



COSC 3360 - 24967 - Fundamentals of Operating Systems


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 Description

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 **Available from:** Thursday, 16 February 2023, 2:30 PM

 **Due date:** Thursday, 16 February 2023, 3:50 PM

 **Requested files:** main.cpp ( [Download](#))

Type of work:  Individual work

The exam will close at 3:50 PM. You must save your work before 3:50 PM.

The multithreaded string to decimal transformation.

You must complete the program below (using POSIX threads) that creates n threads to transform a number from string to decimal (where n is the number of digits of the string to transform). Each child thread will store the value of the operation $\text{digit} * 10^{\text{position}}$ (where position represents the location of the digit in the string). The position value is represented as follows:

0 = Ones, 1 = Tens, 2 = Hundreds, 3 = Thousands,

Given the string "1234", the multithreaded function creates 4 child threads where:

Child Thread 1 calculates $1 * 10^3 = 1000$; Child Thread 2 calculates $2 * 10^2 = 200$; Child Thread 3 calculates $3 * 10^1 = 30$; and Child Thread 4 calculates $4 * 10^0 = 4$.

Finally, the main thread accumulates the results from the child threads to represent the string as an integer value:

$1000 + 200 + 30 + 4 = 1234$

The input of the program will be a string representing the number:

1234

Given the previous input, four child threads will be created, and the expected output by the parent thread is:

The string "1234" is equal to 1234

Notes:

- Not using POSIX threads will translate into a penalty of 100%.
- Follow the instructions provided in the template file to complete your solution.

- You can always assume that the input will be valid.

Requested files

main.cpp

```

1  #include <pthread.h>
2  #include <iostream>
3  #include <unistd.h>
4  #include <string>
5  #include <cmath>
6
7  struct term
8  {
9      char digit;
10     int pos;
11     int result;
12 };
13
14 void *strtodect(void *void_ptr)
15 {
16     term *term_ptr = // cast the void pointer to a struct term pointer
17     term_ptr->result = // calculate the value for the term (digit_converted_to_int * 10 ^ position). You can use the pow function.
18     return nullptr;
19 }
20
21 int main()
22 {
23     std::string number;
24     std::cin >> number;
25     int size = number.length();
26     pthread_t *tid = new pthread_t[size];
27     term * arg= new term[size];
28
29     for (int i = 0; i < size; i++)
30     {
31         arg[i].digit = // assign the value of the digit from the input string as a character (from left to right).
32         arg[i].pos = // assign the value of the position for the digit (0 = Ones, 1 = Tens, 2 = Hundreds, 3 = Thousands, ...).
33         if (/*call pthread create here*/)
34         {
35             fprintf(stderr, "Error creating thread\n");
36             return 1;
37         }
38     }
39     //call pthread_join here
40     int decnumber = 0;
41     for (int i = 0; i < size; i++)
42         decnumber = decnumber + arg[i].result;
43     std::cout << "The string \"" << number << "\" is equal to " << decnumber << std::endl;
44     delete [] tid;
45     delete [] arg;
46     return 0;
47 }
48
49
50
51

```

[VPL](#)

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Data retention summary

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