# Introduction to FUNCTIONS Part 1

```
function (<arguments>) {
    ## do stuff
}
```

```
function (<arguments>) {
   ## do stuff
}
```

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function (<arguments>) {
    ## do stuff
}
```

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function (<arguments>) {
    ## do stuff
}
```

```
function (<arguments>) {
    ## do stuff
}
```

```
function (<arguments>) {
    ## do stuff
    return(<object>)
}
```

## let's write a range function

```
range2 <- function(x) {
  min < - min(x)
  max < - max(x)
  return(c(min, max))
```

```
range2 <- function(x) {</pre>
   min <- min(x)
   max <- max(x)
   return(c(min, max))
range3 <- function(x) {</pre>
   min <- min(x)
   max <- max(x)
   c(min, max)
```

```
range4 <- function(x) {
   min <- min(x)
   max <- max(x)
}</pre>
```

#### What will this return?

# let's write a last element function

#### ARGUMENTS

```
add_two_values <-
function(a, b) {
   a + b
}</pre>
```

```
add_two_values <-
function(a, b) {
   a + b
}</pre>
```

```
add_two_values <-
function(a, b = 5) {
    a + b
}</pre>
```

#### What is required?

 $auc_partial(idv, dv, range = c(0, Inf))$ 

#### What is required?

### let's write a nonnem output

function

### What do you do about all the additional arguments?



#### caveats

- 1. Only one ... per function
- 2. no 'default' ... values
- 3. arguments after ... in a function MUST be matched by full name

How does R match arguments?

#### Argument matching order

- 1. Exact match for named argument
- 2. Partial matches for named argument
- 3. Positional match
- 4. Put everything else into ...

## let's write a both replacer

function