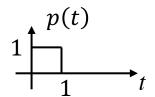
## ECES511/T480 Final Exam Fall 2020

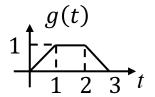
**Instructions:** 

- 1. Independent work with open notes.
- 2. Always use MATLAB to confirm your answers.
- 3. Full credit will ONLY be given when you do BOTH (manual calculation & MATLAB validation) and explain and demonstrate their equivalence.
- 4. Please attach the published MATLAB pdf file after each solution.
- 5. All problems in Part I should be attached in ONE pdf file for submission

## **PART I:**

1. Determine as the convolution of the two signals p(t) and g(t) below. You can either do a plot or write down as an equation for your answer. Show all your work and clearly indicate your answer.





2. Let 
$$v_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 3 \\ 5 \end{bmatrix}$$
,  $v_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 5 \\ 9 \end{bmatrix}$ ,  $v_1 = \begin{bmatrix} -3 \\ 9 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}$ 

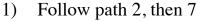
- 1) Determine if  $\{v_1, v_2, v_3\}$  is linearly independent?
- 2) If it is linear independent, find a, b, c where  $av_1 + bv_2 + cv_3 = 0$ . If not, find the relations among  $v_1, v_2, v_3$ .
- 3. Given 5 equations:

$$2a + b = 20$$
  
 $6a + b = 18$   
 $20a + b = 10$   
 $30a + b = 6$   
 $40a + b = 2$ 

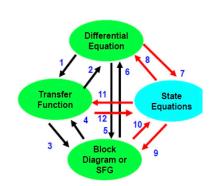
- a) Find the closest solution  $\{a, b\}$  to the five equations. Use MATLAB to confirm how "close" it is.
- b) Is there any geometric meaning for  $\{a, b\}$ ?
- 4. Using the transfer function  $\frac{Y(s)}{R(s)} = \frac{6}{(s+2)(s+3)}$ .

Note this transfer function has no zero/pole cancipolynomial.

Using the graph below:



- 2) Verify path 11, Use MATLAB to confirm.
- 3) Calculate the impulse response of the system.



- 5. Use the Cayley Hamilton Theorem to find  $A^{-1}$  where  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ -2 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$ . Validate your answer with  $AA^{-1}$ .
- 6. Given the following system with initial conditions:

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 0\\ 0 & -4 \end{bmatrix} x(t) + \begin{bmatrix} 4\\ -1 \end{bmatrix} r(t);$$
$$y(t) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 \end{bmatrix} x(t);$$
$$x(0) = \begin{bmatrix} 4\\ 5 \end{bmatrix}$$

- a) Find the state transition matrix  $\varphi(t) = e^{At}$ . Use MATLAB to confirm
- b) Find the transfer function Y(s)/R(s) (factor all polynomials).
- c) Find the total solution for the state vector x(t) if the input r(t) = 2u(t) where u(t) = unit step function. Use MATLAB to confirm

Clearly identify the **zero input part** of the solution Clearly identify the **zero state part** of the solution Then combine into a final result

Show the results in both the time domain and Laplace domain.

(**Hint:** part c is easier to solve if you work in the Laplace domain then convert to the time domain)

- 7. Use the same system in Problem 6
- a) Use MATLAB to plot the state variables in continuous time over the time range [0,10].
- b) Calculate the  $A_d$   $B_d$   $C_d$   $D_d$  for discrete system if sampled at T = 1/2s.
- c) Use MATLAB to plot the discrete response of the same state variable as (a) and compare the two plots.
- 8. Compute the singular value decomposition of  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$ . Use MATLAB to confirm.