Becoming a visualization ninja with ggplot2

Devin Pastoor

Center for Translational Medicine
University of Maryland, School of Pharmacy





Elements of a ggplot2 plot

Element	Code	Use
data	data =	Raw data for plotting
geometries:	geom_ <type></type>	Shapes to represent the data
aesthetics:	aes()	Aesthetics of the geoms and stats – control color, size, shape, position, etc and how it is mapped to underlying data
scales	scale_	Maps the coordinate system for the geoms
Additional Customizations	theme	Control axis, background, tick settings (size, color, etc)

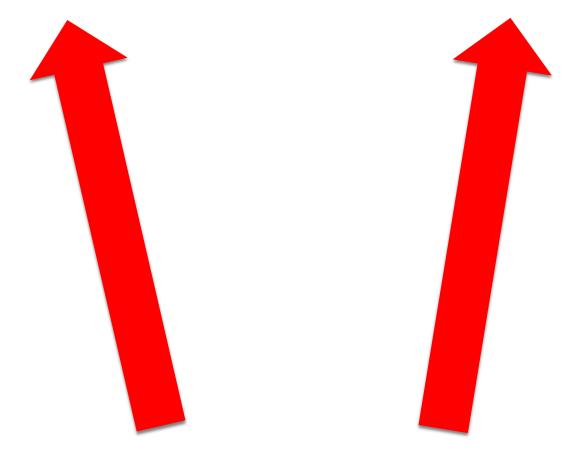


ggplot(data=Theoph, aes(x = Time, y = conc))



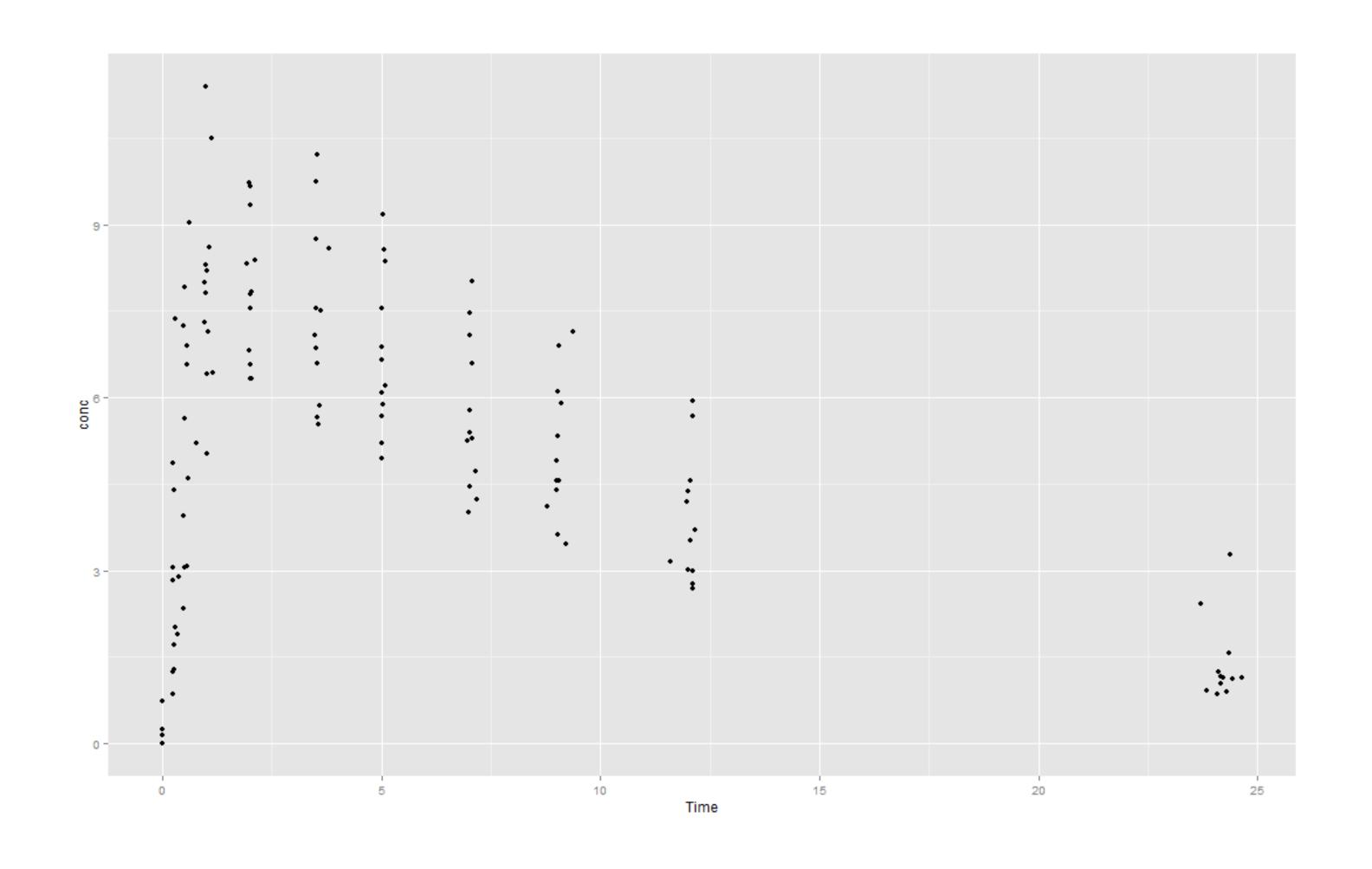
Underlying data

> head(Theoph)

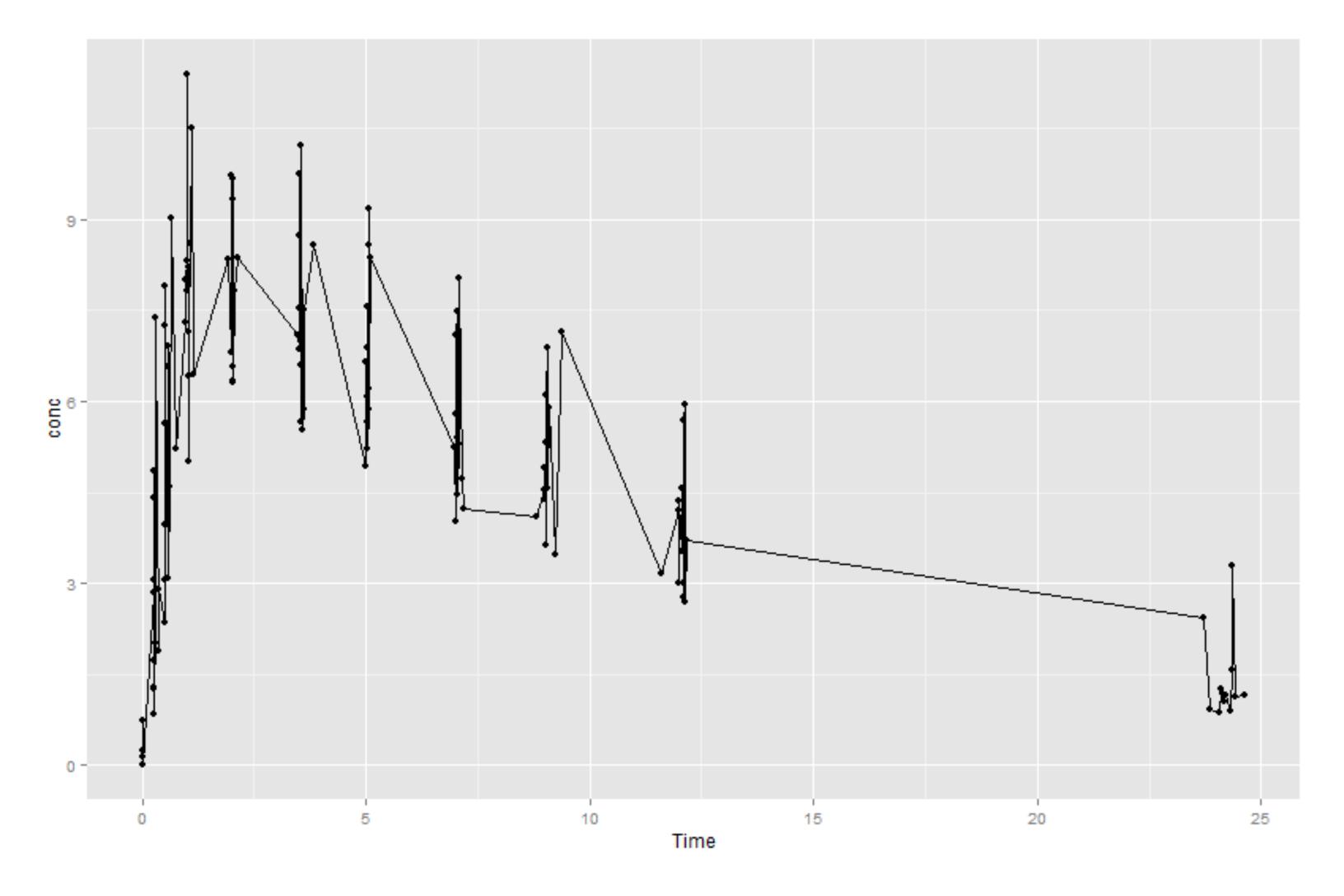


Data columns and their associated 'mappings'

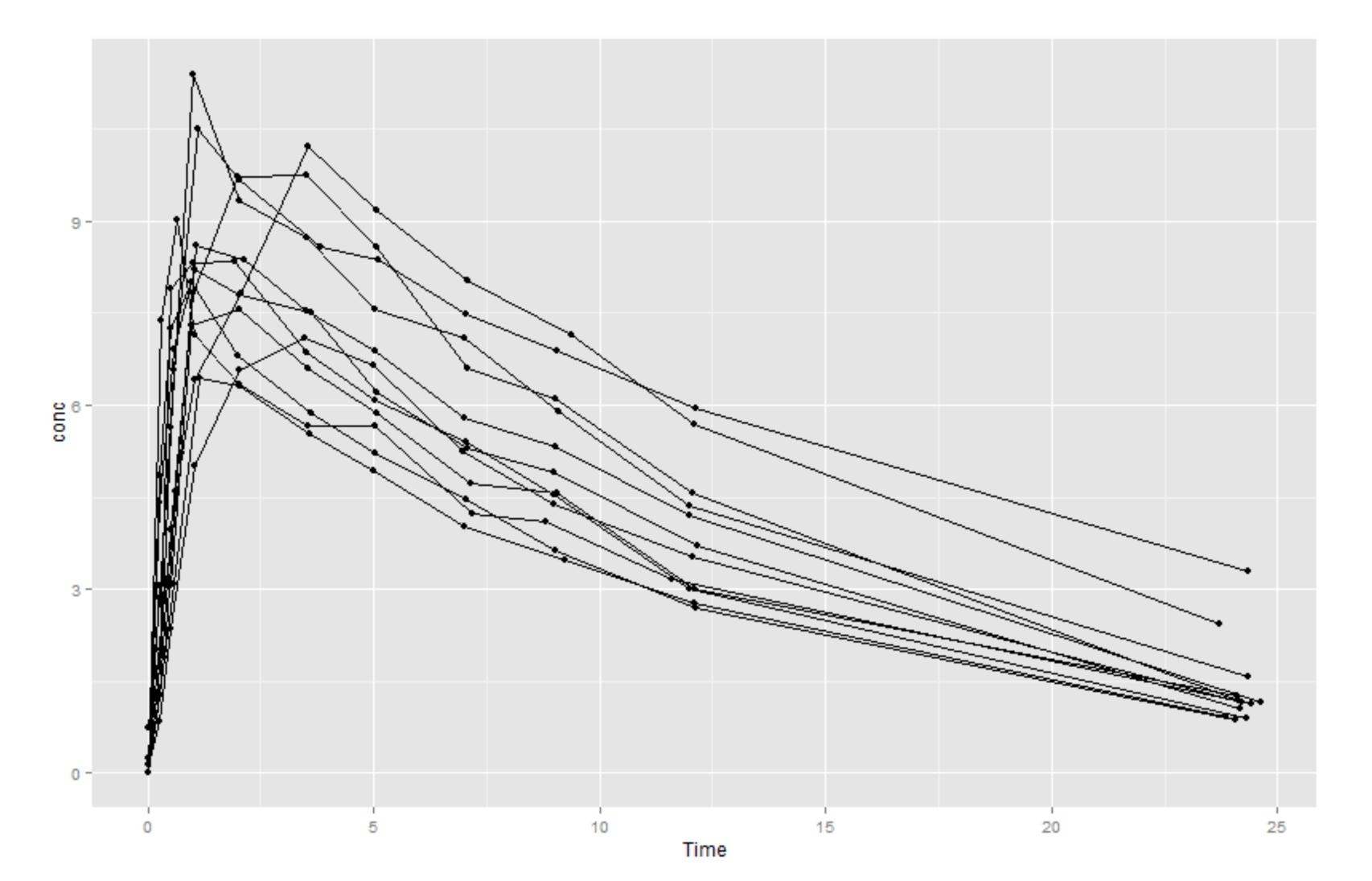
$ggplot(data=Theoph, aes(x = Time, y = conc)) + geom_point()$



 $ggplot(data=Theoph, aes(x = Time, y = conc)) + geom_point() + geom_line()$



ggplot(data=Theoph, aes(x = Time, y = conc, group = Subject)) + geom_point() + geom_line()

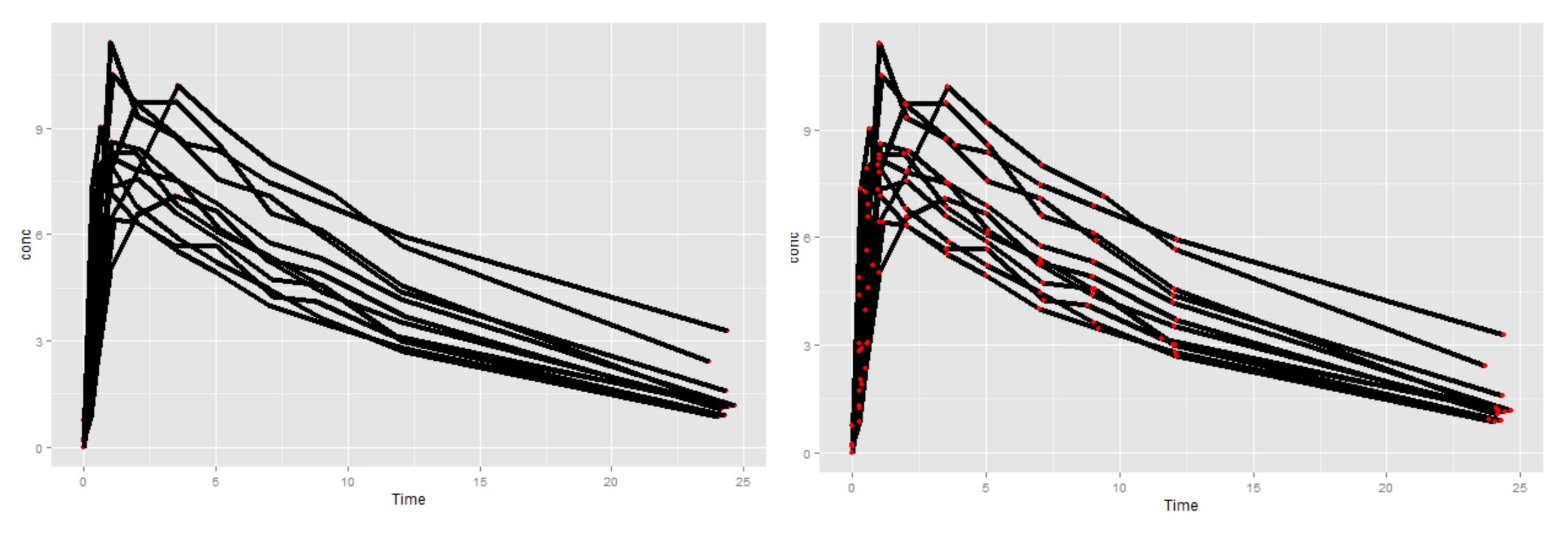




Order matters visually!

```
ggplot(data = Theoph, aes(x = Time, y = conc,
group = Subject)) +
geom_point(color = 'red') + geom_line(size = 1.5)
```

```
ggplot(data = Theoph, aes(x = Time, y = conc,
group = Subject)) +
geom_line(size = 1.5) + geom_point(color = 'red')
```



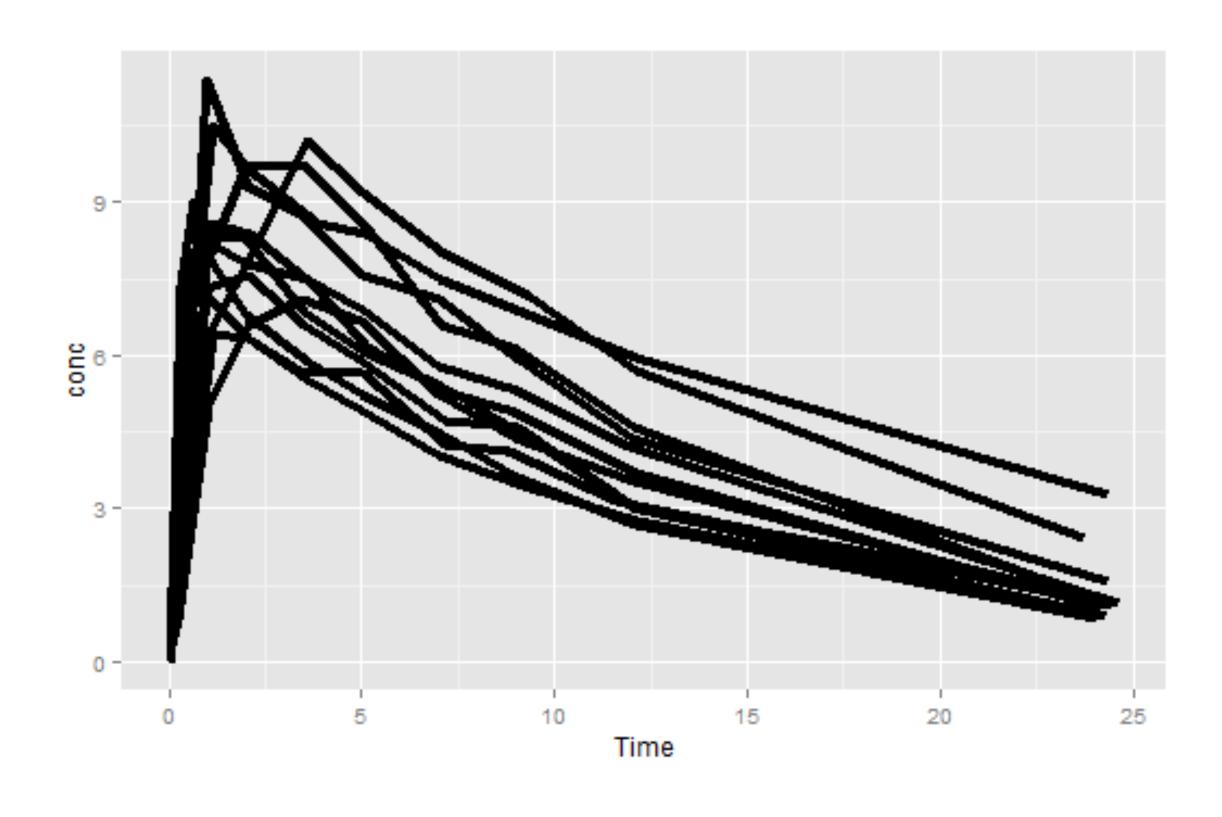


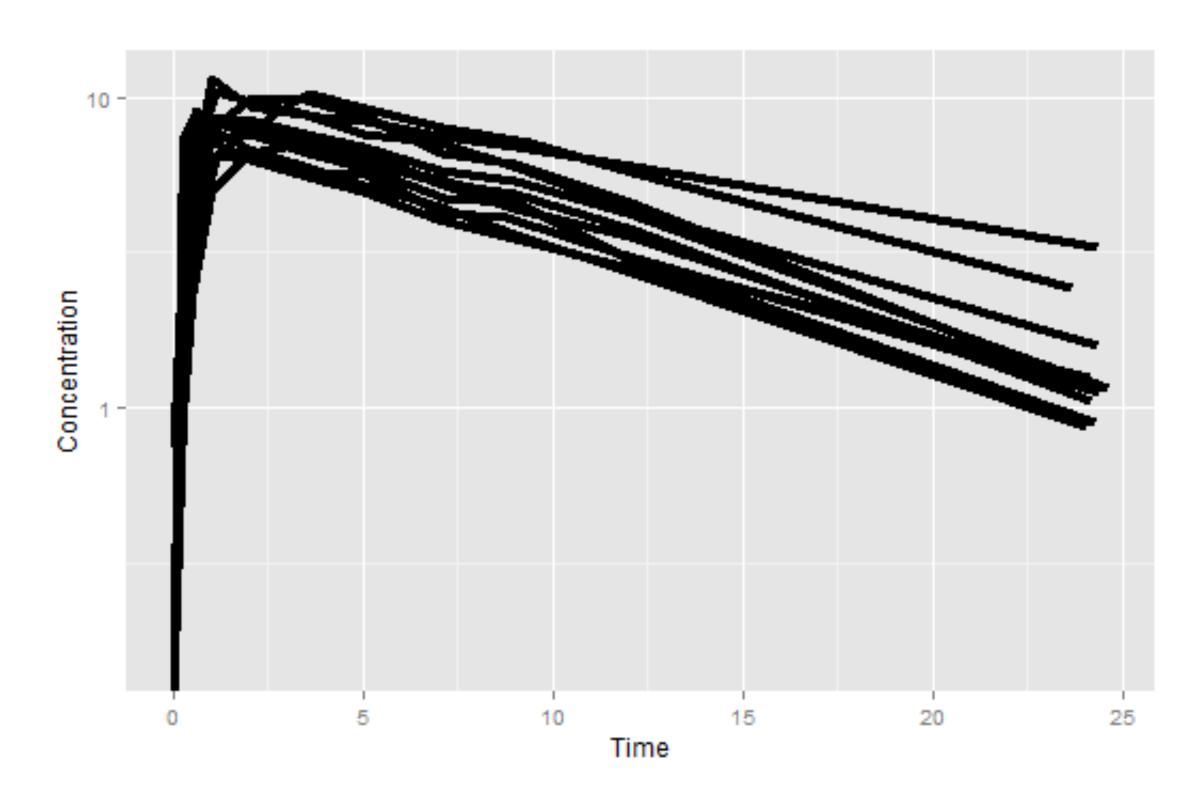
Objects can be saved and more layers added

conc_time <- ggplot(data = Theoph, $aes(x = Time, y = conc, group = Subject)) + geom_line(size = 1.5)$

conc_time

conc_time + scale_y_log10() +
ylab("Concentration")





```
ggplot(data=Theoph, aes(x = Time, y = conc, group = Subject))
+ geom_line(size = 1.5) +
theme(axis.text.x = element_text(size = 20, color = 'black'))
```

