

Professor David Harrison

TODAY: INTRODUCTION

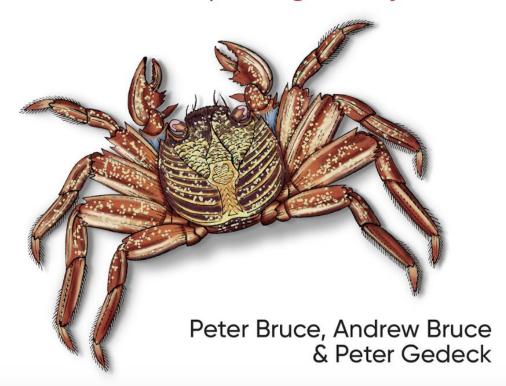
- Who am I?
- Syllabus
- What is data science?
- What is data engineering?
- What does this course cover?
- What tools will we use?
- Some review of practical statistics
- Chapter 1 Practical Statistics
 - Up to page 18 in chapter 1.



Edition

Practical Statistics for Data Scientists

50+ Essential Concepts Using R and Python



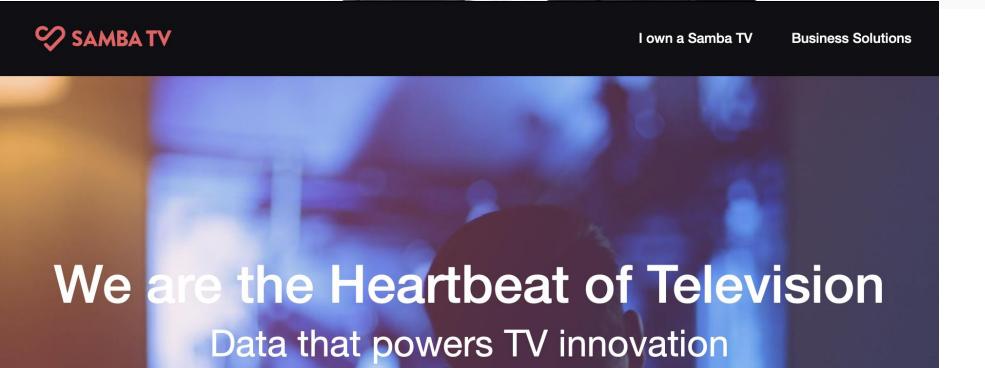
Assistant professor in CS
Previously

Dave Harrison

CTO & Co-Founder

David leads Samba engineering, ops and R&D.

Prior to Samba, David launched BitTorrent.org and invented BitTorrent's Streaming protocol. He previously held a post-doctoral position in the Video and Image Processing Lab at UC Berkeley.



SYLLABUS

CSCI 443 Advanced Data Science

Course Overview

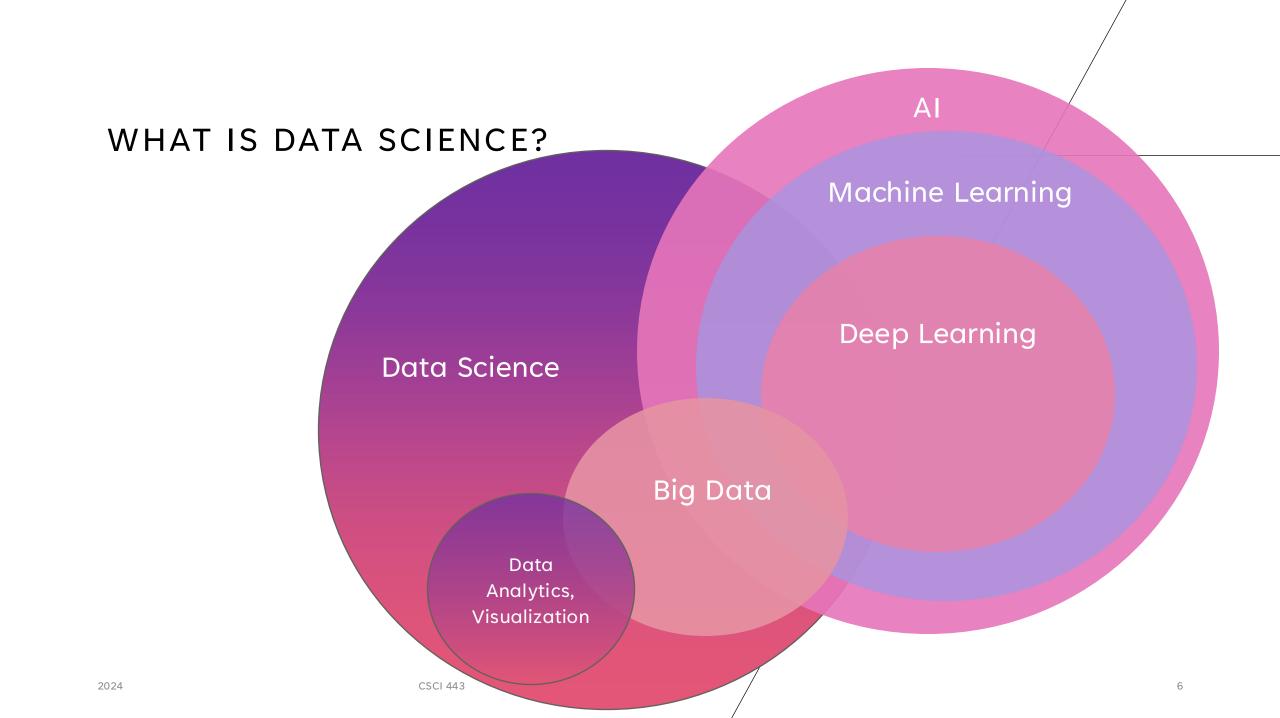
Building on CSCI 343, this course covers key statistical methods and engineering processes in data science, with a focus on large dataset analysis. Students will explore experiment design, data visualization, and data pipeline creation. Hands-on projects will highlight skills in both batch and real-time processing, preparing students for practical challenges in the field.

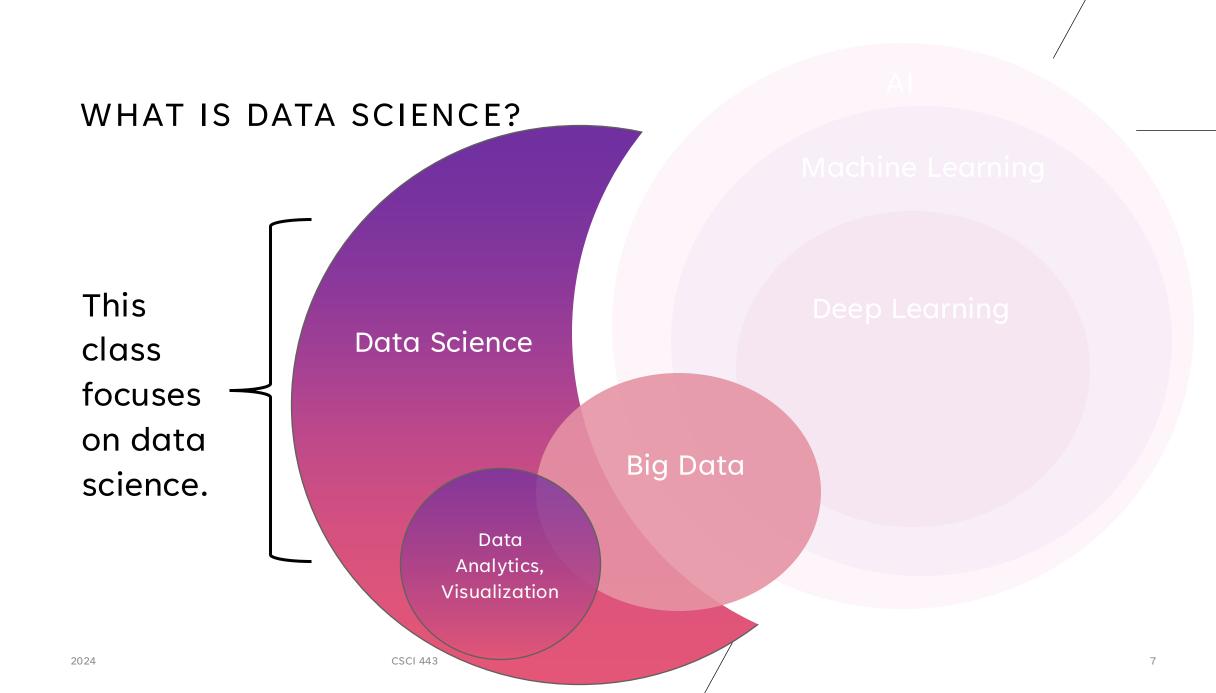
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WHAT IS DATA SCIENCE?

Data science encompasses the entire lifecycle of data processing and analysis, including data collection, cleaning, exploration, modeling, and interpretation. Its focus is on extracting insights and knowledge from data and involves developing methods of recording, storing, and analyzing data to effectively extract useful information.

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DATA SCIENTISTS VS DATA ENGINEERS

- Typically 2-5 data engineers to each data scientist.
- Data scientist is often both internally and externally facing.
- Data scientist interfaces with key stakeholders to
 - Define a hypothesis, problem, question, ...
 - Design metrics
 - Design the experiments to answer the question.
 - Work with data engineers to understand, clean, and analyze data.
- Data engineers build it:
 - Data collection
 - Data Warehousing / Data Lakes
 - Cloud computing
 - Data pipelines
 - Dashboards and automated reporting
 - Data governance and security.

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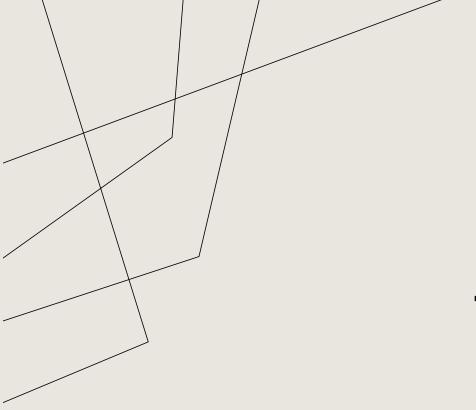
This class

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DATA SCIENTISTS VS DATA ANALYSTS

- Data scientists are both engineers and statisticians.
 - work on more complex and abstract tasks, such as developing new analytics methods, predictive models, and machine learning algorithms.
 - Often involved in research and development.
- Data analysts are skilled in data manipulation and visualization.
 - Often use processes put in place by a data scientist.
 - Often use tools implemented by data/engineers.
 - Often support executives and sales
 - May be externally facing.
 - Often not well versed in engineering

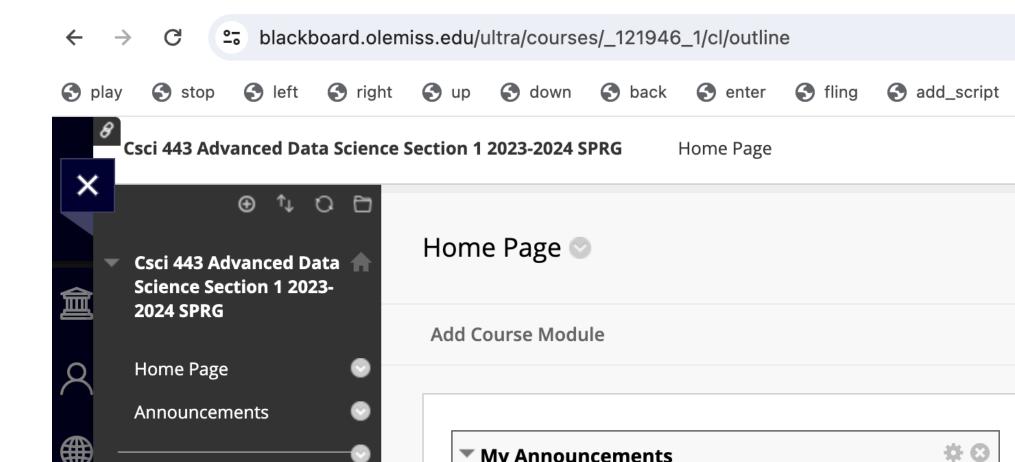
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TOOLS

BLACKBOARD

All lecture slides, homeworks, and solutions will appear on blackboard.



GITHUB

Example files I create during class will be put on github.

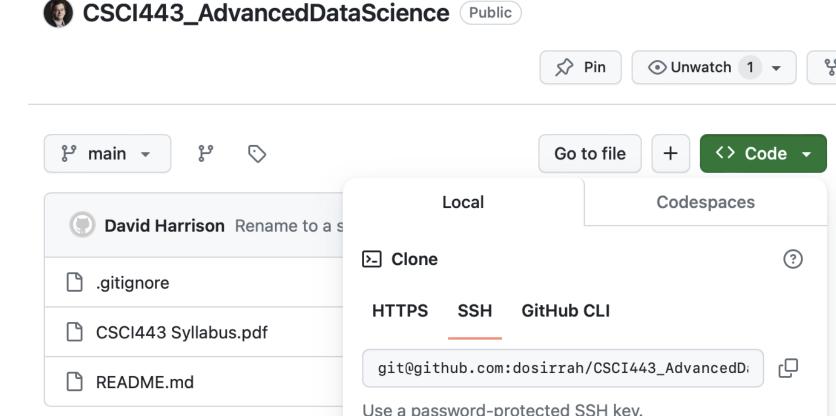
The project is at

https://github.com/dosirrah/CSCI443_25S_AdvancedDataScience

You will need to create a Github account independent of your olemiss accounts.

GitHub is free for our purposes.

I highly recommend committing any code you create to GitHub.

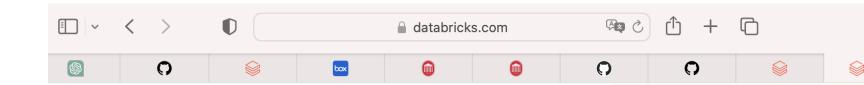


NO GITLAB...

Last year I used the department Gitlab. This semester I will only use github.

We will use the databricks community edition.

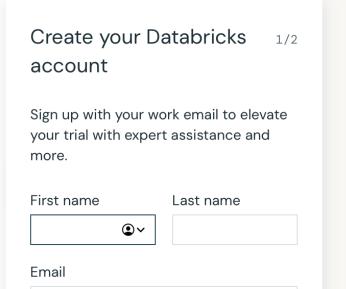
https://community.cloud.databricks.com/login.html



⊚ databricks

Try Databricks free

Test-drive the full Databricks platform free for 14 days on your choice of AWS, Microsoft Azure or Google Cloud. Sign-up with your work email to elevate your trial experience.



Create your Databricks account

1/2

Sign up with your work email to elevate your trial with expert assistance and more.

First name Last name David Harrison Email harrison@cs.olemiss.edu Title Company **Assistant Professor** University of Mississipp Phone (Optional) Country **United States**

By submitting, I agree to the processing of my personal data by Databricks in accordance with our Privacy Policy. I understand I can update my preferences at any time.

Community edition is free.

Offers a single instance with limited capabilities, but should be adequate for teaching.

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How will you be using Databricks?

2/2

Professional use

Pick your cloud provider. You'll need admin access to your cloud account to get started.







Continue

By clicking "Get Started," you agree to the <u>Privacy Policy</u> and <u>Terms of Service</u>.

Personal use

Community Edition is a limited, single node version of Databricks for personal or educational use.

Community edition is free.

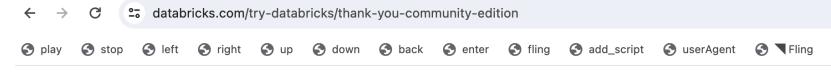
You do not need an AWS or Azure account.

You do not need to sign up for the 14-day trial.

a databricks

Community edition is free.

Don't worry about "your trial."
This is misleading.



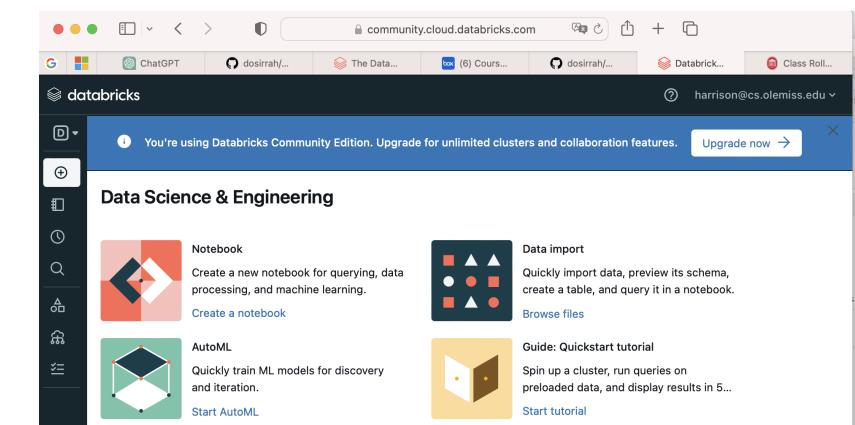
Check your email to start your trial

Thank you for signing up. Please validate your email address to start your trial.

https://community.cloud.databricks.com

Once logged in, you should see options to start a notebook and to import data.

Ignore "Upgrade now"

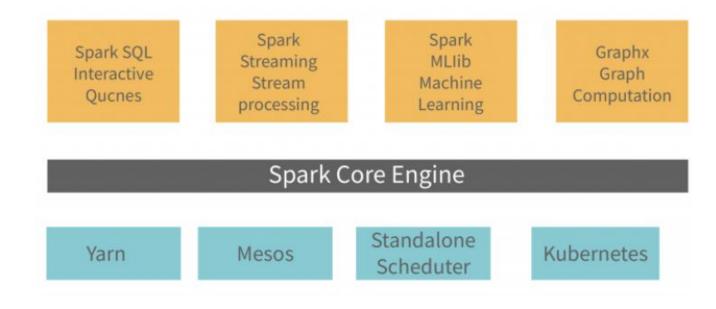


WHY DATABRICKS?

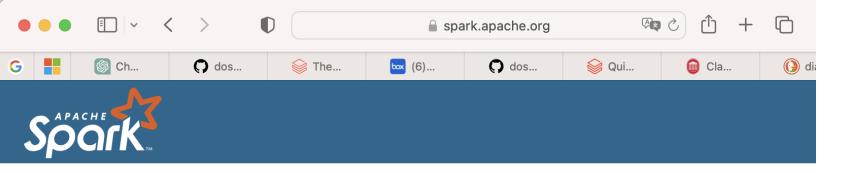
Databricks provides cluster management and a notebook (akin to Jupyter) interface to Apache Spark.

Spark unifies:

- Batch processing
- Real-time data processing
- Stream analytics (trending, dashboards, etc.)
- Machine learning
- Interactive SQL
- Successor and extension to what was traditionally done with Hadoop or other mapreduce systems.



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Unified engine for large-scale

() dos...

The...

data analytics



The most widely-used engine for scalable computing

a spark.apache.org

box (6)...

dos...

Qui...

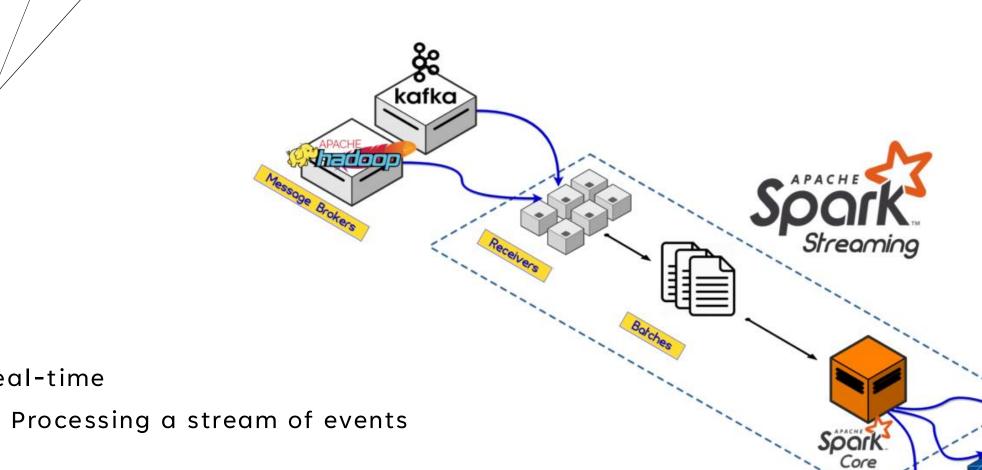
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Thousands of companies, including 80% of the Fortune 500, use Apache Spark™.

Over 2,000 contributors to the open source project from industry and academia.

APACHE SPARK



Real-time

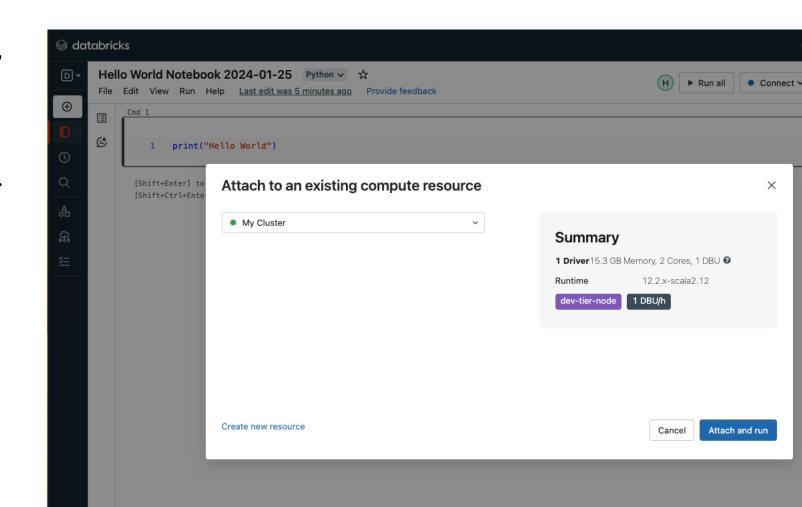
DATABRICKS NOTEBOOKS

Analogous to Google Colab.

⁄Uses Apache Spark.

When you execute a notebook, the first command may take a while:

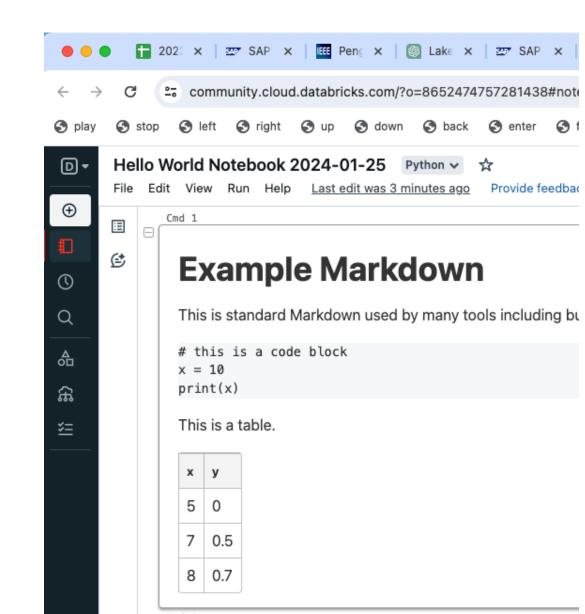
- 1. Starts a Spark cluster if one is not already running.
- 2. Attaches to the Spark cluster via the notebook interface.
- 3. Then you can start entering commands.
- 4. Much faster if your cluster is already running.



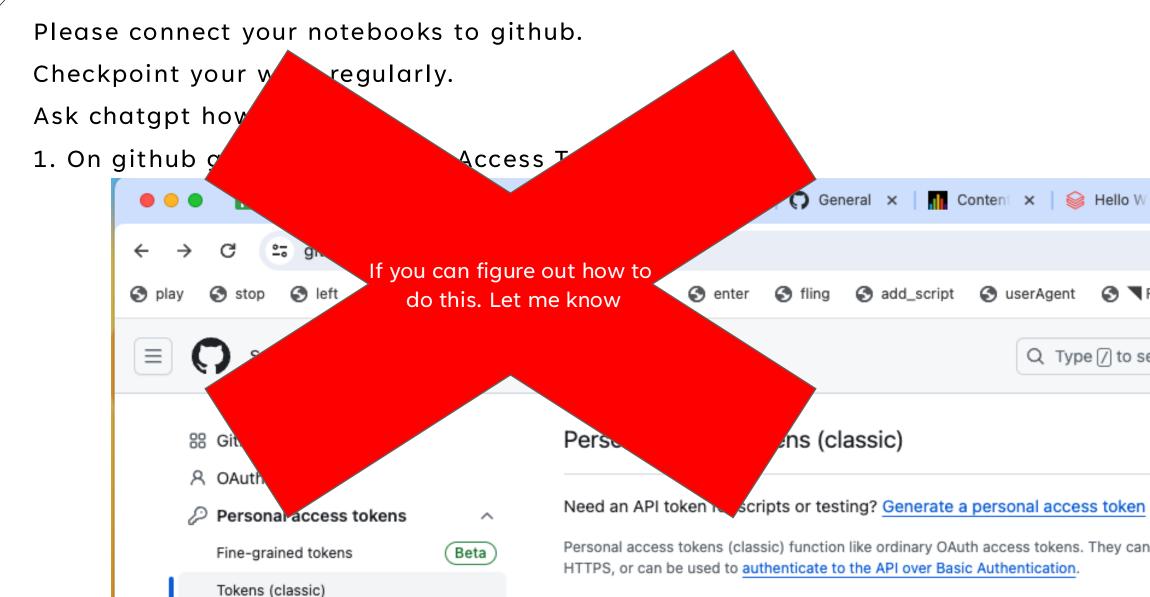
DATABRICKS NOTEBOOKS (2)

Within a notebook you can

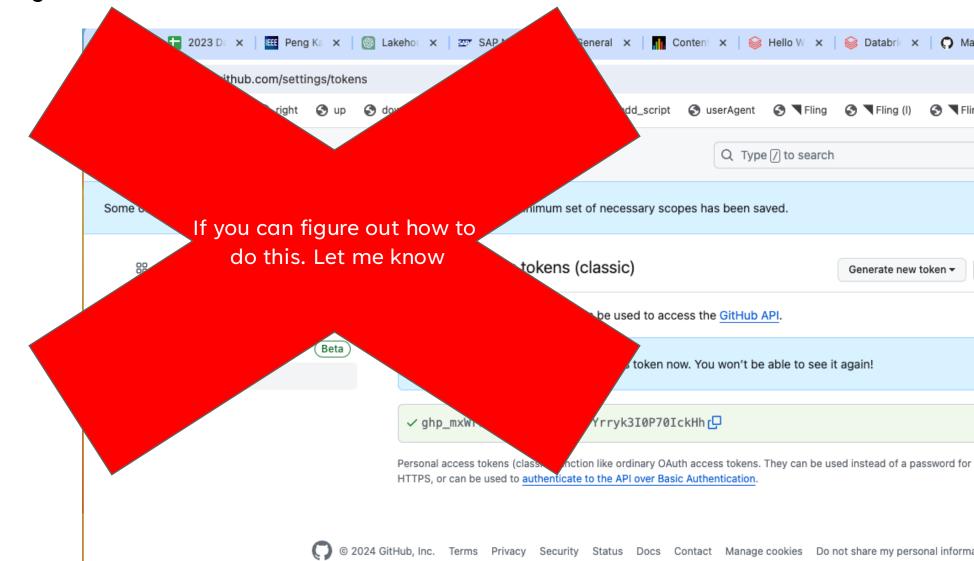
- Run Python or R commands
 - in this course I will focus on using Python
- Include textual description using markdown
- Use Apache SQL
- Embed visualizations using matplotlib or seaborn.
- Connect to github to commit your work. (not possible unless someone figures out how)



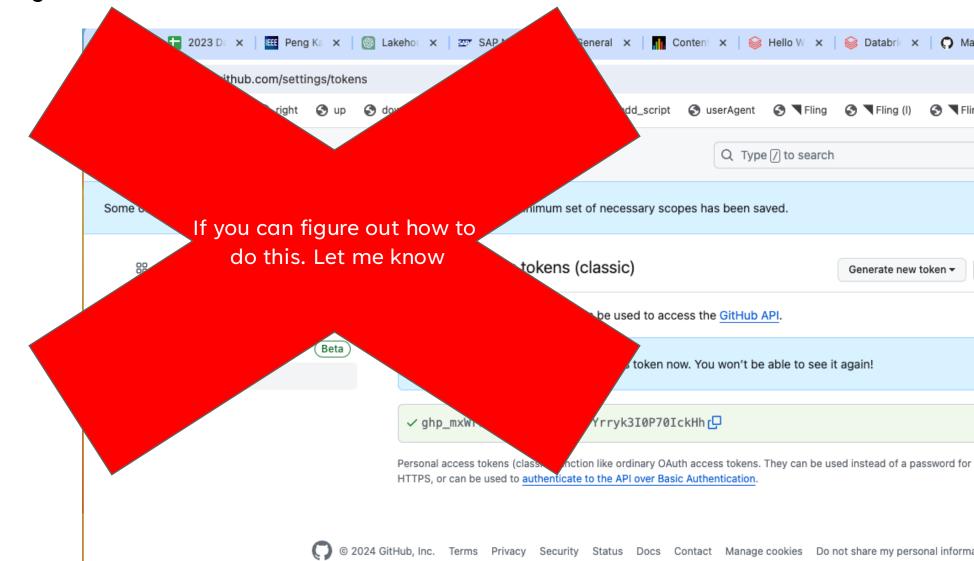
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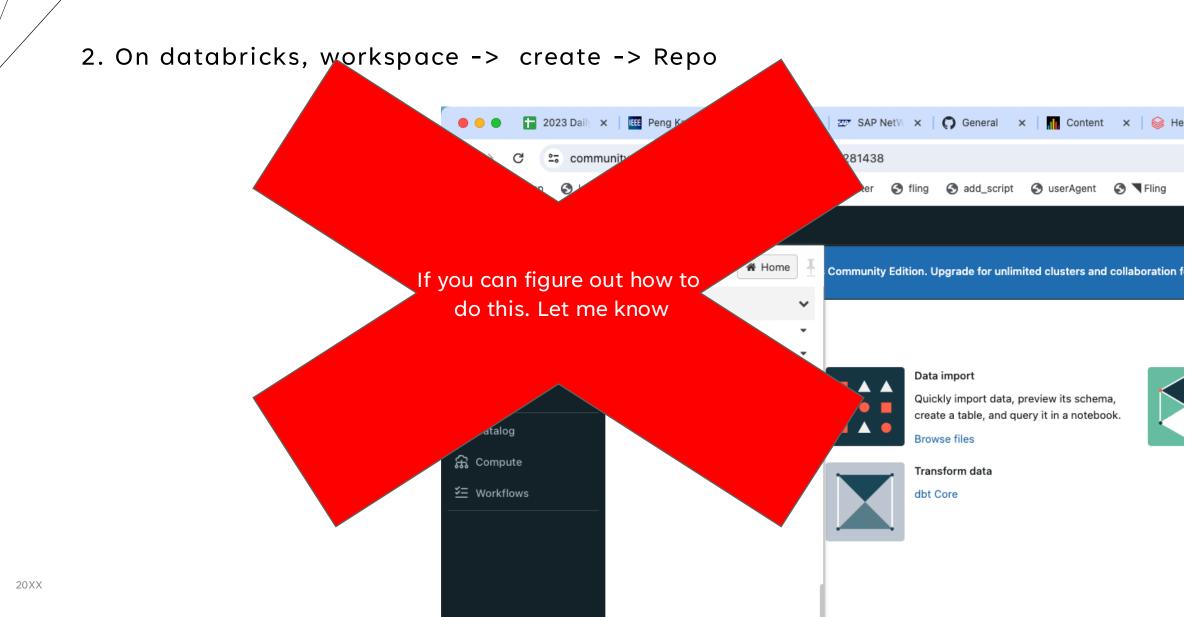


1. On github generate Personal Access Token.



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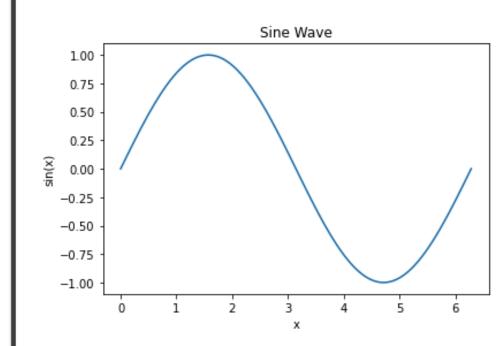
PYTHON

Python is the modern lingua franca of data science.

(show example Hello World using Python in a Databricks Notebook)

VISUALIZATION EXAMPLE USING MATPLOTLIB

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
     import numpy as np
     # Generate a range of x values
     x = np.linspace(0, 2 * np.pi, 100)
 6
     # Calculate the sine of each x value
 8
     y = np.sin(x)
 9
10
     # Create the plot
11
     plt.plot(x, y)
12
     # Label the axes
13
     plt.xlabel('x')
14
15
     plt.ylabel('sin(x)')
16
     # Add a title
17
18
     plt.title('Sine Wave')
19
     # Show the plot
20
21
     plt.show()
```



Command took 0.75 seconds — by harrison@cs.olemiss.edu at 1/25/2024, 1:14:37 PM on My Cluster

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PANDAS DATA FRAMES

A DataFrame is used to represent tabular data like in a spreadsheet

• But programmatic...

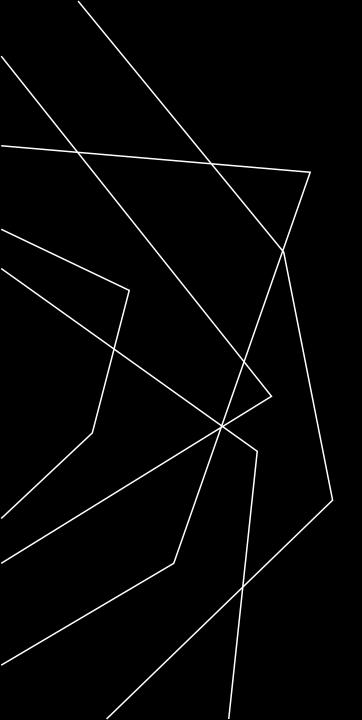
```
1  import pandas as pd
2  import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
3
4  # Create a sample DataFrame
5  data = {
6     'Year': [2015, 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019],
7     'Sales': [200, 300, 350, 280, 500]
8  }
9  df = pd.DataFrame(data)
```

HOMEWORK 1 Get on blackboard.

The homework will be posted there tonight.

- 1. Setup an account with databricks.
- 2. Create a notebook
- 3. See homework on blackboard for problems.
 - 1. Some statistics review.
- 4. Familiarize yourself with DataFrames and visualization.

Due Thursday, Jan 30.



THANK YOU

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