R32V2020 Peripheral Memory Map

2019-08-29

Address Range	Description				
x0000-x07FF (2KB)	VGA Display				
x0800-x0FFF (2KB)	PS/2 Keyboard				
x1000-x17FF (2KB)					
x1800-x1FFF (2KB)	UART (6850 ACIA)				
x2000-x27FF (2KB)	Pushbutton Switches				
x2800-x2FFF (2KB)	Individual LEDs				
x3000-x37FF (2KB)	Seven Segment Display (4 or 8 digits)				
x3800-x3FFF (2KB)	Timers				
x4000-x47FF (2KB)	Music/Note				
x4800-x4FFF (2KB)	LED Ring				
x5000-x57FF (2KB)	I/O Latch				
x5800-x5FFF (2KB)	External I2C Address				
x6000-x67FF (2KB)	SPI Address				
x6800-x6FFF (2KB)	EEPROM I2C Address				

Board Specific Data

- Land Boards RETRO-EP4 Board
- Land Boards EP2C5-DB Board
- ZrTech v2.00 EP4CE6 Board
- A-C4E6 Board
- A-C4E10 Board
- A-ESTF V2 EP4CE22 Board

Features Matrix

Board	VGA (r/g/b)	Pushbutton/ DIP Sw	LEDs	7 Seg Disp	Speaker/ Buzzer	EEPROM
DETRO ED4	2/2/2		4	None		
RETRO-EP4	2/2/2	2/0	4	None	None	
EP2C5-DB	2/2/2	None	1	None	None	
ZrTech 2.00	5/6/5	4		4-digit	Speaker	
A4-CE6	1/1/1	4	12 – Ring	8-digit	Buzzer	AT24C04
A4-CE6	1/1/1	4	12 - Ring	8-digit	Buzzer	AT24C04
A-ESTF	5/6/5	3x3 PBs(K1-9)	8x8 matrix	8-digit	Not sure	AT24C04
		4 PBs				
		8 DIP				

ANSI (VGA) Display

- Character display
- UART style interface
 - Address offset = 0 Status
 - Address offset = 1 Data
- 80 rows, 25 lines
- Support ANSI escape sequences from Grant Searle's Multicomp
 - o http://searle.hostei.com/grant/Multicomp/index.html#ANSICodes
- 6 bits of color (64 colors) supported
 - Normal/bold colors
- Color support varies by FPGA card (wiring to VGA resistor networks)
 - o RETRO-EP4
 - 6 bits color (2/2/2)
 - o A4-CE6, A4-CE10
 - 3 bits color (1/1/1)
 - ZR Tech
 - Hardware has 16 bits color (5/6/5)
 - R32V2020 only supports 6 bits

PS/2 Keyboard (Latched and unlatched)

There are two sets of PS/2 interfaces. They both connect to the same PS/2 connector. Either can be used by software. Or both can be used (with some care).

The Latched interface is the "normal" interface that would be used by most programs. When a key is pressed the interface indicates that a new key was pressed with a data valid signal. When the key is read the interface (data valid) gets automatically cleared.

The "polled" interface can be used by programs such as games and piano keyboard simulators where it is useful to know if a button is continually pressed. This can be used to emulate joysticks or piano keyboards where the duration of the key press controls the duration of movement or sound.

Address	Function
x0800	Latched Keyboard Data
x0801	Latched Keyboard Status
x0802	Polled Keyboard Data
x0803	Polled Keyboard Status

Latched Keyboard Data

- This interface latches up PS/2 keyboard key press value and strobe
- Includes PS/2 to ASCII conversion table
- PS/2 Keyboard connector is present on all hardware
- D0..d7 = ASCII keyboard data
- D8..d31 = 0

Latched Keyboard Status

- D0 Data valid
 - 1 = Data valid
 - Cleared by read of Keyboard Data
 - 0 No data present
- D1..D31 = 0

Polled Keyboard Data

- Useful for applications like piano keyboard where press/release of key is used
- Includes PS/2 to ASCII conversion table
- PS/2 Keyboard connector is present on all hardware

- D0..d7 = ASCII keyboard data
- D8..d31 = 0

Polled Keyboard Status

- D0 Key pressed
 - 1 = Key is being pressed
 - 0 Key is not being pressed
- D1..D31 = 0

UART (6850 ACIA)

- Programmed via the 6850 ACIA interface
 - o Control/Status Register
 - o Read/Write data register
- A4-CE6, A4-CE10, ZrTech boards
 - o Connects to USB to Serial interface
- RETRO-EP4 board
 - o Connects to on-board FTDI Interface adapter
- EP2C5-DB board
 - o 4-pin RX/TX/RTS/GND connector
 - Attach via serial cable to FTDI USB-TTL adapter

Pushbutton Switches/DIP switches

- Not all FPGA cards have pushbuttons and/or DIP switches
- Pushbutton switches and DIP switches are packed into 16-bit read value
 - D0-D2 = Pushbuttons
 - o D3 = 0
 - D4-D11 = DIP switches
- (3) Pushbutton switches are de-bounced in hardware
- DIP Switches are not de-bounced in hardware
- Value of bits
 - 0 = Button pressed
 - 1 = Button not pressed
- Reset pushbutton can't be read
 - o Reset function activates when button is released
- A4-CE6, A4-CE10 boards
 - One pushbutton (K5) resets the CPU
 - Three readable pushbuttons
 - o 8 position DIP switch
- RETRO-EP4 board
 - Reset and nCONFIG (not readable)
 - No pushbutton or DIP switches
- ZrTech board
 - o Reset and 3 general purpose pushbutton switches

Individual LEDs

• Not all FPGA cards have LEDs

Seven Segment Display

• 32-bit data register

Timers

- Four Timers
- 32-bit data
- Read-Only
- Addresses

Address	Timer	
X3800	Elapsed Time Counter	
	FPGA clocks	
	Typically 50 MHz ticks (20 nS)	
X3801	MicroSeconds Counter	
X3802	Milliseconds Counter	
X3803	CPU Instruction Counter	

• Determine time by reading counter and then re-reading counter.

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Music/Note