Name:	
(as it would appear on official course roster)	
UCSB email address:	@ucsb.edu
Lab Section Time:	
Optional:	
name you wish to be called if different from above	
Optional: name of "homework buddy"	
(leaving this blank signifies "I worked alone")	

Lab 01: Data Representation and Binary Arithmetic

Assigned: Thursday, January 9th, 2020 **Due**: Tuesday, January 14th, 2020 **Points**: 30 (normalized to 100)

- You may collaborate on this homework with AT MOST one person, an optional "homework buddy".
- MAY ONLY BE TURNED ON **GRADESCOPE** as a **PDF** file.
- There is NO MAKEUP for missed assignments.
- We are strict about enforcing the LATE POLICY for all assignments (see syllabus).

Don't use a calculator or online solvers when working these problems. You will not be able to use them in exams either, so it's good practice to know how to do these!

Values of Different Bases

The following questions ask you what value a given number has for a given number in a given base. Write your answers in exponent form (10^3) or a number multiplied by the exponent form $(11*10^4)$. Keep in mind that we start from position 0.

For example:

In decimal, how much is a 1 in position 3 worth

10^3

1.	In binary, how much is a 1 in position 4 worth?	(answer)
2.	In octal, how much is a 1 in position 4 worth?	(answer)
3.	In hexadecimal, how much is a 1 in position 4 worth?	(answer)
4.	In hexadecimal, how much is a 2 in position 4 worth?	(answer)
5.	In hexadecimal, how much is a B in position 4 worth?	(answer)
6.	In hexadecimal, how much is a 9 in position 5 worth?	(answer)

Converting Positive Decimal to Binary

Convert the following numbers into $\underline{\textbf{8-bit}}$ binary, showing all bits.

For example:

Convert decimal 0 into binary.

0000000

(as it would appear on official course roster) 7. Convert decimal 15 into binary.

- 8. Convert decimal 2 into binary.
- 9. Convert decimal 8 into binary.
- 10. Convert decimal 65 into binary.

Converting Binary to Decimal

Convert the following unsigned binary numbers into decimal. For example:

Convert binary 0000 into decimal.

- 11. Convert binary 1000 into decimal.
- 12. Convert binary 1001 into decimal.
- 13. Convert binary 1111 into decimal.
- 14. Convert binary 1101 into decimal.

Converting Decimal to Hexadecimal

Convert the following decimal numbers into 2-digit hexadecimal numbers, showing both digits preceded with the standard '0x' to indicate that the number is in hexadecimal. For example:

Convert decimal 0 into hexadecimal.

0x00

1 7 1	
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15. Convert decimal 16 into hexadecimal.	
16. Convert decimal 65 into hexadecimal.	
17. Convert decimal 31 into hexadecimal.	
18. Convert decimal 166 into hexadecimal.	
Converting Binary to Hexadecimal Convert the following binary numbers into 2-digit hexadecimal numbers (for #19 an showing both digits preceded with the standard '0x' to indicate that the number is in For example: Convert binary 0 into hexadecimal. Dx00	
19. Convert binary 101 into hexadecimal.	
20. Convert binary 10110010 into hexadecimal.	
21. Convert binary 010110100011 into a 3-digit hexadecimal.	
Remember that we number bit positions from right to left, starting with 0. For example: The rightmost bit of an 8-bit number is in what position? Position 0 The leftmost bit of an 8-bit number is in what position? Position 7	
22. The rightmost bit of a 16-bit number is in what position?	(answer)
23. The leftmost bit of a 16-bit number is in what position?	(answer)
24 What is the 4-hit hinary number that contains a 0 in all positions excent for n	osition 22

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<u>Terminology</u>		
25. How many bits are in a byte?		(answer)
26. How many bits are in a nibble?		(answer)
<u>Binary Addition</u>		
Find the results of the following binary answer in 8 bits. You have to assume Hint: for the function of addition, it do be the same. You must also identify whoverflow bit (V = 0 or 1) – use the usual information after the 8-bit answer, sepport example: EX1: What is 00101001 11101001 000100101	that these numbers cou es not matter which of the hether the addition creat al convention of 0 means parated by a comma.	ald be either <i>signed</i> or <i>unsigned</i> ! these they are – the 8-bit answer winted a carry out bit (C = 0 or 1) AND as "no" and 1 means "yes". Place this
00010010, C = 1 and V = 0	(i.e. there's a ca	carry-out, but no overflow)
EX2: What is 10001001 + 10001001 00010010, C = 1 and V = 1	-	carry-out, and there's overflow numbers add up to a pos. number
27. What is		
10010001		
+ 01100110		
		(answer)
28. What is		
11011011		
+ 01100011		
		(
		(answer)
29. What is		
00111101		
+ 10110001		
		(answer)
30. What is		
10111101		
+ 10000001		
		(answer)
		(allswer)