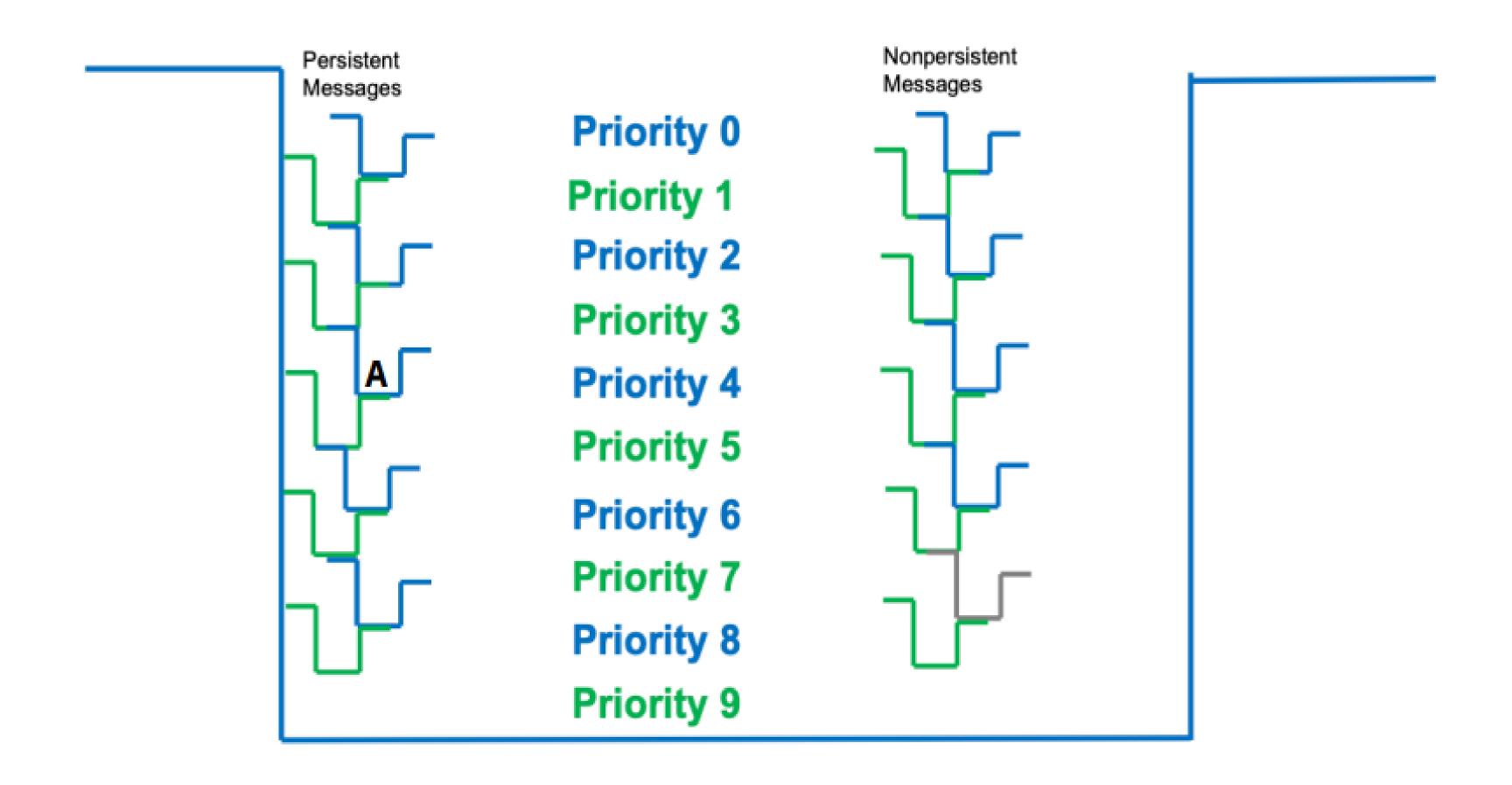
DEFINE STGCLASS(ARC1)
PSID(1)

Page set layer

DEFINE PSID(01) BUFFP00L(0)

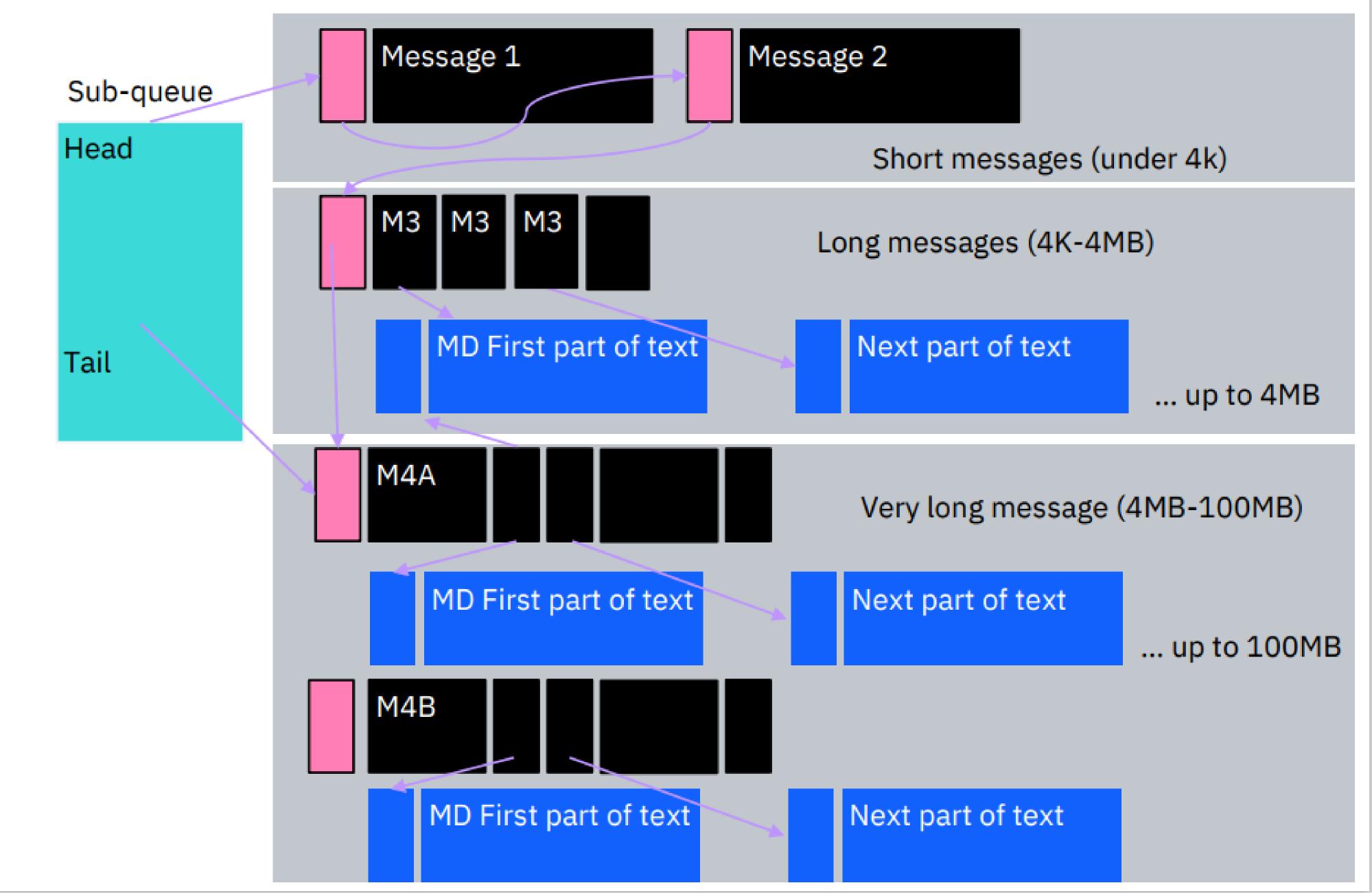


# Internal Representation of a Private Queue

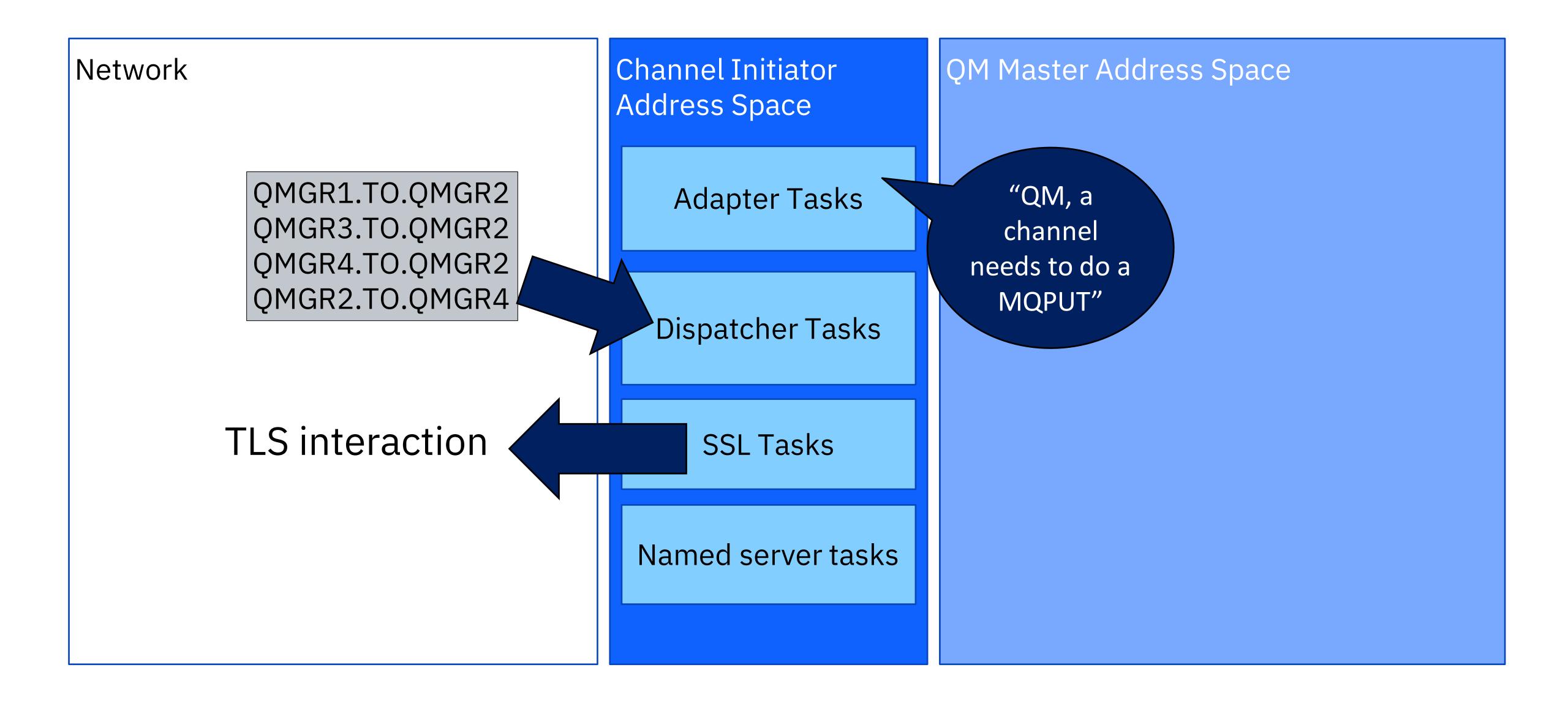




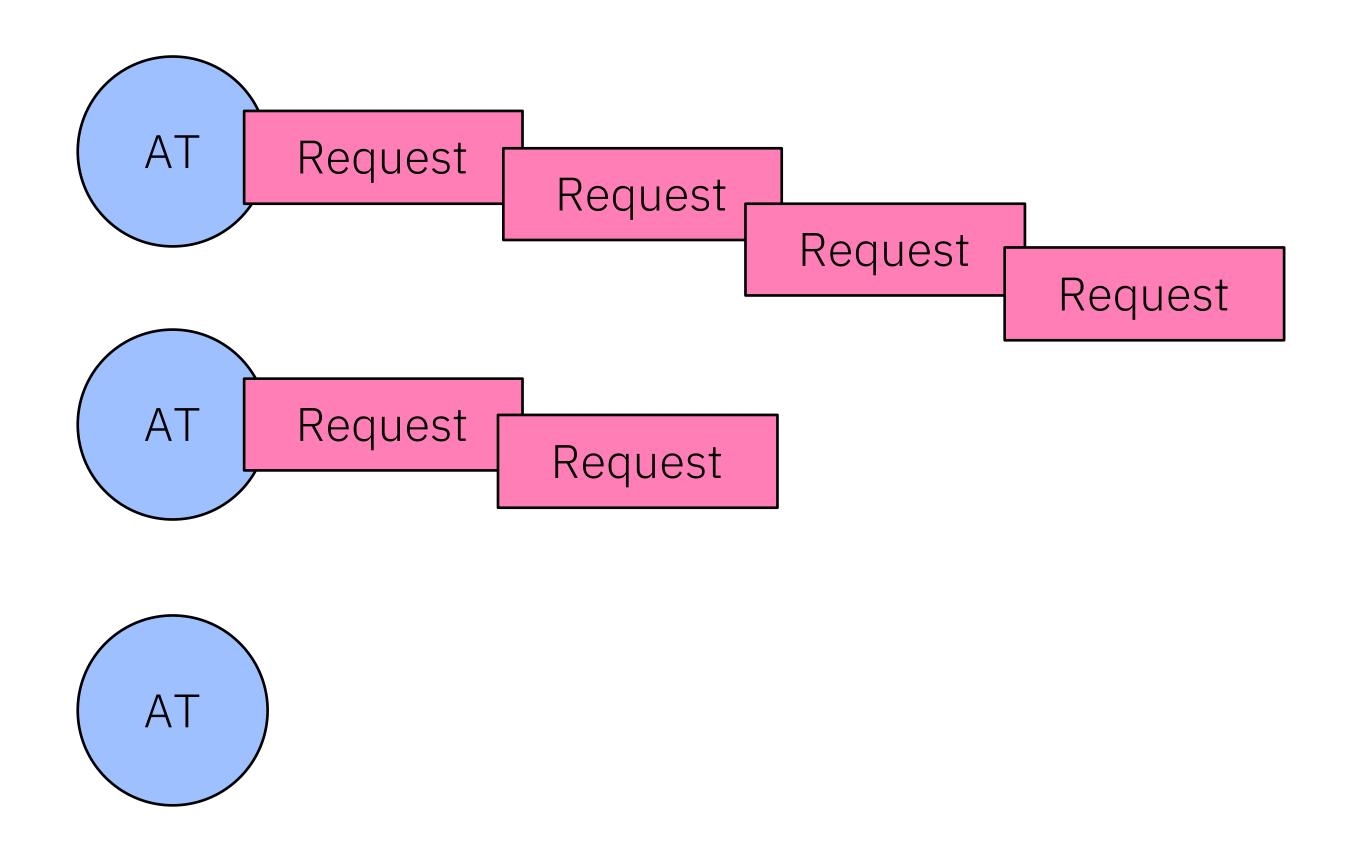
### Sub-queue Internal View



# CHINIT Address Space Structure



# How adapter tasks are assigned

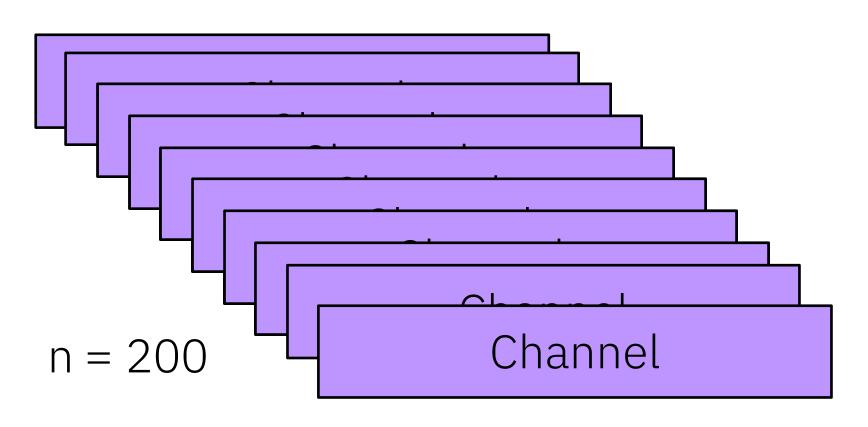


# How dispatcher tasks are assigned to channels

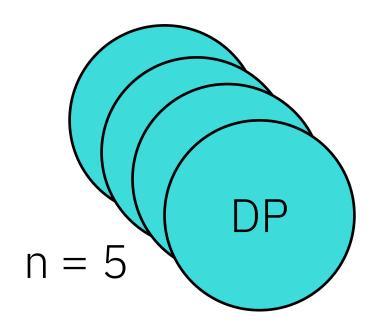
#### Scenario 1:

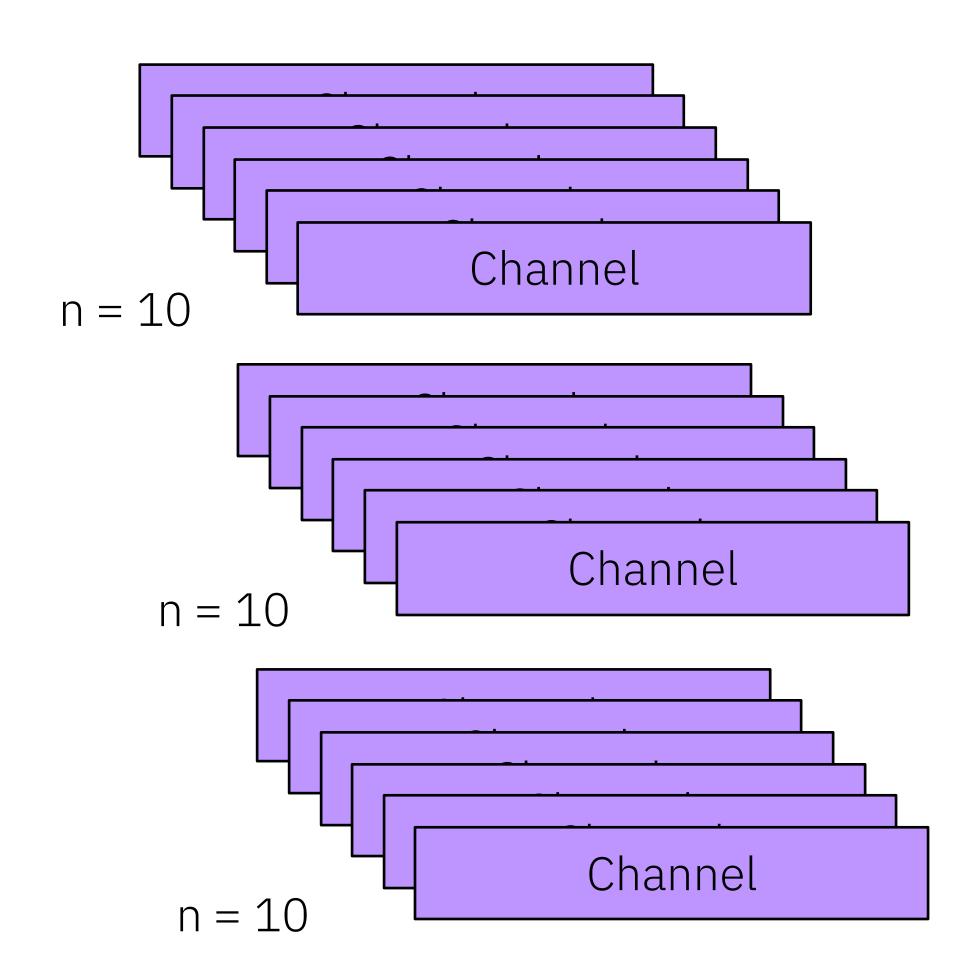
200 / 5 = 40 | 40 > 10 (from the rule of 10) | SO, 10 channels will be assigned to each dispatcher task

#### Active Channel Max of 200



#### Dispatcher Tasks allocated



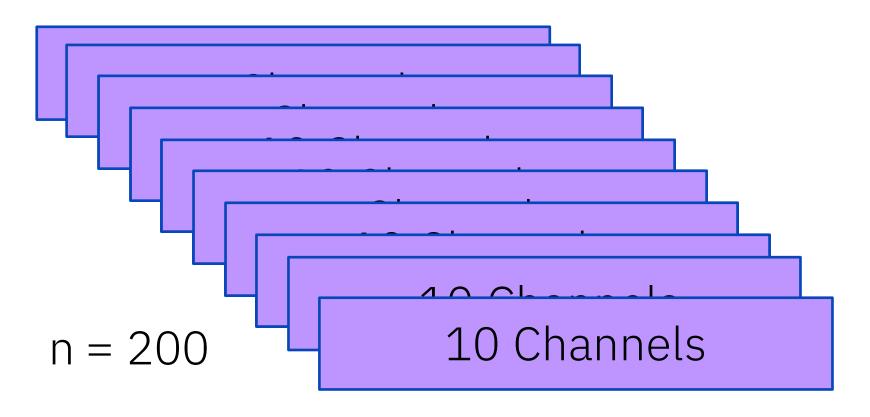


# How dispatcher tasks are assigned to channels

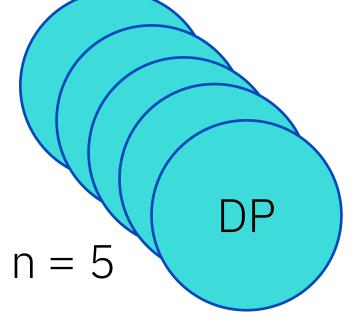
#### Scenario 1:

200 / 5 = 40 | 40 > 10 (from the rule of 10) | SO, 10 channels will be assigned to each dispatcher task

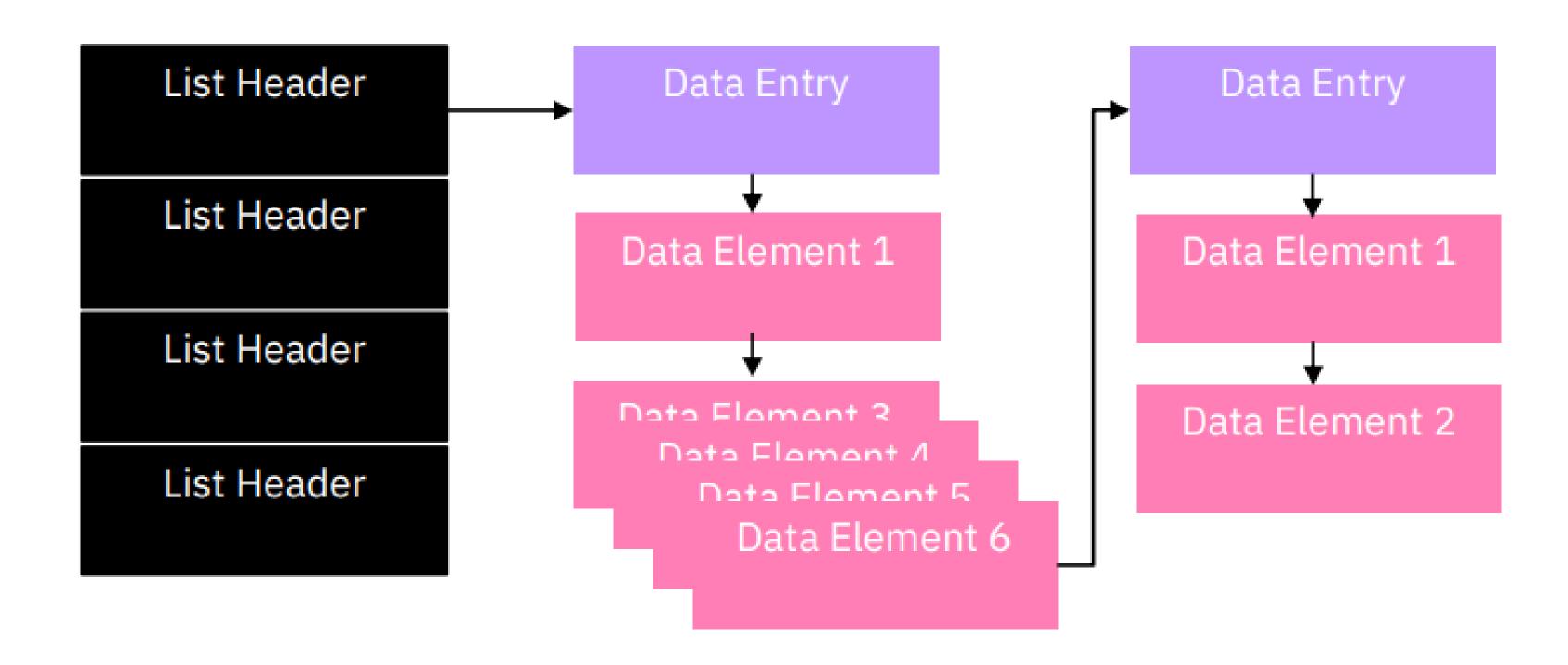
Active Channel Max of 200



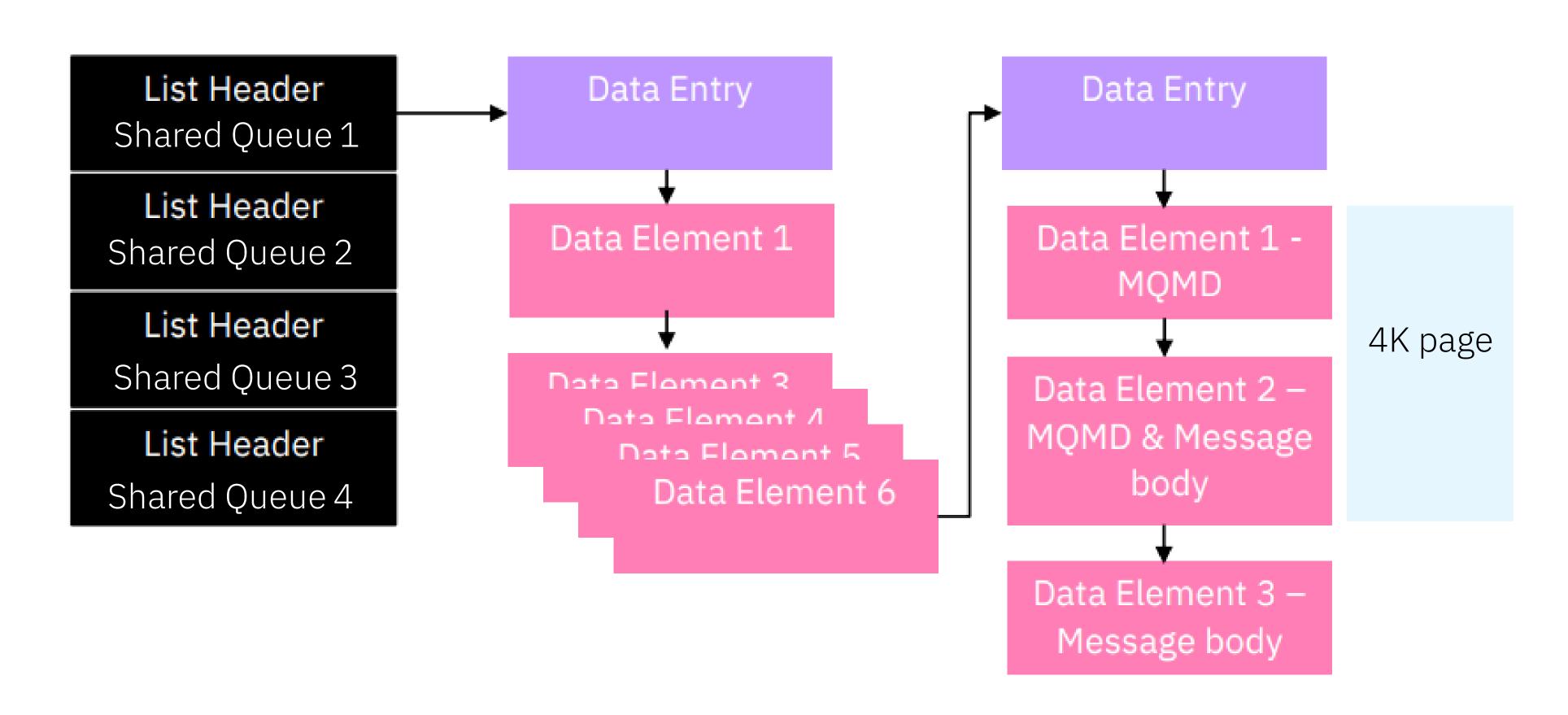
Dispatcher Tasks allocated



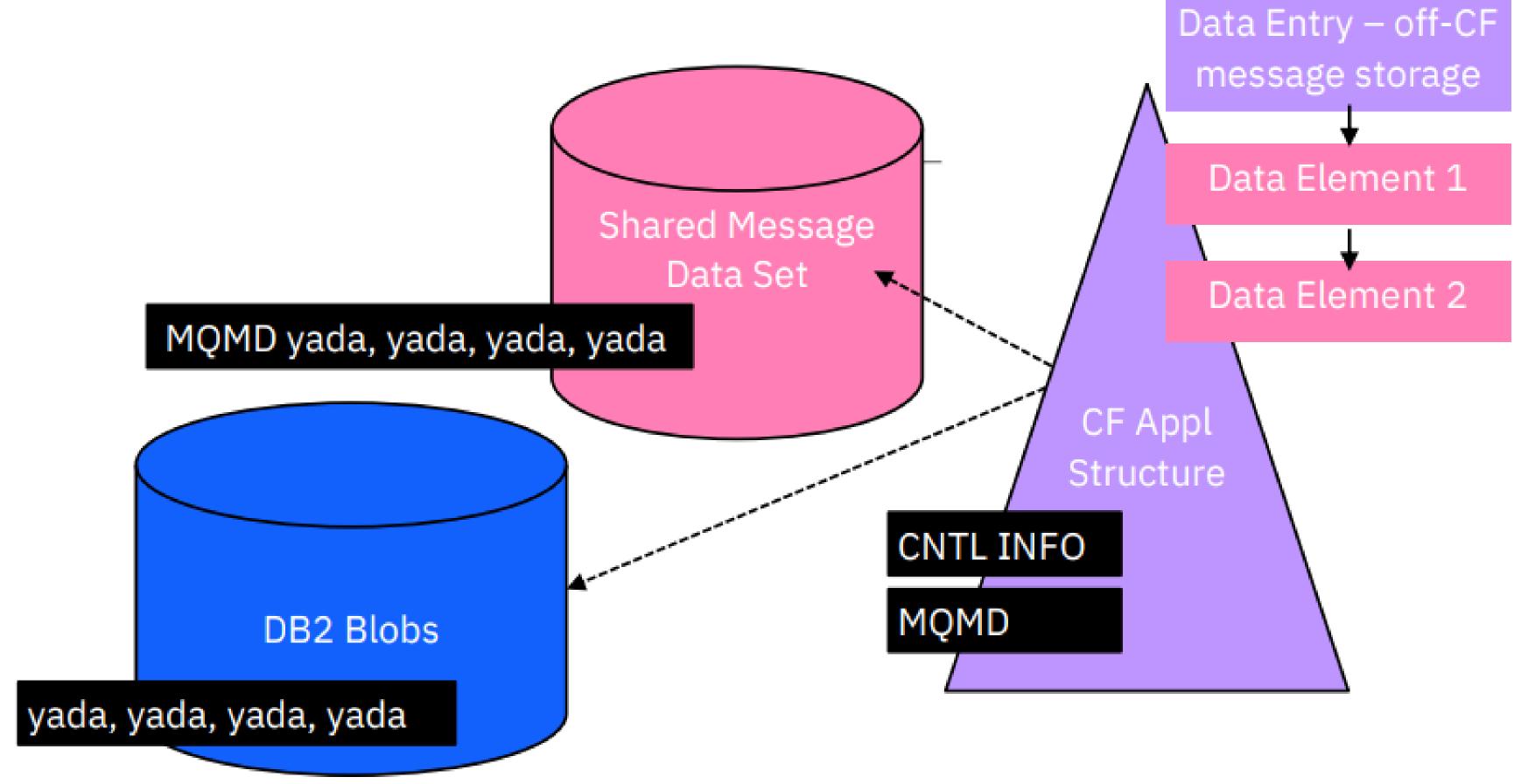
# Internal Representation of a Coupling facility list structure

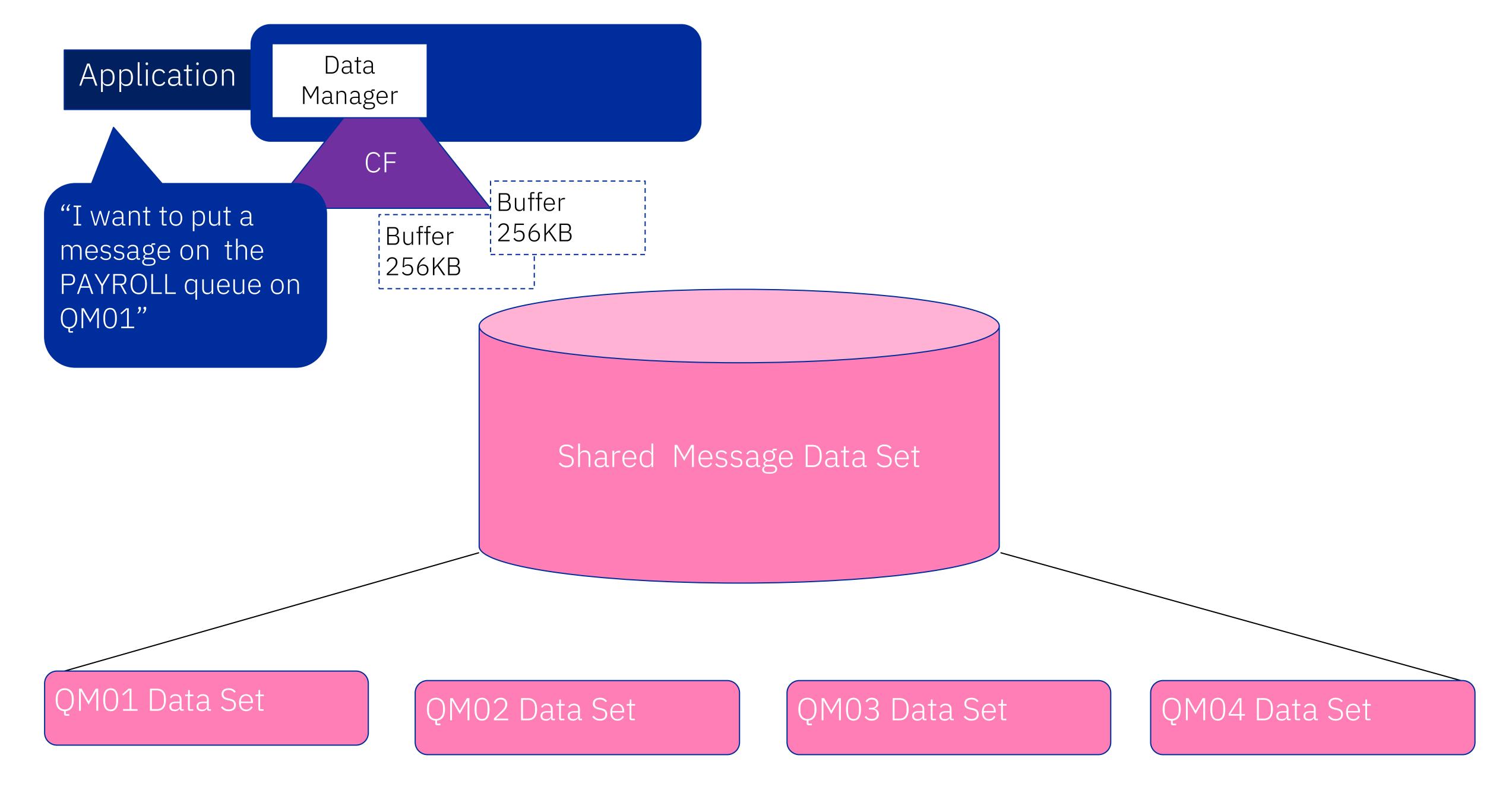


# Internal Representation of a Shared Queue



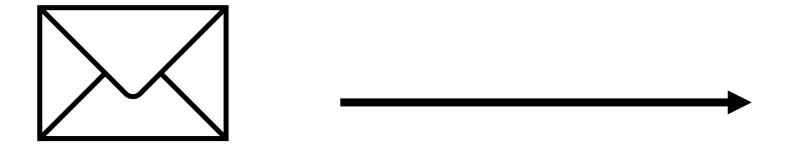
# Shared Queue Message Storage





# Where does logging come in?

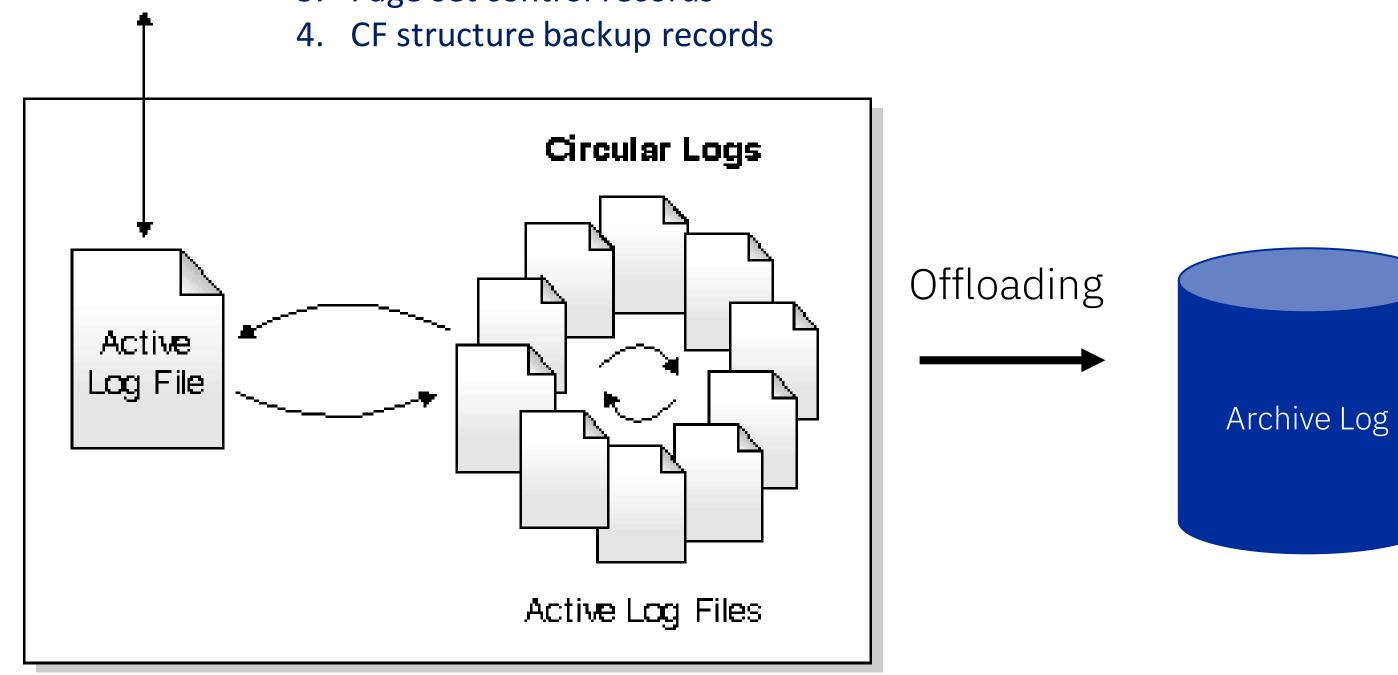
1) Persistent



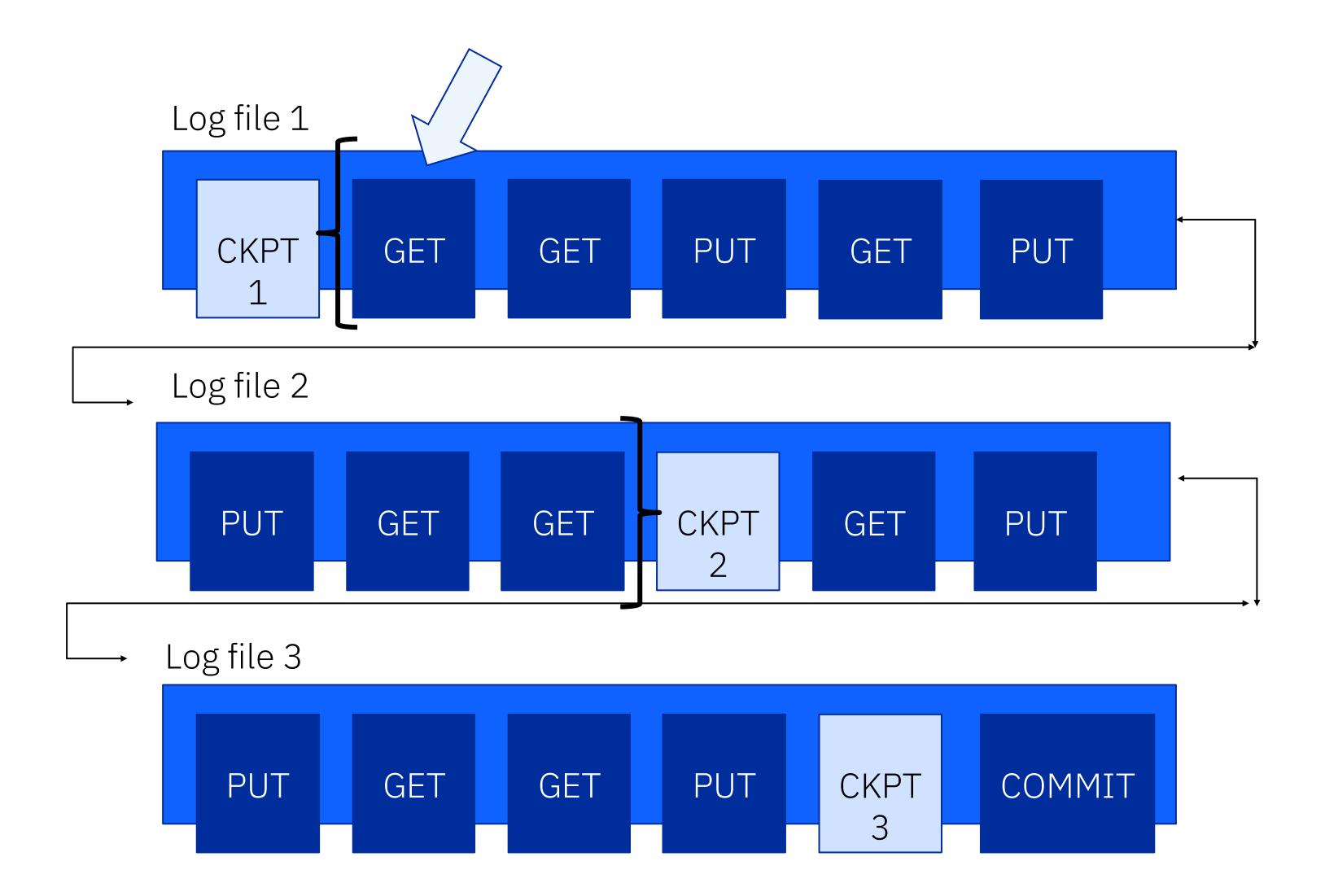
- 2) MQ Object
- 3) Queue Manager



- 1. Unit of recovery log records
- 2. Checkpoint records
- 3. Page set control records



## What does a log file look like?



### Concept check

When I want to offload messages from my list structure, I should use...

Why might a short message be classified as a 4k or less?

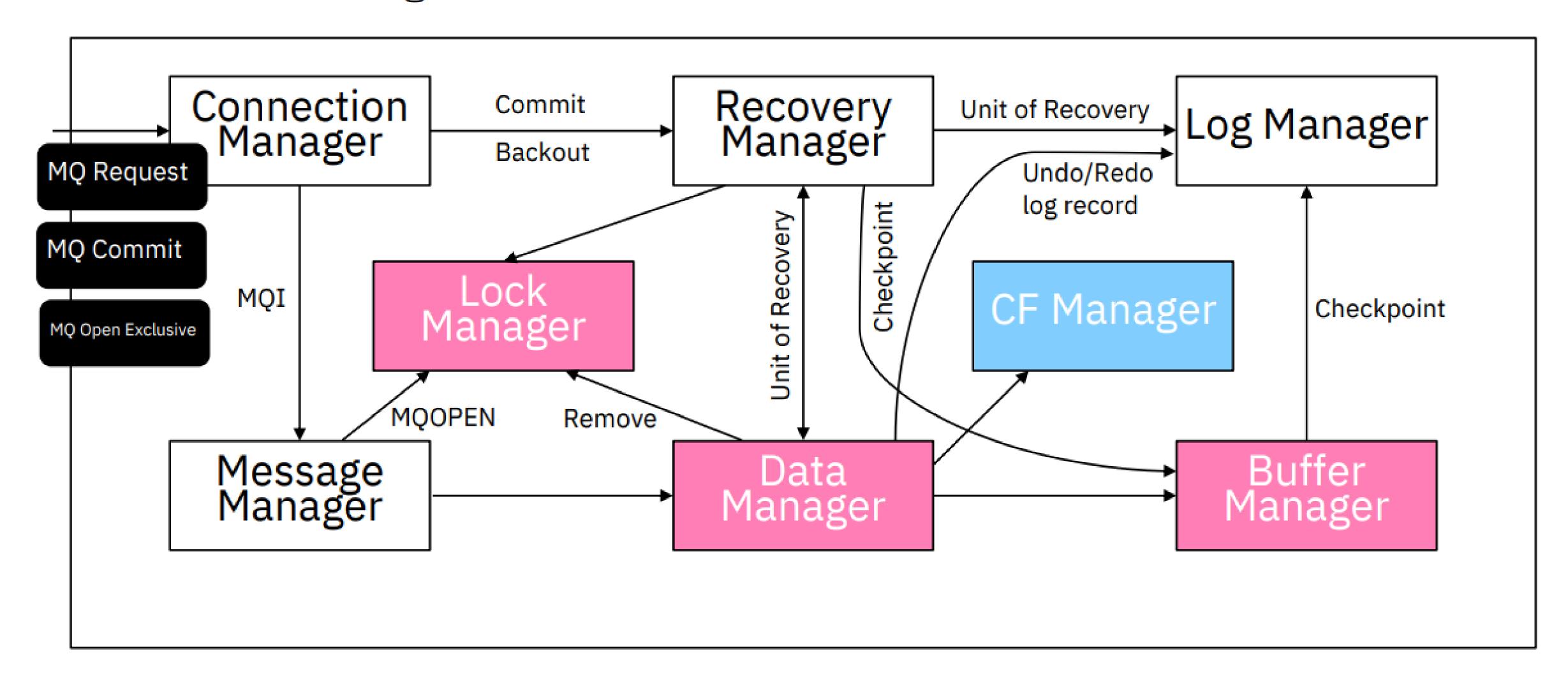
Which address space is the Pub/Sub engine associated with?

What is the size of an element in a list structure?

- (a) DB2 Blobs
- (b) Shared Message Data sets
- (c) Page sets

- (a) QMGR master address space
- (b) CHIN address space

### Building Blocks Resource Managers



## First Line Managers

The threads within the QMMSTR address space who do the real work within each queue manager by interacting with applications and the underlying z/OS resource managers

They include:

Connection Manager – not the channel initiator, but local connections

Recovery Manager

Log Manager

Message Manager

Topic Manager

Data Manager

**Buffer Manager** 

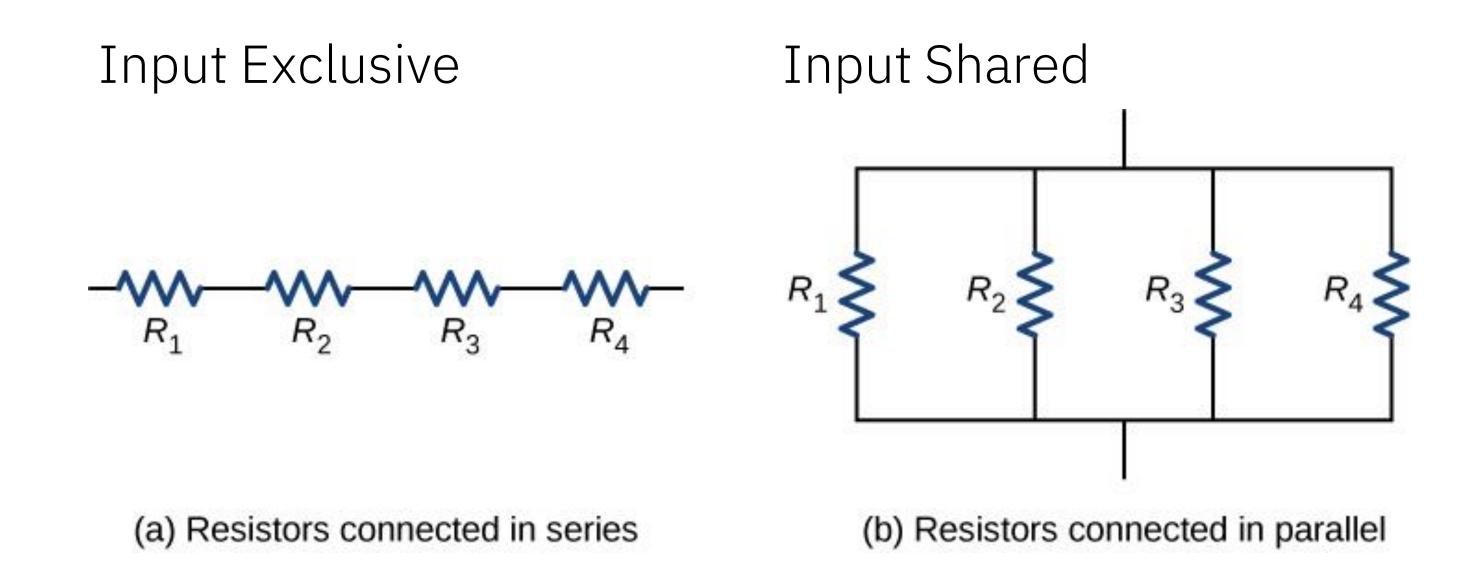
Lock Manager

Storage Manager

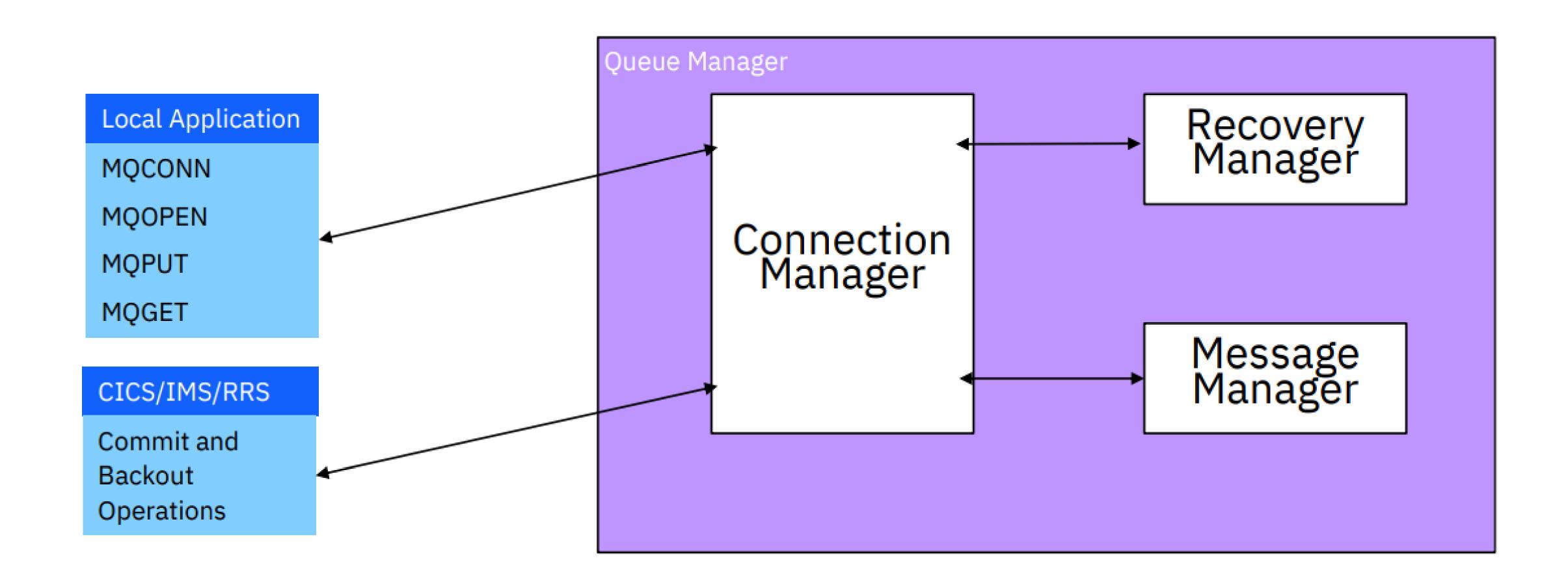
CF Manager

Security Manager

## Lock Manager



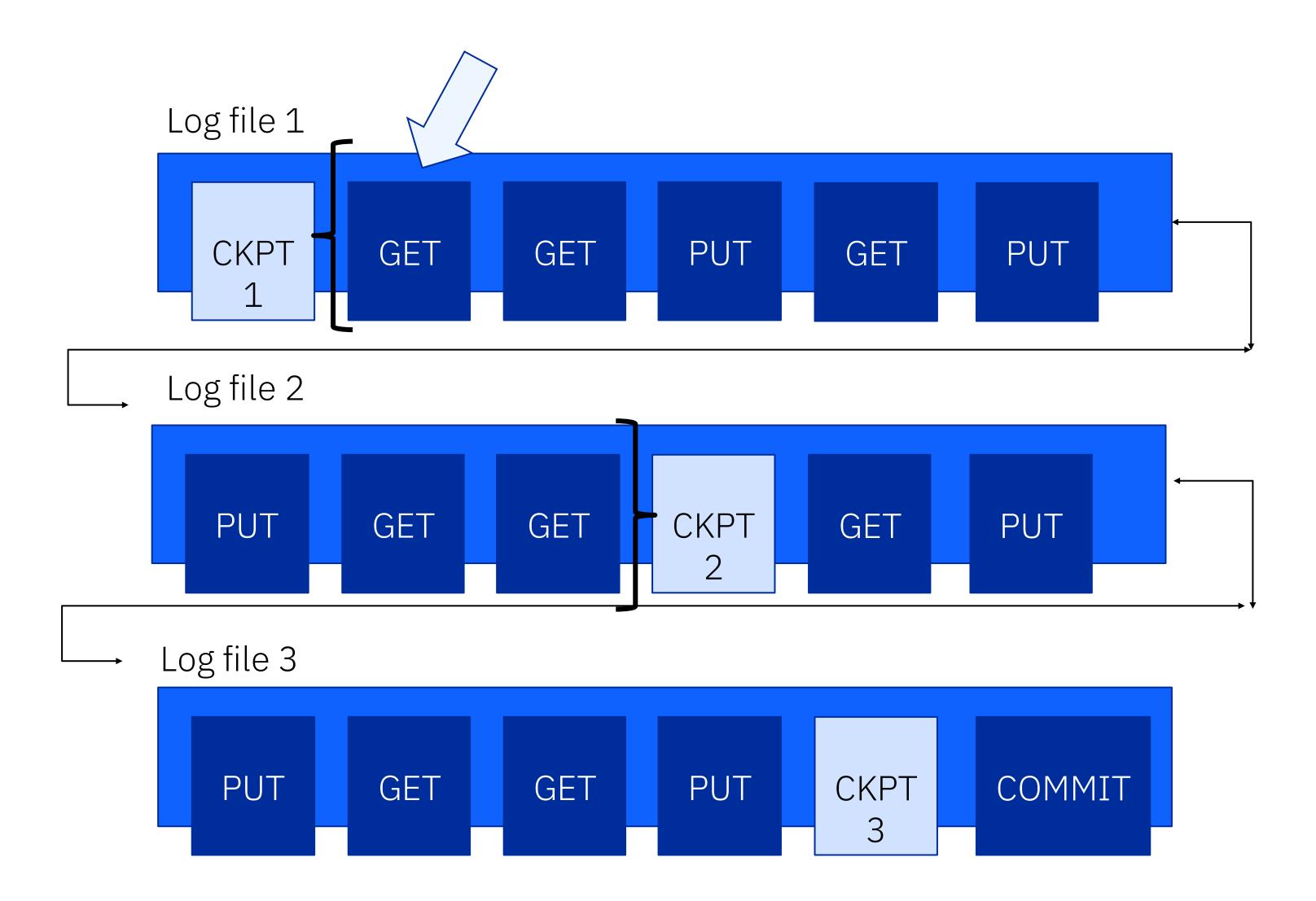
# Connection Manager



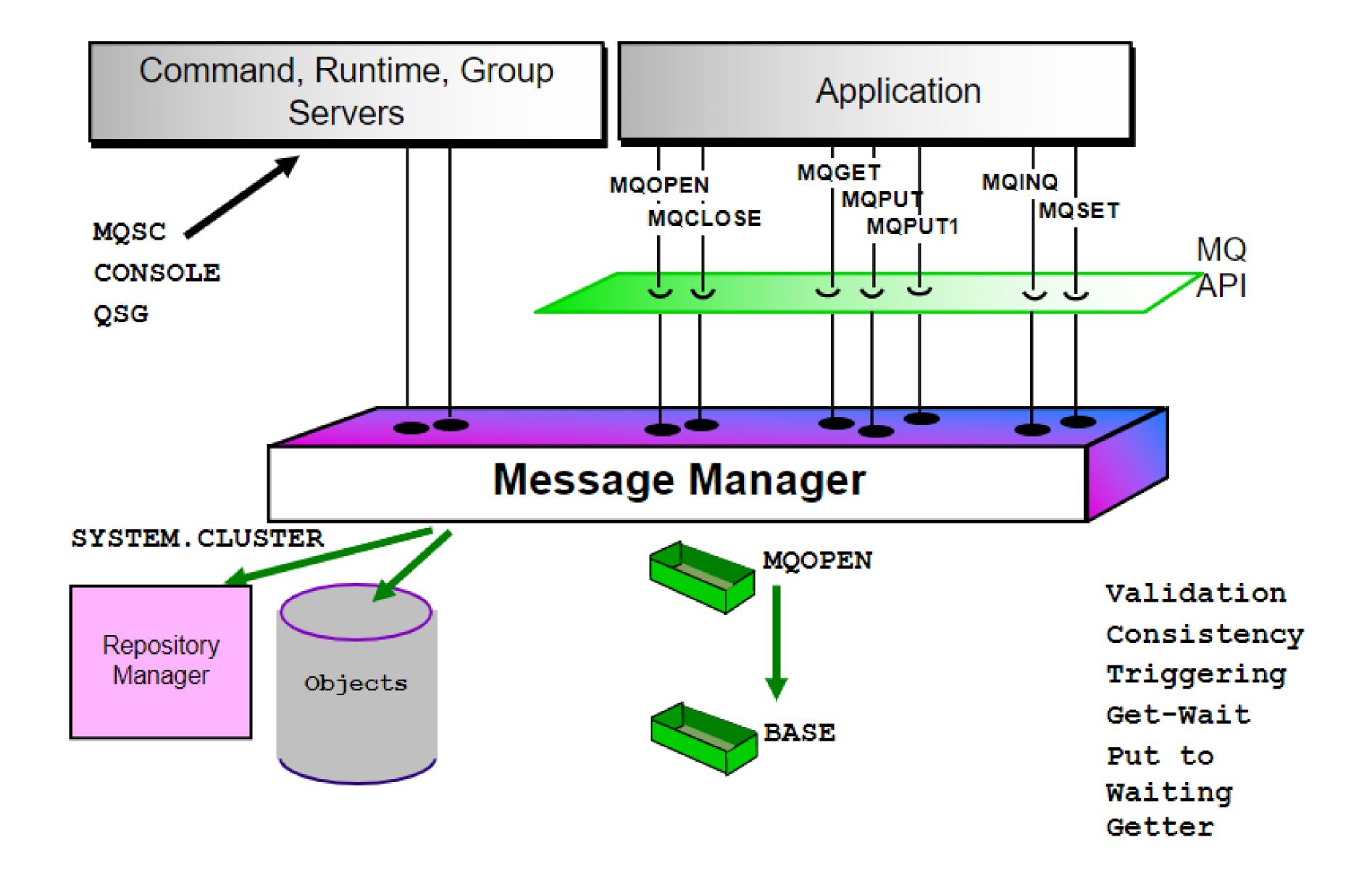
## Buffer Manager



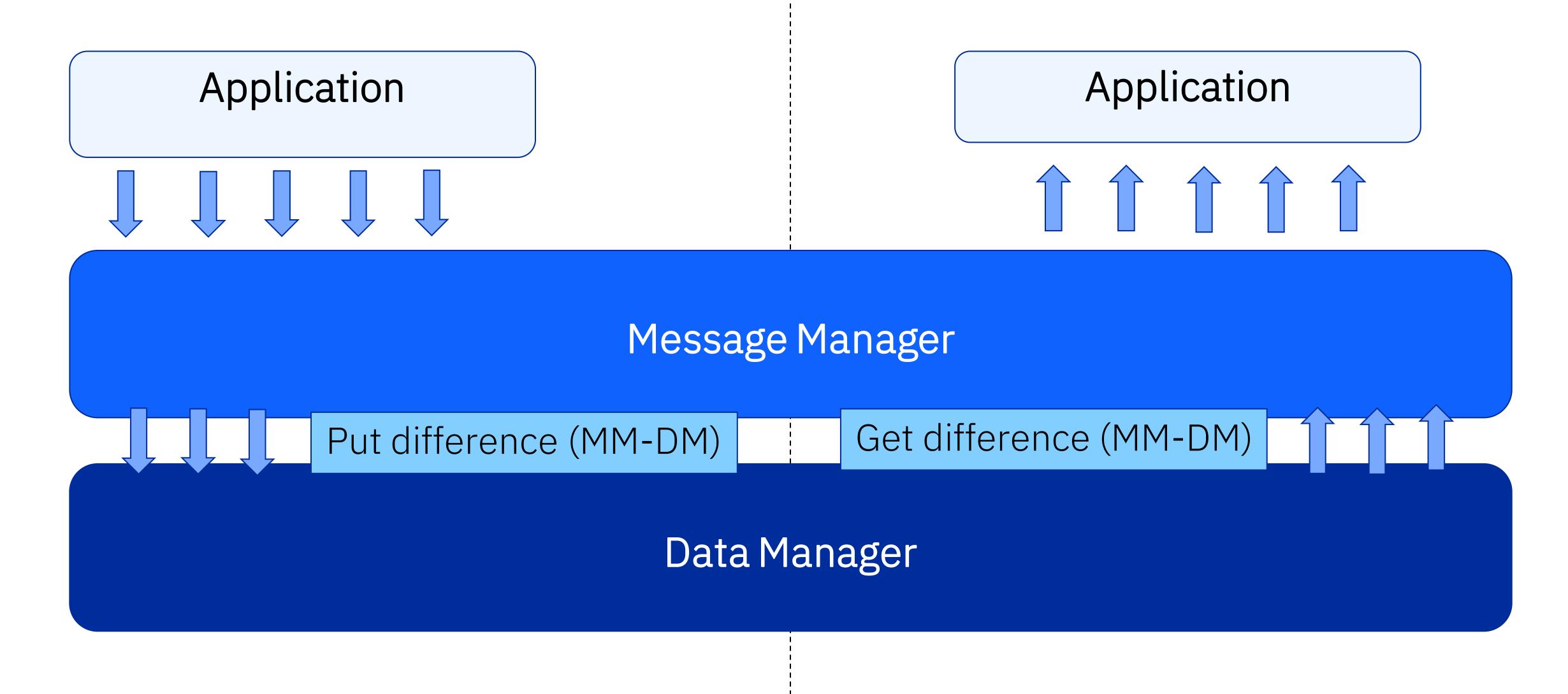
# Log Manager



### Controlling the MQI and MQSC - Message Manager



## Data and Message Managers



Positive put difference

MM puts > DM puts

Negative put difference DM puts > MM puts Positive get difference

MM gets > DM gets

Negative get difference

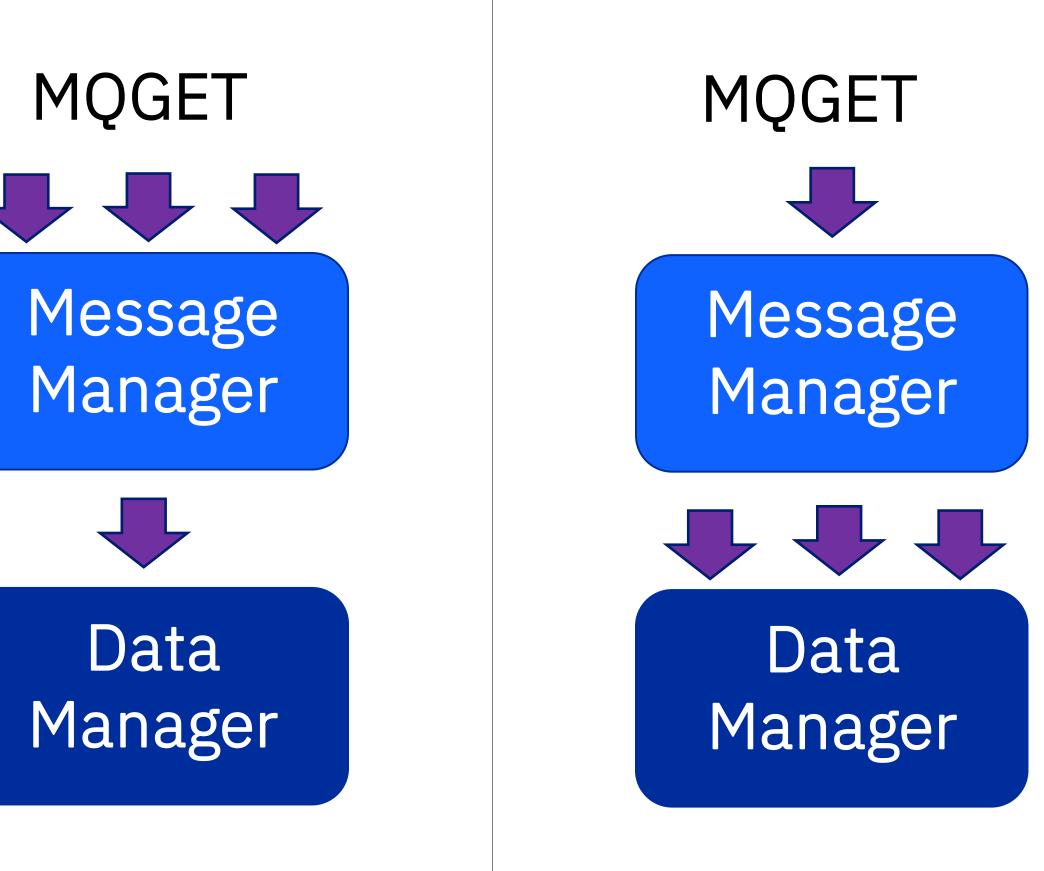
DM gets > MM gets



Put to waiting getter Publications or generated advantage messages from triggering

**MQPUT** Message Manager Data Manager

ations or generated Target queue is empty ges from triggering Not a problem

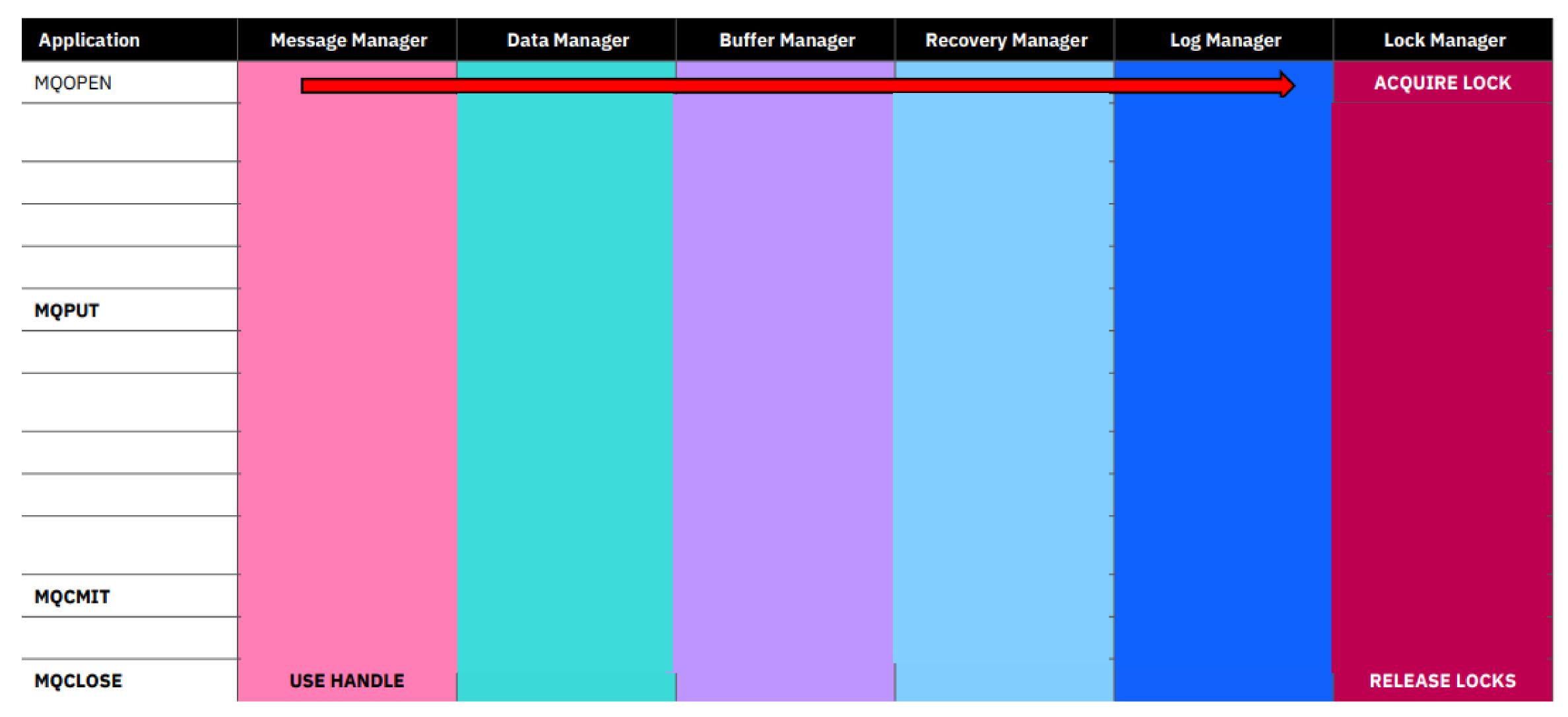


May indicate scrolling

Look for skipped

messages

# Scenario: Persistent MQPut on a Triggered Queue



# Scenario: MQGet from a Queue



### Concept check

I want to ensure my messages are put to a queue in a serial fashion....

I want to place an MQI request to put a message....

I want to find the specific physical storage associated with a queue I am looking for....

I want to keep track of the unit of work in the event of an outage...

### To recap...

Private queues use buffer pools, storage classes, and page sets to underpin queuing Shared queues use CF list structures, shared message data sets, and BLOBs to underpin queuing

Both private and shared queues use logging for recovery

Resource threads run through MQ, handling requests to the queue manager