- *** Querying a MongoDB database ***
- 1. Make sure you have MongoDB Database Tools installed (https://docs.mongodb.com/database-tools/installation/).
- 2. Make sure you have a local MongoDB instance running (see lab #2) or use the remote MongoDB Atlas instance (see lab #1).
- 3. Download zips sample data https://github.com/ozlerhakan/mongodb-json-files
- 4. Use mongoimport tool to import the sample dataset
 Syntax: mongoimport <options> <connection-string> <file>
 mongoimport --db=test --collection=zips
 mongodb://mongoadmin:secret@localhost:27888/?authSource=admin zips.json

```
PS C:\Program Files\MongoDB\Server\7.0\bin> mongoimport --db test --collection zips C:\Users\razva\Documents\Master_Poli \Baze_date\zips.json 2024-05-18T23:42:08.113+0300 connected to: mongodb://localhost/ 2024-05-18T23:42:08.440+0300 29353 document(s) imported successfully. 0 document(s) failed to import. PS C:\Program Files\MongoDB\Server\7.0\bin>
```

- 5. Connect to MongoDB using shell mongosh mongodb://mongoadmin:secret@localhost:27888/?authSource=admin
- 6. Query the sample data set

Count the number of zip codes in the collection

> db.zips.count()

Find cities with the population less than 30 > db.zips.find({ pop: { \$lt: 30 } })

```
test> db.zips.find( { pop: { $lt: 30 } } )
       _id: '01338',
city: 'BUCKLAND',
loc: [ -72.764124, 42.615174 ],
       pop: 16,
state: 'MA'
       _id: '02163',
city: 'CAMBRIDGE',
loc: [ -71.141879, 42.364005 ],
       pop: 0,
state: 'MA'
       _id: '03291',
city: 'WEST NOTTINGHAM',
loc: [ -71.111006, 43.133971 ],
pop: 27,
state: 'NH'
       _id: '04013',
city: 'BUSTINS ISLAND',
loc: [ -70.042247, 43.79602 ],
       pop: 0,
state: 'ME'
       _id: '04109',
city: 'CUSHING ISLAND',
loc: [ -70.202201, 43.674971 ],
pop: 28,
state: 'ME'
       _id: '04235',
city: 'FRYE',
loc: [ -70.565319, 44.599482 ],
pop: 28,
state: 'ME'
       _id: '04563',
city: 'CUSHING',
loc: [ -69.272061, 43.986741 ],
pop: 12,
state: 'ME'
          id: '04570'
```

Find cities with the population more than 100k > db.zips.find({ pop: { \$gt: 100000 } })

Find cities with the population more than 100k, but return only the city and population > db.zips.find({ pop: { \$gt: 100000 }}, { city: 1, pop: 1})

Find distinct states

> db.zips.distinct("state")

```
test> db.zips.distinct("state")
[
   'AK', 'AL', 'AR', 'AZ', 'CA', 'CO', 'CT',
   'DC', 'DE', 'FL', 'GA', 'HI', 'IA', 'ID',
   'IL', 'IN', 'KS', 'KY', 'LA', 'MA', 'MD',
   'ME', 'MI', 'MN', 'MO', 'MS', 'MT', 'NC',
   'ND', 'NE', 'NH', 'NJ', 'NM', 'NV', 'NY',
   'OH', 'OK', 'OR', 'PA', 'RI', 'SC', 'SD',
   'TN', 'TX', 'UT', 'VA', 'VT', 'WA', 'WI',
   'WV', 'WY'
]
test>
```

Find states that have cities with a population over 80k > db.zips.distinct("state", {pop: { \$gt: 80000}})

```
test> db.zips.distinct("state", {pop: { $gt: 80000}})
[ 'CA', 'IL', 'MI', 'NY', 'PA' ]
test> |
```

NEXT:

We will update and delete documents in the sample data inside our MongoDB instance. Familiarize yourself with the update and delete MongoDB operators (see reference docs at https://docs.mongodb.com/manual/reference/operator/update/)