

Web KeePass

Password Safe

<http://sourceforge.net/projects/webkeepass>

Installation Instructions

The following outlines creating an application environment using the pre-bundled Tomcat Servlet web server running on a) Windows or b) Linux. The data source used is a MySQL database.

We have attempted to stay as non-proprietary as possible in building SQL within the application. Creating an application environment on another Java Servlet Web Server (other than Tomcat) and/or using another database manager should require very minimal changes to SQL scripts and statements (hopefully none!) and system environment variables.

Access is granted to users using the user profile from the WebKeePass user access table. The following user accounts have been created within the sample database – (You may want to create your own users – See the section on creating new users)

Description	Username	Password
Admin/Root User	admin	admin
Regular User	user1	user1

Creating an Application Environment

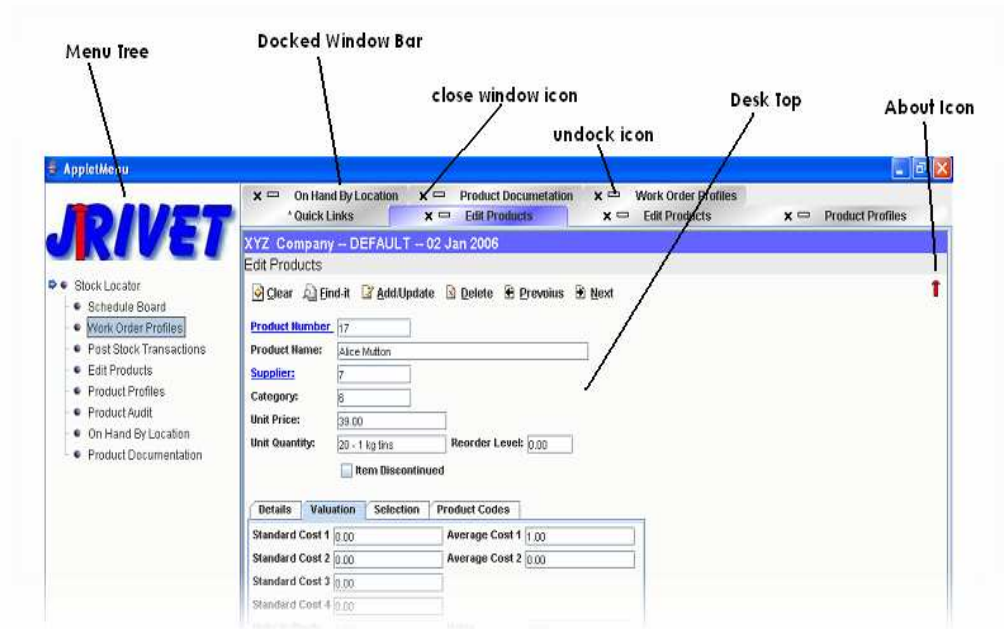
- 1- Download and install Suns JDK versions 1.5 (or greater) @ <http://java.sun.com/>
-Follow the installation instructions for your platform
- 2- Download and install MySQL 5.0 or greater from <http://mysql.com/>
-Follow the installation instructions for your platform
- 3- Download and extract The WebKeePass zip file @ <http://sourceforge.net/projects/webkeepass>
(But you must have already done this step!).
- 4- Run the Install.bat (**Windows**) or Install.sh (**Linux**) script found in the installation folder. Linux people will need to set Install.sh with executable permissions by running - **chmod a+x ./install.sh**. Enter required fields and hit the install button. This will create a Tomcat server pre-configured for WebKeePass and a new database/schema within MySQL for the application. When running the installer please ensure you enter a MySQL user/password that has sufficient authority to create a new database/schema.
- 5- If all goes well you should get a message about the installation being completed. You may re-run this installer if things go amiss (**you will need to drop the database in MySQL in order to re-run things**).
- 6- If you are running **Linux**, you will need to set permissions on all executable scripts after installation is complete (sorry, but Java is platform independent and Linux/Unix file permissions are very platform dependant!). This can be done by executing the following commands within the folder you installed into:


```
chmod a+x ./startup.sh  
chmod a+x ./jakarta-tomcat-5.5.7/bin/*.sh
```
- 7- Start the Tomcat server by running the startup.bat or startup.sh (based on your platform). These scripts are in the root of your install folder – NOT the ones in Tomcat's /bin folder (You can use the /bin startup scripts if you set your JAVA_HOME variable needed by Tomcat).

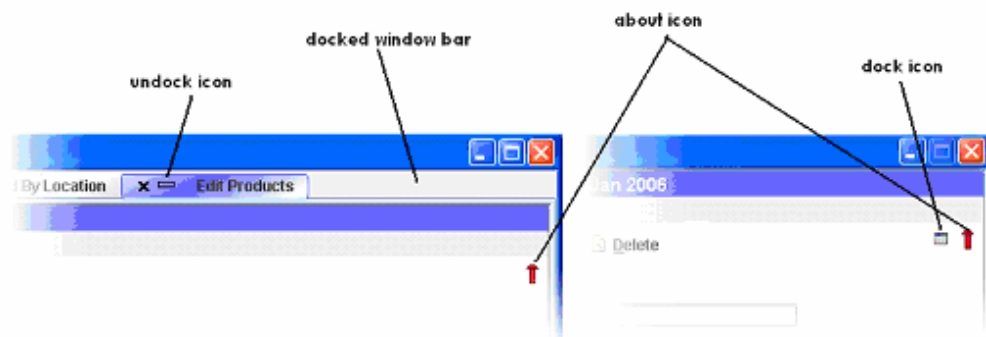
- 8- If Tomcat starts without any exceptions, open a web browser to <http://localhost:8080/> . If things don't go so well, look at your logs within Tomcat's "logs" folder. Fix your problems and try again.

BASIC NAVIGATION – 1) APPLICATION EXPLORER

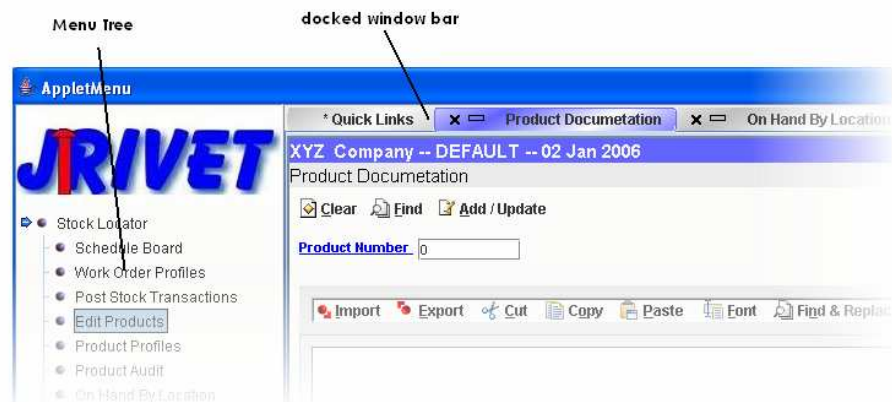
The application explorer is used to navigate menus, screens and prompts. A menu tree is provided to display menu options. A 'quick link' panel is also available for regularly used options. All are defined using XML.



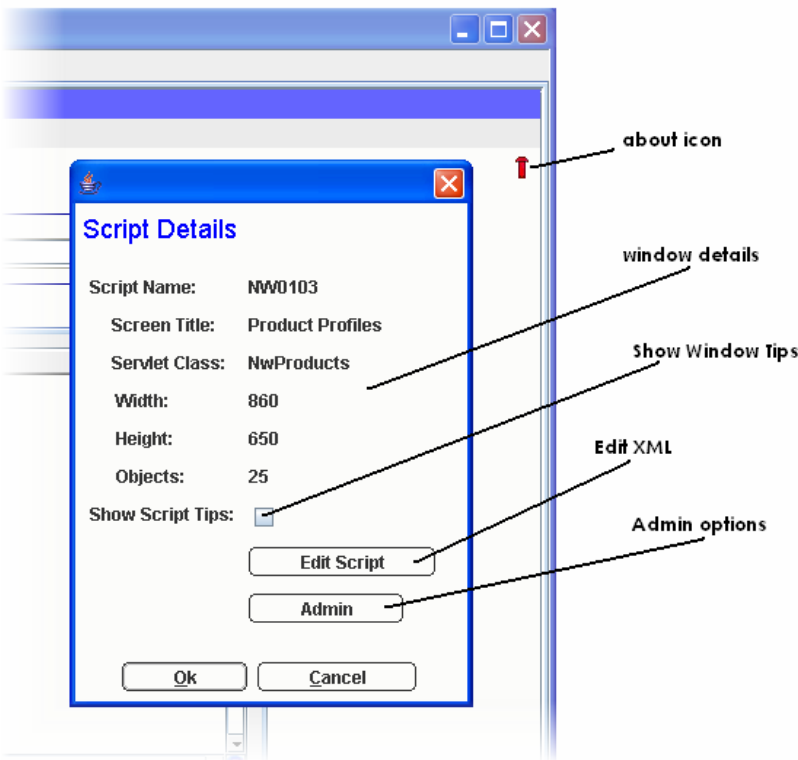
Windows can be docked and undocked from the main desktop area using the docking icons found in the Docked Windows Bar:



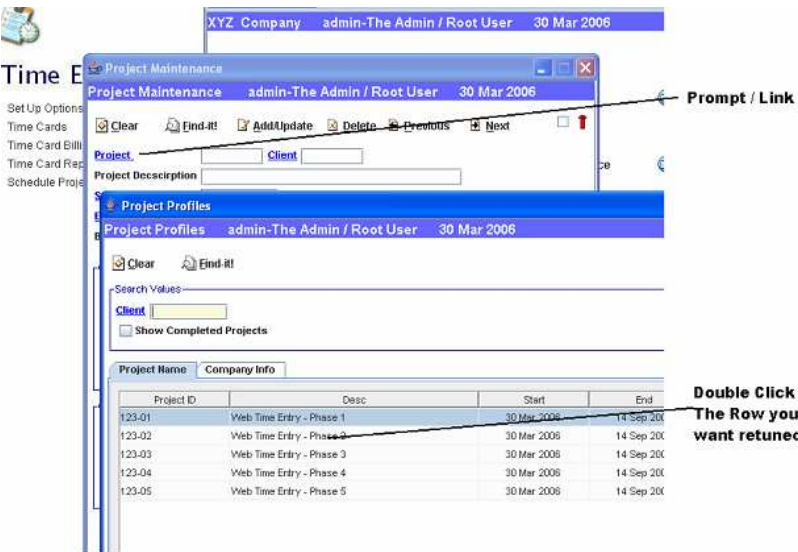
The menu tree is maximized and minimized by double clicking the Docked Window Bar.



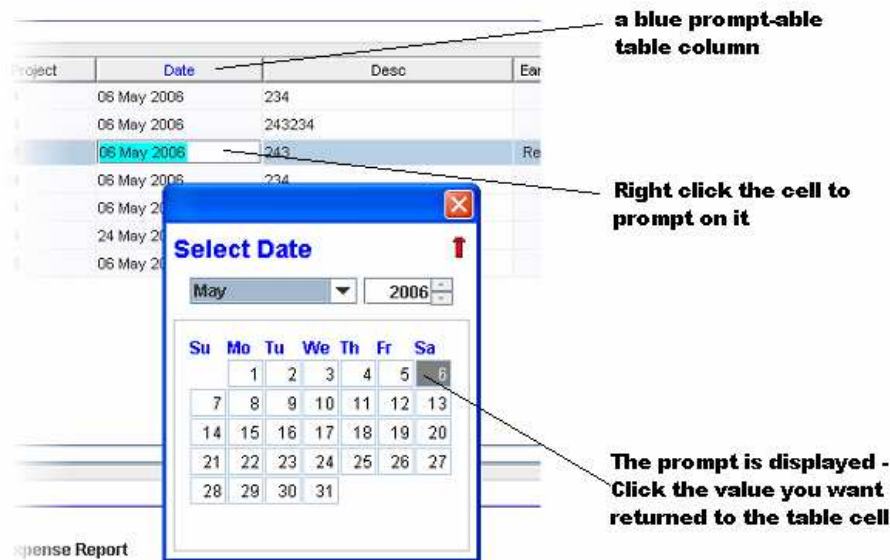
Information regarding the current window is accessed from the about icon:



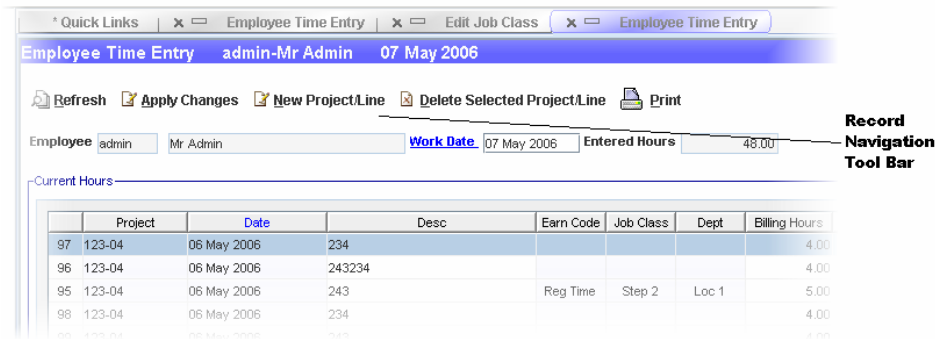
Prompt-able fields will have a standard blue under link. Select the link to prompt on a field. Enter any search parameters and select the Search/Find It button. Double click the table row to return a value:



”Prompt-able” fields within a table will have a blue table heading. To prompt on the field, right click within desired table cell. The prompt will be displayed. As above, select the desired value to have it returned to the prompted cell:



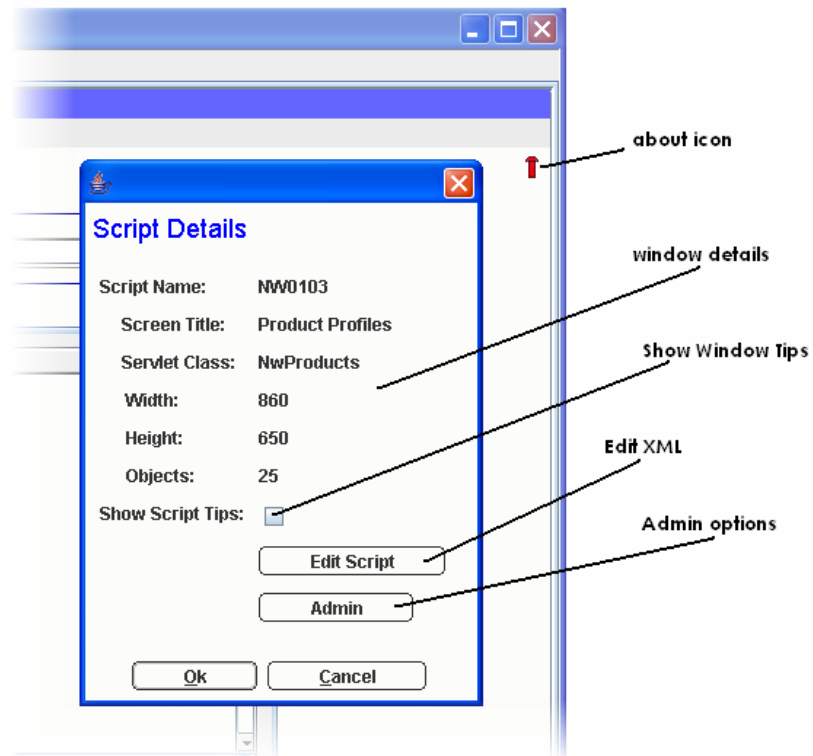
Record navigation is done using the navigation tool bar found under the title bar of each screen. *Add/Update* must be selected to commit changes to the database.



Creating New Users

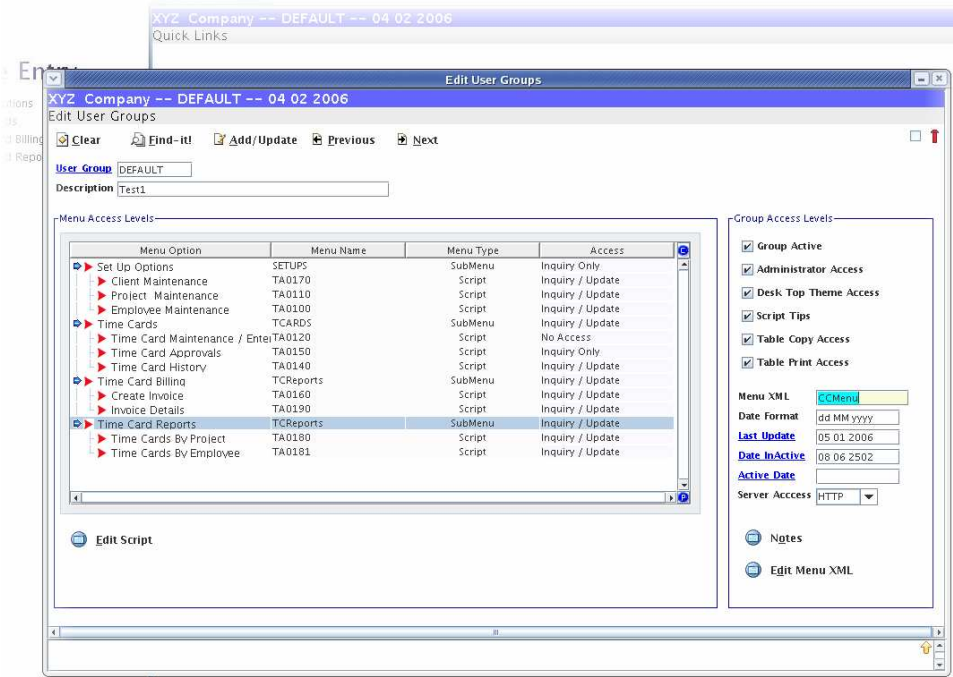
Access is granted to users by user group. When creating a new user group you;

1- Access the Edit User Group screen from the administrator's panel.



2- Enter group name and menu XML document for the group (the menu XML document must be a valid jRivet menu document). Select add/update to create the group and retrieve the menu tree.

3- Set access levels for the group using the menu tree. Set group access levels for administrators, theme access and copy/print access:



Create new user profiles with the edit User screen.

1- Access the Edit User screen from the administrator's panel

2- Enter the user name, description and a valid user group. Select Add/Update

Client Maintenance Project Maintenance Employee Maintenance

XYZ Company -- DEFAULT -- 04 02 2006

Edit User

Clear Find-it! Add/Update Previous Next

User ID

Description

Address Information

Name

Address

Phone Number

Fax Number

Access Information

☐ User Active

User Group

Last Update

Date InActive

Notes

Web Site

Email Address

Running Tomcat as a Service

Once you get things running you may want to add Tomcat as a Service. This can be done as follows:

A- Creating a Linux Service

1 - Stop any Tomcat servers that are running.

2 - Create a Start/Stop Script like the following - Simply cut and paste the following into your favorite text editor (between and not including the lines of asterisks).

```
*****
# This is the init script for starting up the
# Jakarta Tomcat server
#
# chkconfig: 345 91 10
# description: Starts and stops the Tomcat daemon.
#

# Source function library.
. /etc/rc.d/init.d/functions

# Get config.
. /etc/sysconfig/network

# Check that networking is up.
[ "${NETWORKING}" = "no" ] && exit 0

tomcat=/usr/local/jakarta-tomcat
startup=$tomcat/bin/startup.sh
shutdown=$tomcat/bin/shutdown.sh
export JAVA_HOME=/usr/local/jdk

start(){
    echo -n "Starting Tomcat service: "
    #daemon -c
    $startup
    RETVAL=$?
    echo
}

stop(){
    action $"Stopping Tomcat service: " $shutdown
    RETVAL=$?
    echo
}

restart(){
    stop
    start
}
```

```

# See how we were called.
case "$1" in
start)
    start
    ;;

stop)
    stop
    ;;

status)
    # This doesn't work ;)
    status tomcat
    ;;

restart)
    restart
    ;;
*)

echo $"Usage: $0 {start|stop|status|restart}"
exit 1
esac

exit 0

```

3 - Edit the lines that start with 'tomcat' and 'export' to match where you installed Tomcat and your jdk.

4 - Save to /etc/init.d and chmod

Save the edited file above to /etc/init.d directory as "tomcat" (at least on most newer releases since /etc/init.d is a standard now). Then you have to allow execute access to the script, so run:

```
chmod a+x tomcat
```

5 - Add to appropriate run level directories The easy way to do this is to just simply run:

```
chkconfig --add tomcat
```

6 - Start the Tomcat service, and you should be off to the races!

B – Creating a Windows Service

- 1 - Stop any Tomcat servers that are running.
 - 2 - Download the latest windows installer for Tomcat at <http://tomcat.apache.org/>
The Windows binary installer comes with all the stuff needed to run Tomcat as a Windows service. **Note** - Get the Windows Executable - NOT the zip file or the tar ball! Run the executable to install the Tomcat service.
 - 3 - Copy the ../jakarta-tomcat-5.5.7/webapps/ROOT folder (and all it's sub-folders and files) into the ../webapps folder within the version of Tomcat you just installed.. You may need to root around a little to find it, but you will have a new Tomcat folder that has a webapps subfolder. Once you find it, copy the ROOT folder into webapps
 - 4 – Also, copy all of the Jar files found in ../jakarta-tomcat-5.5.7/common/lib into the new version of Tomcat you just install. (into the same ../common/lib folder
 - 5 - Edit the ALL file paths in ../webapps/Root/Web-INF/ConfigFile1.xml and ../webapps/Root/Web-INF/web.xml - They need to point to the new Tomcat location.
 - 6 - Start the Tomcat service, and you should be off to the races!
 - 7 – To have the service run at startup – Go to your Windows Control Panel
→ Administrative Tools → Services.. Double click the Tomcat service and set the Start-up Type to ‘Automatic’.
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