

Problem 1 Use two different methods to find the unit-step response of

$$\dot{\mathbf{x}} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ -2 & -2 \end{bmatrix} \mathbf{x} + \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} u$$
$$y = [2 \ 3] \mathbf{x}$$

Problem 2 Discretize the state equation in **Problem 1** for $T = 1$ and $T = \pi$.

Problem 3 Given the scalar system: $\dot{x} = ax + br$ where $x(0) = 10$
Let $a = -2$ $b = 5$ and $r(t)$ is the unit step, $u(t)$

Part I

- Using the state transition equation compute the closed solution for $x(t)$ with the given IC and input $u(t)$. Use the Convolution integral form (not Laplace)
- Validate your solution using the Laplace transform from of the State transition equation and invert.

Part II

Let $T = 1/8$ sec

- a) Find A_d
- b) Find B_d (using both formulas given in notes/text)
- c) Write the discrete time state equations $x[k+1] = f(x[k], u[k])$
- d) Look at the Matlab function “c2d” use the “zoh” option – do you get same results? See also CT_DT_Example_Week7 file in WK6 handouts
- e) Using Matlab or Excel or something else recursively compute $x[1]$ thru $x[10]$ note that $u[k] = 1$ for all k .