

# R Class Descriptions (Advanced) with Learning Objectives

Doug Joubert

7/10/23

## Table of contents

Data Visualization in R: Customization in ggplot .....	2
Description .....	2
Learning Objectives .....	2
Assumptions for This Class .....	3
Data Visualization in R: ggplot.....	3
Description .....	3
Learning Objectives .....	3
Assumptions for This Class .....	3
Data Visualization in ggplot: Visualizing Relationships and Linear Regression.....	4
Description .....	4
Learning Objectives .....	4
Assumptions for This Class .....	4
Version Control and GitHub (New).....	5
Description .....	5
Learning Objectives .....	5
Assumptions for This Class .....	5
Git in RStudio (Modified) .....	5
Description .....	5
Learning Objectives .....	5
Assumptions for This Class .....	6
Data Visualization in ggplot: Visualizing Relationships and Linear Regression.....	6
Description .....	6
Learning Objectives .....	6
Assumptions for This Class .....	6
Introduction to Bioconductor .....	7
Description .....	7
Learning Objectives .....	7

Assumptions for This Class .....	7
Reproducibility in RStudio: Basic Markdown Manual .....	8
Description .....	8
Learning Objectives .....	8
Assumptions for This Class .....	8
Project Management in RStudio Manual .....	9
Description .....	9
Learning Objectives .....	9
Reproducibility in RStudio: Advanced Markdown .....	9
Description .....	9
Learning Objectives .....	9
Assumptions for This Class .....	9
Working with Data in Bioconductor .....	10
Description .....	10
Learning Objectives .....	10
Assumptions for This Class .....	10

## Data Visualization in R: Customization in ggplot

### Description

This class provides an overview of options for customizing a ggplot graph. This class will focus on methods for creating small multiples, options for customizing a graph, and how to apply ggplot themes. Students will need to install [R](#), [RStudio](#), and the [tidyverse](#) package, before the class so that they can follow along with the instructor.

### Learning Objectives

By the end of this class, students should be able to:

1. Describe options for time series data
2. Create a line plot in ggplot
3. Learn how to facet a plot
4. Demonstrate options for customizing the title and axis
5. Apply different ggplot themes
6. Arrange multiple plots (handout)

## Assumptions for This Class

This class makes a few assumptions about your understanding of R and RStudio. First, it assumed that you have already installed [R](#) and [RStudio](#). Second, is that you have experience with R. If not, here are some resources for getting started:

- NIH Library [Introduction to R and RStudio](#)
- [A \(very\) short introduction to R](#)
- [Quick-R](#)
- [Getting up to speed with R](#)

Third, is experience working in RStudio and creating scripts and/or markdown files.

## Data Visualization in R: ggplot

### Description

This class provides a basic overview of creating plots using ggplot. ggplot is a part of the Tidyverse, a [collection of R packages](#) designed for data science. This class will focus on identifying the appropriate packages for plotting, defining plot aesthetics, and demonstrating how to add layers to ggplot graphs. Students are encouraged to install [R](#), [RStudio](#), and the [tidyverse](#) package, before the class so that they can follow along with the instructor.

### Learning Objectives

By the end of this class, students should be able to:

1. Discuss the connection between data, aesthetics, & the grammar of graphics
2. Describe how ggplot works
3. Define geoms and distinguish between individual geoms and collective geoms

## Assumptions for This Class

This class makes a few assumptions about your understanding of R and RStudio. First, it assumed that you have already installed [R](#) and [RStudio](#). Second, is that you have experience with R. If not, here are some resources for getting started:

- NIH Library [Introduction to R and RStudio](#)
- [A \(very\) short introduction to R](#)
- [Quick-R](#)
- [Getting up to speed with R](#)

Third, is experience working in RStudio and creating scripts and/or markdown files.

## Data Visualization in ggplot: Visualizing Relationships and Linear Regression

### Description

This class provides a basic overview of the methods used to visualize the association among two or more quantitative variables. This class will focus on scatterplots, scatterplot matrix, and visualizing paired data. Participants are expected to have taken the [Introduction to Data Visualization in R: ggplot](#) class. Participants must also install [R](#), [RStudio](#), and the [tidyverse](#) package, before the class so that they can follow along with the instructor.

### Learning Objectives

Upon completion of this class, students should be able to:

- Define bivariate data
- Define scatterplot
- Create a scatterplot using ggplot
- Define linear regression
- Demonstrate how to perform a simple linear regression in R

### Assumptions for This Class

This class makes a few assumptions about your understanding of R and RStudio. First, it assumed that you have already installed [R](#) and [RStudio](#). Second, is that you have experience with R. If not, here are some resources for getting started:

- NIH Library [Introduction to R and RStudio](#) class
- [A \(very\) short introduction to R](#)
- [Quick-R](#)
- [Getting up to speed with R](#)

Third, is experience working in RStudio and creating scripts and/or markdown files.

## Version Control and GitHub (New)

### Description

This class provides an introduction to version control and using [GitHub](#) for project versioning. Students will have a better understanding of version control and its advantages for collaboration and version control.

### Learning Objectives

Upon completion of this class students should be able to:

- Recognize why version control is useful
- Discuss the difference between Git and GitHub
- List the options for authenticating to GitHub
- Create a personal access token (PAT)

### Assumptions for This Class

This class makes a few assumptions about your understanding of R and RStudio:

1. You have already installed [R](#) and [RStudio](#).
2. You have experience with R. If not, here are some resources for getting started:
  - NIH Library [Introduction to R and RStudio](#) class
  - [A \(very\) short introduction to R](#)
  - [Quick-R](#)
  - [Getting up to speed with R](#)
3. You have already created a GitHub account

## Git in RStudio (Modified)

### Description

This class focuses on using Git and [GitHub](#), with RStudio. Using integrated RStudio tools learners will have a chance to experiment with this integration and understand its advantages for collaboration and version control. Students need to install [R](#) and the current version of [RStudio](#) before the class so that they can follow along with the instructor.

### Learning Objectives

Upon completion of this class students should be able to:

- Discuss the difference between Git and GitHub
- List the options for authenticating to GitHub
- Create a personal access token (PAT)
- Create a new R project using a GitHub repository

- Distinguish between pulling and pushing data from a repository

## Assumptions for This Class

This class makes a few assumptions about your understanding of R and RStudio:

1. You have already installed [R](#) and [RStudio](#).
2. You have experience with R. If not, here are some resources for getting started:
  - NIH Library [Introduction to R and RStudio](#) class
  - [A \(very\) short introduction to R](#)
  - [Quick-R](#)
  - [Getting up to speed with R](#)
3. You have already created a GitHub account
4. You have downloaded, installed, and verified Git on your computer

## Data Visualization in ggplot: Visualizing Relationships and Linear Regression

### Description

This class provides a basic overview of the methods used to visualize the association among two or more quantitative variables. This class will focus on scatterplots, scatterplot matrix, and visualizing paired data. Participants are expected to have taken the [Introduction to Data Visualization in R: ggplot](#) class. Participants must also install [R](#), [RStudio](#), and the [tidyverse](#) package, before the class so that they can follow along with the instructor.

### Learning Objectives

Upon completion of this class, students should be able to:

- Define bivariate data
- Define scatterplot
- Create a scatterplot using ggplot
- Define linear regression
- Demonstrate how to perform a simple linear regression in R

## Assumptions for This Class

This class makes a few assumptions about your understanding of R and RStudio. First, it assumed that you have already installed [R](#) and [RStudio](#). Second, is that you have experience with R. If not, here are some resources for getting started:

- NIH Library [Introduction to R and RStudio](#) class
- [A \(very\) short introduction to R](#)
- [Quick-R](#)
- [Getting up to speed with R](#)

## Introduction to Bioconductor

### Description

This class will provide an overview of Bioconductor. We will learn how to identify Bioconductor packages that are appropriate for our project, explore package documentation, and demonstrate how to download and install R packages from Bioconductor.

### Learning Objectives

Upon completion of this class participants should be able to:

- Describe what the Bioconductor project comprises
- Navigate the Bioconductor website to find packages for a particular task
- Install and update Bioconductor package
- Open a package vignette and practice running through the examples that they contain
- Ensure that they are using the correct version of R to reproduce exactly the contents of this lesson
- Describe how to join and communicate with the Bioconductor community

### Assumptions for This Class

This class makes a few assumptions about your understanding of R and RStudio. First, it assumed that you have already installed [R](#) and [RStudio](#). Second, is that you have experience with R. If not, here are some resources for getting started:

- NIH Library [Introduction to R and RStudio](#) class
- [A \(very\) short introduction to R](#)
- [Quick-R](#)
- [Getting up to speed with R](#)

Third, is experience working in RStudio and creating scripts and/or markdown files.

# Reproducibility in RStudio: Basic Markdown Manual

## Description

This class is designed for those who want to extend the basics of R Markdown and apply those skills in [Quarto](#). Quarto is an open-source scientific and technical publishing system that offers multilingual programming language support to create dynamic and static documents, books, presentations, blogs, and other online resources.

In this intermediate-level class you will learn about the similarities and differences between R-markdown and Quarto. You will also learn how to use Quarto to render documents in multiple formats, with a focus on scholarly publishing. Some familiarity or experience in R and RStudio is recommended but not required. Students are encouraged to install the most current versions of [R](#) and [RStudio](#) before the class so that they can follow along with the instructor.

## Learning Objectives

Upon completion of this class students should be able to:

- Distinguish between R-markdown and Quarto
- Identify publishing workflows using markdown
- Demonstrated the difference between the visual and source editors
- Create basic markdown elements
- Learn how to create and run code-blocks
- Insert images into a markdown document and modify attributes
- Render a markdown document

## Assumptions for This Class

This class makes a few assumptions about your understanding of R and RStudio. First, it assumed that you have already installed [R](#) and [RStudio](#). Second, is that you have experience with R. If not, here are some resources for getting started:

- NIH Library [Introduction to R and RStudio](#)
- [A \(very\) short introduction to R](#)
- [Quick-R](#)
- [Getting up to speed with R](#)

Third, is experience working in RStudio and creating scripts and/or markdown files.



## Project Management in RStudio Manual

### Description

This class focuses on data and project management using R and RStudio. RStudio makes it possible to work on a complete research project in a more efficient, integrated, and organized manner. This intermediate-level course is designed to be relevant to students from different disciplines.

### Learning Objectives

Upon completion of this class students should be able to:

- Define project management from a data science perspective
- List the advantages of using RStudio projects
- Apply best practices for setting up RStudio for projects
- Create a new RStudio Project
- Discuss best practices for organizing data in an RStudio project

## Reproducibility in RStudio: Advanced Markdown

### Description

This class is designed for those who want to extend the basics covered in the [Reproducibility in RStudio: Basic Markdown](#) class. This class uses [Quarto](#) to render format citations and bibliographies using [Zotero](#). [Zotero](#) is a free, easy-to-use tool to help you collect, organize, annotate, cite, and share research. Some familiarity or experience in R and RStudio is recommended but not required. Students are encouraged to install [R](#) and [RStudio](#) before the class so that they can follow along with the instructor.

### Learning Objectives

Upon completion of this class students should be able to:

- Download and install Zotero
- Link RStudio to Zotero
- Create a bibliography and link it to a markdown document
- Insert citations using RStudio Visual Interface, and via the command line
- Download and link a CSL file which specifies the formatting to use when generating the citations and bibliography

### Assumptions for This Class

This class makes a few assumptions about your understanding of R and RStudio. First, it assumed that you have already installed [R](#) and [RStudio](#). Second, is that you have experience with R. If not, here are some resources for getting started:

- NIH Library [Introduction to R and RStudio](#)
- [A \(very\) short introduction to R](#)
- [Quick-R](#)
- [Getting up to speed with R](#)

Third, is experience working in RStudio and creating scripts and/or markdown files.

## Working with Data in Bioconductor

### Description

This class will provide an overview of common Bioconductor datatypes and explore options for working with biological sequence data. Specifically, this class will focus on the object types for storing and manipulating genomic features and sequences.

### Learning Objectives

Upon completion of this class participants should be able to:

- Locate resources on S4Vector classes
- Review standard R datatypes
- List the 6 basic Bioconductor classes
- Discuss methods for working with biological sequences
- Locate information on Bioconductor, Bioconductor packages, and Bioconductor Courses

### Assumptions for This Class

This class makes a few assumptions about your understanding of R and RStudio. First, it assumed that you have already installed [R](#) and [RStudio](#). Second, is that you have experience with R. If not, here are some resources for getting started:

- NIH Library [Introduction to R and RStudio](#) class
- [A \(very\) short introduction to R](#)
- [Quick-R](#)
- [Getting up to speed with R](#)

Third, is experience working in RStudio and creating scripts and/or markdown files.