Parameters

$$a > 0 \tag{1}$$

$$b > 0 \tag{2}$$

$$K \ge 0$$

$$D_0 \ge 0$$
(3)

$$\tau \ge 0 \tag{5}$$

Potential

$$V(x) = \frac{a}{4}x^4 - \frac{b}{2}x^2 = \frac{a}{4}x^2 \left(x - \sqrt{\frac{2b}{a}}\right) \left(x + \sqrt{\frac{2b}{a}}\right)$$
 (6)

Force

$$F(x) = -\frac{\partial V}{\partial x} = -ax^3 + bx \tag{7}$$

We have 2 Hypervolumes

$$\mathcal{V}_t \subset \mathbb{R}^{n_t} \tag{8}$$

$$\mathcal{V}_{\tau} \subset \mathbb{R}^{n_{\tau}} \tag{9}$$

$$\mathcal{V} = \mathcal{V}_t \times \mathcal{V}_\tau \tag{10}$$

$$n_t \ge n_\tau \tag{11}$$

$$\dot{X}_t = F(X_t, X_\tau) \,\mathrm{d}t + \sqrt{2D_0} \,\mathrm{d}B_t \tag{12}$$

$$= -aX_t^3 dt + bX_t dt + K(X_t - X_\tau) dt + \sqrt{2D_0} dB_t$$
(13)

$$F(x, x_{\tau}) = F_1(x) + F_2(x_{\tau}) = -ax^3 + (b + K)x - Kx_{\tau}$$
(14)

Fokker-Planck Equation

From the Langevin equation

$$\dot{X} = -aX^{3}(t) + bX(t) + K(X(t) - X(t - \tau)) + \sqrt{2D_{0}}\xi(t)$$
(15)

With the uncorrelated Gaussian noise ξ

$$\langle \xi(t) \rangle = 0 \tag{16}$$

$$\langle \xi(t)\xi(t')\rangle = \delta(t - t') \tag{17}$$

The infinite hierarchy

$$\partial_t \rho_1(x,t) = -\partial_x \int_{\mathcal{V}_{\tau}} \mathrm{d}x_{\tau} F(x,x_{\tau}) \rho_2(x,t;x_{\tau},t-\tau) + D_0 \partial_x^2 \rho_1(x,t)$$
(18)

$$\partial_t \rho_2(x, t; x_\tau, t - \tau) = -\partial_{x_\tau} \int_{\mathcal{V}_\tau} dx_{2\tau} F(x_\tau, x_{2\tau}) \rho_3(x, t; x_\tau, t - \tau; x_{2\tau}, t - 2\tau) + \dots$$
(19)

$$\sim$$
 (20)

Conditional probability densities

$$\rho_1(x,t) = \langle \delta[X(t) - x] \rangle \tag{21}$$

$$\rho_2(x,t;x_\tau,t-\tau) = \langle \delta[X(t)-x]\delta[X(t-\tau)-x_\tau] \rangle \tag{22}$$

Novikov's theorem

$$\partial_t \rho_1(x,t) = -\partial_x \int dx_\tau F(x,x_\tau) \rho_2(x,t;x_\tau,t-\tau) + D_0 \partial_x^2 \rho_1(x,t)$$
(23)

$$\partial_t \rho_2(x, t; x_{\tau}, t - \tau) = -\partial_x F(x, x_{\tau}) \rho_2(x, t; x_{\tau}, t - \tau) - \partial_{x_{\tau}} \int_{\mathcal{V}_{\tau}} dx_{2\tau} F(x_{\tau}, x_{2\tau}) \rho_3(x, t; x_{\tau}, t - \tau; x_{2\tau}, t - 2\tau)$$
(24)

$$+ D_0 \left(\partial_x^2 + \partial_{x_\tau}^2 + \partial_x \partial_{x_\tau} \left(\frac{\delta X(t)}{\delta \xi(t-\tau)} \Big|_{X(t)=x}^{X(t-\tau)=x_\tau} \right) \right) \rho_2(x,t;x_\tau,t-\tau)$$
(25)

Crazy cross diffusion term for a test functional Λ of the noise process

$$\langle \Lambda[\xi]\xi(t)\rangle = \left\langle \frac{\delta\Lambda}{\delta\xi(t)} \right\rangle \tag{26}$$

Auxiliary variables

$$j = 1, 2, \dots, N \tag{27}$$

$$X(t) \to (X_0, X_1, X_2, \dots, X_N), \quad \mathbb{R} \to \mathbb{R}^{N+1}$$
 (28)

Slice the interval

$$\Delta t = \frac{\tau}{N}, \quad X_j(t) = X(t - j\Delta t) \tag{29}$$

$$\Rightarrow X_0(t) = X(t), \quad X_N(t) = X(t - \tau) \tag{30}$$

Dynamics

$$\dot{X}_j = \lim_{\Delta t \to 0} \frac{X_j(t + \Delta t) - X_j(t)}{\Delta t} \approx \frac{N}{\tau} (X_{j-1}(t) - X_j(t))$$
(31)

Langevin equation and Markovian system

$$\dot{X}_0 = F(X_0(t), X_N(t)) + \sqrt{2D_0}\xi(t) \tag{32}$$

$$\dot{X}_1 = \frac{N}{\tau} (X_0(t) - X_1(t)) \tag{33}$$

$$\dot{X}_N = \frac{N}{\tau} (X_{N-1}(t) - X_N(t)) \tag{35}$$

Projection onto dynamics of X_0

$$X_j(t)\bigg|_{j>0} = \int_{-\infty}^t dt' \frac{N}{\tau} \exp\left(-\frac{N}{\tau}(t-t')\right) X_{j-1}(t)$$
(36)

Iterate

$$X_{j+1}(t) = \int_{-\infty}^{t} dt' \left(\frac{N}{\tau}\right)^{2} (t - t') \exp\left(-\frac{N}{\tau}(t - t')\right) X_{j-1}(t)$$
(37)

$$X_{j+2}(t) = \int_{-\infty}^{t} dt' \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{N}{\tau}\right)^3 (t - t')^2 \exp\left(-\frac{N}{\tau}(t - t')\right) X_{j-1}(t)$$
(38)

$$X_{j+N-1}(t) = \int_{-\infty}^{t} dt' \frac{1}{(N-1)!} \left(\frac{N}{\tau}\right)^{N} (t-t')^{N-1} \exp\left(-\frac{N}{\tau}(t-t')\right) X_{j-1}(t)$$
(39)

For j=1

$$X_N(t) = \int_{-\infty}^{t} dt' \frac{1}{(N-1)!} \left(\frac{N}{\tau}\right)^N (t-t')^{N-1} \exp\left(-\frac{N}{\tau}(t-t')\right) X_0(t)$$
(40)

Keep N not only countable, but finite. Let $j \in \{1, 2, ..., N\}$

$$\dot{X}_0 = F(X_0(t), X_N(t)) + \sqrt{2D_0}\xi(t) \tag{41}$$

$$\dot{X}_{j} = \frac{N}{\tau} (X_{j-1}(t) - X_{j}(t)) \tag{42}$$

Fokker-Planck equation for the Markovian system

$$\rho_{N+1}(x_0, \dots, x_N; t) = \langle \delta(x_0 - X_0(t)) \dots \delta(x_N - X_N(t)) \rangle$$

$$\tag{43}$$

$$\partial_t \rho_{N+1}(x_0, \dots, x_N; t) = \left(-\sum_{j=0}^N \partial_{x_j} f_j(x_j, x_{j-1}) + D_0 \partial_x^2 \right) \rho_{N+1}(x_0, \dots, x_N; t)$$
(44)

$$f_j(x_j, x_{j-1}) = \begin{cases} F(x_0, x_N), & j = 0\\ \frac{N}{\tau}(x_{j-1} - x_j), & j > 0 \end{cases}$$

$$(45)$$

Natural boundary condition

$$\lim_{x_j \to \pm \infty} \rho_{N+1}(x_0, \dots, x_N; t) = 0$$
(46)

Integrating Fokker-Planck equation over all auxiliary variables

$$\int_{\mathbb{R}} dx_1 \cdots \int_{\mathbb{R}} dx_N \, \partial_t \rho_{N+1}(x_0, \dots, x_N; t) = \int_{\mathbb{R}} dx_1 \cdots \int_{\mathbb{R}} dx_N$$

$$\partial_t \rho_1(x_0, t) =$$
(48)

$$\partial_t \rho_1(x_0, t) = \tag{48}$$