MIPS Reference Data ①

CORE INSTRUCTION SET

NAME, MNEMONIC		FOR-MAT	OPERATION (in Verilog)		OPCODE / FUNCT (Hex)
Add	add	R	R[rd] = R[rs] + R[rt]	(1)	0 / 20$_{hex}$
Add Immediate	addi	I	R[rt] = R[rs] + SignExtImm	(1,2)	8$_{hex}$
Add Imm. Unsigned	addiu	I	R[rt] = R[rs] + SignExtImm	(2)	9$_{hex}$
Add Unsigned	addu	R	R[rd] = R[rs] + R[rt]		0 / 21$_{hex}$
And	and	R	R[rd] = R[rs] & R[rt]		0 / 24$_{hex}$
And Immediate	andi	I	R[rt] = R[rs] & ZeroExtImm	(3)	c$_{hex}$
Branch On Equal	beq	I	if(R[rs]==R[rt]) PC=PC+4+BranchAddr	(4)	4$_{hex}$
Branch On Not Equal	bne	I	if(R[rs]!=R[rt]) PC=PC+4+BranchAddr	(4)	5$_{hex}$
Jump	j	J	PC=JumpAddr	(5)	2$_{hex}$
Jump And Link	jal	J	R[31]=PC+8;PC=JumpAddr	(5)	3$_{hex}$
Jump Register	jr	R	PC=R[rs]		0 / 08$_{hex}$
Load Byte Unsigned	lbu	I	R[rt]={24'b0,M[R[rs] +SignExtImm](7:0)}	(2)	24$_{hex}$
Load Halfword Unsigned	lhu	I	R[rt]={16'b0,M[R[rs] +SignExtImm](15:0)}	(2)	25$_{hex}$
Load Linked	ll	I	R[rt] = M[R[rs]+SignExtImm]	(2,7)	30$_{hex}$
Load Upper Imm.	lui	I	R[rt] = {imm, 16'b0}		f$_{hex}$
Load Word	lw	I	R[rt] = M[R[rs]+SignExtImm]	(2)	23$_{hex}$
Nor	nor	R	R[rd] = ~ (R[rs] | R[rt])		0 / 27$_{hex}$
Or	or	R	R[rd] = R[rs] | R[rt]		0 / 25$_{hex}$
Or Immediate	ori	I	R[rt] = R[rs] | ZeroExtImm	(3)	d$_{hex}$
Set Less Than	slt	R	R[rd] = (R[rs] < R[rt]) ? 1 : 0		0 / 2a$_{hex}$
Set Less Than Imm.	slti	I	R[rt] = (R[rs] < SignExtImm)? 1 : 0	(2)	a$_{hex}$
Set Less Than Imm. Unsigned	sltiu	I	R[rt] = (R[rs] < SignExtImm) ? 1 : 0	(2,6)	b$_{hex}$
Set Less Than Unsig.	sltu	R	R[rd] = (R[rs] < R[rt]) ? 1 : 0	(6)	0 / 2b$_{hex}$
Shift Left Logical	sll	R	R[rd] = R[rt] << shamt		0 / 00$_{hex}$
Shift Right Logical	srl	R	R[rd] = R[rt] >> shamt		0 / 02$_{hex}$
Store Byte	sb	I	M[R[rs]+SignExtImm](7:0) = R[rt](7:0)	(2)	28$_{hex}$
Store Conditional	sc	I	M[R[rs]+SignExtImm] = R[rt]; R[rt] = (atomic) ? 1 : 0	(2,7)	38$_{hex}$
Store Halfword	sh	I	M[R[rs]+SignExtImm](15:0) = R[rt](15:0)	(2)	29$_{hex}$
Store Word	sw	I	M[R[rs]+SignExtImm] = R[rt]	(2)	2b$_{hex}$
Subtract	sub	R	R[rd] = R[rs] - R[rt]	(1)	0 / 22$_{hex}$
Subtract Unsigned	subu	R	R[rd] = R[rs] - R[rt]		0 / 23$_{hex}$

(1) May cause overflow exception
(2) SignExtImm = { 16{immediate[15]}, immediate }
(3) ZeroExtImm = { 16{1b'0}, immediate }
(4) BranchAddr = { 14{immediate[15]}, immediate, 2'b0 }
(5) JumpAddr = { PC+4[31:28], address, 2'b0 }
(6) Operands considered unsigned numbers (vs. 2's comp.)
(7) Atomic test&set pair; R[rt] = 1 if pair atomic, 0 if not atomic

BASIC INSTRUCTION FORMATS

R	opcode	rs	rt	rd	shamt	funct
	31 26	25 21	20 16	15 11	10 6	5 0

I	opcode	rs	rt	immediate		
	31 26	25 21	20 16	15 0		

J	opcode	address	
	31 26	25 0	

ARITHMETIC CORE INSTRUCTION SET ②

NAME, MNEMONIC		FOR-MAT	OPERATION		OPCODE / FMT /FT / FUNCT (Hex)
Branch On FP True	bc1t	FI	if(FPcond)PC=PC+4+BranchAddr	(4)	11/8/1/--
Branch On FP False	bc1f	FI	if(!FPcond)PC=PC+4+BranchAddr	(4)	11/8/0/--
Divide	div	R	Lo=R[rs]/R[rt]; Hi=R[rs]%R[rt]		0/--/--/1a
Divide Unsigned	divu	R	Lo=R[rs]/R[rt]; Hi=R[rs]%R[rt]	(6)	0/--/--/1b
FP Add Single	add.s	FR	F[fd] = F[fs] + F[ft]		11/10/--/0
FP Add Double	add.d	FR	{F[fd],F[fd+1]} = {F[fs],F[fs+1]} + {F[ft],F[ft+1]}		11/11/--/0
FP Compare Single	c.x.s*	FR	FPcond = (F[fs] op F[ft]) ? 1 : 0		11/10/--/y
FP Compare Double	c.x.d*	FR	FPcond = ({F[fs],F[fs+1]} op {F[ft],F[ft+1]}) ? 1 : 0		11/11/--/y
* (x is eq, lt, or le) (op is ==, <, or <=) (y is 32, 3c, or 3e)					
FP Divide Single	div.s	FR	F[fd] = F[fs] / F[ft]		11/10/--/3
FP Divide Double	div.d	FR	{F[fd],F[fd+1]} = {F[fs],F[fs+1]} / {F[ft],F[ft+1]}		11/11/--/3
FP Multiply Single	mul.s	FR	F[fd] = F[fs] * F[ft]		11/10/--/2
FP Multiply Double	mul.d	FR	{F[fd],F[fd+1]} = {F[fs],F[fs+1]} * {F[ft],F[ft+1]}		11/11/--/2
FP Subtract Single	sub.s	FR	F[fd]=F[fs] - F[ft]		11/10/--/1
FP Subtract Double	sub.d	FR	{F[fd],F[fd+1]} = {F[fs],F[fs+1]} - {F[ft],F[ft+1]}		11/11/--/1
Load FP Single	lwc1	I	F[rt]=M[R[rs]+SignExtImm]	(2)	31/--/--/--
Load FP Double	ldc1	I	F[rt]=M[R[rs]+SignExtImm]; F[rt+1]=M[R[rs]+SignExtImm+4]	(2)	35/--/--/--
Move From Hi	mfhi	R	R[rd] = Hi		0 /--/--/10
Move From Lo	mflo	R	R[rd] = Lo		0 /--/--/12
Move From Control	mfc0	R	R[rd] = CR[rs]		10 /0/--/0
Multiply	mult	R	{Hi,Lo} = R[rs] * R[rt]		0/--/--/18
Multiply Unsigned	multu	R	{Hi,Lo} = R[rs] * R[rt]	(6)	0/--/--/19
Shift Right Arith.	sra	R	R[rd] = R[rt] >>> shamt		0/--/--/3
Store FP Single	swc1	I	M[R[rs]+SignExtImm] = F[rt]	(2)	39/--/--/--
Store FP Double	sdc1	I	M[R[rs]+SignExtImm] = F[rt]; M[R[rs]+SignExtImm+4] = F[rt+1]	(2)	3d/--/--/--

FLOATING-POINT INSTRUCTION FORMATS

FR	opcode	fmt	ft	fs	fd	funct
	31 26	25 21	20 16	15 11	10 6	5 0

FI	opcode	fmt	ft	immediate		
	31 26	25 21	20 16	15 0		

PSEUDOINSTRUCTION SET

NAME	MNEMONIC	OPERATION
Branch Less Than	blt	if(R[rs]<R[rt]) PC = Label
Branch Greater Than	bgt	if(R[rs]>R[rt]) PC = Label
Branch Less Than or Equal	ble	if(R[rs]<=R[rt]) PC = Label
Branch Greater Than or Equal	bge	if(R[rs]>=R[rt]) PC = Label
Load Immediate	li	R[rd] = immediate
Move	move	R[rd] = R[rs]

REGISTER NAME, NUMBER, USE, CALL CONVENTION

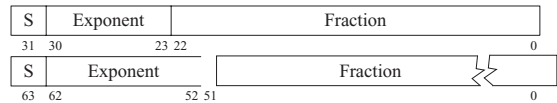| NAME	NUMBER	USE	PRESERVED ACROSS A CALL?
$zero	0	The Constant Value 0	N.A.
$at	1	Assembler Temporary	No
$v0-$v1	2-3	Values for Function Results and Expression Evaluation	No
$a0-$a3	4-7	Arguments	No
$t0-$t7	8-15	Temporaries	No
$s0-$s7	16-23	Saved Temporaries	Yes
$t8-$t9	24-25	Temporaries	No
$k0-$k1	26-27	Reserved for OS Kernel	No
$gp	28	Global Pointer	Yes
$sp	29	Stack Pointer	Yes
$fp	30	Frame Pointer	Yes
$ra	31	Return Address	No

OPCODES, BASE CONVERSION, ASCII SYMBOLS ③

MIPS opcode (31:26)	(1) MIPS funct (5:0)	(2) MIPS funct (5:0)	Binary	Decimal	Hexa-decimal	ASCII Character	Decimal	Hexa-decimal	ASCII Character
(1)	sll	add.f	00 0000	0	0	NUL	64	40	@
		sub.f	00 0001	1	1	SOH	65	41	A
j	srl	mul.f	00 0010	2	2	STX	66	42	B
jal	sra	div.f	00 0011	3	3	ETX	67	43	C
beq	sllv	sqrt.f	00 0100	4	4	EOT	68	44	D
bne		abs.f	00 0101	5	5	ENQ	69	45	E
blez	srlv	mov.f	00 0110	6	6	ACK	70	46	F
bgtz	srav	neg.f	00 0111	7	7	BEL	71	47	G
addi	jr		00 1000	8	8	BS	72	48	H
addiu	jalr		00 1001	9	9	HT	73	49	I
slti	movz		00 1010	10	a	LF	74	4a	J
sltiu	movn		00 1011	11	b	VT	75	4b	K
andi	syscall	round.w.f	00 1100	12	c	FF	76	4c	L
ori	break	trunc.w.f	00 1101	13	d	CR	77	4d	M
xori		ceil.w.f	00 1110	14	e	SO	78	4e	N
lui	sync	floor.w.f	00 1111	15	f	SI	79	4f	O
	mfhi		01 0000	16	10	DLE	80	50	P
(2)	mthi		01 0001	17	11	DC1	81	51	Q
	mflo	movz.f	01 0010	18	12	DC2	82	52	R
	mtlo	movn.f	01 0011	19	13	DC3	83	53	S
			01 0100	20	14	DC4	84	54	T
			01 0101	21	15	NAK	85	55	U
			01 0110	22	16	SYN	86	56	V
			01 0111	23	17	ETB	87	57	W
	mult		01 1000	24	18	CAN	88	58	X
	multu		01 1001	25	19	EM	89	59	Y
	div		01 1010	26	1a	SUB	90	5a	Z
	divu		01 1011	27	1b	ESC	91	5b	[
			01 1100	28	1c	FS	92	5c	\
			01 1101	29	1d	GS	93	5d	]
			01 1110	30	1e	RS	94	5e	^
			01 1111	31	1f	US	95	5f	_
lb	add	cvt.s.f	10 0000	32	20	Space	96	60	`
lh	addu	cvt.d.f	10 0001	33	21	!	97	61	a
lwl	sub		10 0010	34	22	"	98	62	b
lw	subu		10 0011	35	23	#	99	63	c
lbu	and	cvt.w.f	10 0100	36	24	$	100	64	d
lhu	or		10 0101	37	25	%	101	65	e
lwr	xor		10 0110	38	26	&	102	66	f
	nor		10 0111	39	27	'	103	67	g
sb			10 1000	40	28	(	104	68	h
sh			10 1001	41	29	)	105	69	i
swl	slt		10 1010	42	2a	*	106	6a	j
sw	sltu		10 1011	43	2b	+	107	6b	k
			10 1100	44	2c	,	108	6c	l
			10 1101	45	2d	-	109	6d	m
swr			10 1110	46	2e	.	110	6e	n
cache			10 1111	47	2f	/	111	6f	o
ll	tge	c.f.f	11 0000	48	30	0	112	70	p
lwc1	tgeu	c.un.f	11 0001	49	31	1	113	71	q
lwc2	tlt	c.eq.f	11 0010	50	32	2	114	72	r
pref	tltu	c.ueq.f	11 0011	51	33	3	115	73	s
	teq	c.olt.f	11 0100	52	34	4	116	74	t
ldc1		c.ult.f	11 0101	53	35	5	117	75	u
ldc2	tne	c.ole.f	11 0110	54	36	6	118	76	v
		c.ule.f	11 0111	55	37	7	119	77	w
sc		c.sf.f	11 1000	56	38	8	120	78	x
swc1		c.ngle.f	11 1001	57	39	9	121	79	y
swc2		c.seq.f	11 1010	58	3a	:	122	7a	z
		c.ngl.f	11 1011	59	3b	;	123	7b	{
		c.lt.f	11 1100	60	3c	<	124	7c		
sdc1		c.nge.f	11 1101	61	3d	=	125	7d	}
sdc2		c.le.f	11 1110	62	3e	>	126	7e	~
		c.ngt.f	11 1111	63	3f	?	127	7f	DEL

(1) opcode(31:26) == 0

(2) opcode(31:26) == 17_{ten} (11_{hex}); if fmt(25:21)==16_{ten} (10_{hex}) f = s (single);
    if fmt(25:21)==17_{ten} (11_{hex}) f = d (double)

IEEE 754 FLOATING-POINT STANDARD ④

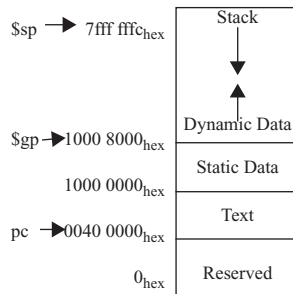$$(-1)^S \times (1 + \text{Fraction}) \times 2^{(\text{Exponent - Bias})}$$

where Single Precision Bias = 127,
Double Precision Bias = 1023.

IEEE 754 Symbols

Exponent	Fraction	Object
0	0	± 0
0	≠0	± Denorm
1 to MAX - 1	anything	± Fl. Pt. Num.
MAX	0	±∞
MAX	≠0	NaN

S.P. MAX = 255, D.P. MAX = 2047

IEEE Single Precision and Double Precision Formats:

S	Exponent	Fraction

31 30   23 22   0

S	Exponent	Fraction

63 62   52 51   0

MEMORY ALLOCATION

$sp → 7fff fffc_{hex}$ — Stack
$gp → 1000 8000_{hex}$
Dynamic Data
Static Data
1000 0000_{hex}
pc → 0040 0000_{hex} — Text
0_{hex} — Reserved

STACK FRAME

Higher Memory Addresses
...
Argument 6
Argument 5
$fp →$ Saved Registers
Stack Grows
Local Variables
$sp →$
Lower Memory Addresses
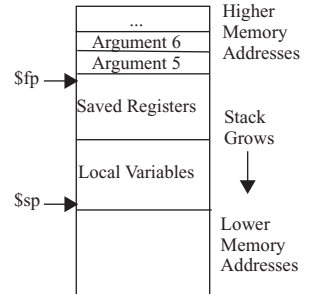
DATA ALIGNMENT

Double Word							
Word				Word			
Halfword		Halfword		Halfword		Halfword	
Byte	Byte	Byte	Byte	Byte	Byte	Byte	Byte
0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7

Value of three least significant bits of byte address (Big Endian)

EXCEPTION CONTROL REGISTERS: CAUSE AND STATUS

B D		Interrupt Mask		Exception Code	

31   15   8   6   2

	Pending Interrupt		U M	E L	I E

31   15   8   4   1 0
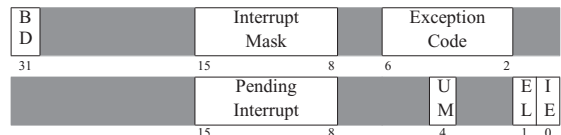
BD = Branch Delay, UM = User Mode, EL = Exception Level, IE =Interrupt Enable

EXCEPTION CODES

Number	Name	Cause of Exception	Number	Name	Cause of Exception
0	Int	Interrupt (hardware)	9	Bp	Breakpoint Exception
4	AdEL	Address Error Exception (load or instruction fetch)	10	RI	Reserved Instruction Exception
5	AdES	Address Error Exception (store)	11	CpU	Coprocessor Unimplemented
6	IBE	Bus Error on Instruction Fetch	12	Ov	Arithmetic Overflow Exception
7	DBE	Bus Error on Load or Store	13	Tr	Trap
8	Sys	Syscall Exception	15	FPE	Floating Point Exception

SIZE PREFIXES (10^X for Disk, Communication; 2^X for Memory)

SIZE	PREFIX	SIZE	PREFIX	SIZE	PREFIX	SIZE	PREFIX
$10^3, 2^{10}$	Kilo-	$10^{15}, 2^{50}$	Peta-	10^{-3}	milli-	10^{-15}	femto-
$10^6, 2^{20}$	Mega-	$10^{18}, 2^{60}$	Exa-	10^{-6}	micro-	10^{-18}	atto-
$10^9, 2^{30}$	Giga-	$10^{21}, 2^{70}$	Zetta-	10^{-9}	nano-	10^{-21}	zepto-
$10^{12}, 2^{40}$	Tera-	$10^{24}, 2^{80}$	Yotta-	10^{-12}	pico-	10^{-24}	yocto-

The symbol for each prefix is just its first letter, except μ is used for micro.

MIPS Reference Data Card ("Green Card") 1. Pull along perforation to separate card 2. Fold bottom side (columns 3 and 4) together