# League of Legends Map Checker

By Dean Garofalo Ramin Ikhiilov Billy Lin Simon Yip

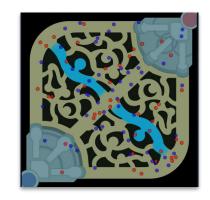
# What is League of Legends?

 League of Legends is a multiplayer online battle arena video game developed and published by Riot Games for Microsoft Windows and macOS.

• In League of Legends, players assume the role of an unseen "summoner" that controls a "champion" with unique abilities and battle against a team of other players or computer-controlled champions. The goal is usually to destroy the opposing team's "nexus", a structure which lies at the heart of a base protected by defensive structures.

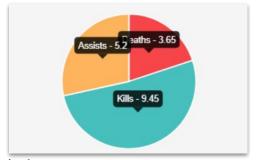
• In September 2016 the company estimated that there are over 100 million active players each month

# So what are we doing?



- Illustrating useful statistics for players to view in a informative format
  - o Heatmaps, Graphs, Kill/Death Ratios, Minion Kill rates

Providing recent match history for personal reference



 The goal is to aid players and help them understand analytically their faults in map rotations.

# Technology used

#### Coding using

• HTML/CSS for website design

Javascript for the algorithms which power the website

NodeJS for server side communication

Riot API for retrieving data from LoL servers

#### **Work Distribution**

• Billy - HTML/CSS

Dean - JavaScript Programming

Ramin - JavaScript Programming

• Simon - Server side API /Database

#### **Architecture**

• The significant operating portion of our project relies on Javascript code which in essence fetches data from Riot and processes for display on our website

 The data we obtain from Riot is quite extensive so we spend a substantial amount of our algorithms finding our relevant data to display

 Once we find our data we either plot it in our heatmap, or display it in interactive graphs to display to the user

## The Riot API - The Basics

 Riot stores substantial amounts of data from each user and provides all of it through their custom API

Riot assigns developers API Keys which serve as a security measure

# The Riot API - Getting Started

- Each developer receives a unique API key which is tied to their account and has certain limits
- These limits are, Expiration dates for keys, Rate limits, and Region limits
- We then applied for an advanced license which gives us far less limits, and are given out on a case by case basis
  - For example normal developer accounts are limited to 20 requests every 1 second, 100 requests every 2 minutes, and key expiration every 48 hours
- With our advanced license we can have higher rate limits and have non-expiring API keys

#### The Riot API - Structure

 There are 7 types of API calls Riot provides. Each retrieves specific information separated into relevant categories

CHAMPION-MASTERY- Mastery Lvl/ Experience with Champions
CHAMPION- Retrieve all champions
LEAGUE- Get leagues in all queues for a given summoner ID
MATCH- Get match timeline by match ID
SPECTATOR-Get current game information for the given summoner ID
STATIC-DATA- Retrieves champion list, Retrieves item list, etc.
SUMMONER- Get a user's Account info

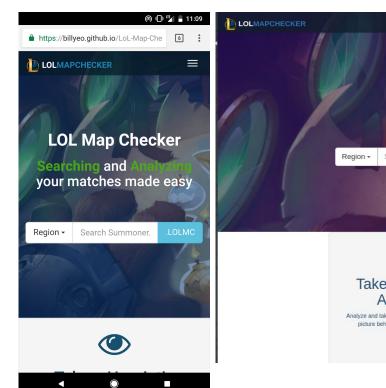
# Riot API - Making a API Call

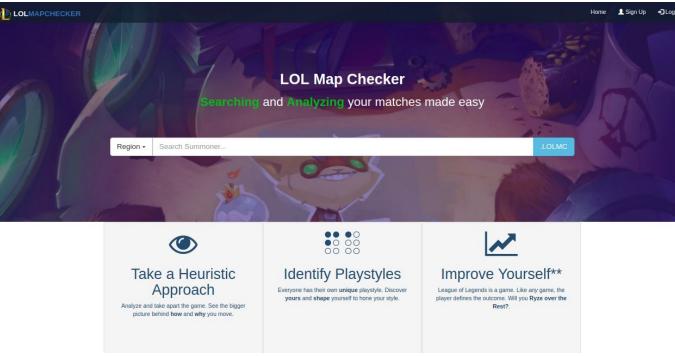
```
if (SUMMONER_NAME !== "") {
   $.ajax({
       url: 'https://na1.api.riotgames.com/lol/summoner/v3/summoners/by-name/' + SUMMONER NAME + '?api key=RGAPI-c16c
       type: 'GET',
        dataType: 'json',
       data: {
        success: function (json) {
            //getting data from json into local variables
            summonerID = json.id;
            var accountID = json.accountId;
            //setting global paramter
            GlobalAccountID= accountID;
            acc_ID = GlobalAccountID;
            return acc_ID;
        error: function (XMLHttpRequest, textStatus, errorThrown) {
            window.location.href = "error.html";
            //alert("error getting Summoner data!");
        async: false
        // SUPER DUPER BAD idea but \ ('Y) /
```

# Riot API - Making a API Call

```
if (SUMMONER_NAME !== "") {
    $.ajax({
        url: 'https://nodejslolmc1.herokuapp.com/sumSearch?name=' + SUMMONER_NAME,
        type: 'GET',
        dataType: 'json',
        data: {
       success: function (ison) {
           //getting data from json into local variables
           summonerID = json.id;
           var accountID = json.accountId;
           //setting global paramter
            GlobalAccountID = accountID;
            acc_ID = GlobalAccountID;
            GlobalSummonerID = json.id;
            summonerLevel = json.summonerLevel;
            return acc_ID;
        error: function (XMLHttpRequest, textStatus, errorThrown) {
            window.location.href = "error.html";
            //alert("error getting Summoner data!");
        },
        async: false
        // SUDED DUDED BAD idea but 1 ("/) /"
```

#### Riot API - Benefits of server



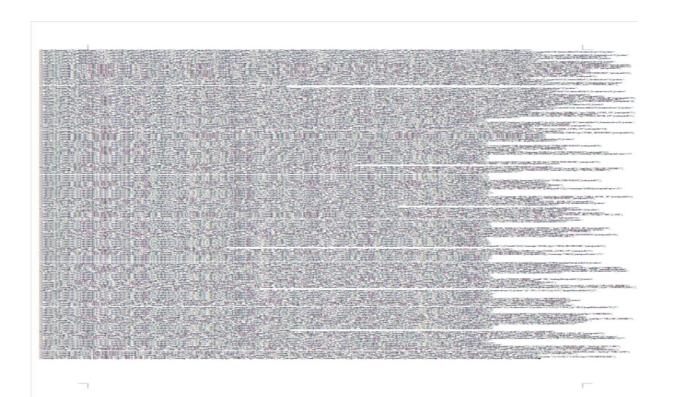


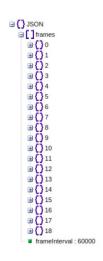
```
app.use(cors({origin: '*'}));
    app.engine('handlebars', exphbs({defaultLayout: 'main'}));
    app.set('view engine', 'handlebars');
    app.get('/',function(req,res){
            res.render('index');
   });
    app.get('/sumSearch', function(req, res) {
      var data = {};
      var server = 'na';
      var apiKey = 'RGAPI-c16c2668-0913-4123-9416-113f700d30f0';
      var sumSearch = req.query.name;
      var URL = 'https://'+server+'1.api.riotgames.com/lol/summoner/v3/summoners/by-name/' + sumSearch + '?api key=' + apiKey;
      console.log(URL);
      async.waterfall([
        function(callback) {
          request(URL, function(err, response, body) {
            if(!err && response.statusCode == 200) {
              var json = JSON.parse(body);
                      newjson=json
              callback(null, data);
            } else {
              console.log(err);
          });
      function(err, data) {
38
        if(err) {
          console.log(err);
          return;
        /*res.render('index', {
          info: json
```



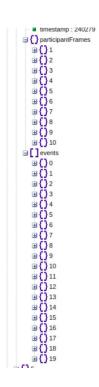


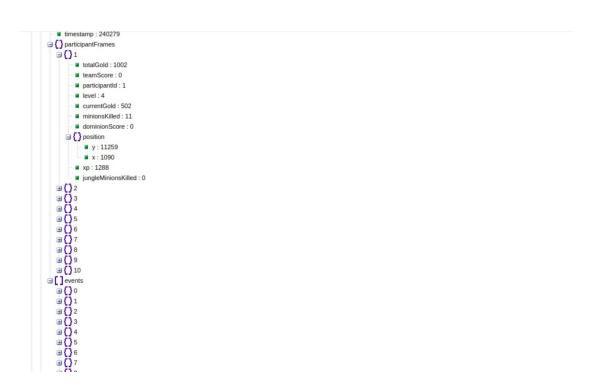
#### **Riot API - JSON Data**











```
⊞{}7
■ [ ] events
      ■ itemId: 2003
      ■ timestamp : 201452
      ■ type : "ITEM_DESTROYED"
      participantId: 6
  ⊞{}5
      killerld: 5
      victimld: 9
      ■ timestamp : 218547
    ∄ { } position
      ■ type: "CHAMPION_KILL"
  ⊞ {} 15
  ⊞ { } 16
```

/lol/match/v3/matches/{matchid}/by-tournament-code/{tournamentCode}

IMENTATION POLICIES API STATUS COMMUNITIES

\_\_\_\_\_



CHAMPION-MASTERY-V3 Development API Key

CHAMPION-V3 Development API Key

LEAGUE-V3
Development API Key

LOL-STATIC-DATA-V3
Development API Key

LOL-STATUS-V3
Development API Key

MATCH-V3

Development API Key

SPECTATOR-V3

Development API Key

SUMMONER-V3 Development API Key

THIRD-PARTY-CODE-V3
Development API Key

TOURNAMENT-STUB-V3
Tournaments API Stub

TOURNAMENT-V3
Tournaments API

7.7.7				
401		Unauthorized		
403		Forbidden		
404		Data not found		
405		Method not allowed		
415		Unsupported media type		
429		Rate limit exceeded		
500		Internal server error		
502		Bad gateway		
503		Service unavailable		
504		Gateway timeout		
PATH PARAMETERS				
NAME	VALUE		DATA TYPE	DESCRIPTION
matchId required			long	The match ID.
SELECT REGION TO EX	CECUTE AGAINST			
NA1				
O Query Param	(?) Header Param			
EXECUTE REQUEST	CLOSE			
GET /lol/match/v3/n	matches/by-tournament-code/{tournamentCode}/ids			Get match IDs by tourn

CHAMPION-MASTERY-V3
Development API Key

CHAMPION-V3
Development API Key

LEAGUE-V3 Development API Key

LOL-STATIC-DATA-V3

Development API Key

LOL-STATUS-V3

Development API Key

MATCH-V3
Development API Key

SPECTATOR-V3

Development API Key

SUMMONER-V3
Development API Key

THIRD-PARTY-CODE-V3
Development API Key

TOURNAMENT-STUB-V3
Tournaments API Stub

TOURNAMENT-V3
Tournaments API

```
https://na1.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/timelines/by-match/2654536966
```

```
REQUEST HEADERS
```

```
"Origin": "https://developer.riotgames.com",

"Accept-Charset": "application/x-www-form-urlencoded; charset=UTF-8",

"X-Riot-Token": "RGAPT-5c305026-a03c-4507-a0b8-098e8285aed5",

"Accept-Language": "en-US,en;q=0.9,de;q=0.8",

"User-Agent": "Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like Gecko) Chrome/62.0.3202.94 Safari/537.36"
```

#### RESPONSE CODE

200

#### RESPONSE HEADERS

```
{
    "Access-Control-Allow-Headers": "Content-Type,Authorization,Region,Cookie",
    "Content-Encoding": "gzip",
    "X-Method-Rate-Limit-Count": "1:10",
    "Connection": "keep-alive",
    "X-App-Rate-Limit": "20:1,100:120",
    "X-App-Rate-Limit": "500:10",
    "X-Method-Rate-Limit": "500:10",
    "X-Method-Rate-Limit": "500:10",
    "Transfer-encoding": "chunked",
    "X-Method-Rate-Limit": "500:10",
    "X-NewRelic-App-Data": "PxQFWFFSDwQTV1hXBggDV1QTGhE1AwE2QgNWEV1bQFtcC2VOchRAFgtba04hJmweXQUVAV8cQvVJV1NHLwcXAVg2UQ9dVF1cVkcVUR9RH1JKBgJYUFIBBQIRTU8GHRUHAFdTAQNTWgMFUgpUwQlSEB8DWA1CBG4=",
    "X-App-Rate-Limit-Count": "1:1,1:120",
    "Access-Control-Allow-Credentials": "true",
    "Date": "Wed, 13 Dec 2017 03:59:03 GHT",
    "Access-Control-Allow-Methods": "GET,POST,OPTIONS",
    "Content-Type": "application/json;charset=utf-8"
}
```

#### RESPONSE BODY

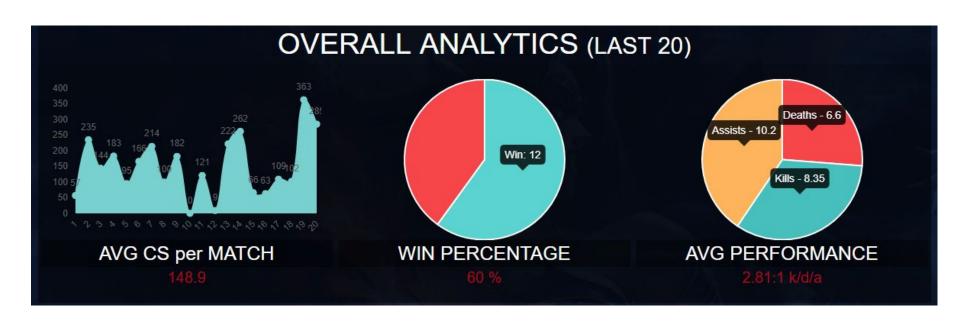
# Chart.js and D3.js Libraries

Chart.js allows developers to easily create JavaScript charts

 All that's required is the script included in your page along with a single <canvas> node to render the chart.

 Type of charts include: Line, Bar, Radar, Doughnut & Piee, Polar Area, Bubble, Scatter, Area, mixed, and more.

# How did we use Chart.js?





# Code behind Line Graph

```
var ctx = document.getElementById("myChart1").getContext("2d");
var myLine = new Chart(ctx).Line(chartData, {
    showTooltips: false,
    onAnimationComplete: function () {
       var ctx = this.chart.ctx;
        ctx.font = this.scale.font;
        ctx.fillStyle = this.scale.textColor
        ctx.textAlign = "center";
        ctx.textBaseline = "bottom";
        this.datasets.forEach(function (dataset) {
            dataset.points.forEach(function (points) {
                ctx.fillText(points.value, points.x, points.y - 10);
           });
       3)
});
```

#### **Code Behind Pie Chart**

```
var kdadata = [{
    value: dataDeaths,
    color: "#F7464A",
    highlight: "#FF5A5E",
    label: "Deaths",
    labelColor: 'white',
    labelFontSize: '16'
}, {
    value: dataKills,
    color: "#46BFBD",
    highlight: "#5AD3D1",
    label: "Kills",
    labelColor: 'white',
    labelFontSize: '16'
}, {
    value: dataAssists,
    color: "#FDB45C",
    highlight: "#FFC870",
    label: "Assists",
    labelColor: 'white',
    labelFontSize: '16'
}];
var ctx2 = document.getElementById("kdaChart").getContext("2d");
```



# What is D3.js?

• D3.js is a JavaScript library for manipulating documents based on data.

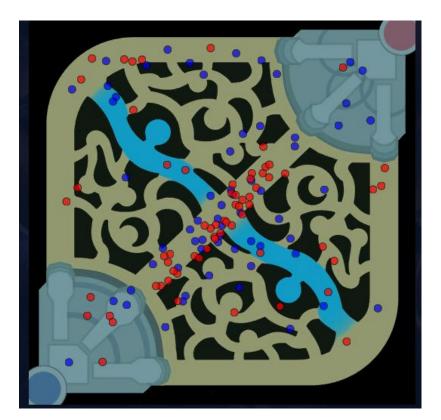
D3 helps you bring data to life using HTML, SVG, and CSS.

- D3 allows you to bind arbitrary data to a Document Object Model (DOM), and then apply data-driven transformations to the document.
  - For example, you can use D3 to generate an HTML table from an array of numbers



# How did we use D3.js?

```
var match_id = document.querySelectorAll("p#table_match_id_1, p#table_match_id_2, p#table_match_id_3, p#table_match_id_4, p#table_match_
var cordsRED = Kill_coordsBLUE,
   cordsBLUE = Kill_coordsRED,
   // Domain for the current Summoner's Rift on the match history website's mini-map
   domain = {
       min: { x: -570, y: -420 },
       max: { x: 15220, y: 14980 }
   width = 512,
   height = 512,
   bg = "http://opgg-static.akamaized.net/images/maps/11.png",
   xScale, yScale, svg;
color = d3.scale.linear()
   .domain([0, 3])
   .range(["white", "steelblue"])
   .interpolate(d3.interpolateLab);
xScale = d3.scale.linear()
   .domain([domain.min.x, domain.max.x])
   .range([0, width]);
yScale = d3.scale.linear()
   .domain([domain.min.y, domain.max.y])
   .range([height, 0]);
if(MATCH_NUM == 0){
svg = d3.select("#map").append("svg:svg")
   .attr("width", width)
   .attr("height", height);
```



# D3.js Examples

https://bl.ocks.org/mbostock/7280327

http://ghv.artzub.com/#repo=LoL-Map-Checker.github.io&climit=500&user=billyeo

# How can other developers use this?

• Make visual representation of large complex data sets look simple

Showcase animations to convey data as a living object instead of numerical statistics

 Visual representation is easier for humans to quantify and reason with versus spreadsheets and lists of data

## **Final Reflections**

Good free web hosting is hard to find

Massive amounts of data limits our flexibility

• Reliability needs to be at the beginning of development architecture

https://billyeo.github.io/LoL-Map-Checker.github.io/