

eflowssim: A simulation framework for e-flows power analysis

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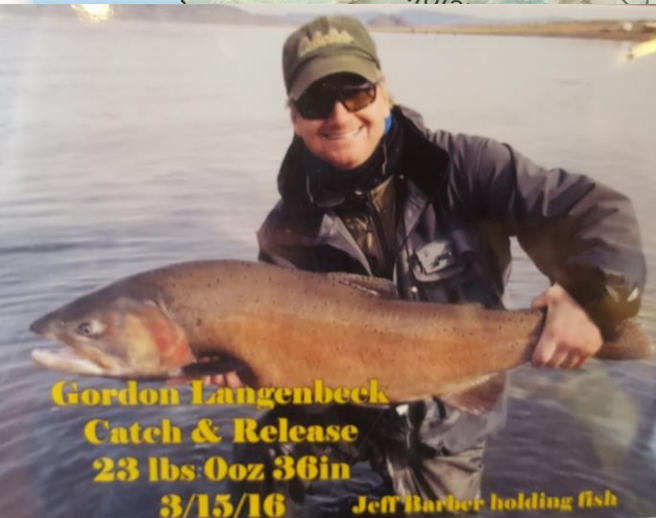
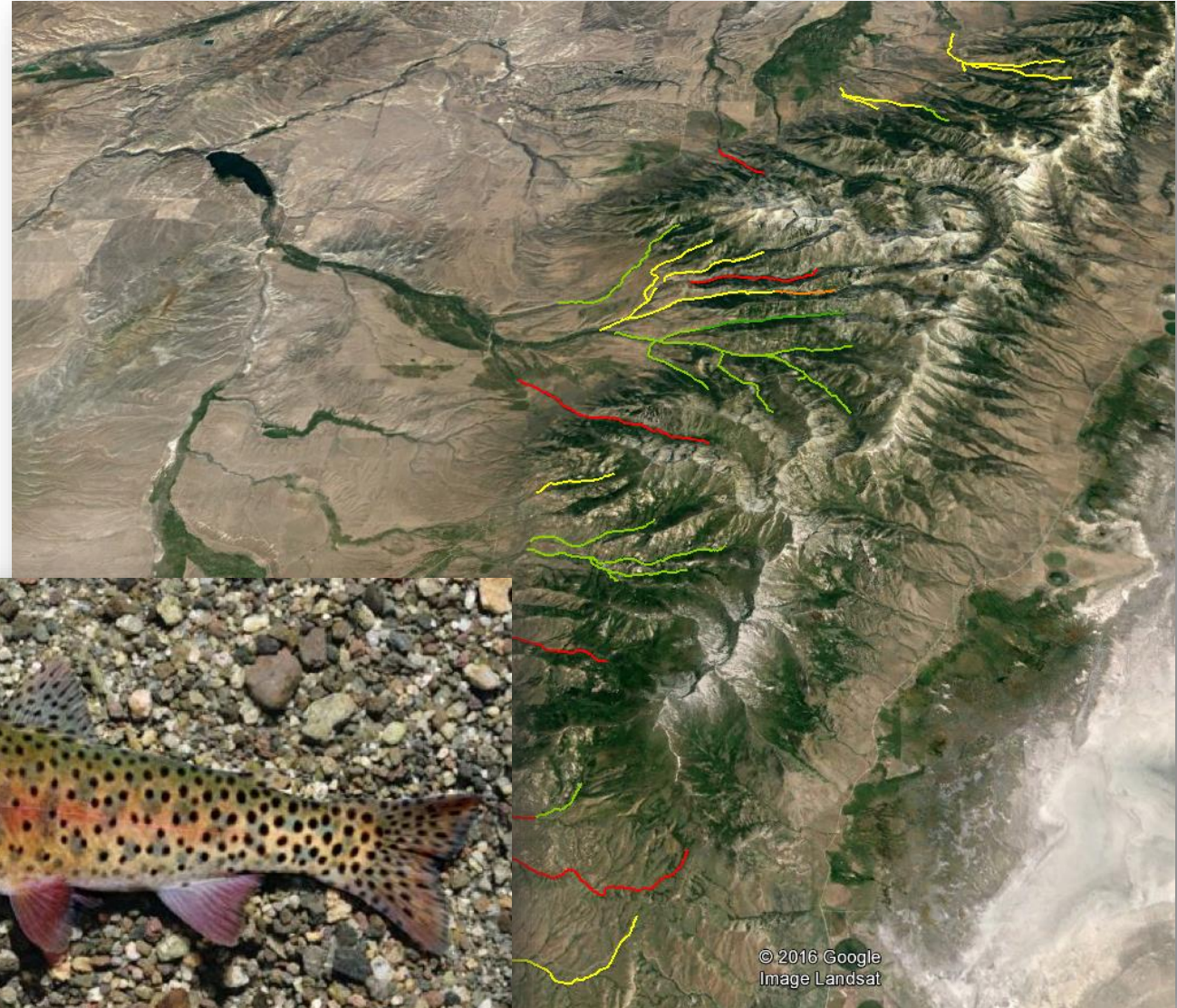
The Salmonid Population Viability Project Lahontan Cutthroat Trout

Seth Wenger, Doug Leasure, Helen Neville, Dan Dauwalter, Kurt Fessenmyer,
Robin Bjork, Jason Dunham, Nate Chelgren, Mary Peacock, Erin Landguth



Lahontan Cutthroat Trout

(*Oncorhynchus clarkii henshawi*)



Lahontan Cutthroat Trout: Database



Lahontan Cutthroat Trout: Database



1985 - 2015
232 populations
200 miles of electrofishing surveys
23,500 individual trout



Spatio-Temporal Population Viability Analysis

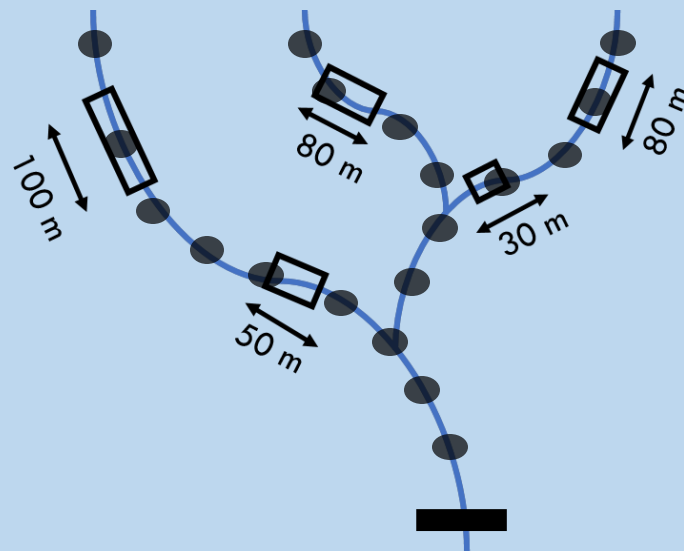
Observation Model

Site abundance =
observed + unobserved
animals



Sampling Model

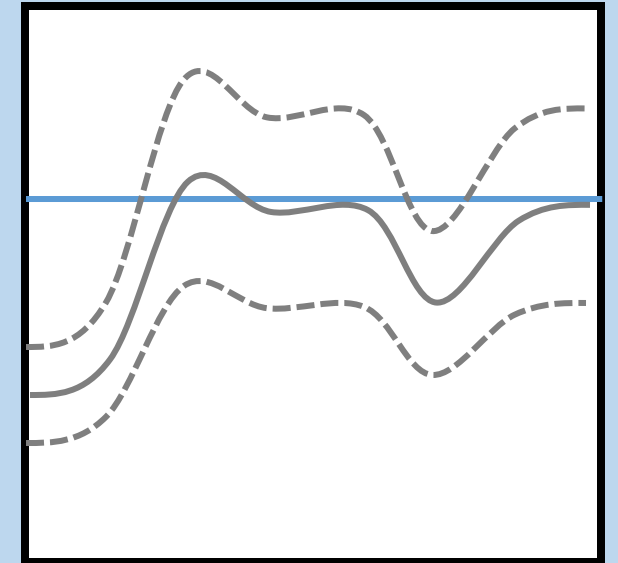
Total population =
sampled + unsampled
habitat



Process Model

Population change =
births - deaths

Population Size

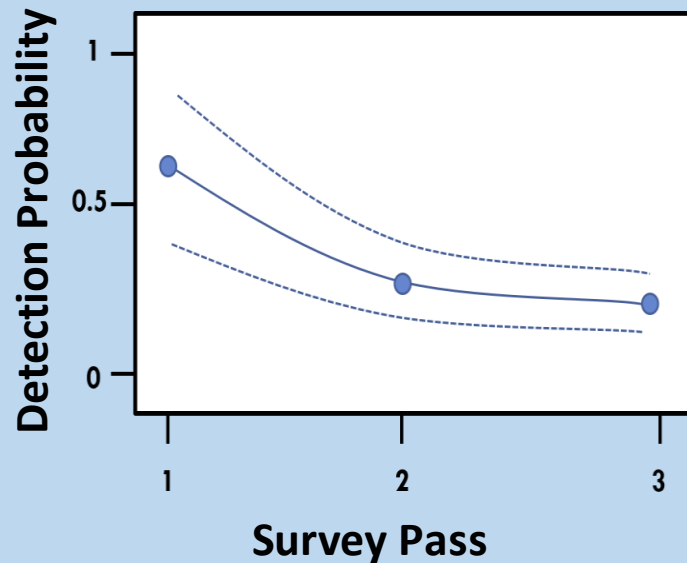


Time

Spatio-Temporal Population Viability Analysis

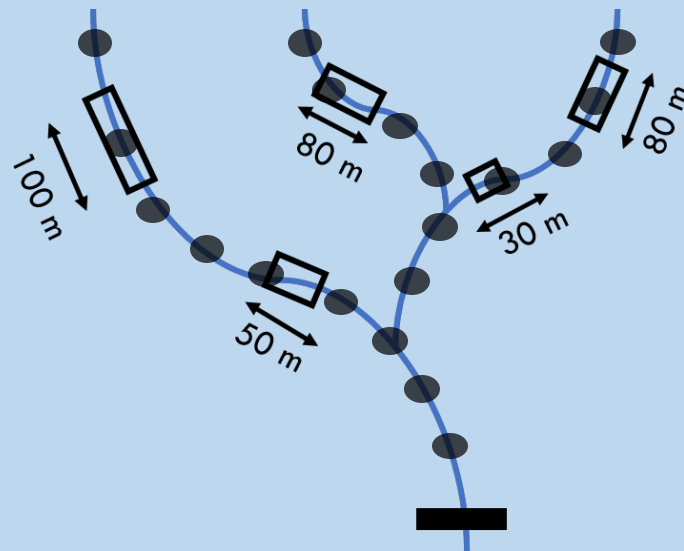
Observation Model

Site abundance =
observed + unobserved
animals



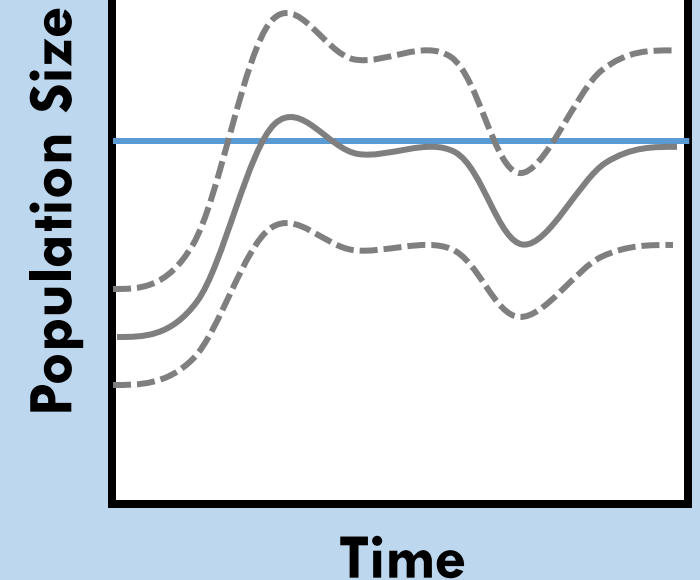
Sampling Model

Total population =
sampled + unsampled
habitat



Process Model

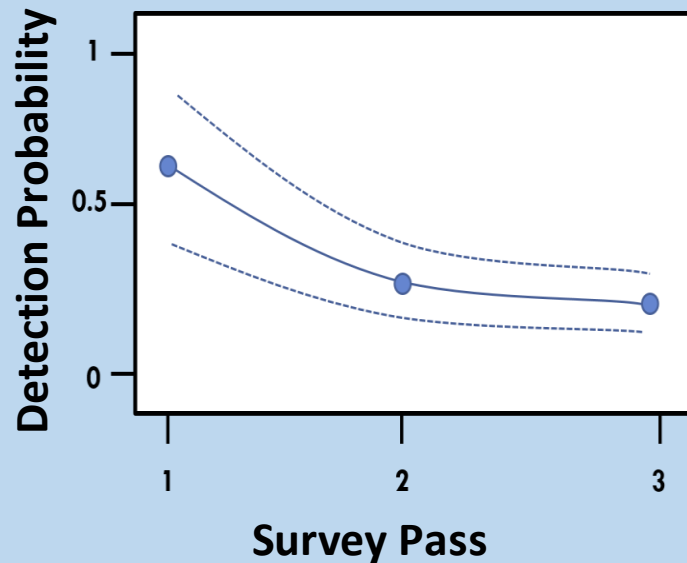
Population change =
births - deaths



Spatio-Temporal Population Viability Analysis

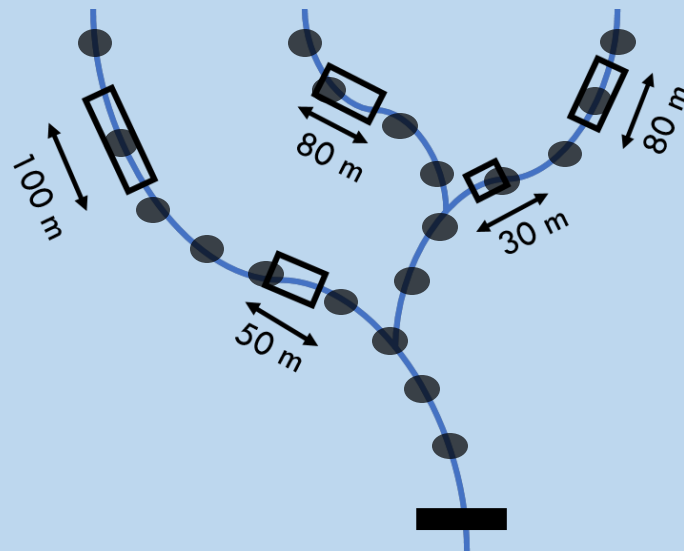
Observation Model

Site abundance =
observed + unobserved
animals



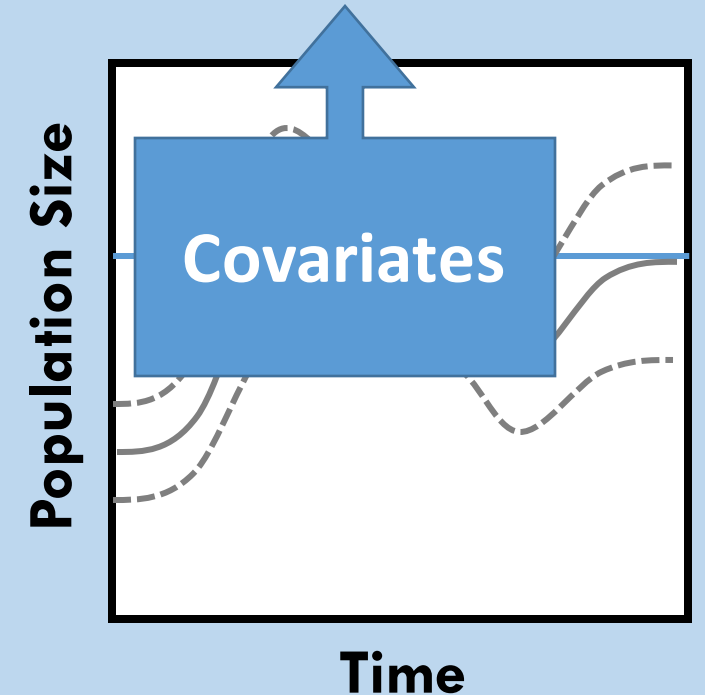
Sampling Model

Total population =
sampled + unsampled
habitat



Process Model

Population change =
births - deaths

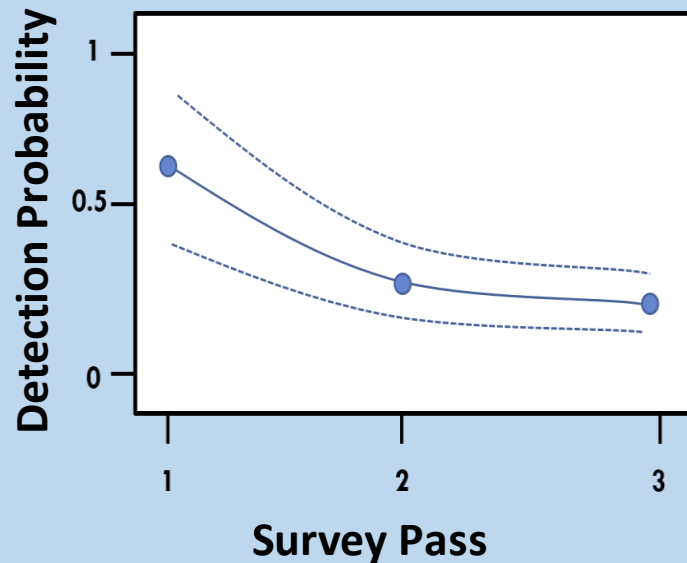


Spatio-Temporal Reliability Analysis

eflowsim

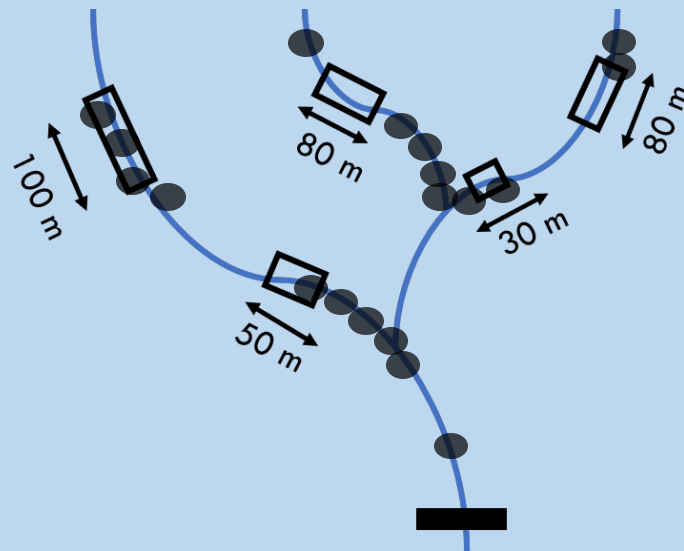
Observation Model

Site abundance =
observed + unobserved
animals



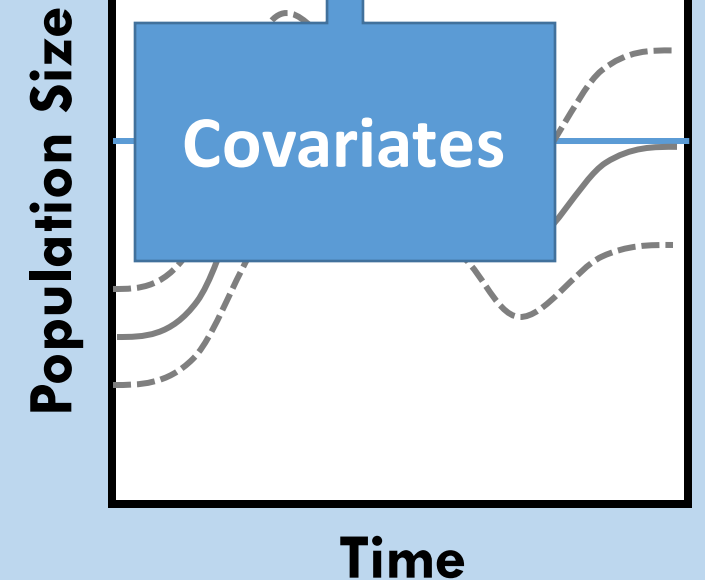
Sampling Model

Total population =
sampled + unsampled
habitat



Process Model

Population change =
births - deaths



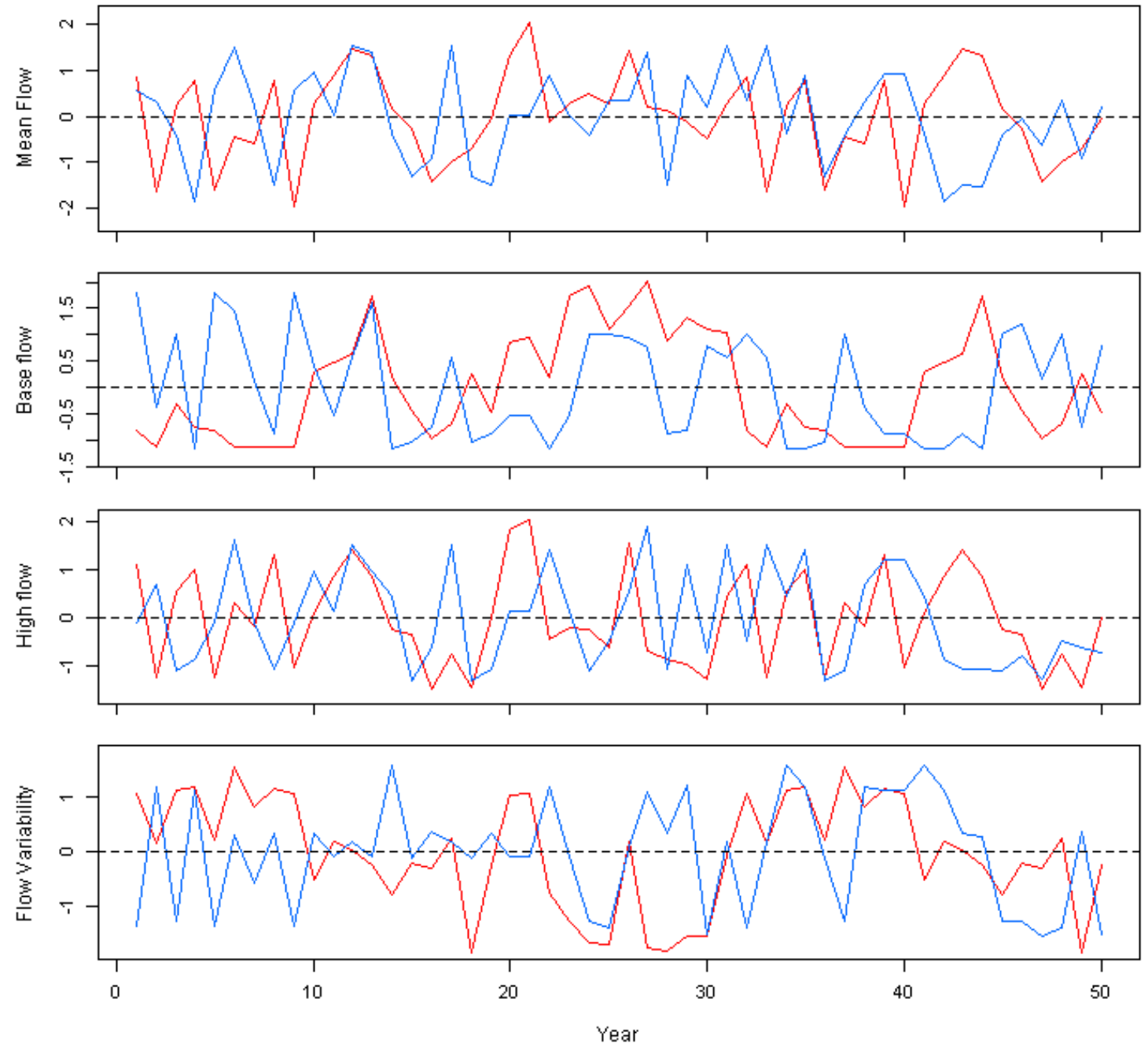
Gage ID: Maggie Creek, NV

Annual Flow Statistics

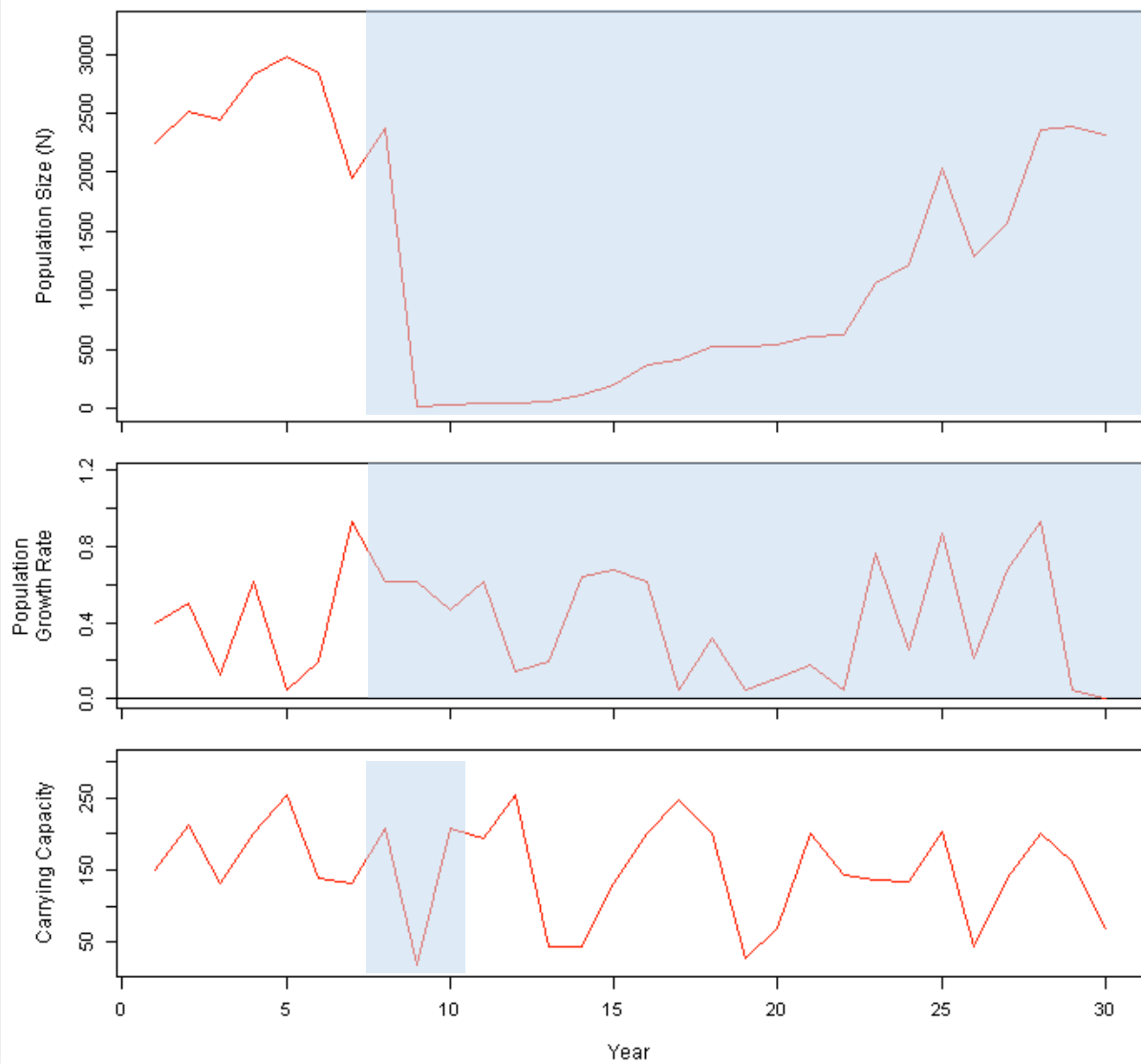
1. Mean discharge
2. Base flow
3. Flood magnitude
4. Flow variability



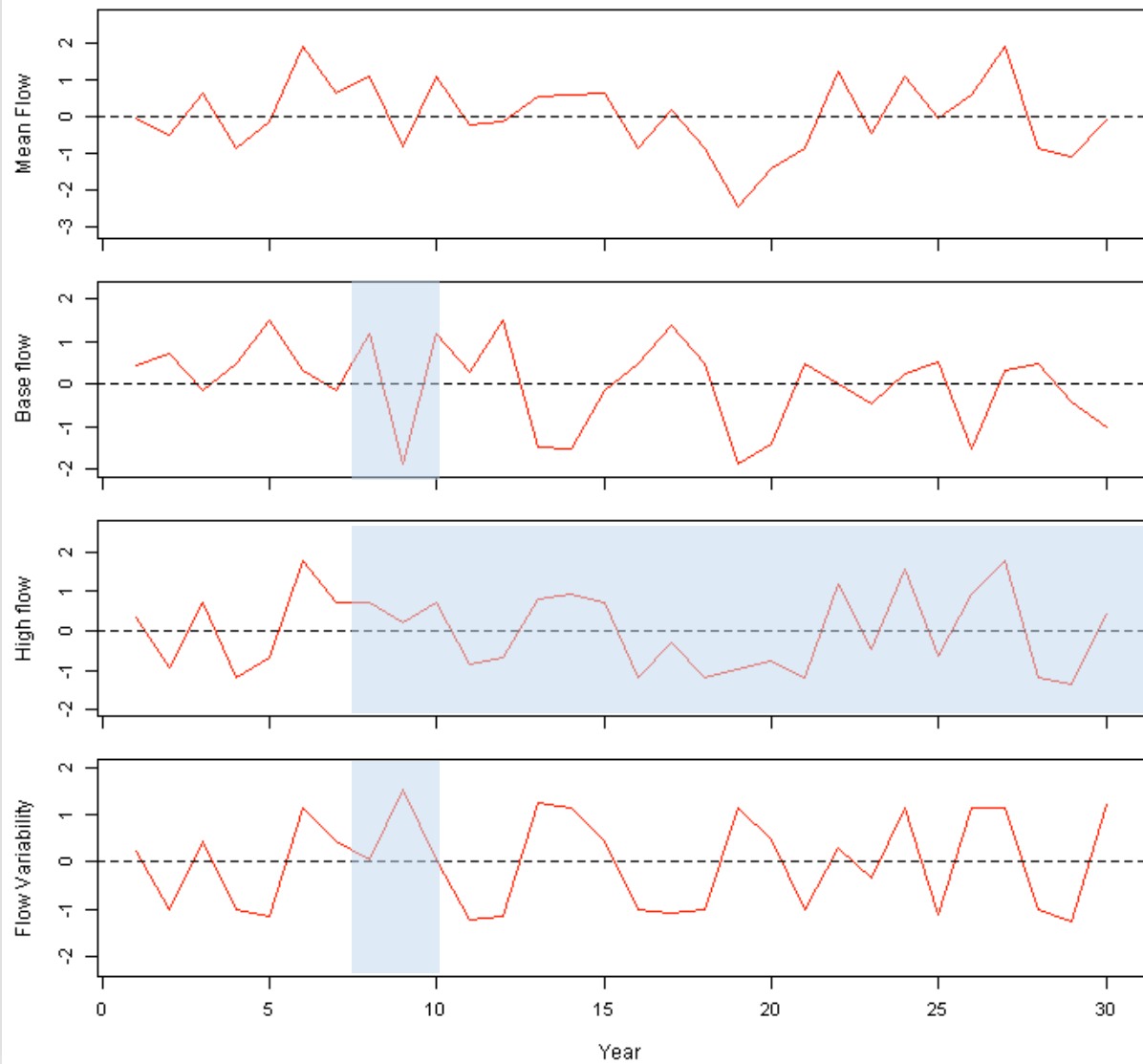
Hydrology Time Series



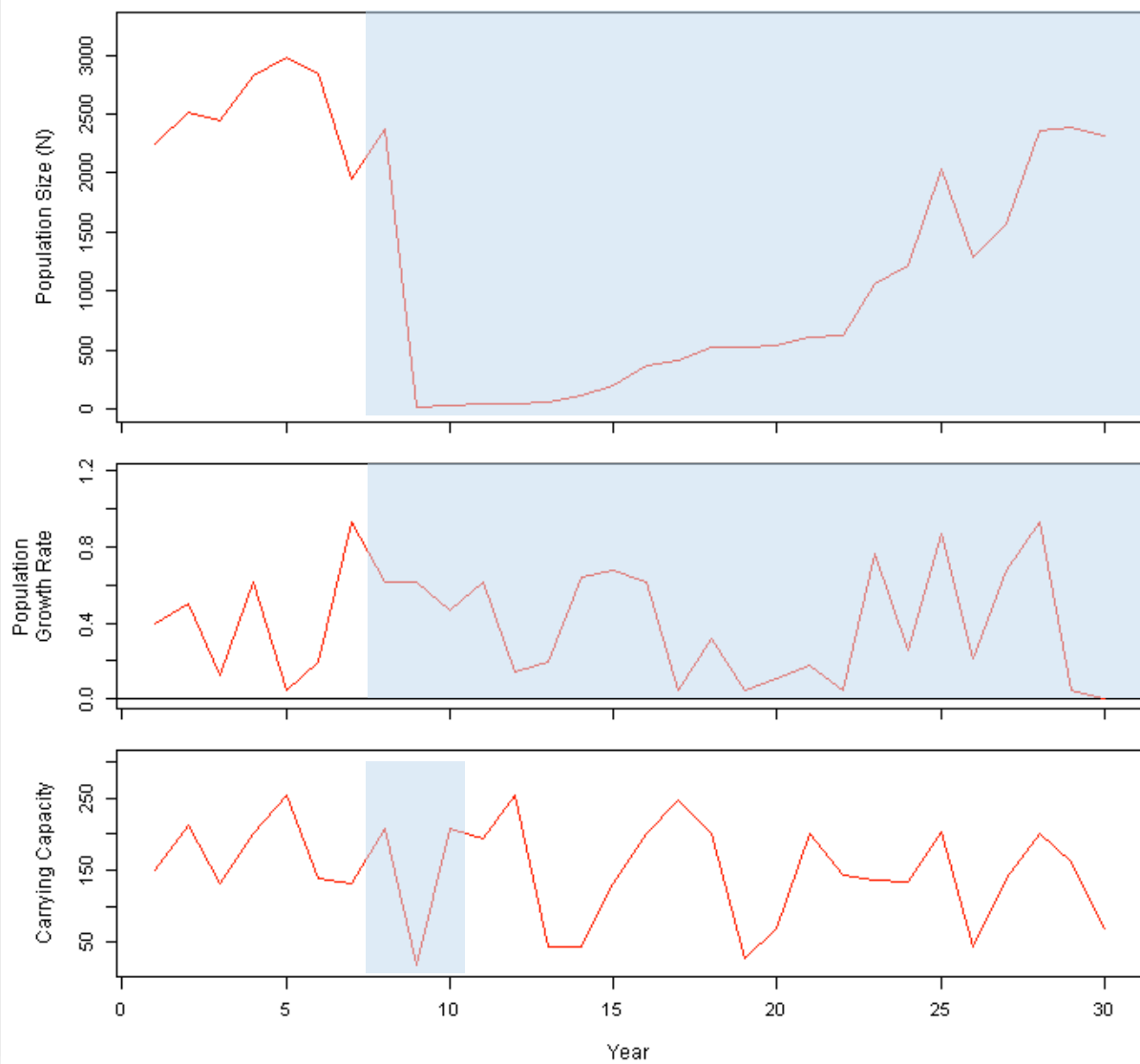
Simulated Time Series



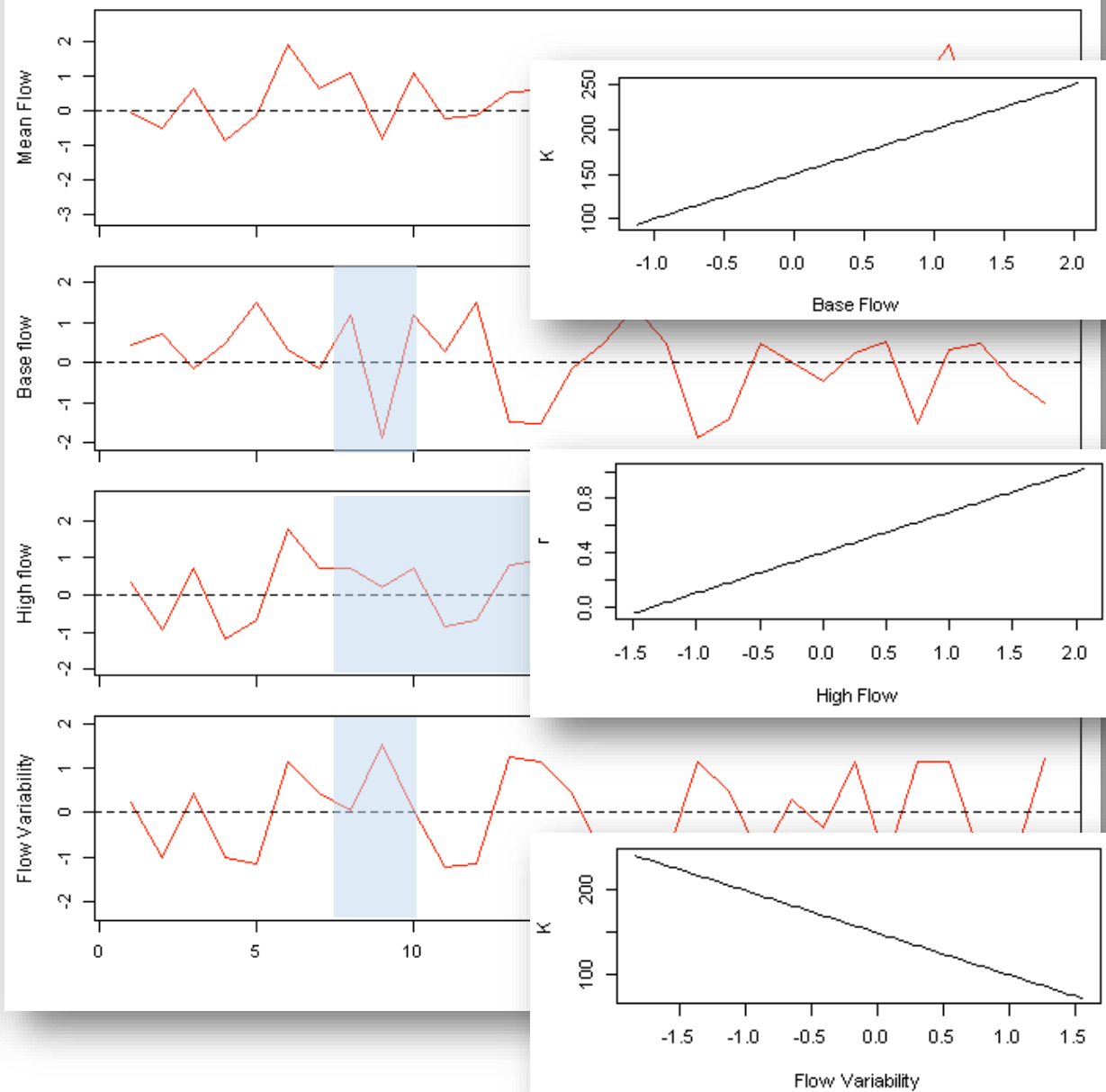
Hydrology Time Series



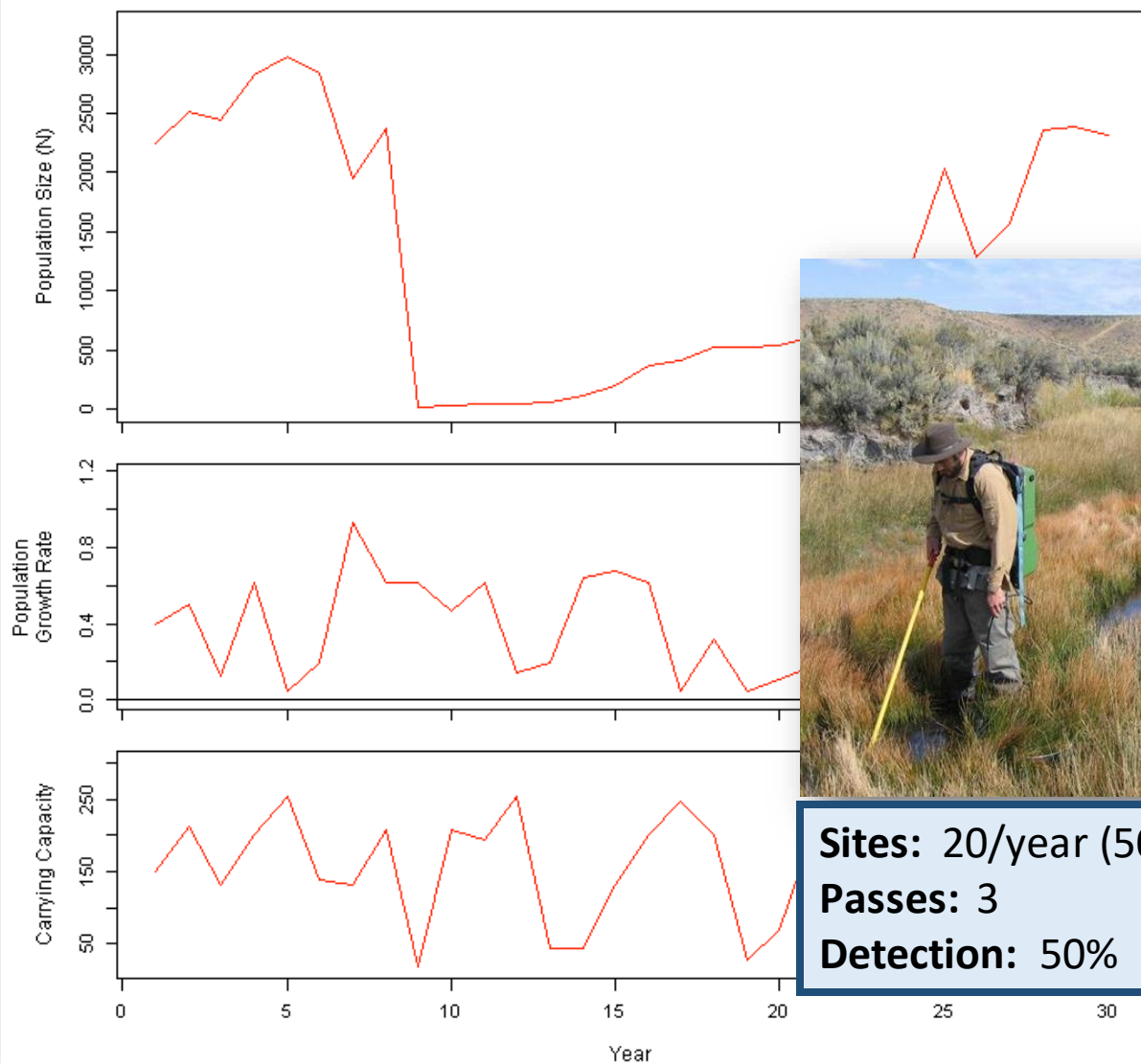
Simulated Time Series



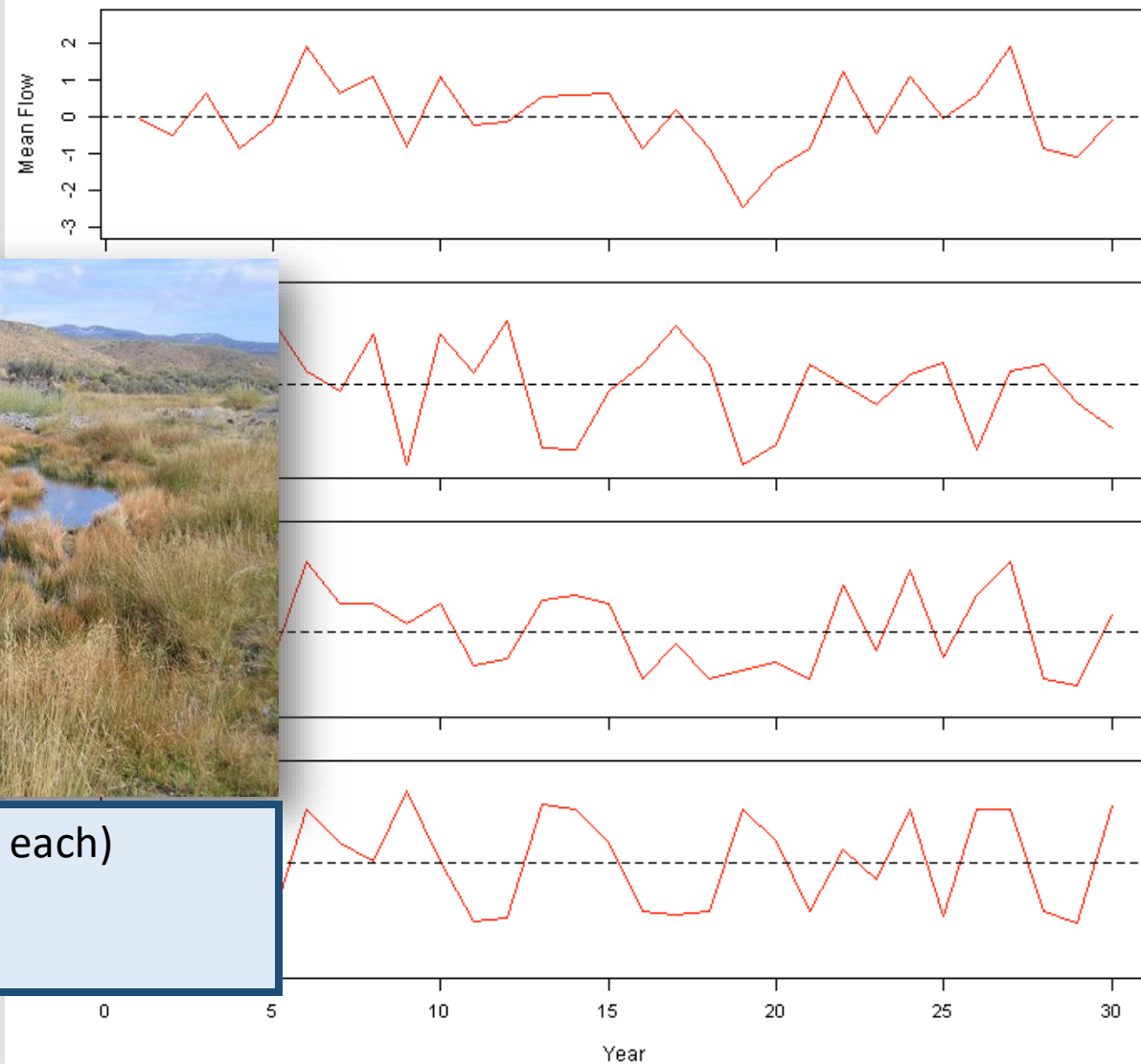
Hydrology Time Series



Simulated Time Series



Hydrology Time Series



Sites: 20/year (50 m each)
Passes: 3
Detection: 50%

Simulation Options

Response:
Abundance estimator

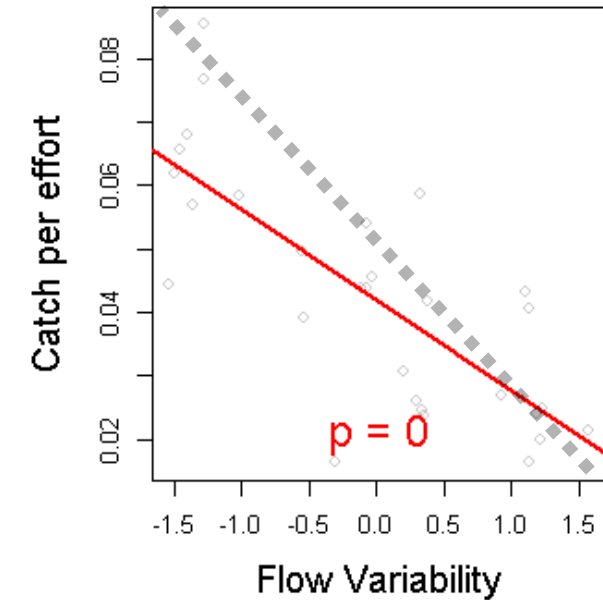
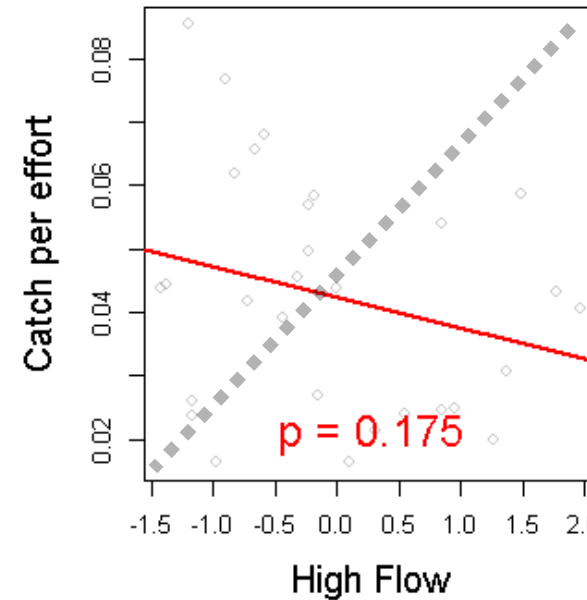
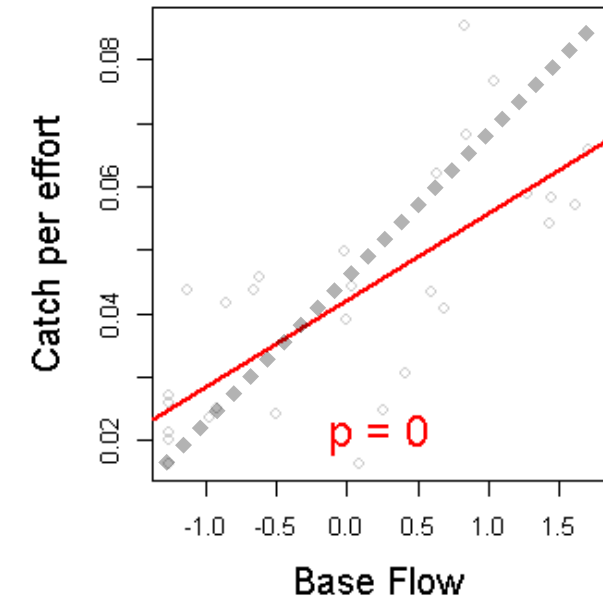
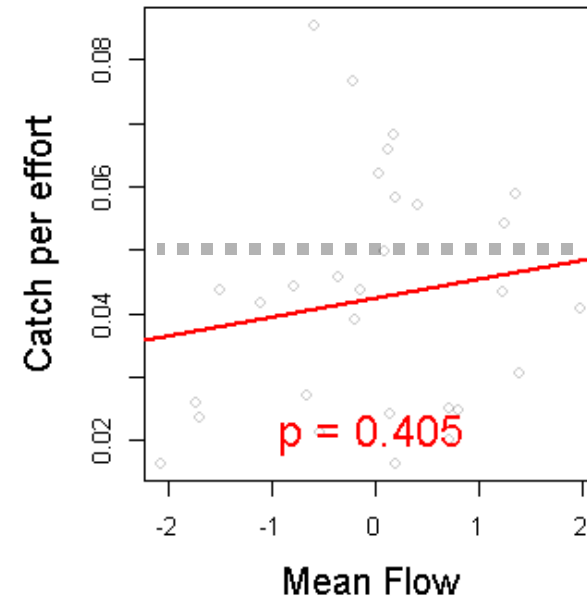
Simulations: 50
Years: 30

Stochasticity

Demographic: 0.01
Sampling: 0.01
Detection: 0.01

Sites: 20/year (50 m each)
Passes: 3
Detection: 50%

Showing results
from only one of
these simulations



Simulation Options

Response:
Abundance estimator

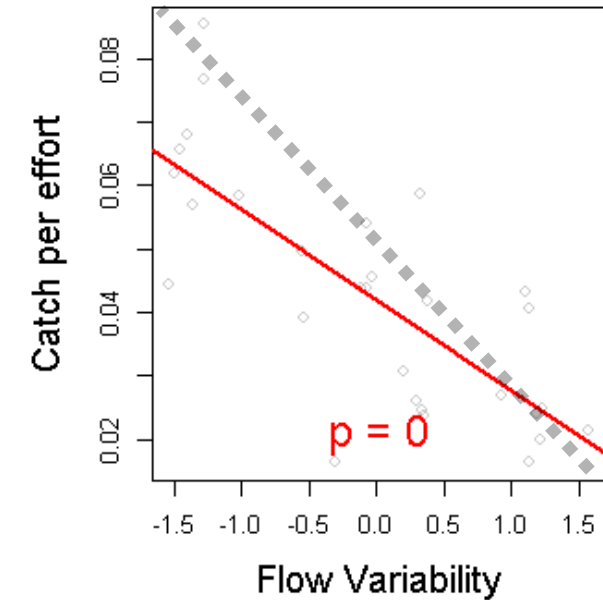
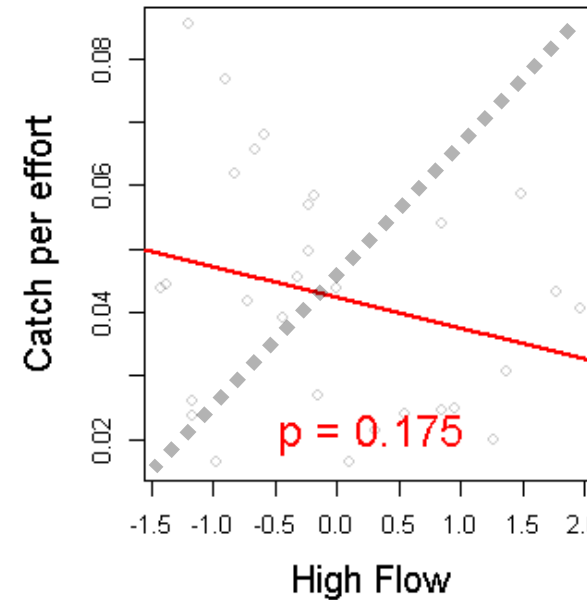
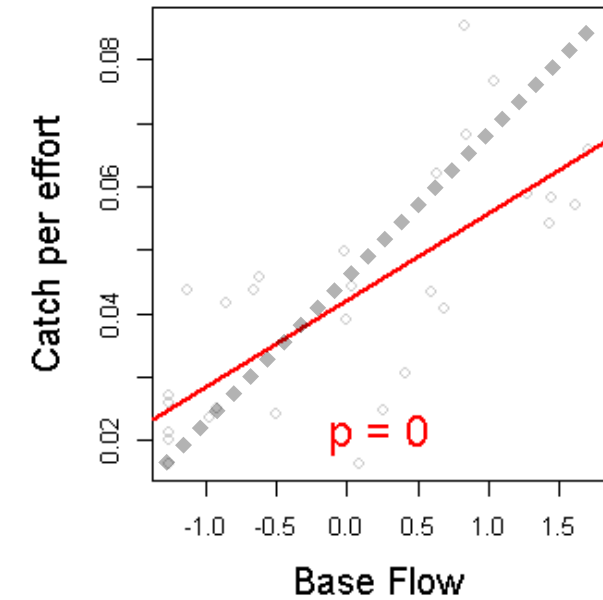
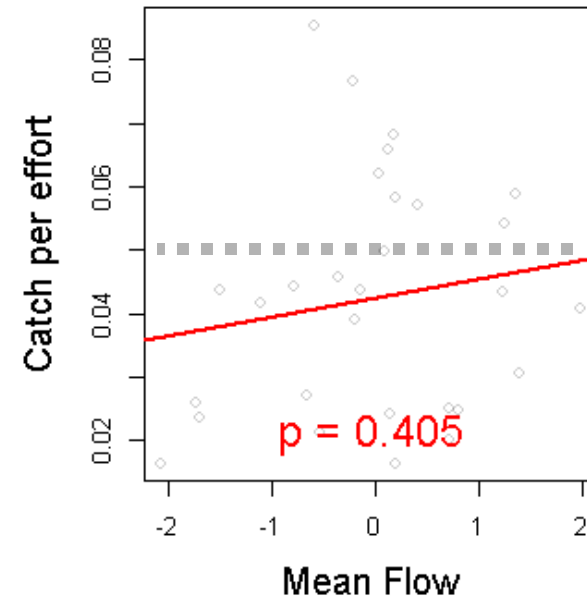
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Showing results
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these simulations



Simulation Options

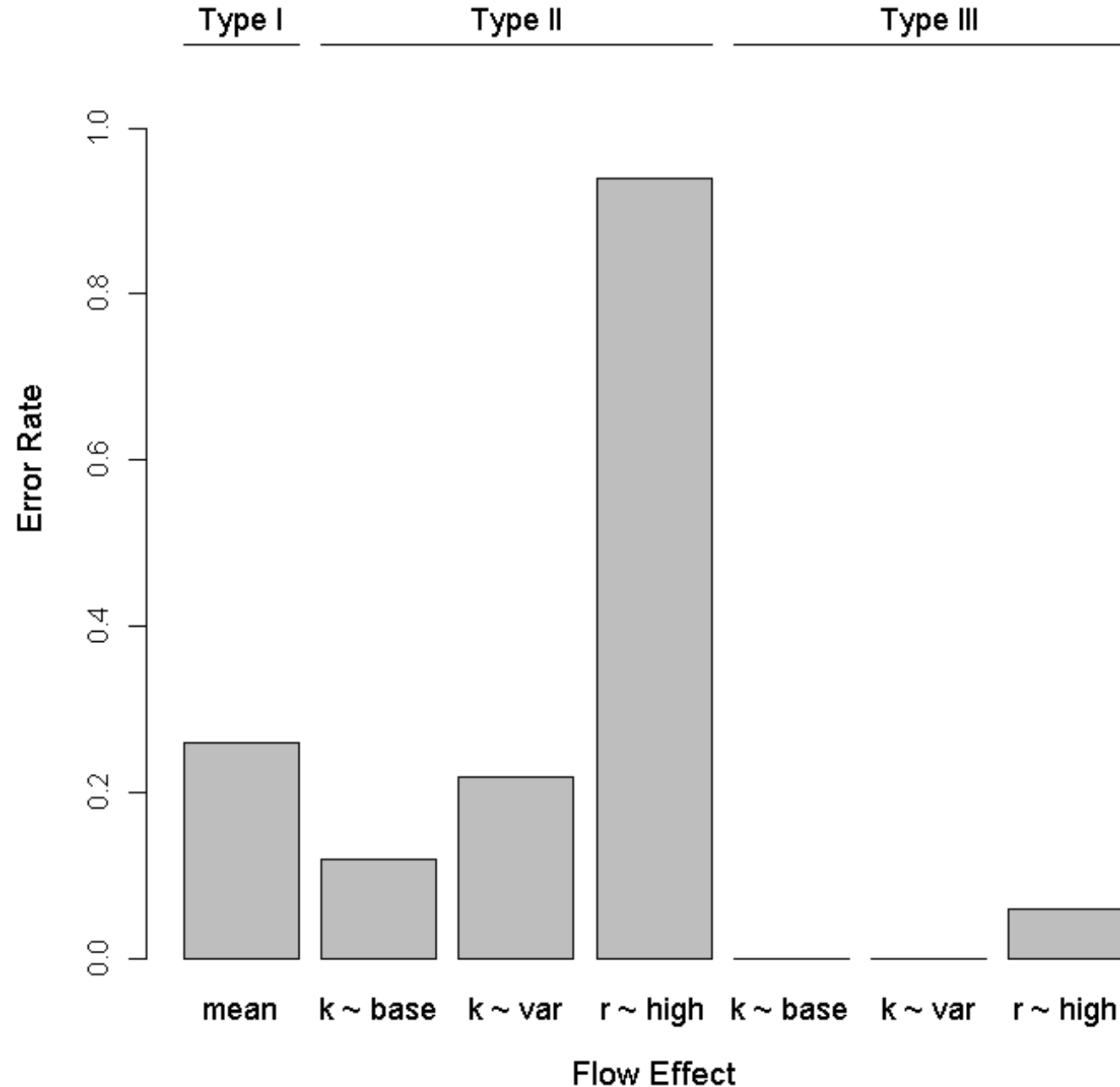
Response:
Abundance estimator

Simulations: 50
Years: 30

Stochasticity

Demographic: 0.01
Sampling: 0.01
Detection: 0.01

Sites: 20/year (50 m each)
Passes: 3
Detection: 50%



Simulation Options

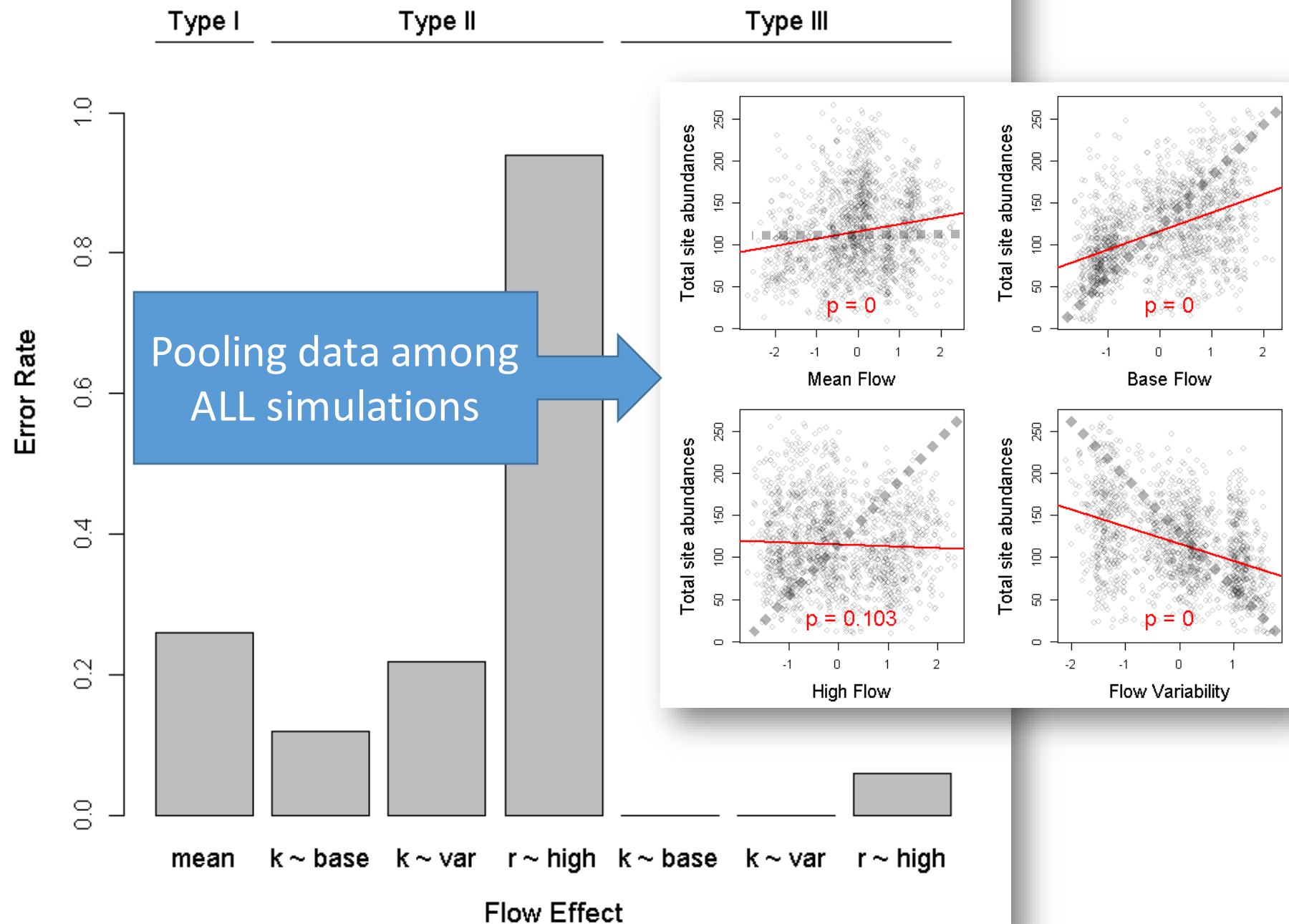
Response:
Abundance estimator

Simulations: 50
Years: 30

Stochasticity

Demographic: 0.01
Sampling: 0.01
Detection: 0.01

Sites: 20/year (50 m each)
Passes: 3
Detection: 50%



Simulation Options

Response:

Change in abundance estimator

Simulations: 50

Years: 30

Stochasticity

Demographic: 0.01

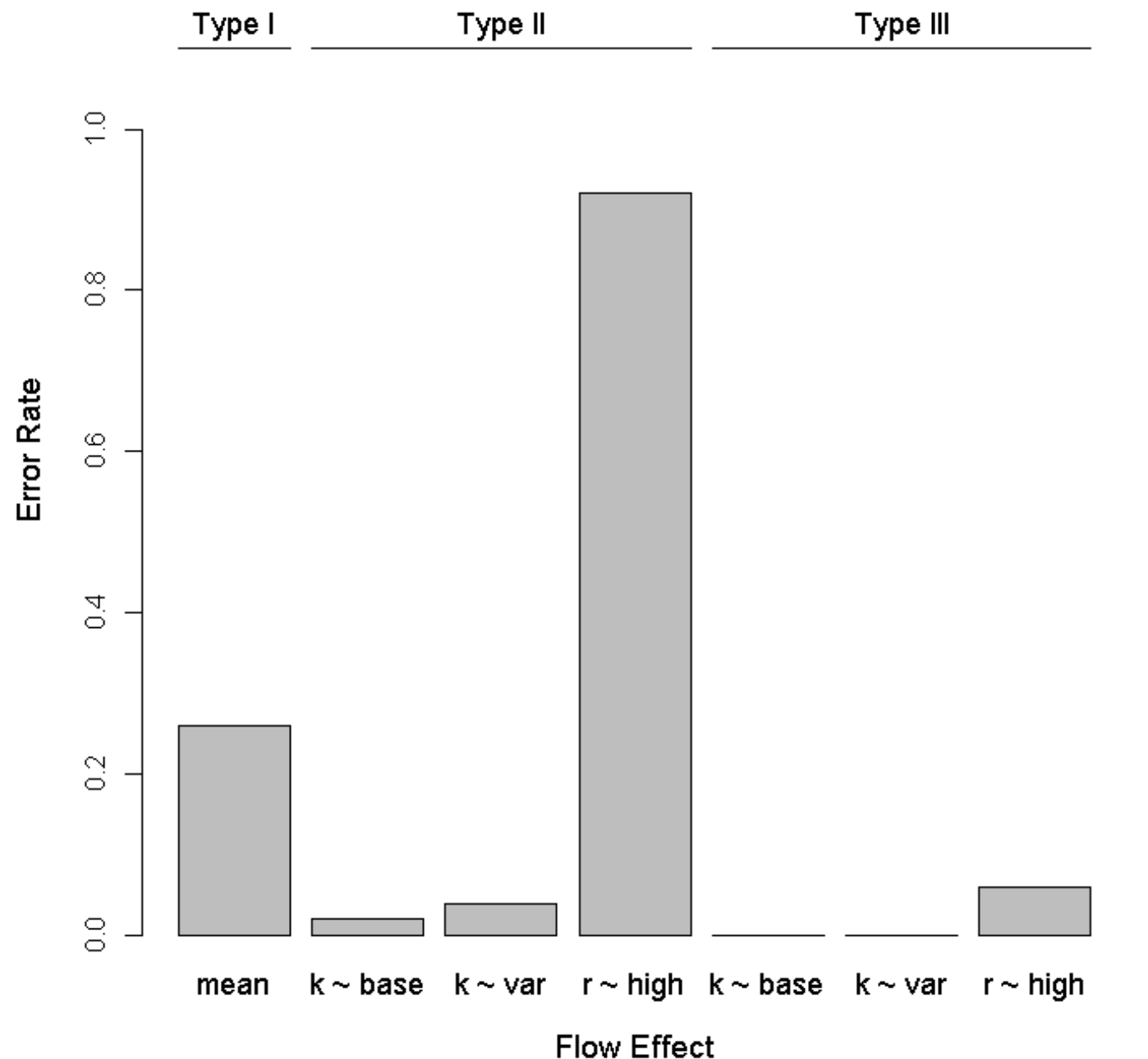
Sampling: 0.01

Detection: 0.01

Sites: 20/year (50 m each)

Passes: 3

Detection: 50%



Simulation Options

Response:

Change in abundance estimator

Simulations: 50

Years: 30

Stochasticity

Demographic: 0.01

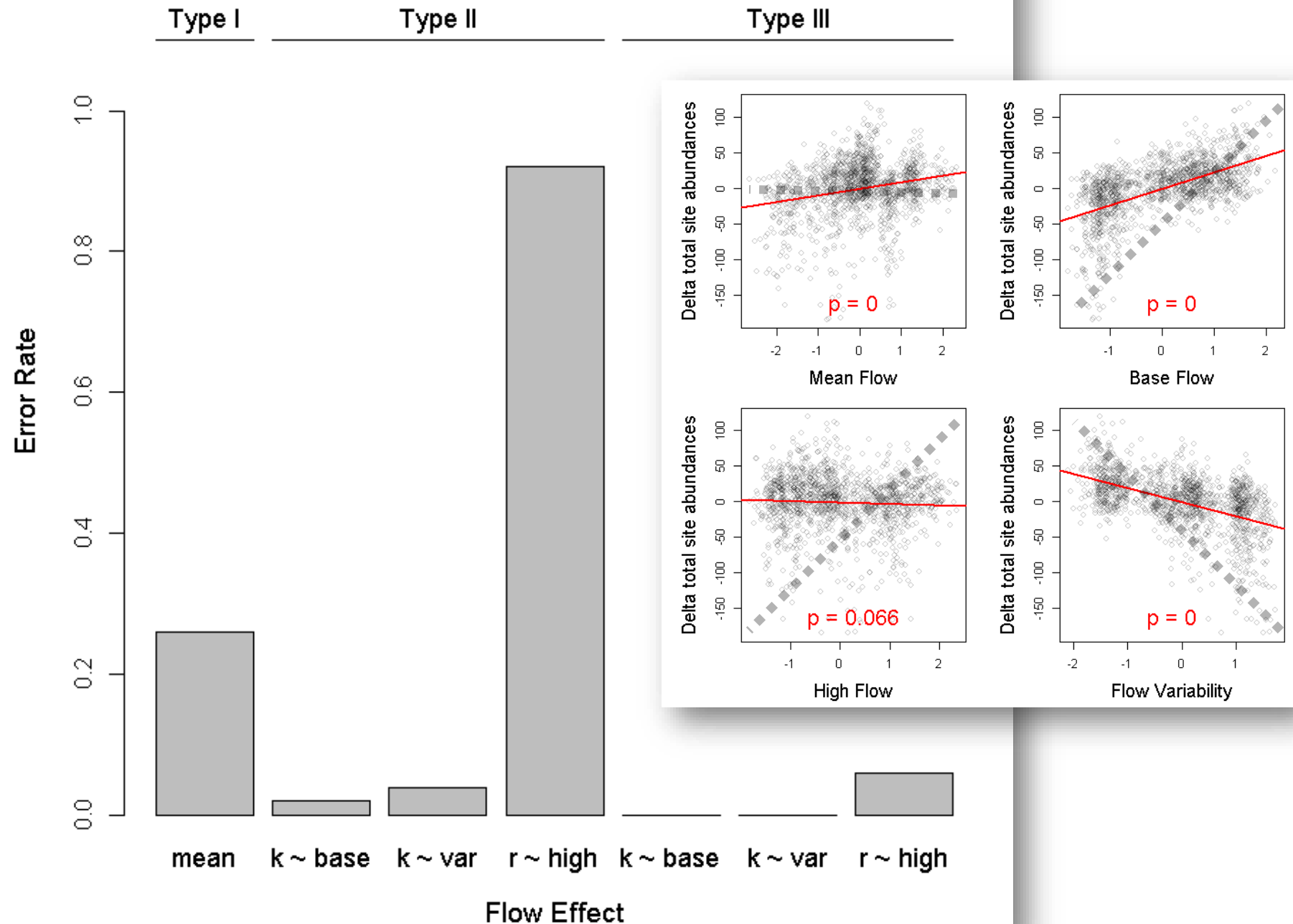
Sampling: 0.01

Detection: 0.01

Sites: 20/year (50 m each)

Passes: 3

Detection: 50%



Simulation Options

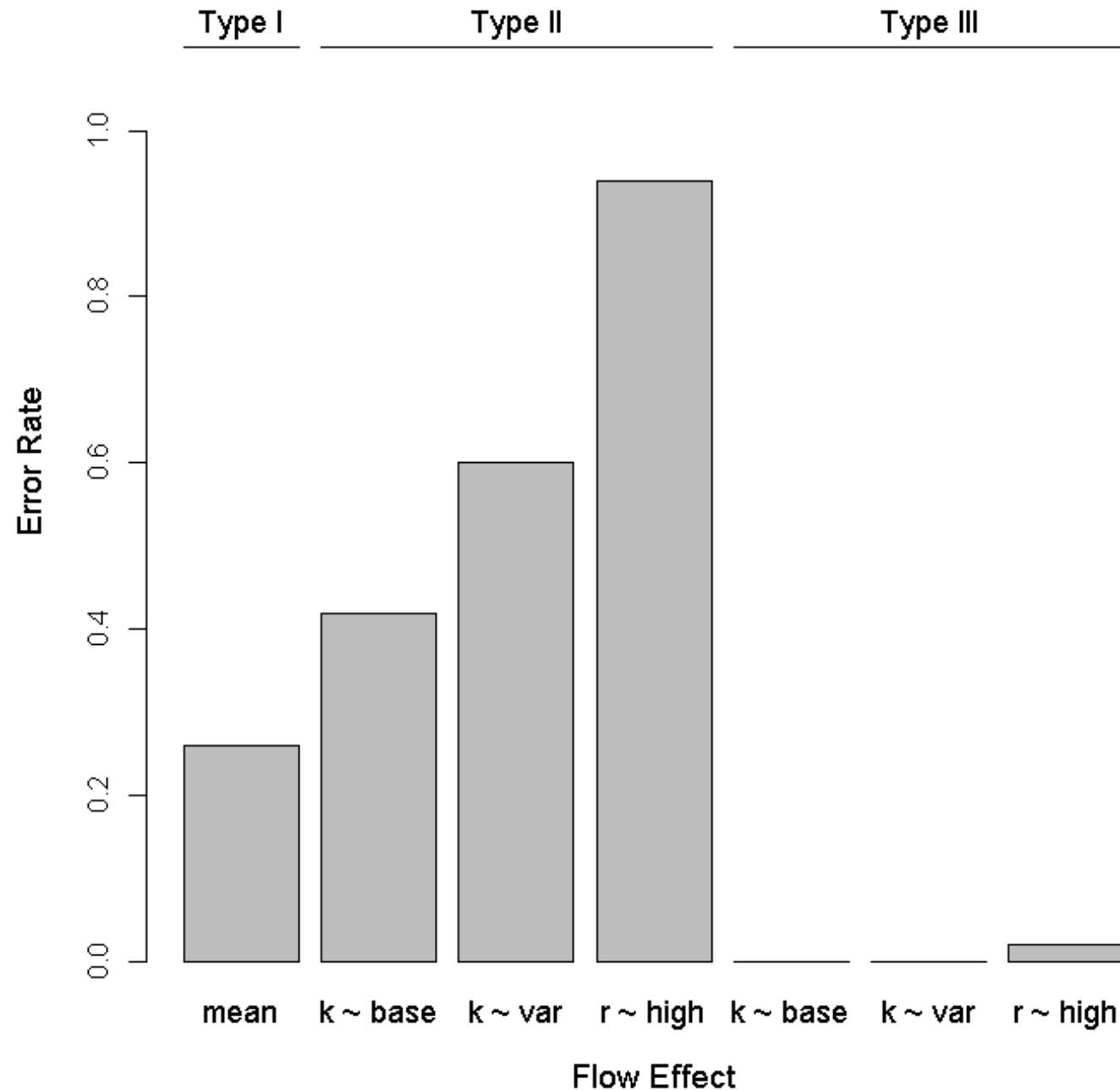
Response:
Change in abundance estimator

Simulations: 50
Years: 30

Stochasticity

Demographic: 0.01
Sampling: **1.00**
Detection: 0.01

Sites: 20/year (50 m each)
Passes: 3
Detection: 50%



Simulation Options

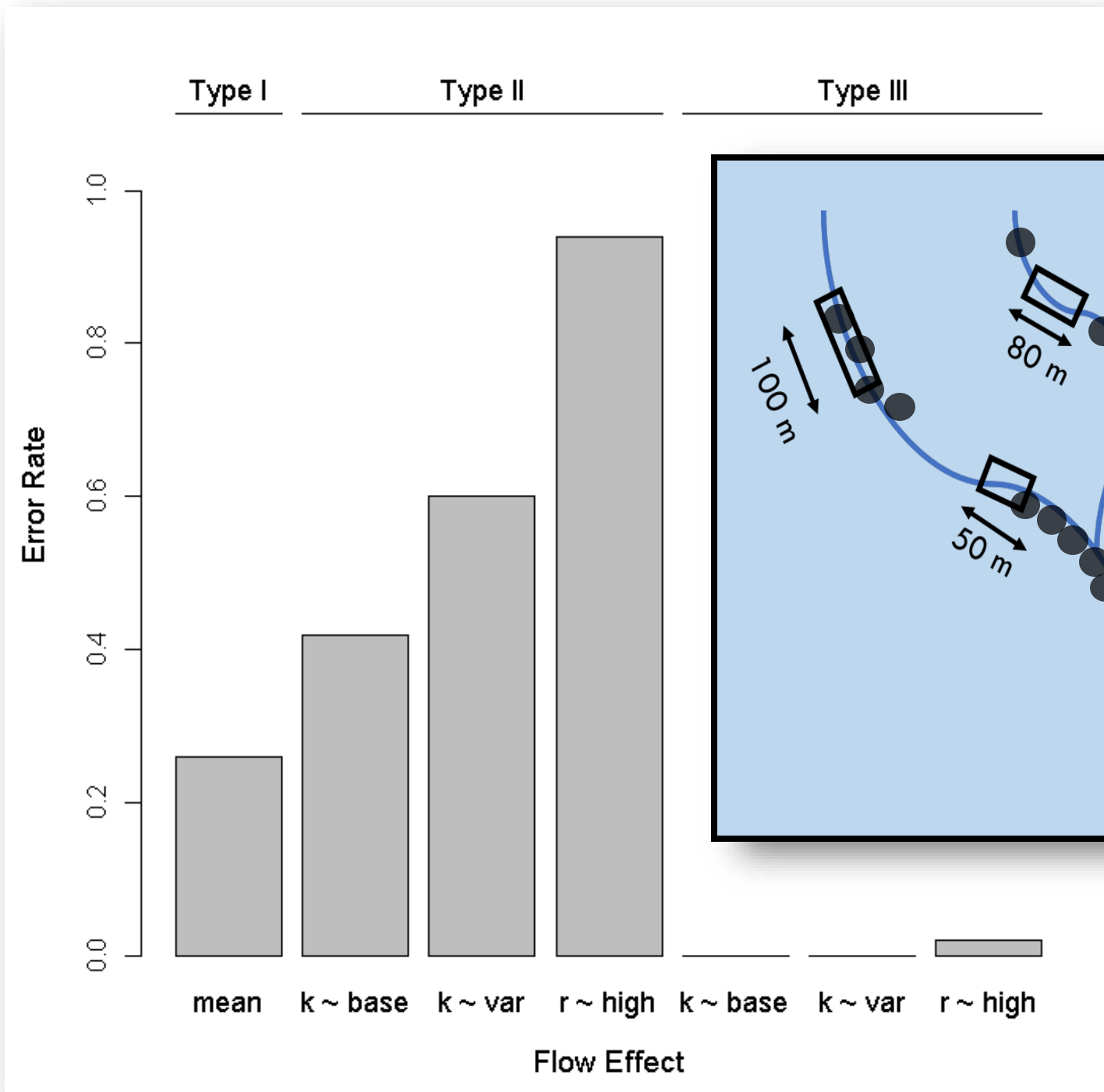
Response:
Change in abundance estimator

Simulations: 50
Years: 30

Stochasticity

Demographic: 0.01
Sampling: **1.00**
Detection: 0.01

Sites: 20/year (50 m each)
Passes: 3
Detection: 50%



Simulation Options

Response:
Change in abundance estimator

Simulations: 50

Years: 30

Stochasticity

Demographic: 0.70

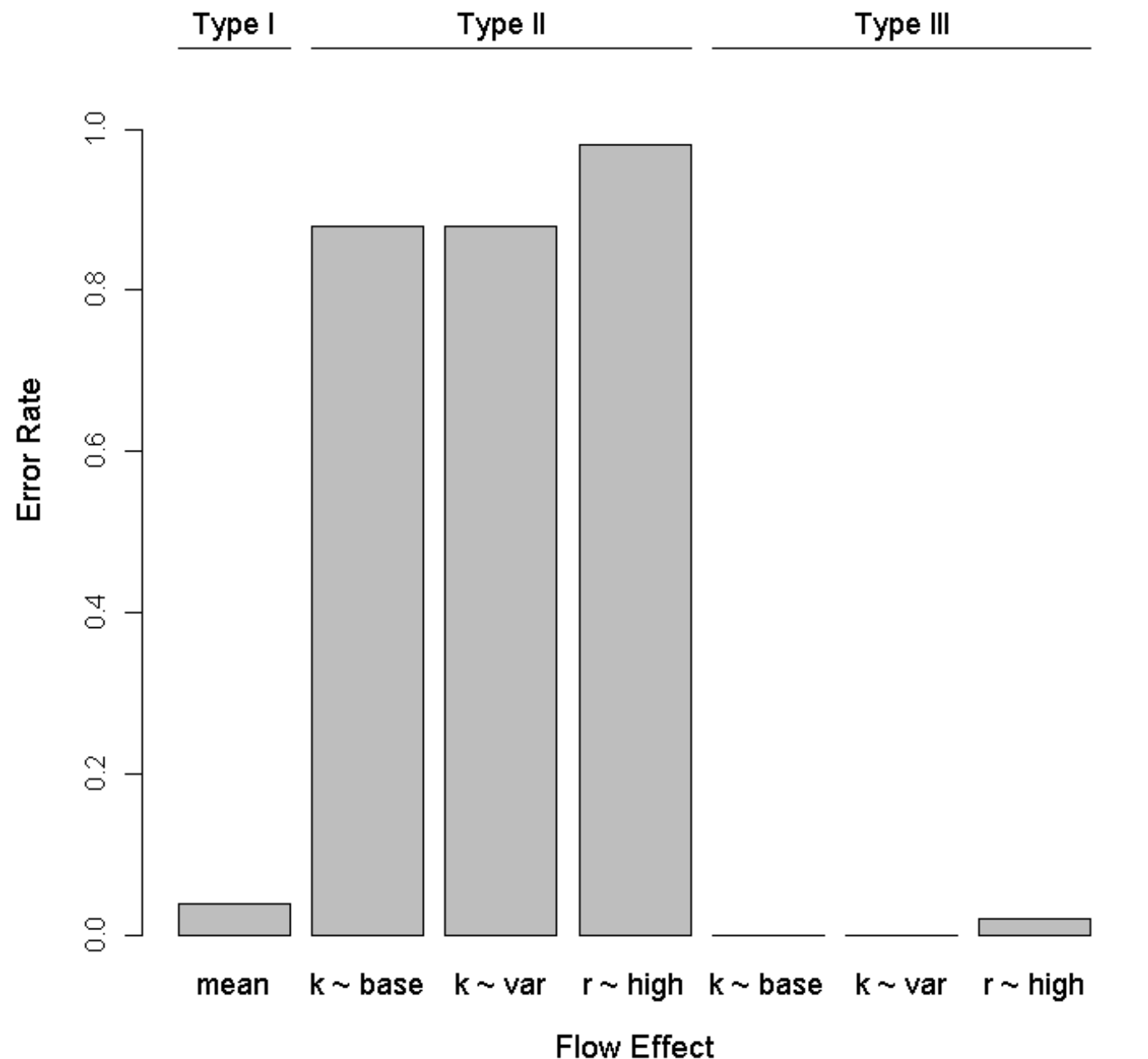
Sampling: 1.00

Detection: 0.01

Sites: 20/year (50 m each)

Passes: 3

Detection: 50%



Simulation Options

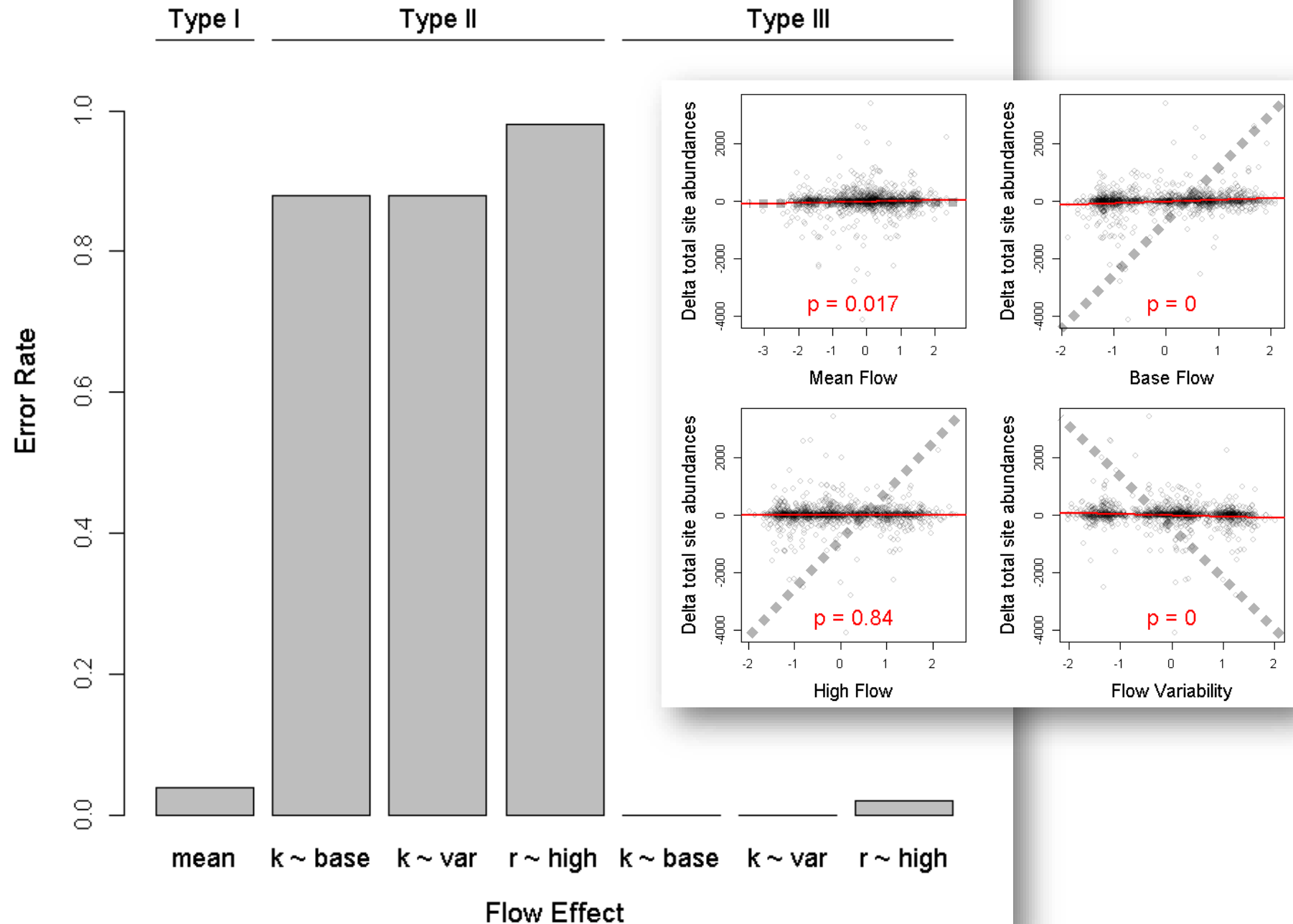
Response:
Change in abundance estimator

Simulations: 50
Years: 30

Stochasticity

Demographic: **0.70**
Sampling: 1.00
Detection: 0.01

Sites: 20/year (50 m each)
Passes: 3
Detection: 50%



Simulation Options

Response:

Change in abundance estimator

Simulations: 50

Years: 30

Stochasticity

Demographic: **0.10**

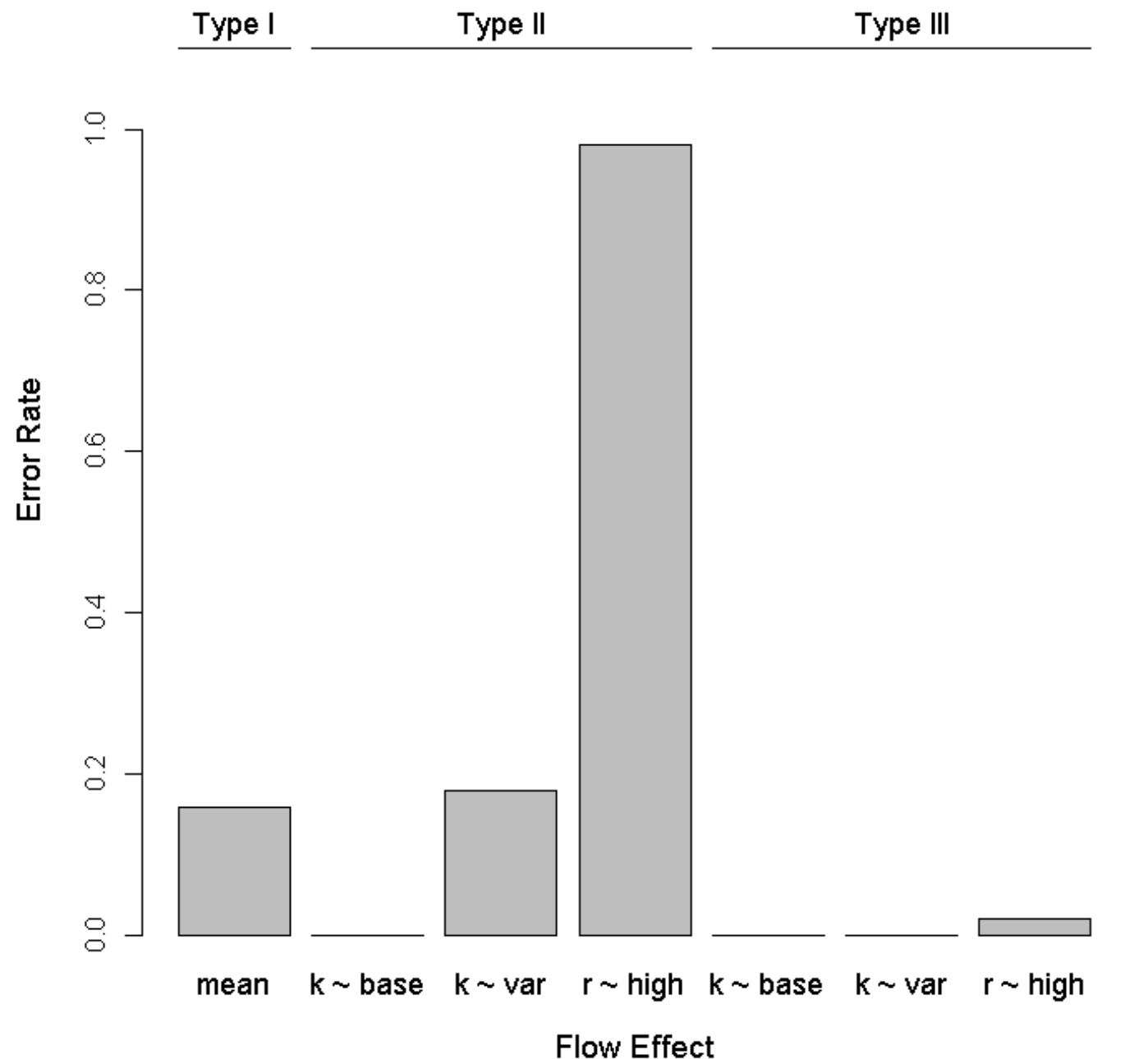
Sampling: **0.10**

Detection: **0.00**

Sites: 20/year (50 m each)

Passes: 3

Detection: 50%



Simulation Options

Response:

Change in abundance estimator

Simulations: 50

Years: 30

Stochasticity

Demographic: **0.10**

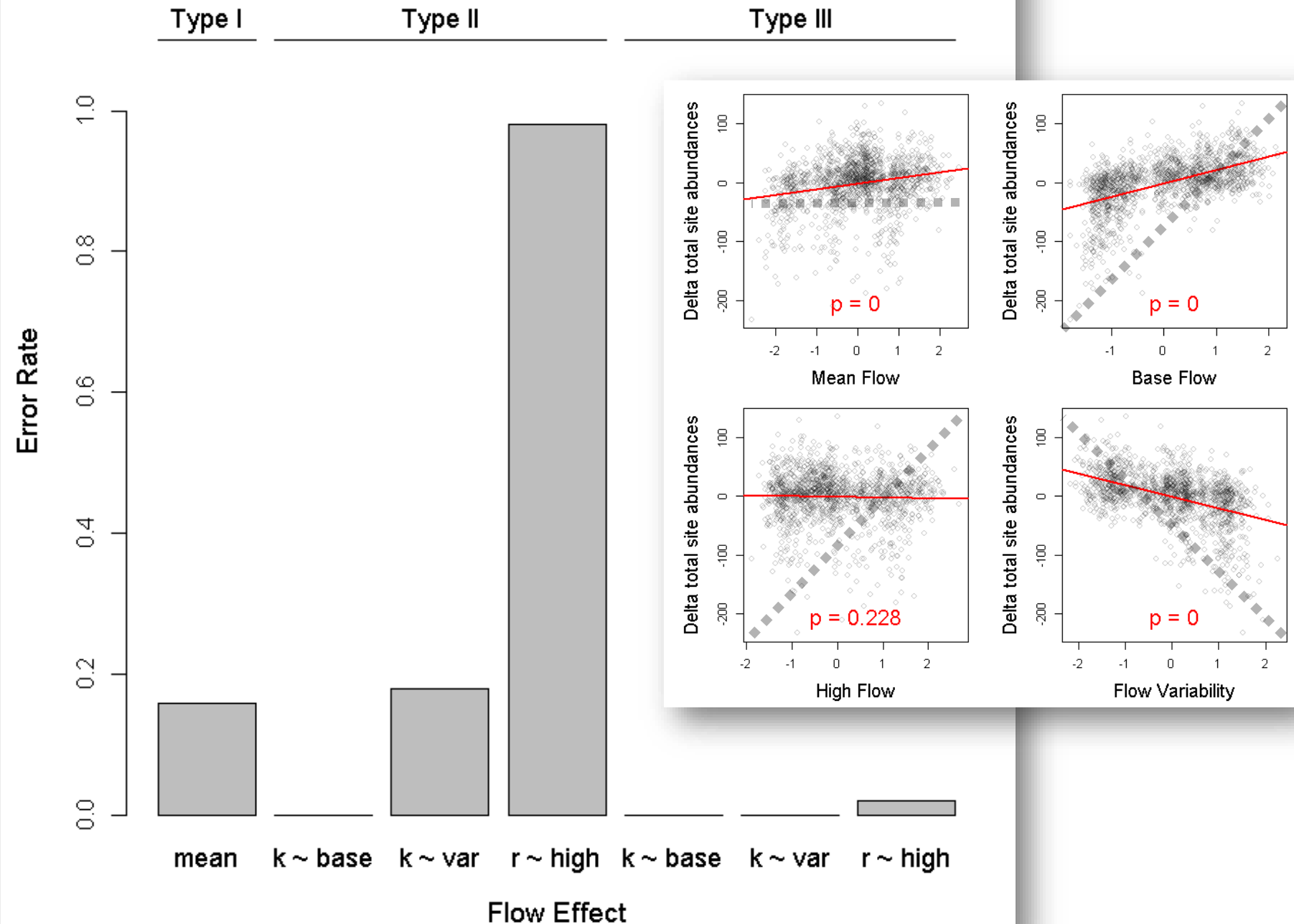
Sampling: **0.10**

Detection: **0.00**

Sites: 20/year (50 m each)

Passes: 3

Detection: 50%



Simulation Options

Response:
Change in abundance estimator

Simulations: **30**

Years: **5**

Stochasticity

Demographic: 0.10

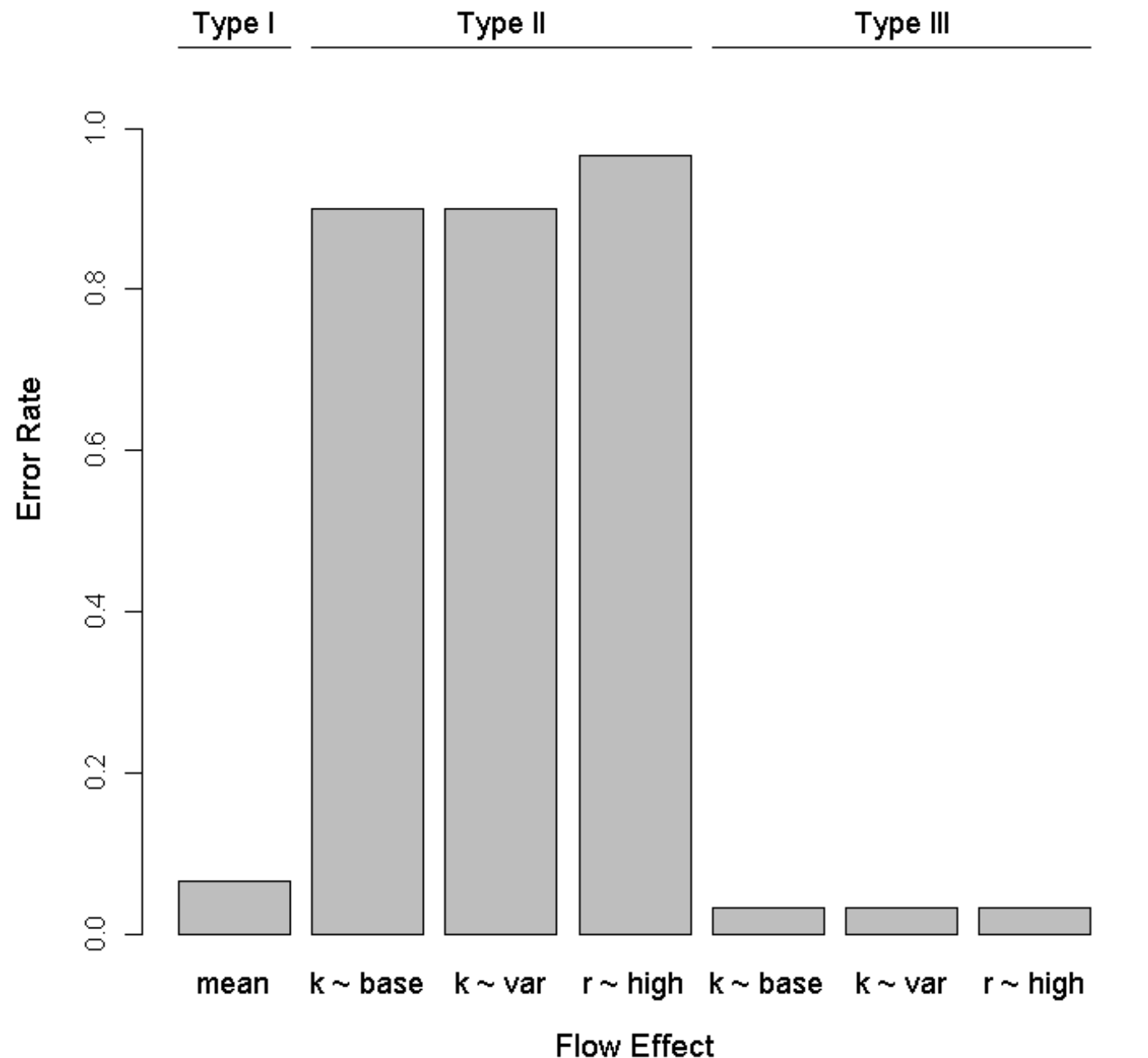
Sampling: 0.10

Detection: 0.00

Sites: 20/year (50 m each)

Passes: 3

Detection: 50%



Simulation Options

Response:
Change in abundance estimator

Simulations: **30**

Years: **5**

Stochasticity

Demographic: 0.10

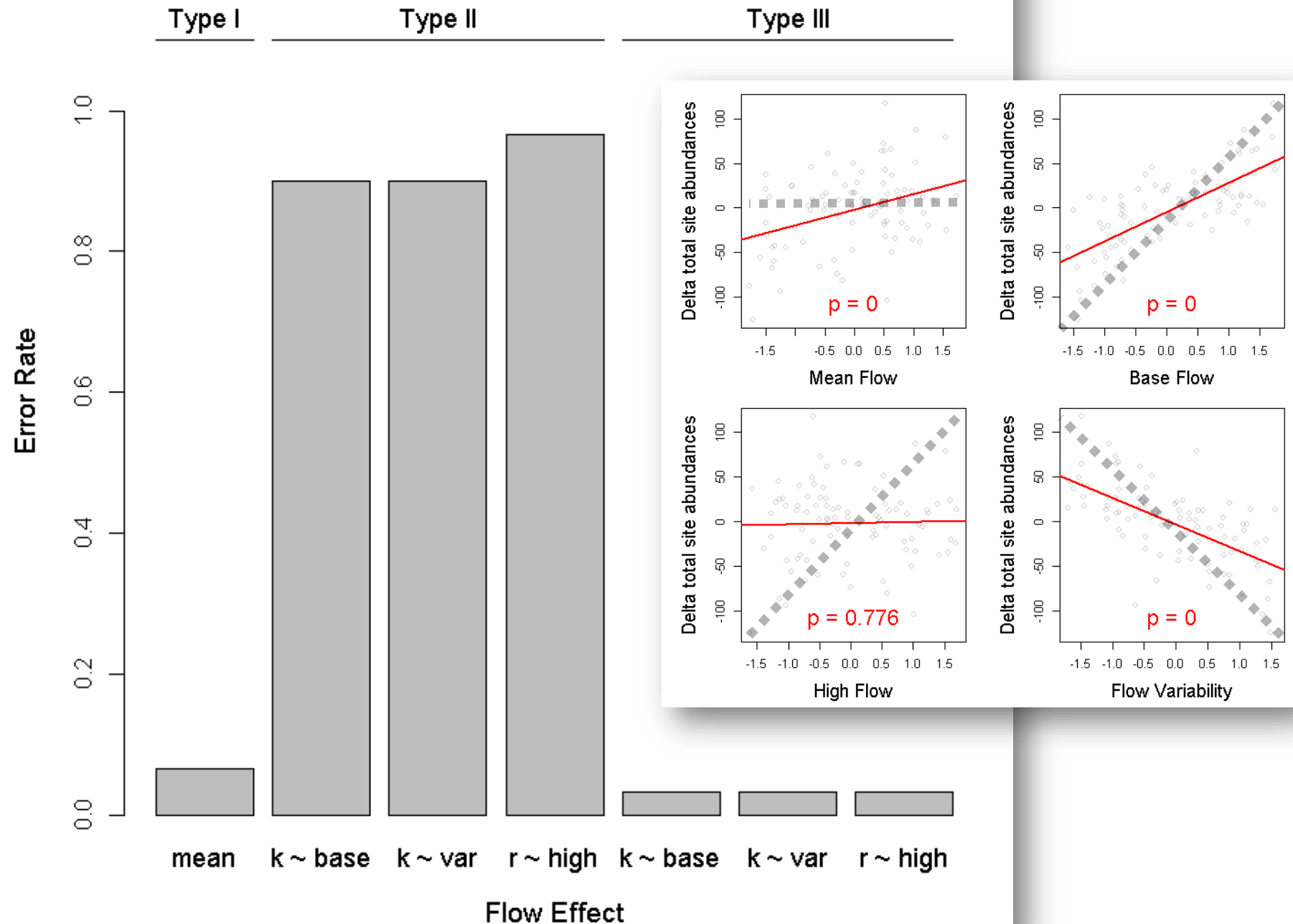
Sampling: 0.10

Detection: 0.00

Sites: 20/year (50 m each)

Passes: 3

Detection: 50%



Simulation Options

Response:
Change in abundance estimator

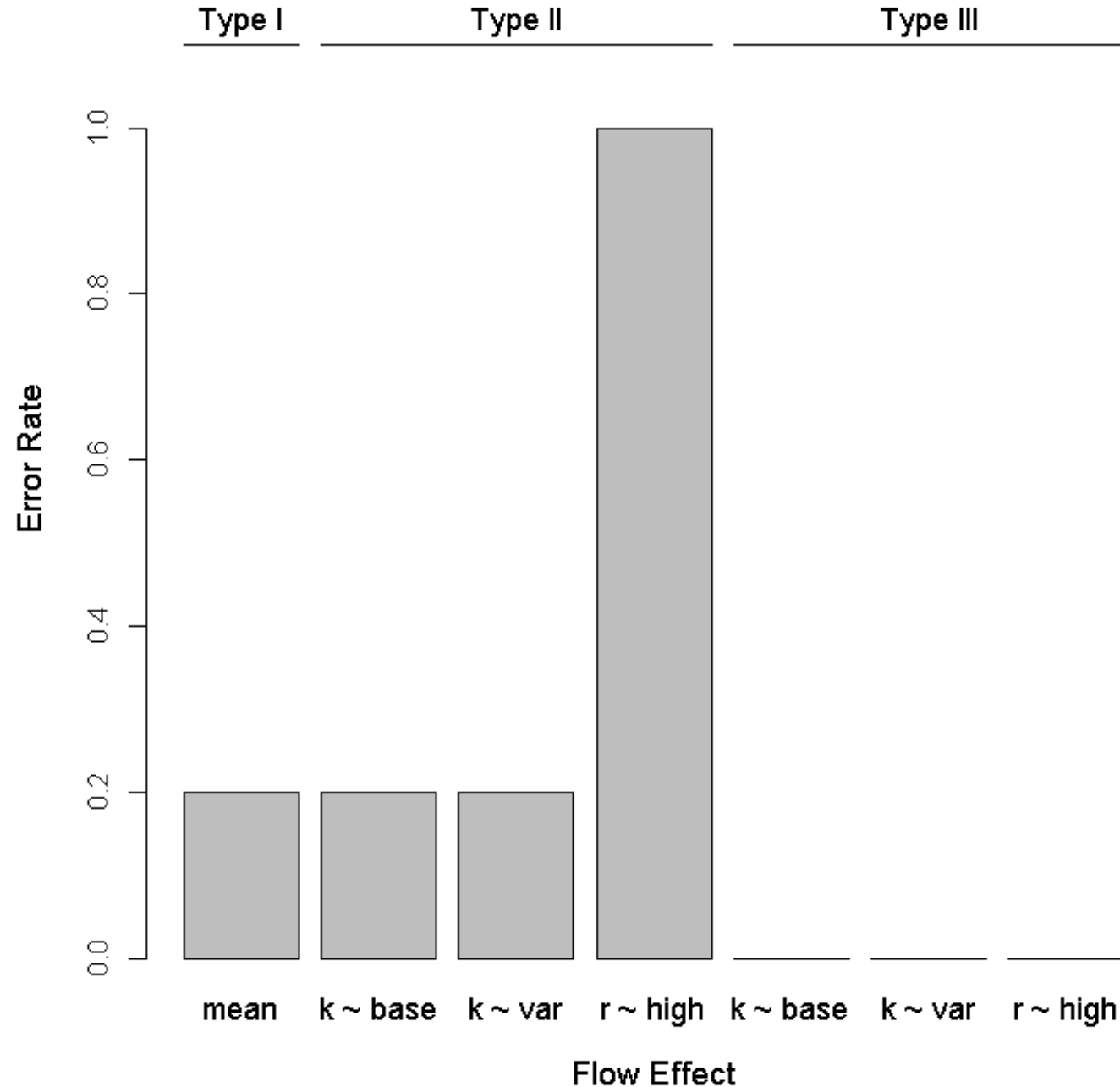
Simulations: 5
Years: 30



Stochasticity

Demographic: 0.10
Sampling: 0.10
Detection: 0.00

Sites: 20/year (50 m each)
Passes: 3
Detection: 50%



Simulation Options

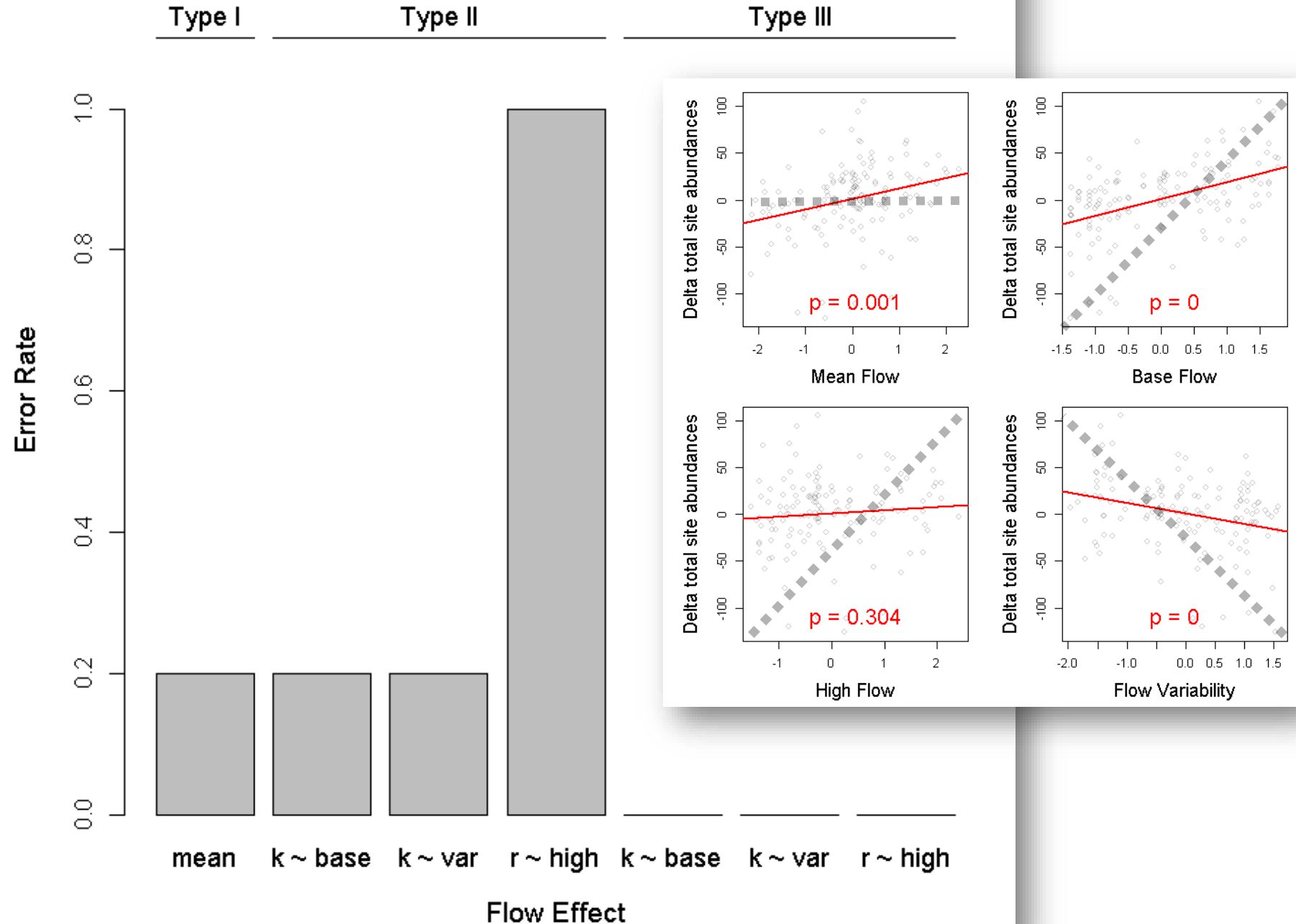
Response:
Change in abundance estimator

Simulations: 5
Years: 30

Stochasticity

Demographic: 0.10
Sampling: 0.10
Detection: 0.00

Sites: 20/year (50 m each)
Passes: 3
Detection: 50%



Summary/Conclusions

1. Hidden effects on growth rates

2. Signal-to-noise

- Demographic stochasticity + unexplained variance
- Sampling error
- Observation error

3. States vs. rates

4. Many short-term studies vs. few long-term studies

**** Simulation results may change in a different stream!**

What's next?

1. The e-flows data challenge.

- a. Data generated for several scenarios (fish/river/data collection characteristics).
- b. Simulation parameters kept secret.
- c. Participating labs analyze replicate datasets independently.
- d. Compare conclusions to known flow effects.

2. eflowsim: A web app and/or R package.

- a. Simulate your own fish populations in any stream
- b. Generate fish survey data using different sampling designs
- c. Assess error rates of your preferred analytical approach