



IBM Washington
Systems
Center

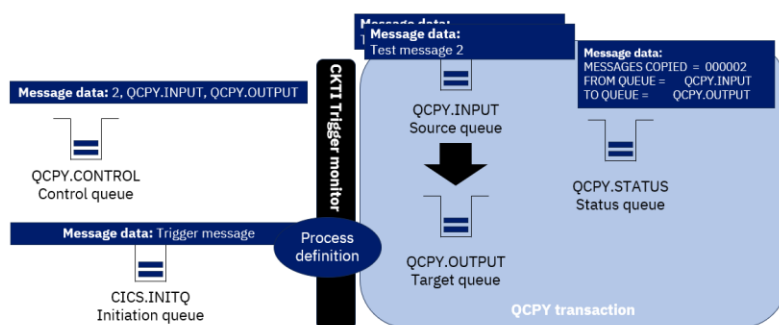
How to use triggering with IBM MQ for z/OS

Introduction:

This lab walks you through a triggering example using a sample COBOL MQ CICS program, QCPY. The QCPY program is executed from the QCPY transaction. It copies messages from one queue to another applying a message property to each message. It is started by a comma delimited control message which triggers the transaction. It also uses information from the IBM MQ process object. sample requires a currently supported version of IBM MQ and CICS. You can find the source code in COBOL for this application in ZQS1.COBOL.SOURCE.

QCPY Program Flow

1. The QCPY transaction is triggered.
2. The control queue QCPY.CONTROL is opened.
3. The copy control message is read.
4. Control message is parsed into the controlling fields.
5. The source queue QCPY.INPUT is opened.
6. The target queue QCPY.OUTPUT is opened.
7. In a loop, messages are read from the source queue and written to the target queue.
8. The status message is built.
9. The status queue QCPY.STATUS opened and the status message is put.
10. All queues are closed.
11. Control is returned to CICS.



Lab Instructions:

1. First thing we need to do is ensure CICS is running. We can test this via sdsf from the main menu

```
Menu Utilities Compilers Options Status Help
ISPF Primary Option Menu Invalid option

0 Settings      Terminal and user parameters   User ID . : DQUINCY
1 View          Display source data or listings Time. . . : 14:14
2 Edit          Create or change source data   Terminal. : 3278
3 Utilities     Perform utility functions      Screen. . : 1
4 Foreground    Interactive language processing  Language. : ENGLISH
5 Batch         Submit job for language processing Appl ID . : ISR
6 Command       Enter TSO commands              TSO logon : IKJACCT
7 Dialog Test   Perform dialog testing          TSO prefix: DQUINCY
9 IBM Products  IBM program development products System ID : MQS1
10 SCLM         SW Configuration Library Manager MVS acct. : ACCNT#
11 Workplace    ISPF Object/Action Workplace     Release . : ISPF 8.1
12 z/OS System  z/OS system programmer applications
13 z/OS User    z/OS user applications

Enter X to Terminate using log/list defaults

Option ==> SDSF_
```

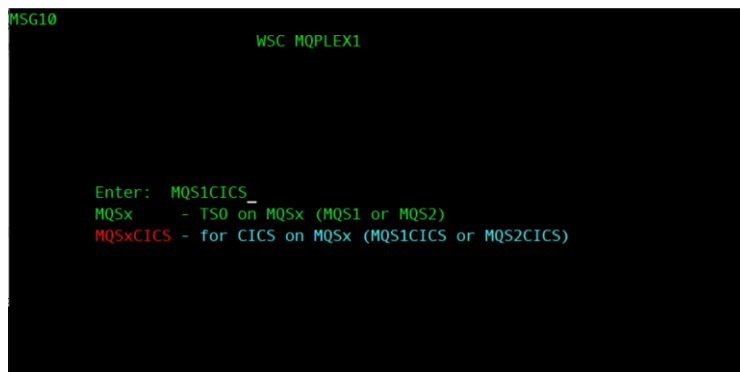
2. Navigate to 'da' once in the SDSF menu to see active users.

- Set the prefix to * so we can see all active users with the command 'prefix *'. Then, using the F7 and F8 keys, navigate to see if CICS is running. You should see something

| Display Filter View Print Options Search Help | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|----------|----------|----------|----------|---------|-----|-----|-----------------|------|----------------|-----|--|
| SDSF | DA | MQS1 | MQS1 | PAG | 0 | CPU | 2 | LINE 51-67 (67) | | | | |
| NP | JOBNAME | StepName | ProcStep | JobID | Owner | C | Pos | DP | Real | Paging | SIO | |
| | AXR04 | AXR04 | | STC08891 | SYSPROG | L0 | FF | 610 | 0.00 | 0.00 | | |
| | FTP1 | FTP1 | | STC08892 | SYSPROG | L0 | FF | 675 | 0.00 | 0.00 | | |
| | INETD1 | INETD1 | | STC08893 | SYSPROG | L0 | FF | 475 | 0.00 | 0.00 | | |
| | SYSLOGD | SYSLOGD | | STC08894 | SYSPROG | NS | C1 | 728 | 0.00 | 0.00 | | |
| | ZQS1MSTR | ZQS1MSTR | PROCSTEP | STC08915 | SYSPROG | NS | FE | 33T | 0.00 | 0.00 | | |
| | GPMSERVE | RMFDDS01 | STEP1 | STC08916 | SYSPROG | NS | FE | 6890 | 0.00 | 0.00 | | |
| | TCPIP | TCPIP | TCPIP | STC08898 | SYSPROG | NS | FE | 8343 | 0.00 | 0.00 | | |
| | RMFGAT | RMFGAT | IEFPROC | STC08899 | SYSPROG | NS | FE | 21T | 0.00 | 0.00 | | |
| | D3A1ADMT | D3A1ADMT | STARTADM | STC08913 | SYSPROG | IN | FE | 2764 | 0.00 | 0.00 | | |
| | D3A1DBM1 | D3A1DBM1 | IEFPROC | STC08911 | SYSPROG | NS | FE | 66T | 0.00 | 0.00 | | |
| | D3A1IRLM | D3A1IRLM | | STC08910 | SYSPROG | NS | FE | 10T | 0.00 | 0.00 | | |
| | TN3270 | TN3270 | TN3270 | STC08904 | SYSPROG | NS | FE | 2465 | 0.00 | 0.00 | | |
| | D3A1DIST | D3A1DIST | IEFPROC | STC08912 | SYSPROG | NS | FE | 4791 | 0.00 | 0.00 | | |
| | MQS1CICS | MQS1CICS | CICS | STC08914 | CICSSTC | NS | FE | 25T | 0.00 | 0.00 | | |
| | BP01 | BP01 | BP01 | | | NS | FE | 1336 | 0.00 | 0.00 | | |
| | D3A1MSTR | D3A1MSTR | IEFPROC | STC08909 | SYSPROG | NS | FE | 2487 | 0.00 | 0.42 | | |
| | PORTMAP | PORTMAP | PORTMAP | STC08902 | SYSPROG | L0 | FF | 515 | 0.00 | 0.00 | | |
| COMMAND INPUT ==> | | | | | | | | | | SCROLL ==> CSR | | |

like this:

- If there is no CICS region active, you will need to start the cics1 region w/ command 'start cics1'
- To navigate to CICS, start another MQS1 PCOMM session and use the MQS1CICS command



WELCOME TO CICS 14:20:01

```
*****\ *****\ *****\ *****\ (R)
*****\ *****\ *****\ *****\
**\\\\**\ **\\ **\\\\**\ **\\\\**\
**\  \\ **\ **\  \\ **\  \\
**\      **\ **\      *****\
**\      **\ **\      *****\
**\      **\ **\      \\\\\**\
**\  **\ **\  **\  **\  **\  **\
*****\ *****\ *****\ *****\
*****\\ *****\\ *****\\ *****\\
\\\\\\\\  \\\\\  \\\\\  \\\\\
```

6. From the CICS main screen, hit tab once then type in CKQC. This is the MQ CICS transaction CKQC. This transaction makes it possible to monitor and control the interface between MQ and CICS.
- 7.

```
----- Connection -----
CKQCM0      CICS Adapter Control -- Initial panel
Select menu bar item using Tab key. Then press Enter.

F1=Help  F3=Exit
```

8. Now navigate to MQ Explorer.
9. You will need to define several queue objects:
 - a. QCPY.CONTROL
 - b. QCPY.INPUT
 - c. QCPY.OUTPUT
 - d. QCPY.STATUS

10. You can see the properties for all of these queues below

QCPY.CONTROL

Control Message – the message used to start the QCPY transaction. For QCPY the message contains, in comma delimited format:

1. The number of messages to be copied
2. The source queue
3. The target queue

The screenshot shows the 'QCPY.CONTROL - Properties' dialog box with the 'Triggering' tab selected. The left sidebar lists 'General', 'Extended', 'Cluster', 'Triggering' (highlighted), 'Events', 'Storage', and 'Statistics'. The main area contains the following fields:


| | |
|---------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Trigger control: | On |
| Trigger type: | Every |
| Trigger depth: | 1 |
| Trigger message priority: | 0 |
| Trigger data: | I |
| Initiation queue: | CICS01.INITQ Select... |
| Process name: | QCPY.PROCESS |

QCPY.INPUT - The source of the messages to be copied.

The screenshot shows the 'QCPY.INPUT - Properties' dialog box with the 'Triggering' tab selected. The left sidebar lists 'General', 'Extended', 'Cluster', 'Triggering' (highlighted), 'Events', 'Storage', and 'Statistics'. The main area contains the following fields:

| | |
|---------------------------|------------------------|
| Trigger control: | Off |
| Trigger type: | First |
| Trigger depth: | 1 |
| Trigger message priority: | 0 |
| Trigger data: | |
| Initiation queue: | Select... |
| Process name: | |


QCPY.OUTPUT – The target for the copied messages.

 QCPY.OUTPUT - Properties ✕

| | |
|------------|-------------------|
| General | Triggering |
| Extended | |
| Cluster | |
| Triggering | |
| Events | |
| Storage | |
| Statistics | |

| | | |
|---------------------------|----------------------|-----------|
| Trigger control: | Off | ▼ |
| Trigger type: | First | ▼ |
| Trigger depth: | 1 | ▲▼ |
| Trigger message priority: | 0 | ▲▼ |
| Trigger data: | <input type="text"/> | |
| Initiation queue: | <input type="text"/> | Select... |
| Process name: | <input type="text"/> | |

QCPY.STATUS – The queue which will hold the status messages, reporting on success or failure

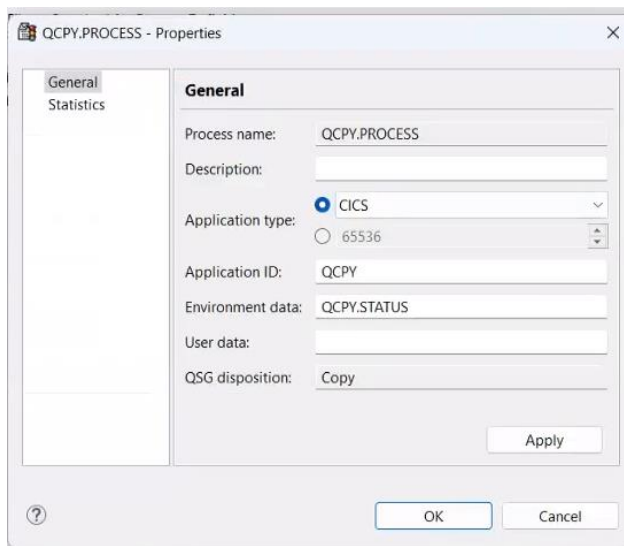
 QCPY.STATUS - Properties ✕

| | |
|------------|-------------------|
| General | Triggering |
| Extended | |
| Cluster | |
| Triggering | |
| Events | |
| Storage | |
| Statistics | |

| | | |
|---------------------------|----------------------|-----------|
| Trigger control: | Off | ▼ |
| Trigger type: | First | ▼ |
| Trigger depth: | 1 | ▲▼ |
| Trigger message priority: | 0 | ▲▼ |
| Trigger data: | <input type="text"/> | |
| Initiation queue: | <input type="text"/> | Select... |
| Process name: | <input type="text"/> | |

11. You will also need a process definition. A process is an MQ object that defines an application to the MQ Queue Manager. The process definition is used to identify applications to be started by a trigger monitor. It includes application ID and type, plus some application specific data.
- Here, we'll specify CICS as our application and give it the ID 'QCPY'.
 - Application ID which is the transaction name in CICS
 - Environment data is status queue which tells us what happen at the end of the process

QCPY.PROCESS



The screenshot shows the 'QCPY.PROCESS - Properties' dialog box with the 'General' tab selected. The dialog has a left sidebar with 'General' and 'Statistics' tabs. The main area contains the following fields:

- Process name: QCPY.PROCESS
- Description: (empty text box)
- Application type: ☒ CICS (selected), ☐ 65536 (unselected)
- Application ID: QCPY
- Environment data: QCPY.STATUS
- User data: (empty text box)
- QSG disposition: Copy

At the bottom right is an 'Apply' button. At the bottom center are 'OK' and 'Cancel' buttons. A help icon (?) is at the bottom left.

12. Now that we have our queues configured, we will use the QCPYLOAD JCL is used to load up messages onto our queue. QCPYLOAD puts test messages onto QCPY.INPUT using OEMPUT program.

Message browser

Queue Manager Name: ZMQ1

Queue Name: QCPY.INPUT

| ✓ Position | Put date/time | User identifier | Put application name | Format | Total length |
|------------|-------------------------|-----------------|----------------------|--------|--------------|
| 1 | Mar 15, 2024 1:58:54 PM | LYNELKINS | MQ Explorer 9.3.0 | MQSTR | 5 |
| 2 | Mar 15, 2024 1:58:58 PM | LYNELKINS | MQ Explorer 9.3.0 | MQSTR | 5 |
| 3 | Mar 15, 2024 1:59:04 PM | LYNELKINS | MQ Explorer 9.3.0 | MQSTR | 4 |
| 4 | Mar 15, 2024 1:59:08 PM | LYNELKINS | MQ Explorer 9.3.0 | MQSTR | 4 |
| 5 | Mar 15, 2024 1:59:12 PM | LYNELKINS | MQ Explorer 9.3.0 | MQSTR | 5 |

Copies from QCPY.INPUT to QCPY.OUTPUT based on a control card that we give it in QCPY.CONTROL

```

File Edit Edit Settings Menu Utilities Compilers Test Help
EDIT      ELKINSC.COBOL.JCL(QCYPST1) - 01.00      Columns 00001 00072
Command ==> _      Scroll ==> CSR
***** ***** Top of Data *****
==MSG> -CAUTION- Profile changed to CAPS ON (from CAPS OFF) because the
==MSG> data does not contain any lower case characters.
==MSG> -Warning- The UNDO command is not available until you change
==MSG> your edit profile using the command RECOVERY ON.
000001 5,QCOPYPRP.INPUT.QUEUE,QCOPYPRP.OUTPUT.QUEUE,TEST_PROP
***** ***** Bottom of Data *****

```

The input here is: number of messages you want to copy, the input queue, the output queue

13. Currently, no one is listening, so we'll need to add a listener to CICS1.INITQ. Set up a CICS.INITQ local queue with the following properties:

CICS01.INITQ - Properties

General

Extended

Cluster

Triggering

Events

Storage

Statistics

General

Queue name: CICS01.INITQ

Queue type: Local

QSG disposition: Queue manager

Description: CKTI initiation queue

Put messages: Allowed

Get messages: Allowed

Default priority: 5

Default persistence: Persistent

Usage: Normal

14. From z/OS CICS screen, navigate to CKQCM0 by typing in the command:

```
WELCOME TO CICS 16:25:11

*****\ *****\ *****\ *****\ (R)
*****\ *****\ *****\ *****\
**\ |||**\ **\ |||**\ **\ |||**\
**\  ||  **\  **\  ||  **\  ||
**\      **\  **\      *****\
**\      **\  **\      *****\
**\      **\  **\      |||**\
**\  **\  **\  **\  **\  **\
*****\ *****\ *****\ *****\
*****\ *****\ *****\ *****\
||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| |||

DFHAC2001 04/17/2024 16:25:14 MQS1CICS Transaction '' is not recognized. Check
that the transaction name is correct. CKQCM0_
```

15. This screen should pop up.

```

Connection      CKTI      Task
-----
CKQCM0          CICS Adapter Control -- Initial panel

Select menu bar item using Tab key. Then press Enter.


F1=Help  F3=Exit
```

16. Hit the tab button. The following menu will pop up. Type in option 1 and hit enter.

```

Connection      CKTI      Task
+-----+
| Select an action. | apter Control -- Initial panel
|                  |
| 1. Start...      | sing Tab key. Then press Enter.
| 2. Stop...       |
| 3. Modify...     |
| 4. Display       |
|                  |
+-----+
| F1=Help F12=Cancel |
+-----+
```

17. Enter in the following details and hit enter:

| Connection | CKTI | Task |
|---|---|-------------------------------|
| CKQCM0 | CIC | Select an action. |
| Select menu bar it | 1 1. Start... 2. Stop... 3. Display | initial panel press Enter. |
| <div> <div>F1</div> <div>Start Task Initiator</div> <div>Type Initiation Queue Name. Then press Enter.</div> <div>Initiation Queue Name (IQ)</div> <div>CICSO1.INITQ</div> <div>F1=Help F12=Cancel</div> </div> | | |

This step initiates the CKTI transaction, which is what controls the CICS trigger monitor.

```

_CKQCM1                CICS adapter messages panel

Read messages. Then press F4 to retry if appropriate, or F12 to cancel.

DFHMQ00386 I MPZ1CIC1 STARTCKTI initiated from TERMID=0031 TRANID=CKSQ
USERID=CICSMQ3 and is accepted.

```

18. Put a test message on QCPY.CONTROL to see everything (works).

Commented [LE1]: This message would only cause 1 message to be copied, not 2

Put test message

Put message to:

Queue manager:

ZQS1

Queue:

QCPY.CONTROL

Message data:

2,QCPY.INPUT,QCPY.OUTPUT

Put message

Close

19. This message requests that MQ copies 2 messages from QCPY.INPUT to QCPY.OUTPUT. After you submit this, check it worked by looking at the queue depth.

| | | | | | |
|-------------|-------|--------------|---|---|---|
| QCPY.INPUT | Local | Queue man... | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| QCPY.OUTPUT | Local | Queue man... | 0 | 0 | 2 |

20. Next look at the QCPY.STATUS messages. You should see a new message on the queue confirming the QCPY was successful:

```
MESSAGES COPIED = 000002
FROM QUEUE = QCPY.INPUT
TO QUEUE = QCPY.OUTPUT
```

21. Congratulations! You have successfully used a CICS application for triggering! Next, we'll look at what we'd do in a more realistic scenario, where you have many messages flowing through MQ.
22. Navigate to option 3.4 from your ISPF main menu on MQS1.
23. Search for the following dataset: ZQS1.COBOL.JCL

```
Menu  RefList  RefMode  Utilities  Help
-----
Data Set List Utility
More:  +

blank Display data set list      P Print data set list
V Display VTOC information      PV Print VTOC information

Enter one or both of the parameters below:
Dsname Level . . . ZQS1.COBOL.JCL
Volume serial . . .

Data set list options
Initial View
1 1. Volume
2 2. Space
3 3. Attrib
4 4. Total

Enter "/" to select option
/ Confirm Data Set Delete
/ Confirm Member Delete
/ Include Additional Qualifiers
/ Display Catalog Name
- Display Total Tracks
- Prefix Dsname Level

When the data set list is displayed, enter either:
Option ==>
F1=Help      F2=Split    F3=Exit     F7=Backward F8=Forward  F9=Swap
F10=Actions  F12=Cancel

09/038
```

24. Choose to browse the data set by putting a 'B' to the left of the name and hitting enter.

```
Menu  Options  View  Utilities  Compilers  Help
-----
DSLIS - Data Sets Matching ZQS1.COBOL.JCL      0 Members processed
Command - Enter "/" to select action      Message      Volume
-----
B  ZQS1.COBOL.JCL      Edited      MQ1P00
***** End of Data Set list *****
```

25. Once inside the dataset, you'll see a list of several members. Use the command 'sort changed' or navigate the list using F7 and F8 until you see member 'QCPYLOAD'. Place an 'E' to the left of QCPYLOAD and hit enter like so:

| Menu | Functions | Confirm | Utilities | Help |
|-------------|-----------|----------------|------------|---------------------|
| BROWSE | | | | |
| | Name | ZQS1.COBOL.JCL | Size | Created |
| | QCPYT2 | 21 | 2018/08/28 | 2024/04/18 16:01:17 |
| | JC | 1 | 2024/04/18 | 2024/04/18 15:50:38 |
| e | QCPYLOAD | 35 | 2012/08/09 | 2024/04/18 15:49:46 |
| | DEFQCPY | 78 | 2014/03/06 | 2024/04/18 12:29:23 |
| | DEF3QCPY | 26 | 2018/08/27 | 2024/04/18 12:26:47 |
| | QCPYUTL | 66 | 2024/03/15 | 2024/04/18 11:45:06 |
| | CMPLDCPR | 46 | 2024/03/06 | 2024/03/06 13:51:01 |
| | CMPLDCPY | 46 | 2012/08/09 | 2024/03/05 13:32:55 |
| | AFFINITY | 1 | 2012/08/09 | 2024/03/04 15:08:13 |
| | QCPYT1 | 21 | 2018/08/28 | 2018/08/28 17:40:27 |
| | QCPYLD2 | 20 | 2018/08/27 | 2018/08/28 14:34:20 |
| | QCPYLOD3 | 19 | 2018/08/28 | 2018/08/28 14:33:42 |
| | TSTPUT1 | 74 | 2012/04/04 | 2018/03/15 18:57:32 |
| | CICSMQ7 | 36 | 2012/08/16 | 2017/07/17 18:15:32 |
| | QCPYST1 | 32 | 2014/03/06 | 2016/03/03 12:38:52 |
| | CMPLDTST | 36 | 2015/03/30 | 2015/03/30 17:53:36 |
| | MKDFQCPY | 26 | 2014/03/06 | 2014/03/06 16:29:03 |
| Command ==> | | | | Scroll ==> PAGE |
| F1=Help | F2=Split | F3=Exit | F5=RTFind | F7=Up |
| F10=Left | F11=Right | F12=Cancel | F8=Down | F9=Swap |

26. Browse through the JCL in QCPYLOAD using F7 and F8. You'll notice that this JCL is an execution of OEMPUT. We're going to load up our QCPY.INPUT queue with 500 messages.
27. Submit the JCL using the command line like so:

| File | Edit | Edit Settings | Menu | Utilities | Compilers | Test | Help |
|-------------|--|---------------|------|-----------|-----------|------|---------------------|
| EDIT | | | | | | | |
| | ZQS1.COBOL.JCL(QCPYLOAD) | - 01.13 | | | | | Columns 00001 00072 |
| 000016 | // SET TEMPFIL='TEAMXX.Z22' | | | | | | |
| 000017 | /*SET P='-p' NONP messages | | | | | | |
| 000018 | // SET P=' ' NONP messages | | | | | | |
| 000019 | // SET MSGS=500 | | | | | | |
| 000020 | /* | | | | | | |
| 000021 | // EXEC PGM=OEMPUT,REGION=0M, | | | | | | |
| 000022 | // PARM=('-m&QM. -n&MSG. -x &P. -pm') | | | | | | |
| 000023 | //SYSIN DD * | | | | | | |
| 000024 | -qCPY. INPUT | | | | | | |
| 000025 | -fileDD:MSGIN | | | | | | |
| 000026 | -dJTEST4 | | | | | | |
| 000027 | //STEPLIB DD DISP=SHR.DSN=&APPLOAD. | | | | | | |
| 000028 | // DD DISP=SHR.DSN=&MLOAD1. | | | | | | |
| 000029 | // DD DISP=SHR.DSN=&MLOAD2. | | | | | | |
| 000030 | // DD DISP=SHR.DSN=&MLOAD3. | | | | | | |
| 000031 | //MSGIN DD DISP=SHR.DSN=ZQS1.COBOL.JCL(MSGS) | | | | | | |
| 000032 | //SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=* | | | | | | |
| 000033 | /* SUMMARY NOT USED because of concurrent access | | | | | | |
| Command ==> | SUBMIT | | | | | | Scroll ==> CSR |

28. Nice! You should receive a RC=0 upon submitting. You can check that the message loading process worked by navigating to MQ Explorer. On MQ Explorer, you will now see QCPY.INPUT has 500 more messages in the queue.
29. Next, navigate back to your terminal display. From here, we will now execute the QCPYT2 job. From the ZQS1.COBOL.JCL members, place an 'b' next to QCPYT2.
30. Before submitting, take a second to see what is being done here. We specify that we want to copy 10 messages from QCPY.INPUT to QCPY.OUTPUT and we will be using the same OEMPUT execution to do this. However, our target queue for OEMPUT here is QCPY.CONTROL, not QCPY.INPUT.

```

BROWSE      ZQS1.COBOL.JCL(QCPYT2) - 01.05      Line
//  SET Q=QCPY.CONTROL
//  SET L=80
//  SET N=1
//PUT01A EXEC PGM=OEMPUT,REGION=0M,
// PARM=(' -m&M -n&N -q&Q -s&L -sr&L -fileDD:MIN')
//SYSIN  DD *
/*
//STEPLIB  DD DISP=SHR,DSN=ZQS1.MP1B.LOAD
//          DD DISP=SHR,DSN=MQ933CD.SCSQLOAD
//          DD DSN=MQ933CD.SCSQANLE,DISP=SHR
//          DD DSN=MQ933CD.SCSQAUTH,DISP=SHR
//SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=*
//MIN      DD *
10,QCPY.INPUT,QCPY.OUTPUT
/*
//*COR      DD DISP=SHR,DSN=ZQS1.COBOL.JCL(COR01)
//SUMMARY  DD SYSOUT=*

```

31. Enter submit in the command line below the job and hit enter.
32. Now, assuming the job completed successfully, you should be able to look over at MQ Explorer and see 10 messages moved from QCPY.INPUT to QCPY.OUTPUT.
33. That is the QCPY lab! Here, you practiced triggering using a CICS application using a rudimentary example and a more advanced example.