Class Evolution

Nik Shaylor Doug Simon





Overview

- Mechanisms for provisioning
- Class evolution defined
- Summary of issues
- HotSwap





Provisioning issues

- How are updates delivered to VM?
- Possibilities include (but not limited to):
 - 1. Use of some delta format (c.f. unix "diff/patch")
 - 2. Replace single class (HotSwap)
 - 3. Replace original unit of installation (i.e. replace whole suite/jar file)
 - 4. Others?
- RAM requirements for updating?





Class evolution defined

- Class evolution includes:
 - 1. Method body replacement
 - 2. Addition/deletion of methods
 - 3. Addition/deletion of fields
 - 4. Other changes
- Need to consider instance conversion for each





Method patching

- Most common/desirable evolution (i.e. bug fix)
- Must verify new code → retain some symbolic info
- Does not affect existing instances or vtables





Method addition/deletion

- Method addition is binary compatible, deletion is not → must verify existing code does not called deleted method(s)
- Addition of instance methods requires vtable modification of all affected classes in hierarchy
- Does not affect existing instances





Field addition/deletion

- Field addition is binary compatible, deletion is not

 → must verify existing code does not access
 deleted field(s)
- Existing instances must be converted. What should VM guarantee about conversion:
 - 1. Nothing?
 - 2. Structural integrity (i.e. type safety)?
 - 3. Accessibility compatibility (e.g. public → private)?
 - 4. Semantic compatibility (i.e. field slots have same name+type)?
- Similiar issues for other update categories





Other changes

- Changes in class hierarchy (i.e. modify extends or implements list for a class)
- Class, field and method attribute changes (e.g. final
 → non-final, private → public etc.)
- Class attribute changes etc.





Updating instances

- **Updating instances requires support for Smalltalk**like 'becomes' functionality
- Growing instances may cause memory overflow
- May require retention of some symbolic info for classes that will potentially be updated (depending on desired VM guarantees)
- Updated classes must affect only instances in EEPROM?





Overall issues

- What level of evolutionary capability is desirable in Java Card?
- VM must verify safety of any changes. Can also be required to verify semantic compatibility.
- Verification of changes is as essential as verification in general.
- Trade off between space and functionality. E.g. must retain symbols to verify semantic compatibility.
- What is the state of the system if evolution does not verify? Need some kind of rollback support.





HotSwap

- HotSwap project at Sunlabs addresses class evolution in J2SE JVM
- Limited functionality (method patching) available as of JDK 1.4.1. Extra functionality in future releases
- http://www.experimentalstuff.com/Technologies/ HotSwapTool/publications.html





Field deletion - example

Foo

String
String
S Z

class evolution Foo'

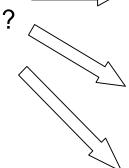
String			
S	Z		

Classes

Instances

0x56738 0x75642 7485 1 conversion

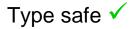
instance



0x56738						
7/85	1					

0x75642		
7485	1	

0x56738		
7	56	42



Correct?



Sun Microsystems Laboratories

Squawk Technology



Field deletion

- Need field symbolic info to:
 - Verify there are no external references
 - Establish field → offset mapping for instance conversion
- Need field symbolic info for all classes in all hierarchies affected



