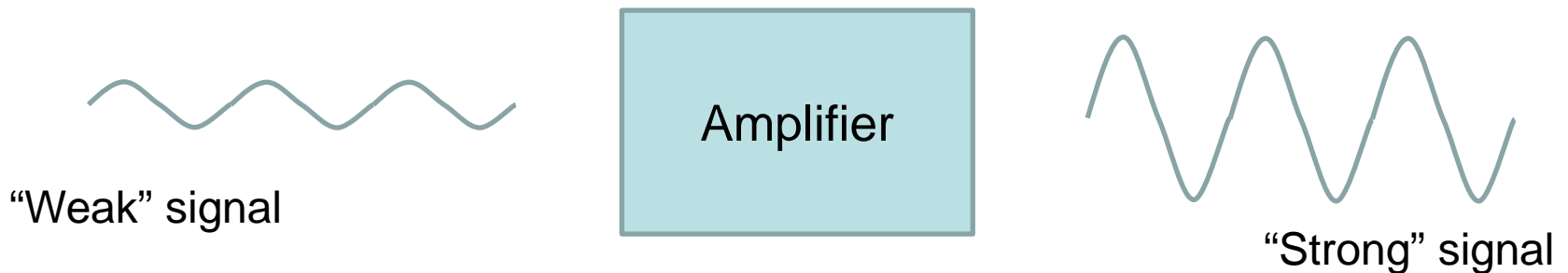

Lecture16: Amplifier

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Why amplifiers?

- Signal amplification
 - Usually, signals are “weak.” (in the μV or mV range)
 - It is too small for reliable processing.
 - If the signal magnitude is made larger, processing is much easier.

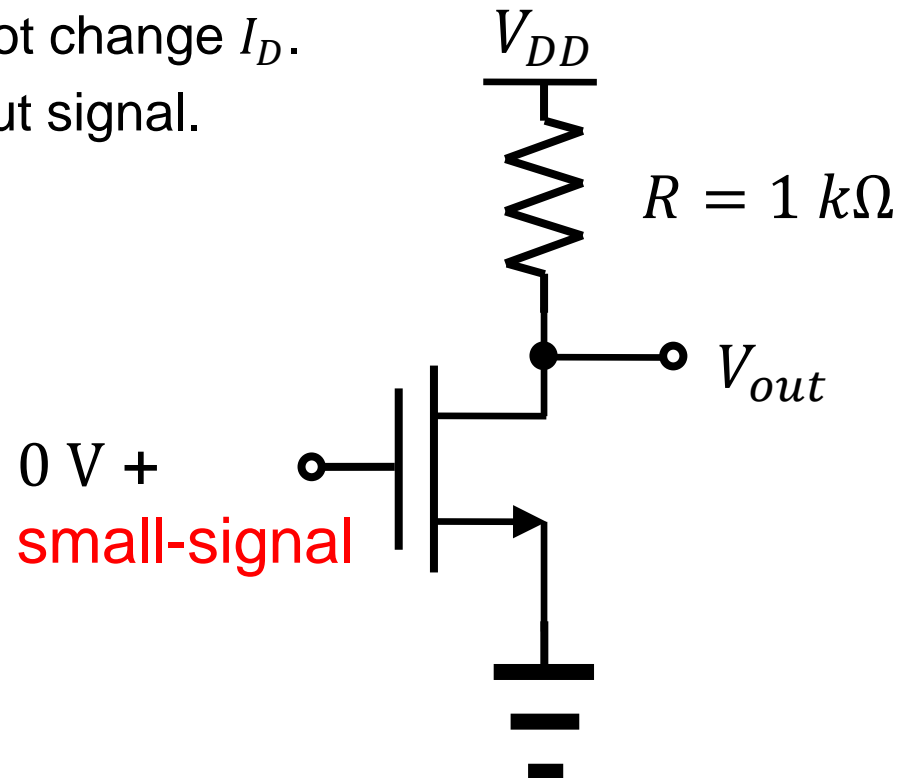


Voltage gain

- Voltage gain
 - For example, a voltage amplifier amplifies the input voltage signal. Its output is also a voltage.
 - When $V_{in}(t) = V_{DC,in} + v_{in}(t)$, ideally, we want to have $V_{out}(t) = V_{DC,out} + A_v v_{in}(t)$.
 - A_v is the voltage gain. (Of course, it is a unitless quantity.)
- How can we have a voltage-voltage relation?
 - Combining a transistor and a resistor!

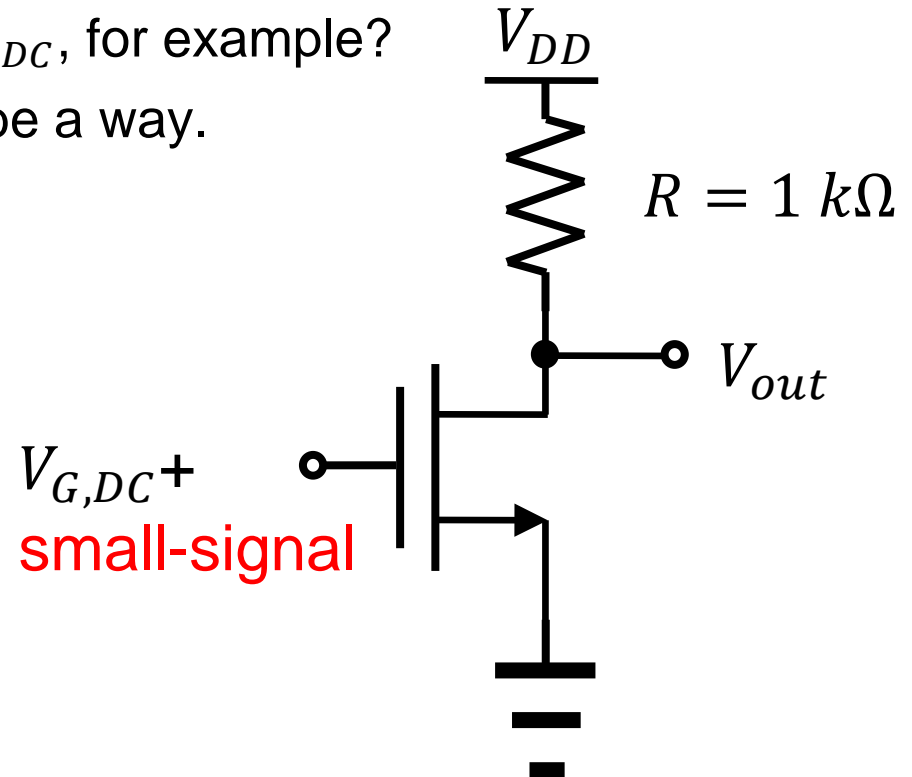
Transistor turned off

- Note that $V_{out} = V_{DD} - I_D R$.
 - But, the transistor is not turned on. ($I_D \approx 0$)
 - The transconductance(g_m) is zero.
 - A small increase in V_G does not change I_D .
 - The circuit generates no output signal.



This is a solution.

- The following circuit shows a revised circuit.
 - Assume that $V_{G,DC} > V_{TH}$.
 - It has a meaningful value of g_m .
 - Then, how can we generate $V_{G,DC}$, for example?
 - Use of a separate battery can be a way.



Simple biasing (1/3)

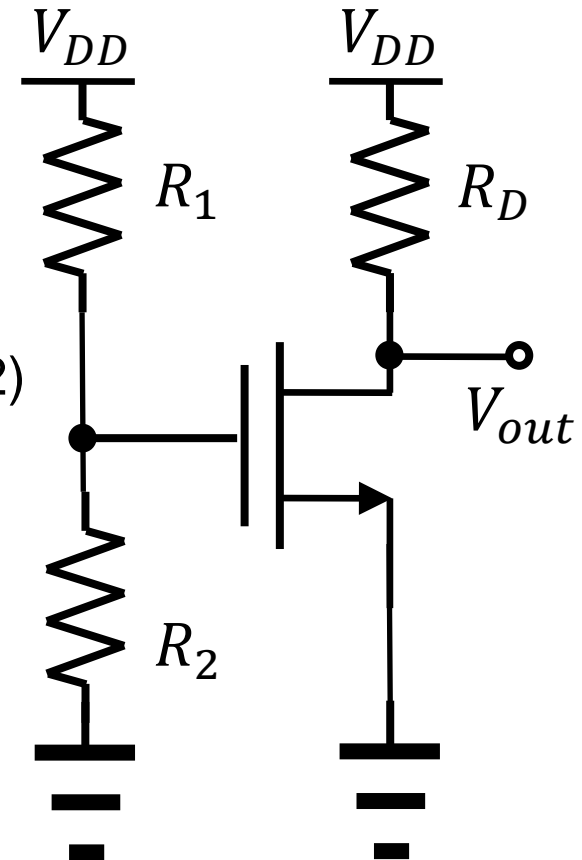
- A better way to provide the gate voltage

- The gate bias voltage is

$$V_{GS} = \frac{R_2}{R_1 + R_2} V_{DD} \quad (\text{Razavi 17.10})$$

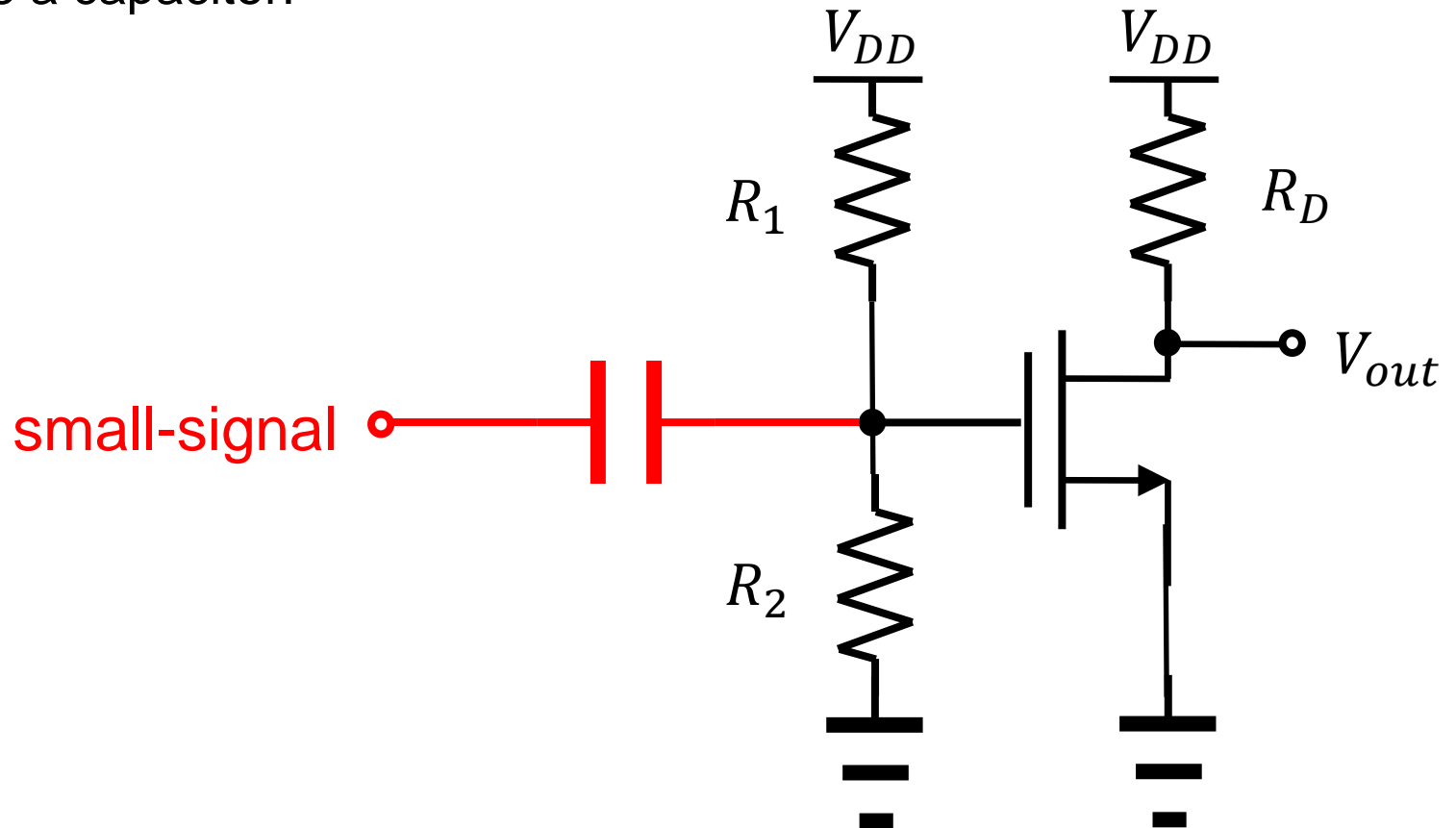
- The drain current is

$$I_D = \frac{1}{2} \mu_n C_{ox} \frac{W}{L} \left(\frac{R_2}{R_1 + R_2} V_{DD} - V_{TH} \right)^2 \quad (\text{Razavi 17.12})$$



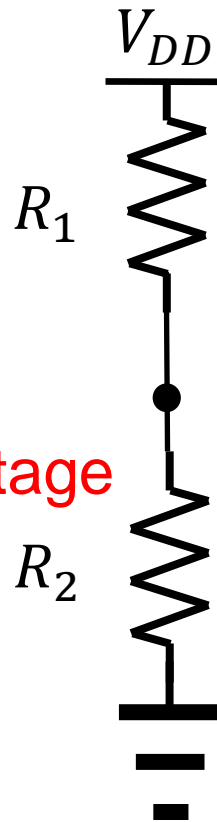
Simple biasing (2/3)

- How to apply the small-signal input
 - Use a capacitor!

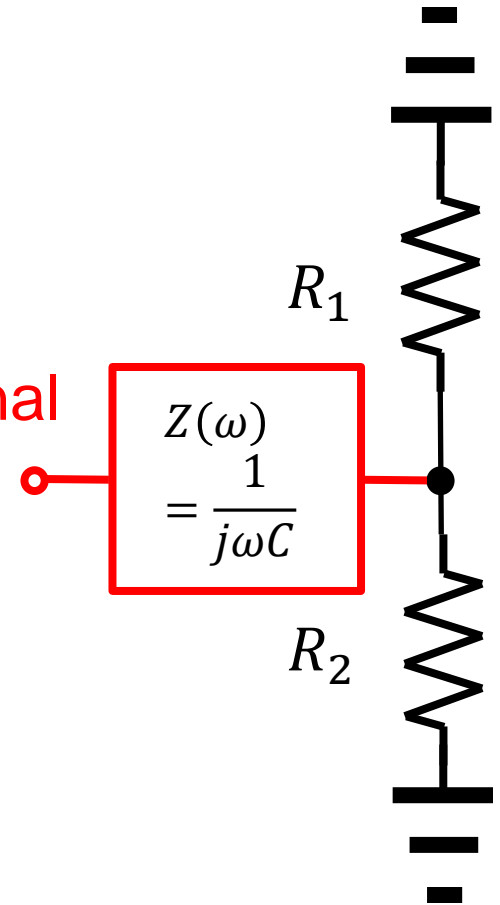


Simple biasing (3/3)

DC:
The capacitor
& small-signal voltage
do not contribute.



AC:
small-signal
voltage



Homework#7

- Due: 09:00, **May 8 (Wed)**
- Solve following problems of the 2018 final exam.
 - P1
 - P2
 - P3
- Solve following problems of the 2017 final exam.
 - P22
 - P23
 - P24
 - P25