ARM® Cordio Profiles

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Sample App User's Guide

Confidential



ARM® Cordio Sample Application

User's Guide

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1 Preface

This preface introduces the Cordio Sample App Users Guide.

1.1 About this book

This book describes the ARM Cordio Bluetooth low energy sample applications. It provides example source code for products such as a proximity keyfob, health sensor, and watch.

1.1.1 Using this book

This book is organized into the following chapters:

• Introduction

Read this for an overview of the sample applications

• Sample Application Operation

Read this for a description of how the sample applications interact with the user.

• Software Design

Read this for a description of the architecture of the sample applications.

• Sample Application Code Walkthrough

Read this for a detailed description of how a sample application works.

1.1.2 Terms and abbreviations

For a list of ARM terms, see the ARM glossary.

Terms specific to the Cordio software are listed below:

Term	Description
ACL	Asynchronous Connectionless data packet
AD	Advertising Data
ARQ	Automatic Repeat reQuest
ATT	Attribute Protocol, also attribute protocol software subsystem
ATTC	Attribute Protocol Client software subsystem
ATTS	Attribute Protocol Server software subsystem
CCC or CCCD	Client Characteristic Configuration Descriptor
CID	Connection Identifier
CSRK	Connection Signature Resolving Key
DM	Device Manager software subsystem
GAP	Generic Access Profile
GATT	Generic Attribute Profile
HCI	Host Controller Interface
IRK	Identity Resolving Key
JIT	Just In Time
L2C	L2CAP software subsystem
L2CAP	Logical Link Control Adaptation Protocol

LE	(Bluetooth) Low Energy
LL	Link Layer
LLPC	Link Layer Control Protocol
LTK	Long Term Key
MITM	Man In The Middle pairing (authenticated pairing)
OOB	Out Of Band data
SMP	Security Manager Protocol, also security manager protocol software subsystem
SMPI	Security Manager Protocol Initiator software subsystem
SMPR	Security Manager Protocol Responder software subsystem
STK	Short Term Key
WSF	Wireless Software Foundation software service and porting layer.

1.1.3 Conventions

The following table describes the typographical conventions:

Typographical conventions

Style	Purpose
Italic	Introduces special terminology, denotes cross-references, and citations.
bold	Highlights interface elements, such as menu names. Denotes signal names. Also used for terms in descriptive lists, where appropriate.
MONOSPACE	Denotes text that you can enter at the keyboard, such as commands, file and program names, and source code.
<u>MONO</u> SPACE	Denotes a permitted abbreviation for a command or option. You can enter the underlined text instead of the full command or option name.
monospace italic	Denotes arguments to monospace text where the argument is to be replaced by a specific value.
monospace bold	Denotes language keywords when used outside example code.
<and></and>	Encloses replaceable terms for assembler syntax where they appear in code or code fragments. For example:
	MRC p15, 0 <rd>, <crn>, <crm>, <opcode_2></opcode_2></crm></crn></rd>
SMALL CAPITALS	Used in body text for a few terms that have specific technical meanings, that are defined in the <i>ARM</i> [®] <i>Glossary</i> . For example, IMPLEMENTATION DEFINED, IMPLEMENTATION SPECIFIC, UNKNOWN, and UNPREDICTABLE.

1.1.4 Additional reading

This section lists publications by ARM and by third parties.

See *Infocenter* for access to ARM documentation.

Other publications

This section lists relevant documents published by third parties:

- Bluetooth SIG, "Specification of the Bluetooth System", Version 4.2, December 2, 2015.
- Bluetooth SIG, "Specification of the Bluetooth System", Version 5.0, December 7, 2016.

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2 Introduction

Cordio's Bluetooth low energy sample applications provide example source code for products such as a proximity keyfob, health sensor, and uribeacon.

2.1 Overview

Cordio's sample applications are designed with a product-oriented focus, with each application supporting one or more Bluetooth LE profile. The table below summarizes the different sample applications with their supported profiles and device roles.

Table 1: Sample applications

Application Name	Description	Supported Profiles	Device Role
cycling	Cycling sensor	Cycling Power Profile	Slave
		Cycling Speed and Cadence Profile	
		Battery Service	
datc	Proprietary data client	Proprietary Profile	Master
dats	Proprietary data server	Proprietary Profile	Slave
fit	Fitness sensor	Heart Rate Profile	Slave
		Runners Speed and Cadence Profile	
		Battery Service	
hidapp	HID controls	HID Service	Slave
		Battery Service	
medc	Health data collector	Blood Pressure Profile	Master
		Glucose Profile	
		Heart Rate Profile	
		Weight Scale Profile	
		Health Thermometer Profile	
		Pulse Oximeter Profile	
		User Data Service Collector	
meds	Health sensor	Blood Pressure Profile	Slave
		Weight Scale Profile	
		Health Thermometer Profile	
		Pulse Oximeter Profile	
		Glucose Profile	
tag	Proximity tag	Find Me Profile	Slave
		Proximity Profile	
uribeacon	Google URIbeacon	Proprietary Profile	Slave
watch	Smart Watch	Alert Notification Profile	Master, Slave

Heart Rate Profile
Phone Alert Status Profile
Time Profile

3 Sample Application Operation

The sample applications are designed to interact with the user via buttons and to provide user feedback via LEDs, sounds, or other mechanisms depending on the capabilities of the target hardware platform.

The applications use the following button press durations:

Table 2: Button durations

Press Duration	Description
Short Press	Button pressed for less than 1.6 seconds.
Medium Press	Button pressed for greater than 1.6 seconds and less than 3.2 seconds.
Long Press	Button pressed for greater than 3.2 seconds and less than 4.8 seconds.
Extra Long Press	Button pressed for greater than 4.8 seconds.

3.1 cycling

The cycling application implements a cycling power sensor and cycling speed and cadence sensor. When the application starts it will begin advertising. The application advertises continuously when not connected.

The cycling application does not use any button presses. When a peer device connects and enables sensor measurements the application will start sending sensor data.

3.2 datc

The datc application implements the master role of a proprietary data transfer application. It has an auto connect feature, where it scans for and then automatically connects to a matching proprietary data transfer slave application. Once connected, the application can send and receive simple data messages. The datc application is capable of connecting to multiple slave devices.

The date application can be compiled with WDXC_INCLUDED and stream data to an ARM proprietary Wireless Data Exchange Server (WDXS). To begin streaming, first use Button 2 Long to discover files on the peer, then use button 2 Med to start streaming.

The date application is capable of connecting to multiple slaves. When connected to more than one slave, Button 2 Med can be used to toggle the ConnId used in button actions.

Table 3: datc button operation

Button Press	Description	
When disconnected		
Button 1 Short	Initiate auto connect, or cancel auto connect if already initiated.	
Button 1 Med	Change the ConnId used for button actions	
Button 1 Long	Clear bonded device information.	
Button 1 Extra Long	Add RPAO characteristic to GAP service (for DM Privacy Enabled)	

Button 2 Extra Long	Enable device privacy (generate local RPA's every 15 minutes)
When connected	
Button 1 Short	Send data packet.
Button 1 Med	Change the ConnId used for button actions
Button 1 Long	Disconnect.
Button 2 Short	Toggle 2 Mbit operation (BT 5.x only)
Button 2 Med	Start/Stop streaming data when WDXC_INCLUDED=TRUE
Button 2 Long	Discover files on peer when WDXC_INCLUDED=TRUE

3.3 dats

The dats application implements the slave role of a proprietary data transfer application. When the application starts it will begin advertising. The application advertises continuously when not connected.

When the application receives a data message from the peer device it will automatically send a fixed data message back.

The dats application can be built to utilize the OTA (Over the Air Firmware Updates).

Table 4: fit button operation

Button Press	Description
When connected	
Button 1 Short	Change stream waveform (For WDXS – OTA support)
Button 2 Short	Toggle 2 Mbit operation (BT 5.x only)

3.4 fit

The fit application implements a heart rate profile sensor and runners speed and cadence sensor. When the application starts it will advertise for 60 seconds. A button press is used to restart advertising if it has stopped.

Table 5: fit button operation

Description
Restart advertising.
Enter discoverable and bondable mode and start advertising.
Clear bonded device information and then start advertising.

Button 1 Short	Increment simulated heart rate.
Button 1 Long	Disconnect.
Button 2 Short	Decrement simulated heart rate.

3.5 hidapp

The hidapp application implements several profiles applicable to a HID Consumer Device including keyboard, mouse, and remote control functionality.

When the application starts, it begins advertising. The application advertises for 60 seconds when not connected.

Table 6: Hidapp button operation

Button Press	Description
When connected	
Button 1 Down	Change (scroll) test command.
Button 2 Down	Send test command.
All other button events	Transmit No Button event.
When disconnected	
Button 1 Short	Start or restart advertising
Button 1 Medium	Enter discoverable and bondable mode
Button 1 Long	Clear bonded device info and restart advertising

3.6 medc

The medc application implements the collector role of several different health profiles.

The selected profile is configured at either run time or compile time.

Note: Although the application supports multiple profiles it does not support simultaneous operation of multiple profiles.

Note: The medc application only includes the user data service collector (UDSC) when configured to run as a weight scale (WSP).

The medc application has an auto connect feature. It scans for and then automatically connects to a matching profile.

3.6.1 Compile Options

The following compile options can be configured in medc_main.c.

Table 7: medc_main.c compile options

Name	Description
MEDC_HRP_INCLUDED	TRUE if heart rate profile included.

MEDC_BLP_INCLUDED	TRUE if blood pressure profile included.
MEDC_GLP_INCLUDED	TRUE if glucose profile included.
MEDC_WSP_INCLUDED	TRUE if weight scale profile included.
MEDC_HTP_INCLUDED	TRUE if health thermometer profile included.
MEDC_PLX_INCLUDED	TRUE if pulse oximeter profile included.
MEDC_PROFILE	Default profile to use.

The values for macro MEDC_PROFILE are as follows:

Table 8: MEDC_PROFILE

Name	Description
MEDC_ID_HRP	Heart rate profile.
MEDC_ID_BLP	Blood pressure profile.
MEDC_ID_GLP	Glucose profile.
MEDC_ID_WSP	Weight scale profile and User Data Service Collector
MEDC_ID_HTP	Health thermometer profile.
MEDC_ID_PLX	Pulse oximeter profile.

Table 9: All profiles default button operation

Button Press	Description
When disconnected	
Button 1 Short	Initiate auto connect, or cancel auto connect if already initiated.
Button 1 Long	Clear bonded device information.
When connected	
Button 1 Long	Disconnect.

Table 10: Glucose Profile button operation

Button Press	Description	
When connected		
Button 1 Short	Report all records.	
Button 1 Medium	Report records greater than sequence number.	

Button 2 Short	Report number of records.
Button 2 Medium	Report number of records greater than sequence number.
Button 2 Long	Abort.
Button 2 Extra Long	Delete all records.

Table 11: Pulse Oximeter Profile button operation

Button Press	Description
When connected	
Button 1 Medium	Close connection
Button 2 Short	Delete all records.
Button 2 Medium	Report stored records
Button 2 Long	Report number of stored records
Button 2 Extra Long	Abort operations

3.7 meds

The meds application implements the sensor role of several different health profiles. The selected profile is configured at run time or compile time.

Note: Although the application supports multiple profiles it does not support simultaneous operation of multiple profiles.

When the application starts it will advertise for 60 seconds. A button press is used to restart advertising if it has stopped.

The application uses simulated sensor values for its sensor data.

3.7.1 Compile Options

The following compile options can be configured in meds_main.c.

Table 12: meds_main.c compile options

Name	Description
MEDS_BLP_INCLUDED	TRUE if blood pressure profile included.
MEDS_WSP_INCLUDED	TRUE if weight scale profile included.
MEDS_HTP_INCLUDED	TRUE if health thermometer profile included.
MEDS_PLX_INCLUDED	TRUE if pulse oximeter profile included.
MEDS_GLP_INCLUDED	TRUE if glucose profile included

MEDS_PROFILE	Default profile to use.	

The values for macro MEDS_PROFILE are as follows:

Table 13: MEDS_PROFILE

Name	Description
MEDS_ID_BLP	Blood pressure profile.
MEDS_ID_WSP	Weight scale profile.
MEDS_ID_HTP	Health thermometer profile.
MEDS_ID_PLX	Pulse oximeter profile.
MEDS_ID_GLP	Glucose profile

The values for the profiles are listed in the tables below:

Table 14: All profiles default button operation

Description
Restart advertising.
Enter discoverable and bondable mode and start advertising.
Clear bonded device information and then start advertising.
Disconnect.

Table 15: Blood Pressure Profile button operation

Button Press	Description
When connected	
Button 1 Short	Press to start a measurement. If already started, press again to complete measurement and send final measurement value.

Table 16: Weight scale profile button operation

Button Press	Description	
When connected		
Button 1 Short	Send final measurement value.	

Table 17: Health Thermometer Profile button operation

Button Press	Description
When connected	
Button 1 Short	Press to start a measurement. If already started, press again to complete measurement and send final measurement value.
Button 2 Short	Set units to Fahrenheit.
Button 2 Medium	Set units to Celsius.
Button 2 Long	Toggle advertising type (non-connectable to connectable, undirected)

Table 18: Pulse Oximeter Profile button operation

Button Press	Description
When connected	
Button 1 Short	Press to start a measurement. If already started, press again to complete measurement and send final measurement value.
Button 2 Short	Send a measurement.
Button 2 Medium	Delete all records

Table 19: Glucose Profile button operation

Button Press	Description
When connected	
Button 2 Long	Generate a new record.
When disconnected	
Button 2 Long	Generate a new record.
Button 2 Extra Long	Delete all records

3.8 tag

The tag application implements the proximity and find me profiles.

When the application starts, it begins advertising. The application advertises continuously when not connected.

The tag application can be built to utilize the OTA (Over the Air Firmware Updates).

Table 20: Tag button operation

Button Press	Description
When disconnected	
Button 1 Short	Restart advertising.
Button 1 Medium	Enter discoverable and bondable mode and start advertising.
Button 1 Long	Clear bonded device information and then start advertising.
Button 1 Extra Long	Add RPAO characteristic to GAP service
Button 2 Short	Stop advertising
Button 2 Medium	Clear white list
Button 2 Long	Start directed advertising using peer address
Button 2 Extra Long	Enabled device privacy (generate local RPA's every 15 minutes)
When connected	
Button 1 Short	Send immediate alert, high.
Button 1 Medium	Stop immediate alert, none.
Button 1 Long	Disconnect.
Button 2 Short	Start RSSI read, start timer; if read RSSI in progress, stop timer
Button 2 Medium	Add peer to white list (if using public address)

3.9 uribeacon

The uribeacon application implements Google's proprietary URIbeacon profile.

When the application starts, it begins advertising for 30 seconds. Advertising can be restarted with a button press.

Table 21: uribeacon button operation

Button Press	Description
When not connected	
Button 1 Short	Restart advertising.

3.10 watch

The watch application implements a sample smart watch using the Time, Alert, Phone Alert Status and Heart Rate Profiles. The watch application can operate as both a master and a slave simultaneously.

When the application starts, the watch application begins advertising. Advertising can be restarted with a button press.

The watch application can scan and connect to sensor devices supporting the heart rate profile such as the fit sample application. The watch application has an auto connect feature. It scans for and then automatically connects to a matching profile.

Table 22: watch button operation

Description
r
Start scan and auto connect, or stop if scan already in progress.
Clear bonded device information.
Disconnect.
Restart advertising.
Enter discoverable and bondable mode and start advertising.
Clear bonded device information and then start advertising.
Mute ringer once.
Toggle between silencing and enabling ringer.
Disconnect.

4 Software Design

This section describes the architecture of the sample applications.

4.1 Software System

The sample applications are part of the Cordio Profiles software system, as shown in Figure 1.

The sample applications interface to the Profiles and Services, which provide interoperable components designed to Bluetooth specification requirements.

The sample applications also interface to the App Framework, which provides connection and device management services, user interface services, a device database, and a hardware sensor interface.

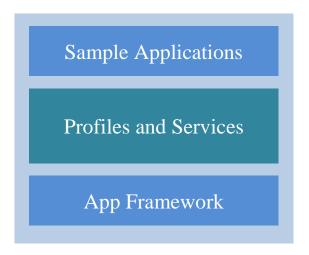


Figure 1. The Cordio Profiles software system

For a complete description see the App Framework API Reference Manual and Profiles and Services API Reference Manual.

4.2 Sample Application Design

All sample applications follow the same basic design model, and consist of the following:

- Configurable parameters: Data structures that control the behavior of advertising, security, and connections. More detail on configurable parameters can be found in the App Framework API.
- Attribute protocol (ATT) data: Data structures and constants that configure service discovery and manage client characteristic configuration descriptor (CCCD) data for the ATT client and server.
- **Protocol stack and App Framework callbacks**: These functions interface the Cordio protocol stack and App Framework to the sample application event handler.
- **Button press handler**: This function controls the application behavior on button press events. For example, start advertising on a short button press.
- Event handler and event processing functions: These functions handle events from the protocol stack and perform actions specific to the sample application. For example, generate a UI alert when the connection is closed.

5 Sample Application Code Walkthrough

This code walkthrough provides a detailed description of how a sample application works. The example code in this walkthrough is taken from the tag sample application in file tag_main.c.

5.1 Configurable Parameters

This section of the code contains configurable parameters for slave, security, and connection update.

5.1.1 Slave Parameters

The slave parameters configuration structure appAdvCfg_t configures the interval and duration of advertising. The structure contains three interval-duration pairs.

A code example is shown below:

Note: The advertising interval is in 0.625ms units. For example:

```
56 * 0.625 ms = 35 ms
```

If the advertising duration is zero, then advertising will not time out and will continue until a connection is established or advertising is stopped by the application.

This example creates the following advertising behavior:

- Advertise with a 35ms interval for 15 seconds.
- Advertise with a 400ms interval for 45 seconds.
- Advertise continuously with a 1140ms interval.

5.1.2 Security Parameters

The security parameters structure <code>appSecCfg_t</code> configures the security options for the application. A code example is shown below:

This example creates the following security behavior:

- 1. Request bonding and use just works pairing without a PIN.
- 2. Only distribute the minimum required keys.
- 3. Out-of-band data (used instead of a PIN for pairing) is not present.
- 4. Initiate a request for security upon connection.

5.1.3 Connection Update Parameters

The structure appUpdateCfg_t configures the connection update parameters. These parameters are used after a connection is established to reconfigure a connection for low power and/or low latency.

The appUpdateCfg_t structure is currently only used by slave devices.

A code example is shown below:

Note: The connection interval is in 1.25ms units. For example, 640 * 1.25 = 800ms.

This example creates the following behavior:

- 1. Request a connection parameter update after the connection has been idle for at least 6 seconds. The connection is considered idle when there is no pending security procedure or ATT discovery procedure.
- 2. Request a connection interval between 800 and 1000ms.
- 3. Request a connection latency of zero, meaning that the slave and master have equal connection intervals.
- 4. Set the supervision timeout to 6 seconds. If the connection is lost for 6 seconds the devices will disconnect.
- 5. Attempt a connection parameter update 5 times. The master device may reject a connection parameter update if it is busy. If this occurs the connection parameter update will be attempted again.

5.1.4 HID Parameters

Applications using the HID service (for example, keyboard, mouse, and remote) must register a hidConfig_t with the HID profile.

A code example is shown below:

This example creates the following behavior:

- 1. A HID Mouse device, defined by the HID_DEVICE_TYPE_MOUSE. HID mice support Boot Mouse HID Reports.
 - Alternative device types are HID_DEVICE_TYPE_KEYBOARD which support the Boot Keyboard Reports, and HID_DEVICE_TYPE_GENERIC which do not support the HID Boot Protocol Mode or HID Boot Reports.
- 2. Registers a HID Report Map defined by the mouseReportMap structure shown below:

```
static const uint8 t mouseReportMap[] =
  0x05, 0x01,
                                   /* USAGE PAGE (Generic Desktop) */
  0x09, 0x02,
                                   /* USAGE (Mouse) */
  0xa1, 0x01,
                                   /* COLLECTION (Application) */
  0x09, 0x01,
                                   /*
                                        USAGE (Pointer) */
                                   /*
  0xa1, 0x00,
                                        COLLECTION (Physical) */
  0x05, 0x09,
                                   /*
                                          USAGE PAGE (Button) */
  0x19, 0x01,
                                   /*
                                          USAGE MINIMUM (Button 1) */
  0x29, 0x03,
                                   /*
                                          USAGE MAXIMUM (Button 3) */
  0x15, 0x00,
                                   /*
                                          LOGICAL MINIMUM (0) */
  0x25, 0x01,
                                   /*
                                          LOGICAL MAXIMUM (1) */
  0x95, 0x03,
                                   /*
                                          REPORT COUNT (3) */
  0x75, 0x01,
                                   /*
                                          REPORT SIZE (1) */
  0x81, 0x02,
                                   /*
                                          INPUT (Data, Var, Abs) */
  0x95, 0x01,
                                   /*
                                          REPORT COUNT (1) */
  0x75, 0x05,
                                   /*
                                          REPORT SIZE (5) */
  0x81, 0x03,
                                   /*
                                          INPUT (Cnst, Var, Abs) */
  0x05, 0x01,
                                          USAGE PAGE (Generic Desktop) */
  0x09, 0x30,
                                   /*
                                          USAGE (X) */
  0x09, 0x31,
                                   /*
                                          USAGE (Y) */
                                   /*
  0x15, 0x81,
                                          LOGICAL MINIMUM (-127) */
                                   /*
  0x25, 0x7f,
                                          LOGICAL MAXIMUM (127) */
                                   /*
  0x75, 0x08,
                                          REPORT SIZE (8) */
  0x95, 0x02,
                                   /*
                                          REPORT COUNT (2) */
  0x81, 0x06,
                                   /*
                                          INPUT (Data, Var, Rel) */
  0xc0,
  0xc0
```

} **;**

The HID Report Map is a HID Report Descriptor for the HID device. A detailed description of HID Report Descriptors can be found in the USB HID spec.

A map between the HID Report ID and the ATT attribute handle as specified by the code below:

- 3. An information callback that receives notification of HID Control Point and HID Protocol Mode messages via the mouseInfoCback() function.
- 4. An application that does not receive HID feature or output reports. Applications wishing to receive HID output or feature reports must provide callback functions to the outputCback or featureCback parameters of the hidConfig_t structure.

5.2 Advertising Data

The advertising data and scan response data is configured via simple byte arrays. There can be separate sets of advertising and scan response data for connectable and discoverable mode (as we'll see later on in Section 5.7.2).

The contents of advertising and scan response data follow a simple length-type-value format as defined by the Bluetooth specification. The length byte contains the length of the type byte and value bytes that follow. The type byte contains the advertising data type, or AD type, specifying a particular type of data. The value bytes, if present, are set according to the AD type.

Example advertising and scan response data is shown below:

```
/*! advertising data, discoverable mode */
static const uint8 t tagAdvDataDisc[] =
  /*! flags */
  2,
                                           /*! length */
                                           /*! AD type */
  DM ADV TYPE FLAGS,
  DM FLAG LE LIMITED DISC |
                                           /*! flags */
  DM FLAG LE BREDR NOT SUP,
  /*! tx power */
  2,
                                           /*! length */
  DM ADV TYPE TX POWER,
                                           /*! AD type */
                                           /*! tx power */
  0.
  /*! device name */
  11,
                                           /*! length */
  DM ADV TYPE LOCAL NAME,
                                           /*! AD type */
```

```
'c',
  'o',
  'r',
  'd',
  'i',
  '0',
  '',
  'a',
  'p',
  'p'
};
/*! scan data, discoverable mode */
static const uint8 t tagScanDataDisc[] =
  /*! service UUID list */
  7,
                                             /*! length */
  DM ADV TYPE 16 UUID,
                                             /*! AD type */
  UINT16 TO BYTES (ATT UUID LINK LOSS SERVICE),
  UINT16 TO BYTES (ATT UUID IMMEDIATE ALERT SERVICE),
  UINT16_TO_BYTES(ATT UUID TX POWER SERVICE)
};
```

The advertising data consists of three AD type fields:

- 1. Flags: The flags are set to limited discoverable mode.
- 2. TX power: The TX power is set to 0dBm.
- 3. Device name: The device name is set to cordio app.

The scan response data is set to the service UUID list. This contains a list of services supported by the device. The list in this example contains the Link Loss Service, Immediate Alert Service, and TX Power Service.

More information on AD types is in the Bluetooth 4.0 specification Volume 3, Part C, Chapter 11.

5.3 ATT Client Discovery Data

The ATT client discovery data is used for service discovery and to manage the client handle list containing the handles of discovered characteristics and attributes.

The handle list is an integer array defined by the sample application. Handles are set in the list by App Framework discovery functions used to find the characteristics and attributes of desired services on a peer device. For bonded peer devices, the handle list is stored in the device database so it can be restored on subsequent connections without performing discovery again.

In the following example, the ATT client discovery data is set up to discover the GATT Service and *Immediate Alert Service* (IAS).

```
/*! Discovery states: enumeration of services to be discovered */ enum
```

```
{
 TAG DISC GATT_SVC,
                    /* GATT service */
 TAG DISC IAS SVC,
                     /* Immediate Alert service */
 TAG DISC SVC MAX
                     /* Discovery complete */
};
/*! the Client handle list, tagCb.hdlList[], is set as follows:
   ----- <- TAG DISC GATT START
  | GATT svc changed handle
   _____
   | GATT svc changed ccc handle |
* ----- <- TAG DISC IAS START
* | IAS alert level handle |
   _____
* /
/*! Start of each service's handles in the handle list */
#define TAG DISC GATT START
#define TAG DISC IAS START
                            (TAG DISC GATT START + GATT HDL LIST LEN)
#define TAG DISC HDL LIST LEN (TAG DISC IAS START + FMPL IAS HDL LIST LEN)
/*! Pointers into handle list for each service's handles */
static uint16 t *pTagGattHdlList = &tagCb.hdlList[TAG DISC GATT START];
static uint16_t *pTagIasHdlList = &tagCb.hdlList[TAG DISC IAS START];
```

The discovery state enumeration is a list of the services to be discovered. These values are used in the App Framework discovery callback (see Section 5.9).

Then some constants and pointers are defined for accessing the handle list, as illustrated in the figure below.

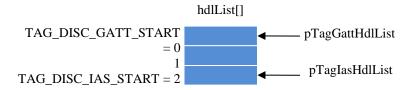


Figure 2. Example ATT client handle list and associated data.

In this example the handle list stores three handles: Two GATT handles and one IAS handle.

Constants TAG_DISC_GATT_START and TAG_DISC_IAS_START are set to the start index of the handles for their respective services in the handle list. The pointers pTagGattHdlList and pTagIasHdlList point to the start of the handles for their respective services in the handle list. These pointers are used

by the profile service discovery functions (for example GattDiscover() and FmplIasDiscover()) to access the handle list.

5.4 ATT Client Data

When service and characteristic discovery is complete, a profile typically requires that certain characteristics are read or written to configure the profile and the services it uses. For example, client characteristic configuration descriptors (CCCDs) are typically written to enable indications or notifications for their respective characteristics.

The ATT client data consists of constants and data structures used to configure a list of discovered characteristics. The data is used with the AppDiscConfigure () function of the App Framework API.

The data structure of type attcDiscCfg_t contains of a list of characteristics to read or write. Each entry in the list contains a value (if it is to be written), the value length, and the handle index of the discovered attribute or characteristic. An example is shown below:

In this example, the characteristic list has a single entry that contains data used to write the CCCD of the GATT service changed characteristic. The value to be written will enable indications.

Note: The value is formatted as a little-endian byte array.

The handle index is set to <code>(GATT_SC_CCC_HDL_IDX + TAG_DISC_GATT_START)</code>. The value <code>GATT_SC_CCC_HDL_IDX</code> is the handle index of the CCCD discovered by the GATT profile (see <code>gatt_api.h)</code>. The value <code>TAG_DISC_GATT_START</code> is the start index of the GATT portion of the applications handle list, as described in Section 5.3.

5.5 ATT Server Data

The ATT server data contains constants and data structures defining the client characteristic configuration descriptors (CCCDs) used in the services supported by the device in its own server.

The data is used by the ATT server CCCD management service. The data consists of an enumeration of each CCCD in the ATT server and a table of settings for each CCCD. An example is shown below:

/*! enumeration of client characteristic configuration descriptors used in local ATT

```
server */
enum
{
                            /*! GATT service, service changed characteristic */
 TAG GATT SC CCC IDX,
 TAG NUM CCC IDX
                             /*! Number of ccc's */
} ;
/*! client characteristic configuration descriptors settings, indexed by ccc
enumeration */
static const attsCccSet t tagCccSet[TAG NUM CCC IDX] =
 /* cccd handle
                                                     security level */
                        value range
  {GATT_SC_CH_CCC_HDL, ATT_CLIENT_CFG_INDICATE, DM_SEC_LEVEL_ENC}
};
```

In this example the ATT server database contains a single CCCD for the GATT service changed characteristic. The table of CCCD settings has a single entry, containing the handle of the CCCD, the value range, and the security level required for an indication or notification to be sent for the characteristic value associated with the CCCD. In this example the CCCD supports indications, and encryption is required before an indication can be sent.

5.6 Protocol Stack Callbacks

The protocol stack callbacks interface the sample application to the Cordio protocol stack.

5.6.1 DM Callback

The DM callback function is executed when the stack has a device management event to send to the application. The function simply copies the callback event parameters to a message and sends the message to the sample application event handler.

5.6.2 ATT Callback

The ATT callback function is executed when the ATT protocol client or server has an event to send to the application. The function simply copies the callback event parameters to a message and sends the message to the sample application event handler.

5.6.3 ATT CCC Callback

The ATT CCC callback function is executed when a peer device writes a new value to a client characteristic configuration descriptor in the ATT server. It is also executed on connection establishment if the CCCD is initialized with a stored value from a previous connection.

The function first checks if this new CCCD value should be stored in the device database. If so, the value is stored. Then it sends a message to the sample application event handler with the CCCD value.

5.7 Event Handler Action Functions

A sample application defines event handler actions functions when a particular event, such as connection open or close, requires specific actions in the application. The following functions are examples from the tag sample application.

5.7.1 tagClose

This function performs an alert when the connection is closed.

5.7.2 tagSetup

This function is executed when the application is started after the stack is reset.

It sets up the advertising and scan response data, and then starts advertising:

Note: The advertising data is set to the constants described earlier in Section 5.1.4. Also note that the advertising data is set differently for discoverable mode and connectable mode, and that the advertising data is set to empty in connectable mode.

The device starts advertising by calling function AppAdvStart(). By using auto init mode, the connectable/discoverable and bondable mode of the device is set automatically based on whether the device has already bonded. If it has not bonded the device is set to discoverable and bondable mode. If it has bonded the device is set to connectable and non-bondable mode.

5.8 Button Handler Callback

The button handler callback function is part of the App Framework's user interface service. It is executed by the App Framework when a button press occurs. The button press value identifies the pressed button and the duration of the button press (short, medium, or long).

This function performs an action on a button press event specific to the sample application. The application will typically perform different actions when connected vs. not connected. For example in the tag application, an immediate alert is sent when a short button press occurs while connected.

5.9 Discovery Callback

This is the callback function for the App Framework discovery API. The App Framework provides a set of discovery APIs that simplify service and characteristic discovery as well as service configuration. The App Framework executes the callback at appropriate times to trigger the application to perform a discovery-related action. The status parameter to the function indicates the action to perform, or the status result of a completed action.

The status values and the associated action typically performed by the callback function are as follows:

- 1. APP_DISC_INIT: This status value is used when the connection is opened. The function must call AppDiscSetHdlList() and pass in a memory buffer for the App Framework to store the handle list.
- 2. APP_DISC_SEC_REQUIRED: This status value is used when security is required to complete configuration. This function must call AppSlaveSecurityReq() and pass in the connection id.
- **3.** APP_DISC_START: This status value is used when discovery is started. The function should initiate service discovery for the first service to be discovered, for example call <code>GattDiscover()</code>.
- 4. APP_DISC_CMPL and APP_DISC_FAILED: These status values are used when the previously-initiated discovery procedure is complete. If there are more services to discover initiate discovery for the next service. Otherwise, call AppDiscComplete (APP_DISC_CMPL) to notify the App Framework that all discovery procedures are complete. If there is a configuration procedure to perform initiate the configuration procedure by calling AppDiscConfigure () using the ATT client data as described in Section 5.4.
- APP_DISC_CFG_START: This status value is used to start a configuration procedure. This status value is used when all discovery procedures are complete but configuration is not complete. If there is a configuration procedure to perform initiate the procedure. Otherwise, call AppDiscComplete (APP_DISC_CFG_CMPL) to notify the App Framework that all discovery procedures are complete.
- APP_DISC_CFG_CONN_START: This status value is used to start a connection setup configuration procedure. This can be used when an application needs to read or write certain characteristics of the peer device every time a connection is established. If applicable, call AppDiscConfigure () to perform the configuration procedure.
- 7. APP_DISC_CFG_CMPL: This function is called when a configuration procedure is complete. Call AppDiscComplete (APP_DISC_CFG_CMPL) to notify the App Framework that all discovery procedures are complete.

5.10 Event Handler Processing Function

This function decodes received DM or ATT events and then executes an action function to perform an application-specific procedure. The sample application code also demonstrates how DM events can be mapped to UI events that are then passed to AppuiAction() to perform a platform-specific UI action, for example blink an LED when a connection is established.

5.11 Application Initialization Function

The application initialization function is executed on system startup when the WSF event handlers for the system are initialized. This function initializes App Framework configuration pointers and initializes any used App Framework components that require initialization.

5.12 Application Event Handler Function

This is the application's WSF event handler. It is executed by the WSF OS. Received messages are passed to the appropriate App Framework components and then are passed to the application's event handler processing function.

5.13 Application Start Function

This is the function that ties everything together for the application:

- This function is executed on system startup after WSF event handlers have been initialized.
- The function registers the application's protocol stack callback functions and App Framework callback functions.
- It then initializes the services used in the local ATT server database.
- Finally, function DmDevReset () is called to reset the stack and Bluetooth LE controller and then trigger the start of the application.

5.14 Over the Air Firmware Upgrade

The dats and tag sample applications are preconfigured to support Over the Air Upgrades of application firmware, also known as OTA. To enable the OTA, the applications must be built using the WDXS_INCLUDED flag. The WDXS_INCLUDED compile time flag enabled the WDXS service and profile in the dats and tag applications.

5.14.1 Compiling OTA Sample Applications on Cordio

This section covers building the dats sample application with support for OTA.

Note: Currently only GCC projects supports OTA.

First, build the OTA Bootloader. To build the bootloader from a linux or mingwin command prompt, first change directory into the ota-boot/gcc folder:

> cd /cordio-bt4-host/projects/ota-boot/gcc

Then run the following make command:

> make

Next, build the dats sample application. Note: A similar make operation will build the tag application with support for OTA.

To build the dats gcc project from a linux or mingwin command prompt, first change directory into the dats gcc folder:

> cd /cordio-bt4-host/projects/dats/gcc

Then run the following make command:

```
> make WDXS_INCLUDED=1 OTA_VER="1.0"
```

Where the OTA_VER is set to any string that represents the version of the application.

The make will generate the following binaries in the dats/gcc/bin-cortex-m0 folder:

- dats-obj.ota.spf Firmware that can be loaded via serial port
- dats-obj.ota.bin Firmware that can be loaded via OTA upgrade

5.14.2 Loading an OTA application on Cordio via Serial Port

The first time an application supporting OTA is loaded on the cordio, it must be loaded via a serial port. To load the formware via serial port, first insert the boot jumper (J18) on the cordio board. Then use the fwuploader application to upload the firmware as follows:

> fwupdater.exe /bin-cortex-m0/dats-obj.ota.spf COM<x>

Where the <x> in COM<x> is the number of the comport for the cordio board.

The fwupdater.exe application will display the number of bytes written to the flash on the cordio board and exit when the firmware upload is complete.

Remove the boot jumper (J18) and reboot the cordio board.

5.14.3 Wireless Upgrade of Firmware on Cordio

The ARM BLE iOS application is required to perform wireless OTA firmware upgrades. This application can be found in the Apple App Store.

The ARM BLE iOS app requires a Google Drive account to perform wireless upgrades of firmware. To register a Google Account with the ARM BLE App, tap the *settings* button at the bottom of the ARM BLE App. Then, tap the *Google Account* button and follow the instruction to register your Google Account.

After registering a Google account with the ARM BLE App, a directory will be created in the Google Account's Google Drive (drive.google.com). This folder is called *ARM BLE/ota/WDXS APP*.

Use the following steps to perform an OTA firmware upgrade:

- Tap the *Settings* button at the bottom of the page.
 - o Ensure the *automatic OTA updates* setting on the ARM BLE app settings page is enabled.
- Tap the *Devices* button at the bottom of the ARM BLE App to view nearby devices.
- Connect the ARM BLE App to the cordio device by taping the cordio device in the list of nearby devices.
- Copy the new OTA binary (dats-obj.ota.bin) to the *ARM BLE/ota/WDXS APP* Google Drive folder.

The ARM BLE App will recognize the new firmware in the Google Drive folder and begin pushing the OTA binary to the cordio device. When the upload is complete, the cordio will reboot and run the new application.

6 Cordio BT4 Host

As of the r2p0-00bet release, sample applications are built for the Cordio BT4 evaluation boards.

6.1 Projects

The sample application projects can be found in

/cordio-bt4-host/projects/

Each sample application includes a keil and gcc (arm-gcc) project configured to build the SPF for drag and drop programming, which gets loaded onto the evaluation board (BT4-GEN2-EVAL-01). For more information on the Evaluation Boards see the Cordio BT4 Customer Evaluation and Demonstration Kit User's Guide.

6.2 Commands

Due to limitations on the evaluation board button presses and other commands are simulated through the serial terminal. To execute the following commands connect to the evaluation board via Tera Term or another terminal program and execute the commands listed in this section.

6.2.1 Serial Port Configuration

Parity: None
Data Bits: 8
Stop Bits: 1

HW Flow Control: None

BAUD: 115200

6.2.2 Simulate Key Press Command

Usage: btn <ID> <code>

ID	1, 2
code	d (down), s (short), m (medium), l (long), x (extra long)

6.2.3 Security Pin Code Command

Usage: pin <ConnID> <Pin Code>

ConnID	Connection ID
Pin Code	Security Pin Code