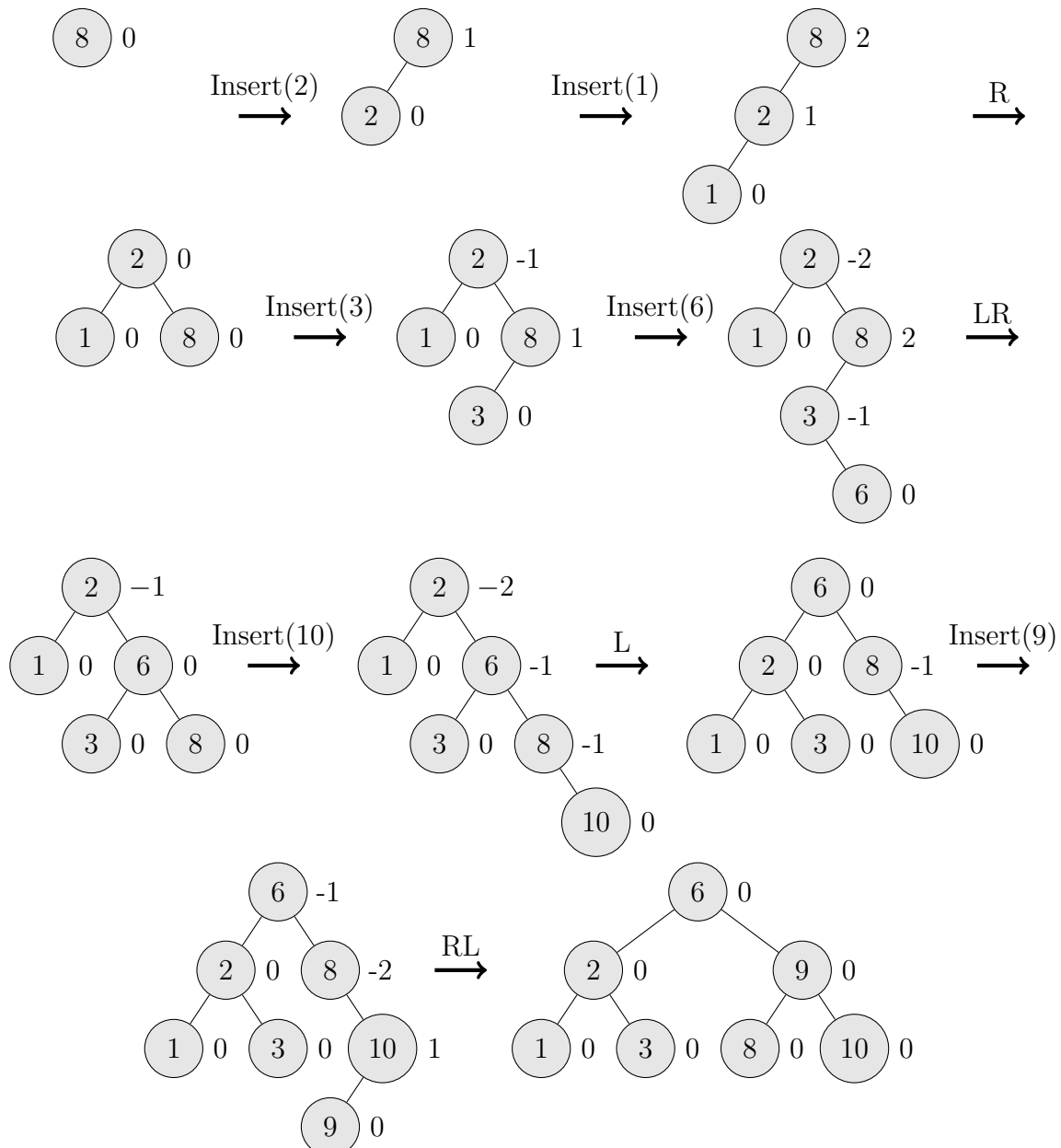# Solutions for Exercise Sheet 10

Handout: November 11th — Deadline: November 25th before 4pm

Question 10.1 (0.5 Marks)

Insert the keys $8, 2, 1, 3, 6, 10, 9$ in this order into an empty AVL tree. Draw the tree constructed after each insertion and after each (double-)rotation (cf. the example in the lecture notes). Write down the balance degree for each node next to the node as shown in the lecture notes.

Solutions: The following shows all trees constructed. Rotations are necessary whenever a balance degree falls outside $\{-1, 0, +1\}$. Since Insert moves up the search path, the rebalance procedure starts with the lowest unbalanced node on the search path. In particular, after inserting 6, the double rotation concerns node 8; node 2 becomes balanced during this double rotation, so we stop.

Question 10.2 (0.5 marks)

Say the minimum number of nodes that an AVL tree of height $h = 10$ must contain.

Solutions: Recall from the lecture that $A(h)$ is the minimum number of nodes in an AVL tree of height h. We claim that $A(10)$ is very large. To see this, recall that $A(0) = 1$, $A(1) = 2$ and $A(h) = 1 + A(h - 1) + A(h - 2)$ for $h \geq 2$. Applying this formula repeatedly, we get $A(2) = 1 + 2 + 1 = 4$, $A(3) = 1 + 4 + 2 = 7$, $A(4) = 1 + 7 + 4 = 12$, $A(5) = 1 + 12 + 7 = 20$, $A(6) = 1 + 20 + 12 = 33$, $A(7) = 1 + 33 + 20 = 54$, $A(8) = 1 + 54 + 33 = 88$, $A(9) = 1 + 88 + 54 = 143$, $A(10) = 1 + 143 + 88 = 232$. So every AVL tree of height 10 must contain at least 232 nodes.

Alternative solutions: An alternative argument would be to use that $A(10) = \text{Fib}(12) - 1 = 233 - 1 = 232$ where it's fine to look up the Fibonacci numbers somewhere.

Another solution is to recall that $h \leq 1.44 \log n$ from the lecture notes and to argue that this is equivalent to $h/1.44 \leq \log n$ and, raising both sides to the power of 2, $2^{h/1.44} \leq n$. Plugging in $h = 10$ gives $n \geq 2^{10/1.44} = 123.16\ldots$. Hence at least 124 nodes are needed (we can round up since n must be an integer). This statement is slightly weaker than the number 232 resulting from working out $A(10)$, but still a good answer.

Question 10.3 (4 marks) Implement the problem "AVL II" on the OJ system.