

Natural Language Processing and Text Mining:

HW#3

小組成員和負責工作：

109590041 范遠皓 撰寫程式和測試

109590043 柯瑞霖 撰寫程式和報告

環境

使用的語言：Python

所需套件：

```
gensim==4.3.1  
joblib==1.2.0  
numpy==1.24.3  
pandas==2.0.1  
python-dateutil==2.8.2  
pytz==2023.3  
scikit-learn==1.2.2  
scipy==1.10.1  
six==1.16.0  
sklearn==0.0.post5  
smart-open==6.3.0  
threadpoolctl==3.1.0  
tzdata==2023.3
```

安裝辦法：

Zip 檔內有 requirements.txt

終端機輸入以下指令安裝

```
pip3 install -r requirements.txt
```

載入預訓練的詞向量模型，使用 gensim word2vec model

[下載連結](#)

```
word_vectors = KeyedVectors.load_word2vec_format('GoogleNews-vectors-negative300.bin', binary=True)
```

讀取 WordSim-353 資料集

```
# 讀取 WordSim-353 資料集
Humans_mean = []
def read_wordsim_dataset(file_path):
    pairs = []
    with open(file_path, 'r') as file:
        for line in file:
            word1, word2, score = line.strip().split('\t')
            if (score == "Human (mean)"):
                continue
            pairs.append((word1, word2, float(score)))
            Humans_mean.append(float(score))
    return pairs

wordsim_pairs = read_wordsim_dataset('wordsim353/combined.txt')
```

計算 WordSim-353 資料集各個單詞的相似度

```
# 計算單詞相似度
similarities = []
for pair in wordsim_pairs:
    word1, word2, _ = pair
    similarity = word_vectors.similarity(word1, word2)
    similarities.append(similarity)
```

輸出 correlation

```
# 輸出 correlation
correlation, p_value = pearsonr(Humans_mean, similarities)
print('Word similarity')
print("Correlation:", correlation)
```

讀取 BATS_3.0 資料並轉成 features 的形式

```
# 讀取 BATS_3.0 資料並轉成 features 的形式
def read_BATS_dataset():
    folder1_path = 'BATS_3.0'
    folder2_paths = []
    datas = pd.DataFrame(columns=['features', 'label'])

    if os.path.exists(folder1_path) and os.path.isdir(folder1_path):
        for file_name in os.listdir(folder1_path):
            folder2_paths.append(os.path.join(folder1_path, file_name))
    else:
        print('No such folder')

    for folder_name in folder2_paths:
        if not(os.path.exists(folder_name) and os.path.isdir(folder_name)):
            continue
        for file_name in os.listdir(folder_name):
            label = file_name.split('.')[0].split('_', 1)[1]
            temp = []
            data = pd.read_csv(os.path.join(folder_name, file_name), sep='\t', header=None, names=['word1', 'word2'])
            for index, row in data.iterrows():
                if '/' in row['word2']:
                    for word2 in row['word2'].split('/'):
                        try:
                            features = word_vectors[row['word1']] - word_vectors[word2]
                            temp.append(pd.Series({'features': features, 'label': label}))
                        except:
                            pass
                else:
                    try:
                        features = word_vectors[row['word1']] - word_vectors[row['word2']]
                        temp.append(pd.Series({'features': features, 'label': label}))
                    except:
                        pass
            datas = pd.concat([datas, pd.DataFrame(temp)], ignore_index=True)
    return datas
```

前段部分是在進入 BATS_3.0 資料夾內層中的各個資料夾，之後將資料夾內的兩個或多個單字做向量的相減，並用此數值作為特徵值和資料夾名稱作為 Label。

分類和輸出

```
# 分類
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(list(datas['features']), list(datas['label']), test_size=0.2, random_state=42)
classifier = LogisticRegression()
classifier.fit(X_train, y_train)
predictions = classifier.predict(X_test)
print()
print('Analogy prediction')
print(classification_report(y_test, predictions))
```

用 LogisticRegression 進行訓練，前 80%訓練，後 20%測試。

執行結果：

Word similarity
Correlation: 0.6525349618875615

Analogy prediction

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
UK_city - county	1.00	0.38	0.55	8
adj - comparative	0.92	1.00	0.96	11
adj - superlative	1.00	1.00	1.00	11
adj+ly_reg	1.00	1.00	1.00	10
adj+ness_reg	1.00	0.82	0.90	11
animal - shelter	1.00	0.90	0.95	20
animal - sound	0.95	0.95	0.95	21
animal - young	0.93	0.81	0.87	16
antonyms - binary	0.40	0.32	0.36	37
antonyms - gradable	0.79	0.87	0.83	145
country - capital	1.00	0.50	0.67	10
country - language	1.00	0.57	0.73	14
hypernyms - animals	0.89	0.99	0.93	94
hypernyms - misc	0.88	0.94	0.91	122
hyponyms - misc	0.80	0.88	0.84	226
male - female	1.00	0.87	0.93	15
meronyms - member	0.53	0.73	0.62	11
meronyms - part	0.73	0.79	0.76	119
meronyms - substance	0.77	0.64	0.70	36
name - nationality	0.50	0.80	0.62	5
name - occupation	1.00	0.86	0.92	21
noun - plural_irreg	0.50	0.25	0.33	12
noun - plural_reg	0.50	0.55	0.52	11
noun+less_reg	1.00	0.38	0.55	8
over+adj_reg	1.00	0.62	0.77	8
re+verb_reg	0.83	0.45	0.59	11
synonyms - exact	0.60	0.47	0.53	32
synonyms - intensity	0.61	0.61	0.61	44
things - color	0.97	0.97	0.97	30
un+adj_reg	0.67	0.50	0.57	12
verb+able_reg	1.00	0.88	0.93	8
verb+er_irreg	1.00	0.80	0.89	5
verb+ment_irreg	0.40	0.67	0.50	6
verb+tion_irreg	0.50	0.33	0.40	6
verb_3pSg - Ved	1.00	1.00	1.00	12
verb_Ving - 3pSg	1.00	1.00	1.00	9
verb_Ving - Ved	1.00	0.80	0.89	15
verb_inf - 3pSg	1.00	1.00	1.00	13
verb_inf - Ved	1.00	1.00	1.00	13
verb_inf - Ving	0.92	0.86	0.89	14
accuracy			0.81	1232
macro avg	0.84	0.74	0.77	1232
weighted avg	0.81	0.81	0.81	1232