

Another view of VAE ($\max \log p(x)$)

$$\begin{aligned} p(x) &= \int p(x, z) dz \\ &= \int p(x|z) \cdot p(z) dz \\ &= \int \frac{q_\lambda(z|x) \cdot p(z) \cdot p(x|z)}{q_\lambda(z|x)} dz \end{aligned}$$

↔ Computing the 'log' version of this formula is intractable.

$$\log p(x) = \log \int \frac{q_\lambda(z|x) \cdot p(z) \cdot p(x|z)}{q_\lambda(z|x)} dz$$

(we don't like log sum.)

* applying Jensen's inequality

$$\log p(x) \geq \int q_\lambda(z|x) \cdot \log \frac{p(z) \cdot p(x|z)}{q_\lambda(z|x)} dz$$

$$= \int q_\lambda(z|x) \log p(x|z) dz + \int q_\lambda(z|x) \log \frac{p(z)}{q_\lambda(z|x)} dz$$

$$= \underbrace{\mathbb{E}_{q_\lambda}(\log p(x|z)) - \text{KL}(q_\lambda(z|x) // p(z))}_{\text{ELBO}}$$

ELBO ↔ Evidence lower bound.

For VAE, we want to maximize the log likelihood.

i.e., $\log p(x)$, we could maximize the ELBO

$$\text{i.e., } \max \left(\mathbb{E}_{q_\lambda}(\log p(x|z)) - \text{KL}(q_\lambda(z|x) // p(z)) \right)$$

i.e. minimize its negative w.r.t its parameters.

$$\min - \mathbb{E}_{q_\lambda}(\log p(x|z)) + \text{KL}(q_\lambda(z|x) // p(z))$$

This is the objective function of VAE