Exam 1 C - MATH 4322

Instructor - Cathy Poliak

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Name:	PSID:	
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Instructions

- Allow one sheet of notes front and back to be turned in for extra credit.
- Allow calculator.
- Total possible points 100.
- For multiple choice circle your answer on this test paper.
- For short answer questions answer fully on this test paper, partial credit will be given.
- $\bullet\,$ Once completed turn in to TA or instructor.
- Data sets are coming from

UCI Machine Learning Repository

(36 possible points) We want to understand how the input variables relate to miles per gallon, mpg. The input variables are:

mables are.
 cylinders - as qualitative 4, 6 or 8 displacement - cubic inches horsepower - gross horsepower weight - per 1000 pounds
a. Is this a inference or prediction statistical learning problem?
b. Is this a regression or classification problem?
c. Give the model formula for our problem. Use the variable names in the formula.
d. Give the R code to get the model for predicting the mpg based on the 4 input variables.

e. The following is the output from the data. Write out the equation with the estimates.

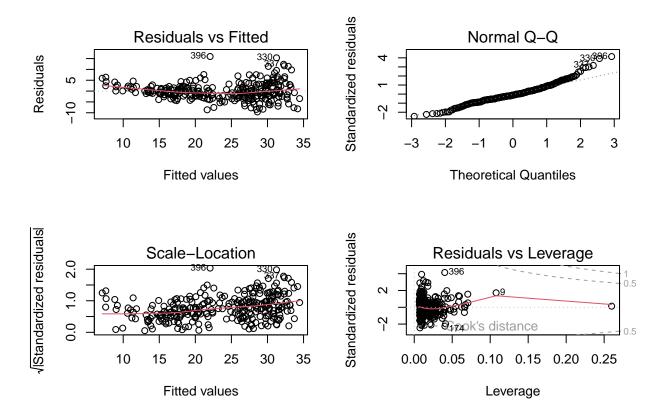
	Estimate	Std. Error	t value	Pr(> t)
(Intercept)	46.3833	1.5647	29.6434	0.0000
cylinders6	-3.5210	1.0506	-3.3514	0.0009
cylinders8	0.6573	1.9370	0.3394	0.7346
displacement	0.0007	0.0099	0.0750	0.9403
horsepower	-0.0893	0.0158	-5.6474	0.0000
weight	-4.4521	0.7921	-5.6210	0.0000

f. Give the interpretation of the coefficient for the variable horespower.

g. Are there any variables that are not needed in this model? Justify your answer.

h. What are the assumptions of this model?

i. The plot below are the diagnostics plots. Are any of the assumptions violated with this model?



(32 possible points) We want to predict whether a person will donate blood or not. The variables are:

- Monetary total blood donated in c.c per 1000.
- Recency months since last donation.
- Donate a binary variable representing whether he/she donated blood (1 stand for donating blood; 0 stands for not donating blood).
- a. Is this a inference or prediction statistical learning problem?
- b. Is this a regression or classification problem?
- c. Give the model formula for our problem. Use the variable names in the formula.

d. Give the R code to get the model for predicting the probability of donating blood based on the 2 input variables.

e. The following is the output from the data. Write out the equation with the estimates.

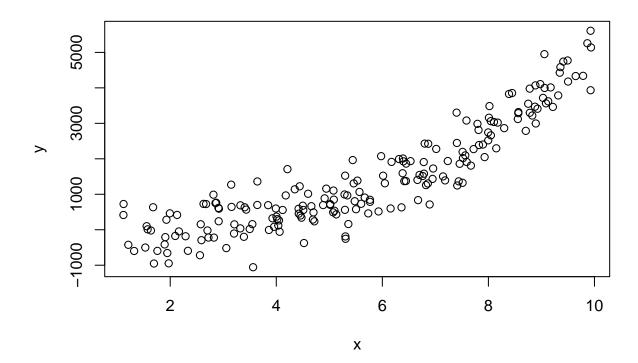
	Estimate	Std. Error	z value	$\Pr(> z)$
(Intercept)	-0.4931	0.2011	-2.45	0.0142
Recency	-0.1199	0.0191	-6.29	0.0000
Monetary	0.1880	0.0692	2.72	0.0066

f. Give the predicted probability of donating blood for a donor that has donated 1400 c.c. of blood and last donation was 4 months ago.

g. The following is the output from R. Determine \mathbb{R}^2 and give an interpretation.

(8 possible points)

a. Using the following plot below do we have a linear relationship?



b. The following is an output for a regression model with degree 1, 2, 3 and 4 respectively, based on the data represented from the plot above. According to these statistics, write out the formula for the best model.

	Adj.R2	Ср	BIC
Degree 1	0.80	152.03	-310.46
Degree 2	0.88	8.12	-413.85
Degree 3	0.89	3.16	-415.55
Degree 4	0.89	5.00	-410.42

(8 points) A graduate program is making decisions to admit students into the program with the variables GPA, and the score on the GRE. The response variable is Decision, there are three decisions that are made; yes, no, and conditional.

- a. Circle the best model to use for this example.
 - i. Simple Linear Regression
 - ii. Logistic Regression
 - iii. Multiple Linear Regression
 - iv. Linear Discriminat Analysis (LDA)
 - v. Polynomial Regression
- b. The following is the confusion matrix based on the model. What is the error rate?

	Yes	No	Conditional
Yes	24	0	2
No	0	19	1
Conditional	0	1	21

- i. 0.0588
- ii. 0.9231
- iii. 0.95
- iv. 0.9412
- v. 0.9545

Problem 5

(4 points) The following is the ANOVA table from problem 1, where n=288 and the MSE for the full model from problem 1 is 15.45. What is the C_p statistic?

	Df	Sum Sq	Mean Sq	F value	Pr(>F)
horsepower	1	11180.36	11180.36	642.83	0.0000
weight	1	1522.33	1522.33	87.53	0.0000
Residuals	285	4956.83	17.39		

- a. 439.57
- b. -185.48
- c. 4
- d. 40.8
- e. 36.8

(4 points) Suppose we have p=3 predictors. How many possible additive models contain subsets of the 3 predictors?

- a. 4
- b. 8
- c. 16
- d. 36
- e. 100

Problem 7

(4 points) Which stepwise selection begins with a model containing no predictors, and then adds predictors to the model, one-at-a-time, until all of the significant predictors are in the model.

- a. forward
- b. backward
- c. best subset
- d. none of these

Problem 8

(4 points) The following is a 95% prediction interval for the mpg from problem 1, with only weight as the predictor. We wanted to predict where weight is 2845 pounds. Which statement is correct?

	fit	lwr	upr
1	24.48	16.03	32.93

- a. For one automobile that weighs 2845, we predict the mpg to be between 16.03 and 32.93 with 95% confidence.
- b. On average for all automobiles that weigh 2845, we we predict the mpg to be between 16.03 and 32.93 with 95% confidence.
- c. For one automobile that regardless of the weight, we predict the \mathtt{mpg} to be between 16.03 and 32.93 with 95% confidence.
- d. On average for all automobiles regardless of the weight, we we predict the mpg to be between 16.03 and 32.93 with 95% confidence.
- e. For an automobile that weights 2845 pounds, the mpg will be 24.48.