# Desert ant navigational behaviour

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#### Ants in the Pants

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### What is it all about?



Figure : Cataglyphis Fortis <sup>1</sup>

#### What is it all about?

#### Some facts:

- ullet one ant, one prey o no further communication needed
- Why is time, hence the shortest way back so crucial?
- Distances in relation to ant's size. Speed of cataglyphis fortis  $\approx 1 \frac{m}{s}$

#### What is it all about?

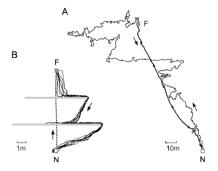


Figure: Foraging walks Wehner2003

## How do they do it?

• Path integration

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- Path integration and
- Local Orientation

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```
Algorithm ReturnToMyNest()
while not at nest do
    execute global vector;
    update global vector;
    if local vector recognised then
       while local vector > 0 do
           execute local vector:
           update local vector;
           update global vector;
       end
    end
end
return
            Algorithm 1: Returning to the nest
```

#### Motivations Goals

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- are we able to predict what happens, when we alter the environment?
- Can the ants survive if we rid the environment completely of any landmarks?

$$\varphi(n+1) = \varphi(n) + k \cdot \frac{(\pi+\delta) \cdot (\pi-\delta) \cdot \delta}{I(n)}$$
$$I(n+1) = I(n) + 1 - \frac{|\delta|}{\pi}$$

## Path integrator-model <sup>1</sup>

#### Fitting constant k:

k = 0.1316

#### Turning angle $\delta$ :

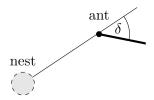


Figure : angle  $\delta$ 

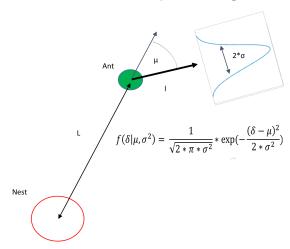


Figure: Path integrator experiment

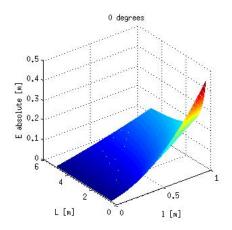


Figure: 0 degrees

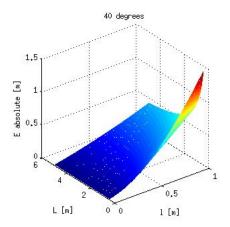


Figure: 40 degrees

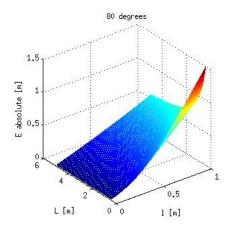


Figure: 80 degrees

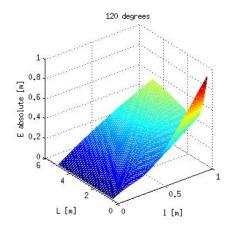


Figure: 120 degrees



## Discussion of the ant's random walk

Ansatz:  $\sigma = dt^c \cdot \sigma_0$   $c \in (0,1]$ 

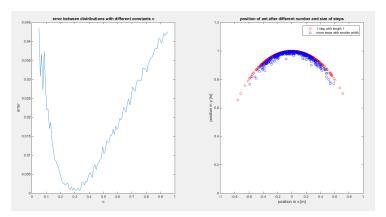


Figure: Variance for stepwidth

## Verification of the path integrator

- 1. ant walks 12 m in a fixed direction
- 2. then turns an angle  $\alpha$  walks 5 more meters, where it finds food
- 3. the ant returns with a certain error.

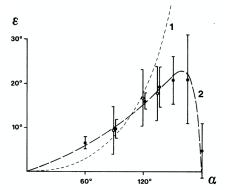


Figure: Angular Error according to Wehner1988

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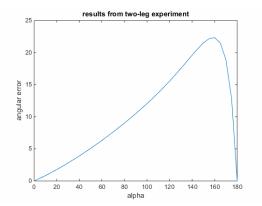


Figure : Angular error produced by our model

# Verification of the path integrator Comparison

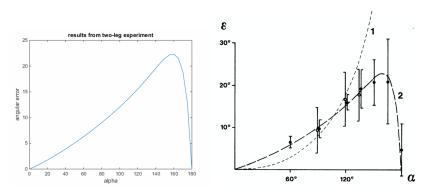


Figure: Comparison

#### Local Orientation

• familiar landmarks are memorized in the correct sequence.

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- familiar landmarks are memorized in the correct sequence.
- number of steps to follow and direction representing the local vector.

#### Outlook and Conclusions

- Does our model meet the requirements?
- Are we able to predict ant behaviour?
- Outlook

## Thanks for your attention

Questions?