

# CPSC 304

2015 Summer Term 1

Project Part 3: Project Documentation

Group Name: Computer Scientists

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By typing our names and student numbers in the above table, we certify that the work in the attached assignment was performed solely by those whose names and student IDs are included above.

In addition, we indicate that we are fully aware of the rules and consequences of plagiarism, as set forth by the Department of Computer Science and the University of British Columbia.

## **1. Project Accomplishments**

The domain modeled for this project is the registration for a summer camp, specifically the registration information associated with summer camp activities for both campers and counsellors.

As per the schema and specifications, the database contains and models information about registration (payment, time, etc), campers (assigned cabin, activities signed up, etc.), counsellors (activities being taught, cabin supervised, etc.), and facilities (address, available cabins, etc.). Each camper can complete multiple registrations (at least one registration is required) for a variety of camps and sessions, can be assigned to cabins, and can sign up for multiple activities (registered campers must sign up for at least one activity). A payment is required for each registration. Campers are identified through their name and phone number.

Camps are associated with a week and can hire counsellor(s), who will supervise cabins and lead activities. Each cabin requires a counsellor as a supervisor, but not all counsellors have to be supervisors.

All the information in the database is stored on the Oracle server and can be accessed via a Java-based User Interface.

## **2. Changes in Final Schema**

Some changes were made to the final schema, as we discovered additional things. The changes we made are outlined below, most of which were either adjusting naming of variables or adding constraints. Changes to naming were made mostly for consistency in naming conventions and across schema, while we originally failed to include certain constraints that needed to hold in the database. Certain references to foreign keys needed not null constraints for logical consistency in the database - a camp cannot be created without a facility or a type, certain elements of registration are required for the registration to be valid.

The one structural change we made was changing the attributes of “session”, changing it from having a start date and an end date to having a name (essentially giving the index of the week) and description, that included the start and end date as a string. We realized it made the most sense for the sessions to be hardcoded into the database, and we did not want anyone to have the functionality to add or remove sessions. Because the start date and end date were strictly for information purposes, it was more convenient and logical to store these as a string in a description.

### **Camp**

Camp(name, fid, type, max\_capacity)

- Foreign Key:
  - fid references Facility
  - type references TypeFee

#### *Changes*

Attribute name change: facility\_ID → fid

fid: +NOT NULL

type: +NOT NULL

### **TypeFee**

TypeFee(type, fee)

#### *Changes*

None

### **Facility**

Facility(id, name, address, phone\_num)

#### *Changes*

Attribute name change: phone# → phone\_num

### **CampSession**

CampSession(id, name, description)

### *Changes*

Table name change: Session → CampSession

Remove attribute: start\_date

Remove attribute: end\_date

Added attribute: name

Added attribute: description

### **Registration**

Registration(conf\_num, sid, camp\_name, camper\_id, cabin\_id, counsellor\_id, is\_paid)

- Foreign Key:
  - sid references CampSession
  - camp\_name references Camp
  - camper\_id references Camper
  - cabin\_id references Cabin
  - counsellor\_id references Counsellor

### *Changes*

Attribute name change: confirmation# → conf\_num

Attribute name change: session\_ID → sid

Attribute name change: camper\_ID → camper\_id

Attribute name change: cabin\_ID → cabin\_id

Attribute name change: counsellor\_ID → counsellor\_id

sid: +NOT NULL

camp\_name: +NOT NULL

camper\_id: +NOT NULL

### **Counsellor**

Counsellor(id, name, camp\_name, cabin\_id)

- Foreign Key:
  - cabin\_id reference Cabin
  - camp\_name reference Camp

### *Changes*

Added attribute: camp\_name

### **Activity**

Activity(name, supplies, description)

### *Changes*

None

### **Camper**

Camper(camper\_id, name, phone\_num, address, email)

*Changes*

Attribute name change: phone# → phone\_num

**Cabin**

Cabin(id, num, fid)

- Foreign Key:
  - fid references Facility

*Changes*

Attribute name change: cabin\_ID → id

Attribute name change: number → num

Attribute name change: facility\_ID → fid

**CampOffers**

CampOffers(camp\_name, activity\_name)

- Foreign Key:
  - camp\_name references Camp
  - activity\_name references Activity

*Changes*

None

### **3. SQL Queries**

Campers will have access to 6.1~6.8

Administrators will have access to 6.9~6.15, 6.20, 6.21

Instructors will have access to 6.16~6.19, 6.20, 6.21

**See CamperQueries.java, AdminQueries.java, CounsellorQueries.java for more details**

#### **6.1 Complete Registration - CamperQueries.java**

Input: name, address, phone, email

Inserts new camper's name, address, phone number and email into Campers database

```
INSERT INTO Camper(id, name, phone_num, address, email)
VALUES (camper_counter.nextval, name, phone, address, email)
```

```
SELECT camper_counter.currval
FROM Camper
```

Output: Generated camperID

Input: camperID, sessionID, campName

Inserts Generated camperID and the sessionID and camp name to be assigned into Registration database

```
INSERT INTO Registration(conf_num, sid, camp_name, camper_id, is_paid)
VALUES (registration_counter.nextval, sessionID, campName, camperID, 0)
```

```
SELECT registration_counter.currval
FROM Registration
```

Output: Generated confirmationNo

#### **6.2 Make Payment - CamperQueries.java**

Input: confNo

For Registration record with inputted confNo, sets is\_paid flag to Paid.

```
SELECT is_paid
FROM Registration
WHERE conf_num = confNo
```

```
UPDATE Registration
SET is_paid = 1
```

WHERE conf\_num = confNo

### 6.3 Search Activity by Camp - CamperQueries.java

Input: campName

Takes campName, searches in CampOffers table for all activities offered by that camp, and returns that list of activities.

```
SELECT activity_name
FROM CampOffers
WHERE camp_name = campName
```

Output: List of activity\_names

### 6.4 Search Camps by Activity - CamperQueries.java

Input: List of activities[n]

Takes list of activities, searches CampOffers table for camps that offer all activities in that list, then returns the found list of camp\_names.

```
SELECT c1.name
FROM Camp c1
WHERE NOT EXISTS ((SELECT a.name
                    FROM Activity a
                    WHERE a.name = activities[1] OR a.name = activities[2] OR ...
                    OR a.name = activities[n])
                  MINUS
                  (SELECT activity_name
                   FROM CampOffers c2
                   WHERE c1.name = c2.camp_name))
```

Output: List of camp\_names

### 6.5 Search Activities by Supply - REMOVED

### 6.6 Search for Session - REMOVED

### NEW 6.6 Get all Sessions

Returns all sessions in CampSession table

```
SELECT *
```

FROM CampSession

Output: List of session\_names

#### 6.7 Cancel Registration - CamperQueries.java

Input: confNo

Searches Registration for record with that confNo, then deletes that record.

```
DELETE FROM Registration
WHERE conf_num = confNo
```

#### 6.8 Change Session - CamperQueries.java

Input: confNo, sessionID

For Registration record with that confNo, changes session to new sessionID

```
UPDATE Registration
SET sid = sessionID
WHERE conf_num = confNo
```

#### 6.9 Assign Cabin Supervisor - AdminQueries.java

Input: cabinID, counsellor\_id

Checks Counsellor, Cabin and Camp tables; if counsellor with counsellor\_id is working at the same camp as the cabin with CabinID, assigns that cabin to that counsellor in Counsellor table

```
SELECT fid
FROM Cabin
WHERE id = cabinID AND fid IN (SELECT ca.fid
                                FROM Camp ca, Counsellor co
                                WHERE co.camp_name = ca.name AND co.id =
                                counsellor_id)
```

```
UPDATE Counsellor
SET cabin_id = cabinID
WHERE id = counsellor_id
```

#### 6.10 Set Works At - AdminQueries.java

Input: counsellor\_id, camp\_name



Checks Counsellor table; if counsellor with counsellor\_id is not assigned to any camp, assigns the camp with camp\_name to that counsellor

```
SELECT camp_name
FROM Counsellor
WHERE id = counsellor_id AND camp_name IS NULL
```

```
UPDATE Counsellor
SET camp_name = camp_name
WHERE id = counsellor_id
```

#### 6.11 Assign Registration to Counsellor - AdminQueries.java

Input: counsellor\_id, confirmNo

Checks Registration for the record with confirmNo; if that record has no assigned counsellor, assigns that counsellor with counsellor\_id to that registration record.

```
SELECT R.conf_num, R.camp_name, R.counsellor_id, C.id
FROM Counsellor C, Registration R
WHERE R.camp_name = C.camp_name AND R.conf_num = confirmNo
```

```
UPDATE Registration
SET counsellor_id = counsellor_id
WHERE conf_num = confirmNo
```

#### 6.12 Create Session - **REMOVED**

##### **NEW 6.12 Delete Camper**

Input: camperID

Looks in Camper table for camper with camperID, then deletes that camper from table if it exists.

```
SELECT id
FROM Camper
WHERE id = camperID
```

```
DELETE FROM Camper
WHERE id = camperID
```

### 6.13 Check Registration Payment - AdminQueries.java

Input: camp\_name

Looks in Registration table and searches for all campers attending camp\_name that have not paid yet, and returns a list of phone numbers for those campers via the Camper table.

```
SELECT C.phone_num
FROM Camper C, Registration R
WHERE C.id = R.camper_id AND R.camp_name = camp_name AND R.is_paid = 0"
```

Output: List of phone\_numbers

### 6.14 Multiple Camps - AdminQueries.java

*NOTE: Implemented, but not used in current application.*

Input: List of camp\_names[m], List of camperIDs[n]

Parses Registration table and filters records in table for all inputted camperIDs. Then parses the resulting group to search for records with any of the inputted camp\_names. Finally, groups campers by camperID and selects campers that have registered for more than one of the given camps.

```
CREATE VIEW campersFilter AS (SELECT *
                             FROM Registration
                             WHERE camper_id = camperID[1] OR camper_id =
                                camperID[2] OR ... OR camper_id = camperID[n]

SELECT camper_ID, COUNT(*)
FROM campersFilter
WHERE camp_name = camp_name[1] OR camp_name[2] OR ... OR camp_name[m]
GROUP BY camper_id
HAVING COUNT(*) > 1
```

Output: List of camperIDs

### 6.15 Check Counsellor Role - AdminQueries.java

Looks in Counsellor table for all counsellors that are not working at any camp, and returns that list of counsellor\_ids.

```
SELECT *
FROM Counsellor
WHERE camp_name IS NULL
```

Output: List of counsellor\_ids

### 6.16 Check Campers to Supervise - CounsellorQueries.java

Input: counsellor\_ID

Looks in Registration table, and collects the camper\_IDs from all records that have the inputted counsellor\_ID as a supervisor, or is assigned a cabin that the inputted counsellor is supervising (looked at via Cabin table). Then, the collected camper\_IDs are joined with the camper names via the Campers table, and the list of camper\_IDs and camper names is returned.

[illegible]

Output: List of camperIDs and names

### 6.17 Assign Camper Cabin - CounsellorQueries.java

Input: confNo

From Cabins table, get a list of all cabins that are present, along with the number of people in each cabin. Then using the confNo, finds the record in Registration table with that number, gets the camp\_name for that record, and finds the associated facility via the Camp table. Then, for all cabins in that facility, looks for the cabin with the least amount of people in it, gets that cabin's cabinID, and assigns that id to the confNo's record in Registration table.

```
CREATE VIEW cabinCount AS (SELECT fid, id AS cabin, count(camper_id) AS  
num_campers  
  
FROM Cabin LEFT OUTER JOIN Registration  
ON Cabin.id = Registration.cabin_id  
GROUP BY id, fid
```

  

```
UPDATE Registration  
SET cabin_id = (SELECT fc.cabin  
FROM cabinCount fc, Camp c1, Registration r  
WHERE r.conf_num = ? and r.camp_name = c1.name and c1.fid = fc.fid  
and fc.num_campers <= ALL (SELECT num_campers  
FROM cabinCount cc
```

```

WHERE r.camp_name = c1.name and c1.fid =
cc.fid)) "
WHERE conf_num = confNo

SELECT cabin_id
FROM Registration
WHERE conf_num = confNo

```

Output: cabinID

#### 6.18 Offer Activity - CounsellorQueries.java

Input: actName, description, supplies

Checks Activity table, and if there is no activity with actName, adds said activity and all its attributes into the table.

```

INSERT INTO Activity
VALUES (actName, description, supplies)

```

Input: camp\_name, activityName

Updates CampOffers table so that the inputted camp now offers the inputted activity.

```

INSERT INTO CampOffers
VALUES (camp_name, activityName)

```

#### 6.19 Check Registered for Session - CounsellorQueries.java

Input: camp\_name, sessionID

Checks Registration table, and returns all camperIDs attending the inputted camp during the inputted session. Then, those IDs are joined with the campers' names via Camper table, and that list of ids and names is returned.

```

SELECT c.id, c.name
FROM Registration r, Camper c
WHERE r.camper_id = c.id AND r.sid = sessionID AND r.camp_name = camp_name

```

Output: List of camperIDs and names

#### 6.20 Multiple Sessions - AdminQueries.java, CounsellorQueries.java

Looks in Registration table and searches for all campers that have registered for more than one camp, then matches camperIDs with names in Campers table and returns both ids and names.

```

SELECT C.id, C.name, COUNT(R.sid) AS session_count
FROM Registration R, Camper C
WHERE R.camper_id = C.id
GROUP BY C.id, C.name
HAVING COUNT(R.sid) > 1

```

Output: List of camperIDs and names

## 6.21 Check Campers by Activity - REMOVED

## 6.22 Return Camp Statistics - AdminQueries.java

Aggregates Registration and CampFees table, and returns the following:

- COUNT of campers for each camp
- AVERAGE COUNT of campers for each camp
- MIN COUNT of campers registered for a camp
- MAX COUNT of campers registered for a camp
- MIN fee for any camp
- MAX fee for any camp

```

SELECT camp_name, Count(camper_id)
FROM Registration
GROUP BY camp_name

```

```

SELECT AVG(COUNT(camper_id))
FROM Registration
GROUP BY camp_name

```

```

SELECT MIN(COUNT(camper_id))
FROM Registration
GROUP BY camp_name

```

```

SELECT MAX(COUNT(camper_id))
FROM Registration
GROUP BY camp_name

```

```

SELECT *
FROM Typefee

```

```

SELECT MIN(fee)
FROM TypeFee

```

```
SELECT MAX(fee)
FROM TypeFee
```

Output: Statistics summary as above