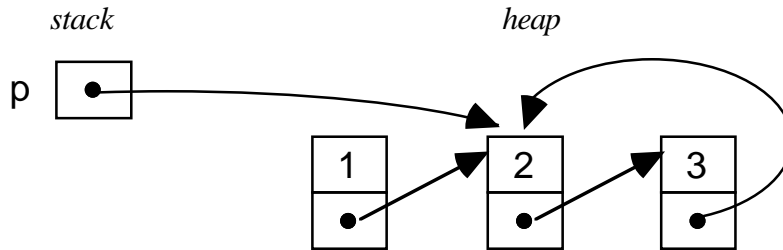


## Section Solutions #3

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(Note: This handout uses C++ style comments... the `//`'s after some lines.)

### Problem 1: Mini-trace



### Problem 2: Recursive ReversePrint

```
static void ReversePrint(cellT *list)
{
    if (list != NULL) {
        ReversePrint(list->link);
        printf("%d ", list->value);
    }
}
```

Note: by changing the order of the recursive call and the `printf` statement, you change whether the list is printed forward or backward.

### Problem 3: Append

Note: the first list is passed by reference, since we will change where the pointer points when we hit the final NULL.

```
static void Append(cellT **first, cellT *second)
{
    if (*first == NULL)
        *first = second;
    else
        Append(&(*first)->link, second);
}
```

### Problem 4: Stutter

```

void Stutter(cellT *list)
{
    cellT *cur, *newOne;

    for (cur = list; cur != NULL; cur = cur->link) {
        newOne = GetBlock(sizeof(node));    // make new copy of current cell
        newOne->value = cur->value;
        newOne->link = cur->link;          // splice new cell after cur
        cur->link = newOne;
        cur = newOne; // move past new one so don't duplicate again
    }
}

```

### Problem 5: RemoveDuplicates (aka Unstutter)

```

void RemoveDuplicates(cellT *list)
{
    cellT *cur, *duplicate;

    for (cur = list; cur != NULL; cur = cur->link) {
        if (cur->link != NULL && cur->value == cur->link->value) { // match!
            duplicate = cur->link;           // record ptr to duplicate one
            cur->link = cur->link->link;      // splice it out
            FreeBlock(duplicate);           // free storage
        }
    }
}

```