

# **AN1266**

# **KEELOQ<sup>TM</sup> with XTEA Microcontroller-Based Code Hopping Encoder**

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## INTRODUCTION

This application note describes the design of a microcontroller-based Keeloq<sup>TM</sup> Hopping Encoder using the XTEA encryption algorithm. This encoder is implemented on the Microchip PIC16F636 microcontroller. A description of the encoding process, the encoding hardware and description of the software modules are included within this application note. The software was designed to emulate an HCS365 dual encoder. As it is, this design can be used to implement a secure system transmitter that will have the flexibility to be designed into various types of Keeloq receiver/decoders.

#### BACKGROUND

XTEA stands for Tiny Encryption Algorithm Version 2. This encryption algorithm is an improvement over the original TEA algorithm. It was developed by David Wheeler and Roger Needham of the Cambridge Computer Laboratory. XTEA is practical both for its security and the small size of its algorithm.

XTEA security is achieved by the number of iterations it goes through. The implementation in this KEELOQ Hoppping Decoder uses 32 iterations. If a higher level of security is needed, 64 iterations can be used.

For a more detailed description of the XTEA encryption algorithm please refer to AN953, "Data Encryption Routines for the PIC18".

#### TRANSMITTER OVERVIEW

As this is an emulation of the HCS365, the transmitter has the following key features:

#### Security:

- · Two programmable 32-bit serial numbers
- Two programmable 128-bit encryption keys
- Two programmable 64-bit seed values
- · Each transmitter is unique
- 104-bit transmission code length
- · 64-bit hopping code

## Operation:

- 2.0-5.5V operation
- · Four button inputs
- 15 functions available
- · Four selectable baud rates
- · Selectable minimum code word completion
- · Battery low signal transmitted to receiver
- · Nonvolatile synchronization data
- PWM, VPWM, PPM, and Manchester modulation
- · Button gueue information transmitted
- · Dual Encoder functionality

#### **DUAL ENCODER OPERATION**

This firmware contains two transmitter configurations with separate serial numbers, encoder keys, discrimination values, counters and seed values. This means that the transmitter can be used as two independent systems. The SHIFT(S3) input pin is used to select between encoder configurations. A low on this pin will select Encoder 1, and a high will select Encoder 2.

#### **FUNCTIONAL INPUTS AND OUTPUTS**

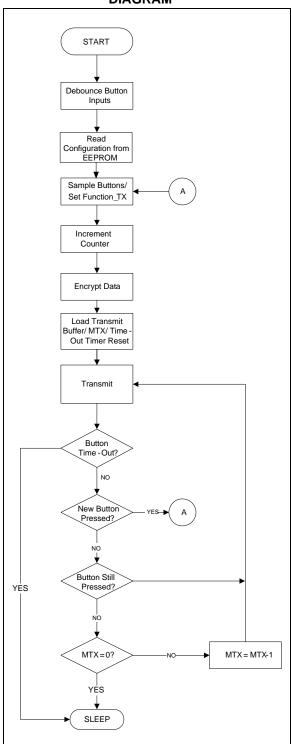
The software implementation makes use of the following pin designations:

TABLE 1: FUNCTIONAL INPUTS AND OUTPUTS

0011010						
Label	Pin Number	Input/ Output	Function			
S0	2 (RA5)	Input	Switch Input S0			
S1	3 (RA4)	Input	Switch input S1			
S2	4 (RA3)	Input	Switch Input S2			
S3	5 (RA2)	Input	Switch Input S3			
RF_OUT	6 (RA1)	Output	Encoded transmitter signal output			
LED	7 (RA0)	Output	LED On/Off			

#### OPERATION FLOW DIAGRAM

# FIGURE 1: OPERATION FLOW DIAGRAM



#### SAMPLE BUTTONS/WAKE-UP

Upon power-up, the transmitter verifies the state of the buttons inputs and determines if a button is pressed. If no button pressed is detected, the transmitter will go to Sleep mode. The transmitter will wake-up whenever a button is pressed. Wake-up is achieved by configuring the input port to generate an interrupt-on-change. After the wake event, the input buttons are debounced for 20 ms to make a determination on which buttons have been pressed. The button input values are then placed in the transmission buffer, in the appropriate section.

#### LOAD SYSTEM CONFIGURATION

After waking up and debouncing the input switches, the firmware will read the system Configuration bytes. These Configuration bytes will determine what data and modulation format will be for the transmission.

All the system Configuration bytes are stored in the EEPROM. Below is the EEPROM mapping for the PIC16F636 transmitter showing the configuration and data bits stored.

TABLE 2: EEPROM MAPPING FOR THE PIC16F636 TRANSMITTER

Offset	Bits								
Bytes	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	MNEMONIC
0x00		•	Sync Co	unter, Byte 0, T	ransmitter 0,	Сору А		<b>-</b>	EE_CNT0A
0x01			Sync Co	ınter, Byte 1, T	ransmitter 0,	Сору А			
0x02			Sync Co	unter, Byte 2, T	ransmitter 0,	Сору А			
0x03			Sync Co	unter, Byte 3, T	ransmitter 0,	Сору А			
0x04			Sync Co	unter, Byte 0, T	ransmitter 0,	Сору В			EE_CNT0B
0x05	Sync Counter, Byte 1, Transmitter 0, Copy B								
0x06	Sync Counter, Byte 2, Transmitter 0, Copy B								
0x07			Sync Co	unter, Byte 3, T	ransmitter 0,	Сору В			
0x08			Sync Co	unter, Byte 0, T	ransmitter 0,	Сору С			EE_CNT0C
0x09			Sync Co	unter, Byte 1, T	ransmitter 0,	Сору С			
0x0A			Sync Co	unter, Byte 2, T	ransmitter 0,	Сору С			
0x0B			Sync Cou	unter, Byte 3, T	ransmitter 0,	Сору С			
0x0C	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
0x0D			Sync Co	unter, Byte 0, T	ransmitter 1,	Сору А			EE_CNT1A
0x0E			Sync Co	unter, Byte 1, T	ransmitter 1,	Сору А			
0x0F			Sync Co	unter, Byte 2, T	ransmitter 1,	Сору А			
0x10			Sync Co	unter, Byte 3, T	ransmitter 1,	Сору А			
0x11			Sync Co	unter, Byte 0, T	ransmitter 1,	Сору В			EE_CNT1B
0x12			Sync Co	unter, Byte 1, T	ransmitter 1,	Сору В			
0x13	Sync Counter, Byte 2, Transmitter 1, Copy B								
0x14			Sync Co	unter, Byte 3, T	ransmitter 1,	Сору В			
0x15	Sync Counter, Byte 0, Transmitter 1, Copy C						EE_CNT1C		
0x16	Sync Counter, Byte 1, Transmitter 1, Copy C								
0x17	Sync Counter, Byte 2, Transmitter 1, Copy C								
0x18			Sync Co	unter, Byte 3, T	ransmitter 1,	Сору С			
0x19	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
0x1A	Serial Number, Byte 0, Transmitter 0						EE_SER		
0x1B	Serial Number, Byte 1, Transmitter 0								
0x1C			Seria	l Number, Byte	2, Transmitte	er 0			
0x1D			Seria	l Number, Byte	3, Transmitte	er 0			
0x1E	Seed Value, Byte 0, Transmitter 0						EE_SEED		
0x1F	Seed Value, Byte 1, Transmitter 0								
0x20	Seed Value, Byte 2, Transmitter 0								
0x21	Seed Value, Byte 3, Transmitter 0								
0x22	Seed Value, Byte 4, Transmitter 0								
0x23	Seed Value, Byte 5, Transmitter 0								
0x24	Seed Value, Byte 6, Transmitter 0								
0x25			See	d Value, Byte 7	, Transmitter	. 0			
0x26	STRTSEL_0	QUEN_0	XSER_0	HEADER_0	TMOD_0:1	TMOD_0	:0		TX0_CFG0
0x27			Use	er Value, Byte 0	, Transmitter	0			EE_DISC
0x28			Use	er Value, Byte 1	, Transmitter	0			
0x29			Use	er Value, Byte 2	, Transmitter	0			
0x2A			Use	er Value, Byte 3	, Transmitter	0			
0x2B			Encry	ption Key, Byte	0, Transmitt	er 0			EE_KEY
0x2C			Encry	ption Key, Byte	1, Transmitt	er 0			
0x2D			Encry	ption Key, Byte	2, Transmitt	er 0		_	

# TABLE 2: EEPROM MAPPING FOR THE PIC16F636 TRANSMITTER (CONTINUED)

IABLE	Z. EEPROWIWAFF			( )				
0x2E		Encryption Key, Byte	3, Transmitter 0					
0x2F	Encryption Key, Byte 4, Transmitter 0							
0x30	Encryption Key, Byte 5, Transmitter 0							
0x31	Encryption Key, Byte 6, Transmitter 0							
0x32	Encryption Key, Byte 7, Transmitter 0							
0x33	Encryption Key, Byte 8, Transmitter 0							
0x34	Encryption Key, Byte 9, Transmitter 0							
0x35	Encryption Key, Byte 10, Transmitter 0							
0x36	Encryption Key, Byte 10, Transmitter 0  Encryption Key, Byte 11, Transmitter 0							
0x37		Encryption Key, Byte	12, Transmitter 0					
0x38		Encryption Key, Byte						
0x39		Encryption Key, Byte						
0x3A		Encryption Key, Byte						
0x3B		Serial Number, Byte			B_EE_SER			
0x3C		Serial Number, Byte						
0x3D		Serial Number, Byte						
0x3E		Serial Number, Byte	·					
0x3F		Seed Value, Byte 0.	•		B_EE_SEED			
0x40		Seed Value, Byte 1	•		B_EE_GEEB			
0x40 0x41		Seed Value, Byte 2						
0x41 0x42		Seed Value, Byte 3						
0x42 0x43		Seed Value, Byte 3						
0x43 0x44		•						
		Seed Value, Byte 5						
0x45		Seed Value, Byte 6						
0x46	OTDTOEL 4 OUEN 4	Seed Value, Byte 7		<u> </u>	TX1_CFG1			
0x47 0x48	STRTSEL_1 QUEN_1 XSER_1 HEADER_1 TMOD_1:1 TMOD_1:0							
	User Value, Byte 0, Transmitter 1							
0x49	User Value, Byte 1, Transmitter 1							
0x4A	User Value, Byte 2, Transmitter 1							
0x4B		Llass Value Duta O						
I 040 T		User Value, Byte 3,	Transmitter 1		D EE KEV			
0x4C		Encryption Key, Byte	Transmitter 1 0, Transmitter 1		B_EE_KEY			
0x4D		Encryption Key, Byte Encryption Key, Byte	Transmitter 1 0, Transmitter 1 1, Transmitter 1		B_EE_KEY			
0x4D 0x4E		Encryption Key, Byte Encryption Key, Byte Encryption Key, Byte	Transmitter 1 0, Transmitter 1 1, Transmitter 1 2, Transmitter 1		B_EE_KEY			
0x4D 0x4E 0x4F		Encryption Key, Byte Encryption Key, Byte Encryption Key, Byte Encryption Key, Byte	Transmitter 1 0, Transmitter 1 1, Transmitter 1 2, Transmitter 1 3, Transmitter 1		B_EE_KEY			
0x4D 0x4E 0x4F 0x50		Encryption Key, Byte	Transmitter 1 0, Transmitter 1 1, Transmitter 1 2, Transmitter 1 3, Transmitter 1 4, Transmitter 1		B_EE_KEY			
0x4D 0x4E 0x4F 0x50 0x51		Encryption Key, Byte	Transmitter 1 0, Transmitter 1 1, Transmitter 1 2, Transmitter 1 3, Transmitter 1 4, Transmitter 1 5, Transmitter 1		B_EE_KEY			
0x4D 0x4E 0x4F 0x50 0x51 0x52		Encryption Key, Byte	Transmitter 1 0, Transmitter 1 1, Transmitter 1 2, Transmitter 1 3, Transmitter 1 4, Transmitter 1 5, Transmitter 1 6, Transmitter 1		B_EE_KEY			
0x4D 0x4E 0x4F 0x50 0x51 0x52 0x53		Encryption Key, Byte	Transmitter 1 0, Transmitter 1 1, Transmitter 1 2, Transmitter 1 3, Transmitter 1 4, Transmitter 1 5, Transmitter 1 6, Transmitter 1 7, Transmitter 1		B_EE_KEY			
0x4D 0x4E 0x4F 0x50 0x51 0x52 0x53 0x54		Encryption Key, Byte	Transmitter 1 0, Transmitter 1 1, Transmitter 1 2, Transmitter 1 3, Transmitter 1 4, Transmitter 1 5, Transmitter 1 6, Transmitter 1 7, Transmitter 1 8, Transmitter 1		B_EE_KEY			
0x4D 0x4E 0x4F 0x50 0x51 0x52 0x53 0x54 0x55		Encryption Key, Byte	Transmitter 1 0, Transmitter 1 1, Transmitter 1 2, Transmitter 1 3, Transmitter 1 4, Transmitter 1 5, Transmitter 1 6, Transmitter 1 7, Transmitter 1 8, Transmitter 1 9, Transmitter 1		B_EE_KEY			
0x4D 0x4E 0x4F 0x50 0x51 0x52 0x53 0x54 0x55 0x56		Encryption Key, Byte	Transmitter 1 0, Transmitter 1 1, Transmitter 1 2, Transmitter 1 3, Transmitter 1 4, Transmitter 1 5, Transmitter 1 6, Transmitter 1 7, Transmitter 1 8, Transmitter 1 9, Transmitter 1 10, Transmitter 1		B_EE_KEY			
0x4D 0x4E 0x4F 0x50 0x51 0x52 0x53 0x54 0x55		Encryption Key, Byte	Transmitter 1 0, Transmitter 1 1, Transmitter 1 2, Transmitter 1 3, Transmitter 1 4, Transmitter 1 5, Transmitter 1 6, Transmitter 1 7, Transmitter 1 8, Transmitter 1 9, Transmitter 1 10, Transmitter 1 11, Transmitter 1		B_EE_KEY			
0x4D 0x4E 0x4F 0x50 0x51 0x52 0x53 0x54 0x55 0x56		Encryption Key, Byte	Transmitter 1 0, Transmitter 1 1, Transmitter 1 2, Transmitter 1 3, Transmitter 1 4, Transmitter 1 5, Transmitter 1 6, Transmitter 1 7, Transmitter 1 8, Transmitter 1 9, Transmitter 1 10, Transmitter 1 11, Transmitter 1		B_EE_KEY			
0x4D 0x4E 0x4F 0x50 0x51 0x52 0x53 0x54 0x55 0x56 0x57		Encryption Key, Byte	Transmitter 1 0, Transmitter 1 1, Transmitter 1 2, Transmitter 1 3, Transmitter 1 4, Transmitter 1 5, Transmitter 1 6, Transmitter 1 7, Transmitter 1 8, Transmitter 1 9, Transmitter 1 10, Transmitter 1 11, Transmitter 1 12, Transmitter 1 13, Transmitter 1		B_EE_KEY			
0x4D 0x4E 0x4F 0x50 0x51 0x52 0x53 0x54 0x55 0x56 0x57 0x58		Encryption Key, Byte	Transmitter 1 0, Transmitter 1 1, Transmitter 1 2, Transmitter 1 3, Transmitter 1 4, Transmitter 1 5, Transmitter 1 6, Transmitter 1 7, Transmitter 1 8, Transmitter 1 9, Transmitter 1 10, Transmitter 1 11, Transmitter 1 12, Transmitter 1 13, Transmitter 1		B_EE_KEY			
0x4D 0x4E 0x4F 0x50 0x51 0x52 0x53 0x54 0x55 0x56 0x57 0x58 0x59		Encryption Key, Byte	Transmitter 1 0, Transmitter 1 1, Transmitter 1 2, Transmitter 1 3, Transmitter 1 4, Transmitter 1 5, Transmitter 1 6, Transmitter 1 7, Transmitter 1 8, Transmitter 1 9, Transmitter 1 10, Transmitter 1 11, Transmitter 1 12, Transmitter 1 13, Transmitter 1 14, Transmitter 1 14, Transmitter 1		B_EE_KEY			
0x4D 0x4E 0x4F 0x50 0x51 0x52 0x53 0x54 0x55 0x56 0x57 0x58 0x59 0x5A	GSEL_0	Encryption Key, Byte	Transmitter 1 0, Transmitter 1 1, Transmitter 1 2, Transmitter 1 3, Transmitter 1 4, Transmitter 1 5, Transmitter 1 6, Transmitter 1 7, Transmitter 1 8, Transmitter 1 9, Transmitter 1 10, Transmitter 1 11, Transmitter 1 12, Transmitter 1 13, Transmitter 1 14, Transmitter 1 14, Transmitter 1	SDMD_0 SDLM_0	B_EE_KEY			
0x4D 0x4E 0x4F 0x50 0x51 0x52 0x53 0x54 0x55 0x56 0x57 0x58 0x59 0x5A	GSEL_0 LEDOS_1 LEDBL_1	Encryption Key, Byte	Transmitter 1 0, Transmitter 1 1, Transmitter 1 2, Transmitter 1 3, Transmitter 1 4, Transmitter 1 5, Transmitter 1 6, Transmitter 1 7, Transmitter 1 8, Transmitter 1 9, Transmitter 1 10, Transmitter 1 11, Transmitter 1 12, Transmitter 1 13, Transmitter 1 14, Transmitter 1 15, Transmitter 1	SDMD_0 SDLM_0				
0x4D 0x4E 0x4F 0x50 0x51 0x52 0x53 0x54 0x55 0x56 0x57 0x58 0x59 0x5A 0x5B		Encryption Key, Byte	Transmitter 1 0, Transmitter 1 1, Transmitter 1 2, Transmitter 1 3, Transmitter 1 4, Transmitter 1 5, Transmitter 1 6, Transmitter 1 7, Transmitter 1 8, Transmitter 1 9, Transmitter 1 10, Transmitter 1 11, Transmitter 1 12, Transmitter 1 13, Transmitter 1 14, Transmitter 1 15, Transmitter 1 15, Transmitter 1 15, Transmitter 1	l e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	TX0_CFG1			

# **CONFIGURATION WORDS DESCRIPTION**

# TABLE 3: TX0\_CFG0 (FOR TRANSMITTER 0, FOR TRANSMITTER 1 USE TX1\_CFG0)

BIT	Field	Description	Values
0	Not used	_	_
1	Not used		
2	TMOD:0	Transmission Modulation Format	00 = PWM 01= Manchester 10 = VPWM
3	TMOD:1		11 = PPM
4	HEADER	Time Length of Transmission Header	0 = 4*Te 1 = 10*Te
6	QUEN	Queue Counter Enable	0 = Disable 1 = Enable
7	STRTSEL	Start/Stop Pulse Enable	0 = Disable 1 = Enable

# TABLE 4: TX0\_CFG1 (FOR TRANSMITTER 0, FOR TRANSMITTER 1 USE TX1\_CFG1)

BIT	Field	Description	Values
0	SDLM	Limited Seed Enable	0 = Disable 1 = Enable
1	SDMD	Seed Mode	0 = User 1 = Production
2	SDTM <3:2>	Time Before Seed Code Word	00 = 0.0 sec 01= 0.8 sec 10 = 1.6 sec
3			11 = 3.2 sec
4	BSEL <5:4>	Transmission Baud Rate Select	00 = 100 μs 01 = 200 μs
5			10 = 400 μs 11 = 800 μs
6	GSEL <7:6>	Guard Time Select	00 = 0.0 ms 01 = 6.4 ms
7			10 = 51.2 ms 11 = 102.4 ms

TABLE 5: SYSCFG0

BIT	Field	Description	Values
0	WAKE <1:0>	Wake-up	00 = No wake-up 01 = 75ms 50%
			10 = 50ms 33%
1			11 = 100ms 16.6%
3	VLOWL	Low-Voltage Latch Enable	0 = Disable
			1 = Enable
4	VLOWSEL	Transmission Baud Rate Select	0 = 2.2V
			1 = 3.2V
5	PLLSEL	PLL interface Select	0 = ASK
			1 = FSK
6	LEDBL_0	Low-Voltage LED Blink	0 = Continuous
		_	1 = Once
7	LEDOS 0	LED On Time Select	0 = 50 ms
			1 = 100 ms

#### TABLE 6: SYSCFG1

BIT	Field	Description	Values
0	MTX <1:0>	Maximum Code Words	00 = 1 01 = 2
1			10 = 4 11 = 8
2	INDESEL	Dual Encoder Enable	0 = Disable 1 = Enable
3	RFEN0	RF Enable Output Select	0 = Disable 1 = Enable
4	TSEL	Time-out Select	00 = Disabled 01 = 0.8 sec
5			10 = 3.2 sec 11 = 25.6 sec
6	LEDBL_1	Low-Voltage LED Blink	0 = Continuous 1 = Once
7	LEDOS_1	LED On Time Select	0 = 50 ms 1 = 100 ms

## EE\_SER AND B\_EE\_SER

These locations store the 4 bytes of the 32-bit serial number for transmitter 1 and transmitter 2. There are 32 bits allocated for the serial number and the serial number is meant to be unique for every transmitter.

# EE\_SEED AND B\_EE\_SEED

This is the 64-bit seed code that will be transmitted when seed transmission is selected. EE\_SEED for transmitter 0 and B\_EE\_SEED for transmitter 1. This allows for the implementation of the secure learning scheme.

# EE\_KEY AND B\_EE\_KEY 128-BIT ENCRYPTION KEY)

The 128-bit encryption key is used by the transmitter to create the encrypted message transmitted to the receiver. This key is created using a key generation algorithm. The inputs to the key generation algorithm are the secret manufacturer's code, the serial number, and/or the SEED value. The user may elect to use the algorithm supplied by Microchip or to create their own method of key generation.

#### COUNTER-CODE DESCRIPTION

The following addresses save the counter checksum values. The counter value is stored in the Counter locations (COUNTA, COUNTB, COUNTC described on the EEPROM table. This code is contained in module CounterCode.inc.

#### **BUTTON PRESS DURING TRANSMIT**

If the device is in the process of transmitting and detects that a new button is pressed, the current transmission will be aborted, a new code word will be generated based on the new button information and transmitted. If all the buttons are released, a minimum number of code words will be completed. If the time for transmitting the minimum code words is longer than the time-out time, or the button is pressed for that long, the device will time-out.

#### **CODE TRANSMISSION FORMAT**

The following is the data stream format transmitted (Table 7):

TABLE 7: KEELOQ/XTEA PACKET FORMAT:

Plaintext (40 bits)				Encrypted (64 bits)		
CRC (2 bits)	VLOW	Function Code	Serial Number	Function Code	User	Counter
	(1 bit)	(4 bits)	(32 bits)	(8 bits)	(24 bits)	(32 bits)

Data transmitted LSb first

A KEELOQ/XTEA transmission consists of 64 bits of hopping code data, 36 bits of fixed code data and 3 bits of status information.

#### HOPPING CODE PORTION

The hopping code portion is calculated by encrypting the counter, discrimination value, and function code with the Encoder Key (KEY). A new hopping code is calculated every time a button press is pressed.

The discrimination value can be programmed with any fixed value to serve as a post decryption check on the receiver end.

#### **FIXED CODE PORTION**

The 40 bits of fixed consist of 32 bits of serial number and four bits of the 8-bit function code.

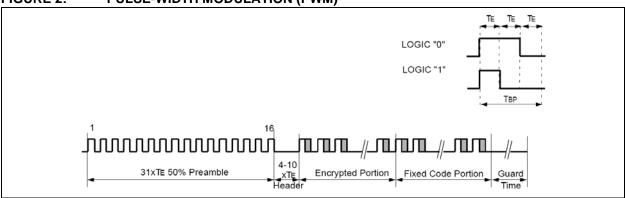
Each code word contains a preamble, header and data, and is separated from another code by guard time. The Guard Time Select (GSEL) configuration option can select a time period of 0ms, 6.4ms, 51.2ms or 102.4ms.

All other timing specifications are based on the timing element (Te). This Te can be set to 100  $\mu$ s, 200  $\mu$ s, 400  $\mu$ s or 800  $\mu$ s with the Baud Rate Select (BSEL) configuration. The calibration header time can be set to 4\*Te or 10\*Te with the Header Select (HEADER) configuration option.

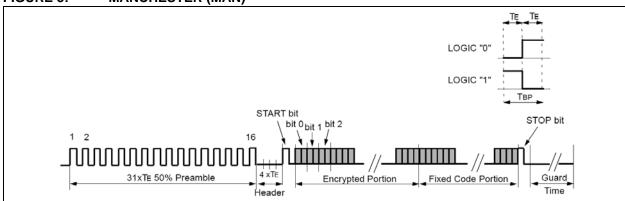
The firmware has four different transmission modulation formats available. The Modulation select (TMOD) Configuration Option is used to select between:

- Pulse-Width Modulation (PWM) Figure 2
- Manchester (MAN) Figure 3
- Variable Pulse-Width Modulation (VPWM) Figure 4
- Pulse Position Modulation (PPM) Figure 5

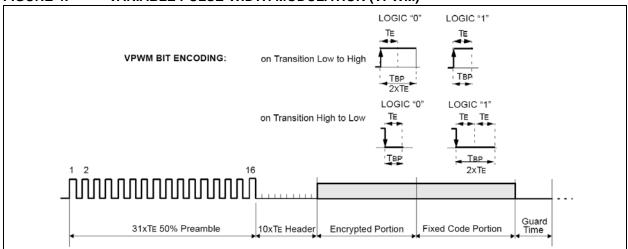
## FIGURE 2: PULSE-WIDTH MODULATION (PWM)



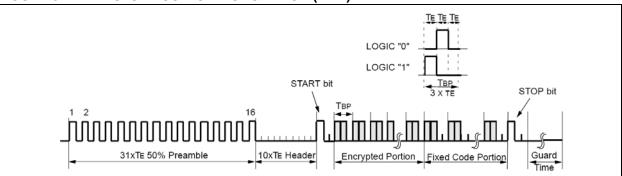
# FIGURE 3: MANCHESTER (MAN)



## FIGURE 4: VARIABLE PULSE-WIDTH MODULATION (VPWM)







If the Start/Stop Pulse Enable (STEN) configuration option is enabled, the software will place a leading and trailing '1' on each code word. This bit is necessary for modulation formats such as Manchester and PPM to interpret the first and last data bit.

A receiver wake-up sequence can be transmitted before the transmission starts. The wake-up sequence is configured with the Wake-up (WAKE) configuration option and can be disabled or set to 50 ms, 75 ms, or 100 ms of pulses of Te width.

#### FIRMWARE MODULES

The following files make up the KEELOQ transmitter firmware:

- XTEA\_KLQ 16F636.asm: this file contains the main loop routine as well as the wake-up, debounce, read configuration, load transmit buffer and transmit routines.
- XTEA\_Encrypt.inc: this file runs the XTEA encryption algorithm.
- XTEA\_eeprom.inc: this file contains the EEPROM data as specified on the EEPROM data map.
- <u>CounterCode.inc</u>: Calculates the checksums and confirms the validity of the counter.

Because of statutory export license restrictions on encryption software, the source code listings for the XTEA algorithms are not provided here.

These applications may be ordered from Microchip Technology Inc. through its sales offices, or through the corporate web site: <a href="https://www.microchip.com">www.microchip.com</a>.

#### CONCLUSION

This KEELOQ/XTEA transmitter firmware has all the features of a standard hardware encoder. What makes this firmware implementation useful is that it gives the designer the power and flexibility of modifying the encoding and/or transmission formats and parameters to suit their security system.

#### REFERENCES

- C. Gübel, AN821, "Advanced Encryption Standard Using the PIC16XXX" (DS00821), Microchip Technology Inc. 2002.
- D. Flowers, AN953, "Data Encryption Routines for the PIC18" (DS00953), Microchip Technology Inc., 2005.

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**NOTES:** 

#### Note the following details of the code protection feature on Microchip devices:

- · Microchip products meet the specification contained in their particular Microchip Data Sheet.
- Microchip believes that its family of products is one of the most secure families of its kind on the market today, when used in the
  intended manner and under normal conditions.
- There are dishonest and possibly illegal methods used to breach the code protection feature. All of these methods, to our
  knowledge, require using the Microchip products in a manner outside the operating specifications contained in Microchip's Data
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03/26/09