

Security Engineering on AWS – Key Concepts



Module 1 – Security Overview

Security engineering in the AWS Cloud

- Responsibility varies based on AWS usage
- MSOs and MSPs / MSO responsibility model
- Security principles in the cloud
 - Automation / Visibility / Auditability
 - Agility / Controllability
- Identity and accounts
 - Single AWS account / Multiple AWS accounts
 - Single sign-on (SSO) mechanisms
 - Federation and identity providers
 - Authentication, authorization, and auditing
- Data and infrastructure protection
 - Data integrity / Encryption / VPC security
 - Denial of service / Web application security
- Monitor, detect, and respond
 - Log / Alert / Investigate / Respond / Monitor
- Threat modeling
 - Core aspects of security
 - Confidentiality / Integrity / Availability
 - Threat modeling for your workload – STRIDE framework
 - Assess risk – Assets / Vulnerabilities / Threats

Module 2 – Access and Authorizations on AWS

Accessing the AWS Cloud

- Securing APIs through signing
- IAM components and flow
 - IAM roles – Trust / Permission policy
- Getting started with IAM
 1. AWS account root user
 2. IAM entities – user / group / role / policy
 3. User access keys – for AWS CLI and AWS SDK
- IAM Threat: Compromised long-term credentials
 - AWS Security Token Service use cases
 - Identity federation – Enterprise / Web
 - Cross-account access
 - IAM roles
 - AWS STS API calls
 - AssumeRole
 - AssumeRoleWithSAML
 - AssumeRoleWithWebIdentity
 - GetFederationToken
 - GetSessionToken – Enforce MFA for AWS CLI
 - IAM Roles Anywhere
- IAM Threat: Overly permissive and misconfigured policies
 - Policy types
 - Identity-based policies
 - Resource-based policies
 - Permission boundaries
 - Session policies
 - Organizational SCPs
 - IAM policy types
 - Managed policies – AWS / Customer
 - Inline policies
 - IAM policy operation and analysis
 - IAM policy elements
 - Testing with IAM Policy Simulator
 - Delegating and constraining permissions
 - + Permission boundaries
 - Overly permissive and misconfigured policies
 - + Session policies
- IAM Threat: Anomalous IAM entity behavior
 - API / non-API logging with CloudTrail
 - Log consolidation
 - Log file integrity
 - More visibility for non-API events
 - IAM Access Analyzer
 - Credential report

Module 3 – Account Management and Provisioning on AWS

Managing Multiple AWS Accounts

- Security challenges in a multi-account environment
 - Many teams
 - Isolation
 - Security controls
 - Business process
- AWS Organizations
 - Organizational Units (OUs)
 - Service control policies (SCPs)
- AWS Control Tower – governance at scale
 - Landing zone components
 - AWS Organizations
 - IAM Identity Center
 - CloudTrail and AWS Config
 - Preventive control (active) – SCP
 - Detective control (passive) – Config rules
 - Amazon CloudWatch alarms and events
 - GuardDuty
 - AWS Resource Access Manager (AWS RAM)
- Federation and IAM Identity Center
 - Identity federation, Federated users
 - AWS IAM Identity Center
 - AWS access through permission sets
 - AWS Directory Service
 - Simple AD
 - AD Connector
 - AWS Managed Microsoft AD
 - Amazon Cognito and web identity providers
 - User pool
 - Adaptive authentication
 - Identity pools

Module 4 – Managing Keys and Secrets on AWS

AWS KMS

- KMS key types
 - Symmetric keys
 - Asymmetric keys
 - HMAC keys
- Envelope encryption
- Protecting your keys
 - Policies (resource-based permissions)
 - Grants (temporary or more granular permissions)
- Importing keys
- Key rotation
- Multi-Region keys
 - + Multi-factor authentication

CloudHSM

- Separation of duties – AWS vs. User
- AWS KMS custom key stores with CloudHSM

AWS Certificate Manager – Protecting data in transit

- AWS Private CA

AWS Secrets Manager

- Rotating secrets (+ Lambda)
- Protecting secrets with resource-based policies
- Protecting secrets with identity-based policies vs. Parameter Store

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Module 5 – Data Security

Protecting Data: Amazon S3
Amazon Macie
+ managed / custom data identifiers
Data encryption for Amazon S3
Amazon S3 SSE
SSE-S3 (default) / SSE-C / SSE-KMS
Access control for Amazon S3
Legacy protection – ACLs
Object ACLs (resource-based)
Bucket ACLs (resource-based)
Amazon S3 resource protection with policies
Bucket policies (resource-based)
IAM policies (identity-based)
Amazon S3 access points
Amazon S3 Block Public Access
Access Analyzer for Amazon S3
Data resiliency for Amazon S3
Bucket replication
Amazon S3 versioning
S3 Object Lock – Write Once Read Many (WORM)
Protecting Data: Amazon RDS
Protection in transit / at rest
Network isolation (Subnet, IP, SG, NACL)
Access Control
to Amazon RDS service (+ IAM)
to database
Cross-region encryption – Read replicas, Snapshots
Protecting Data: DynamoDB
Protection in transit / at rest
Fine-grained access control
Cross-Region encryption – Global tables
Protecting Data: EBS
Encryption
Protecting Data: Amazon S3 Glacier
Vault Lock

Module 6 – Infrastructure and Edge Protection

Protecting infrastructure inside the VPC
Security Group vs. Network Access Control List (ACL)
AWS Network Firewall
AWS Managed Threat Signatures
Traffic flows in your VPC
VPC peering / Inter-Region VPC peering
VPC endpoints
Interface endpoint (powered by AWS PrivateLink)
by Security Group
by Endpoint policy
+ Direct Connect for hybrid environments
Gateway endpoint (S3, DynamoDB)
by Endpoint policy
Reliable and controlled access
Elastic Load Balancer
ELB types
Application Load Balancer
Network Load Balancer
Classic Load Balancer
Gateway Load Balancer
Internal and internet-facing (+ Security Group)
Configuring TLS offloading
Amazon CloudFront (+ Shield and AWS WAF)
Restricting access
origin access identities (OAIs) for S3 buckets
security group of origin instances
signed URLs or signed cookies
Access logs
Amazon Route 53
Anycast striping / Shuffle sharding

Module 7 – Monitoring and Collecting Logs on AWS

Monitoring to identify threats
Define a baseline
Amazon Detective
from AWS CloudTrail logs
from VPC Flow Logs
from Amazon GuardDuty findings
from Amazon EKS audit logs (optional)
AWS Config
Configuration item relationships
AWS Config rules
AWS managed rules / Custom rules (+ Lambda)
AWS Config conformance pack (+ AWS Organizations)
Monitoring using logs
Building a logging strategy
Central, secure storage / Log it all / Keep logs
CloudWatch Logs
VPC Flow logs
Using custom fields
Elastic load balancer access logs
Amazon S3 server access logs
AWS CloudTrail
Visibility and Alarms with CloudWatch
Using events (event, rules, target)
CloudWatch Alarms
Metric alarms / Composite alarms
Using CloudWatch anomaly detection
Log Analytics
Amazon Kinesis Data Streams / Firehose / Analytics
Amazon Security Lake
Amazon Athena
Amazon OpenSearch Service
The AWS Centralized Logging solution
Mirroring Traffic for Fine-Grained Analysis
VPC Traffic Mirroring
session: source / filter / target (GWLB, NLB, ENI)

Module 8 – Responding to Threats

Incident response
Security Incident Response Simulations (SIRS)
+ penetration testing or scanning
Security Hub
insights
automated responses with Amazon EventBridge
automated response and remediation solution
Threat detection
Amazon Inspector
GuardDuty
Detection categories
Reconnaissance
Instance compromise
Account compromise
Bucket compromise
Customize monitoring scope
Trusted IP list / Threat list
Avoiding alert fatigue
Detective
Respond to security findings
AWS tools for incident response
AWS Trusted Advisor
AWS CloudFormation
AWS Service Catalog
Incident response domains
Infrastructure
Protect / Isolate / Preserve
Automated Forensics Orchestrator for EC2
Service
Exposed access keys