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# REST Advanced Lab



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# Advanced Uses of REST APIs

What happens when your service builds on top of other services?

How do you interact with them?

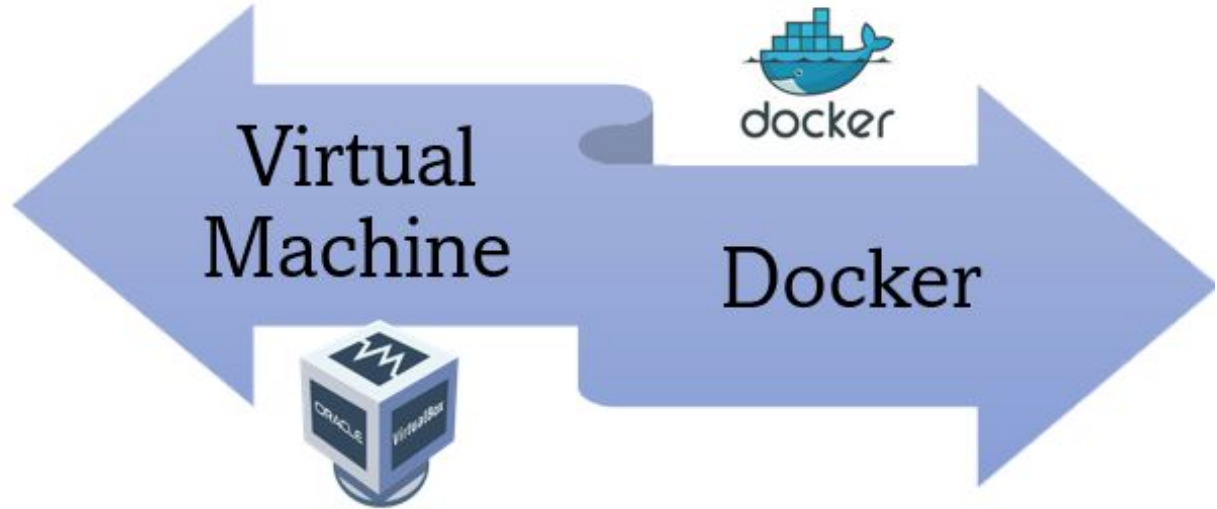
How can they be reached?

How do you use several together?



# How to run

We have provided you with a VM and a docker compose file so that you can also work on this lab without spinning up a VM.



<https://github.com/dpdani/sde-rest-advanced>



# Intro

**Today** we brought a simple web service that uses Lab 4's service and we're going to:

→ **Explore service composition**

With Lab 4, Nominatim, and OpenStreetMap

→ **Modify a service**

Learn how to integrate new functionalities

→ **Drink coffee**

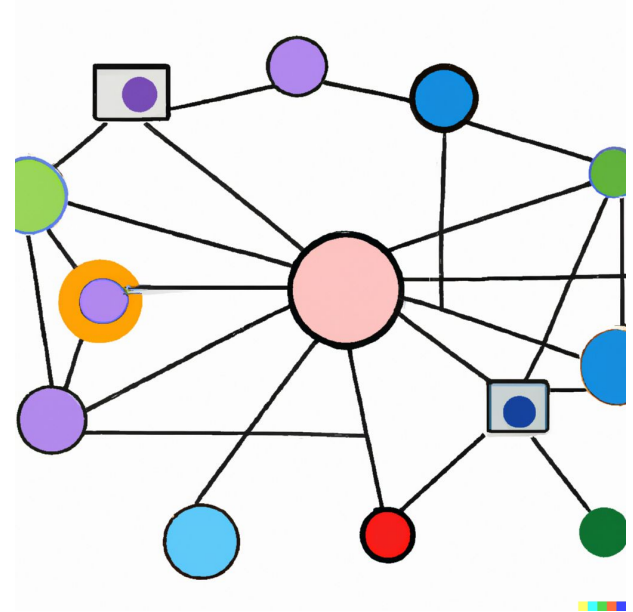
Required for a good grade

# REST Recap

Use HTTP methods (with their semantics) on "resources" provided by a service.

Resources are *identifiable* and possibly linked together.

The service is *stateless* (or at least should be), while the resources it manages have a possibly transitioning state.



Lab 4

OpenStreetMap

Nominatim

Leaflet

Services used

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# Lab 4

In the previous lab, we've worked on an event management service.

We've built a service called *NearMeEvents* on top of theirs to let a user look for events.

With Lab4, we could use Mobilizon data to show the users real events.  
In this Lab, we're going to make use the fixed data in Lab4's repo.

# OpenStreetMap

*OpenStreetMap is a map of the world, created by people like you and free to use under an open license.*

<https://www.openstreetmap.org/>

Our map providers: this is where the images displayed in the frontend come from.





# Nominatim

*Open-source geocoding with OpenStreetMap data*

<https://nominatim.org/>

Geocoding means searching some place's name in order to find its location on Earth.

We're going to use this service in Exercise 3.



# Leaflet

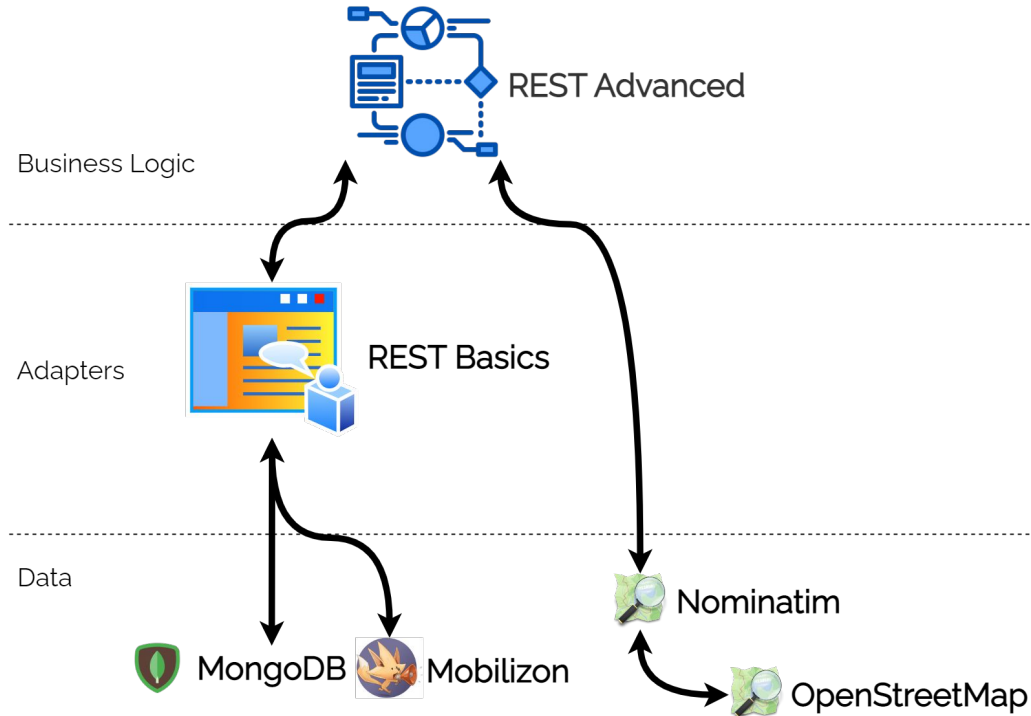
*Leaflet is the leading open-source JavaScript library for mobile-friendly interactive maps*

<https://leafletjs.com/>

This library powers the frontend interactive maps displayed.

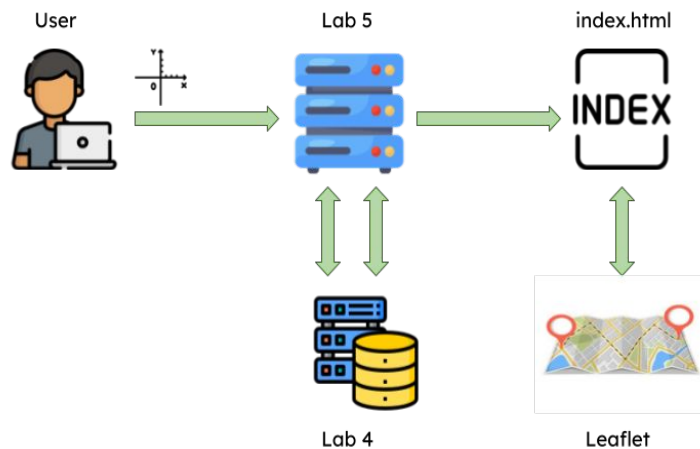


# Logical layers



# The Workflow

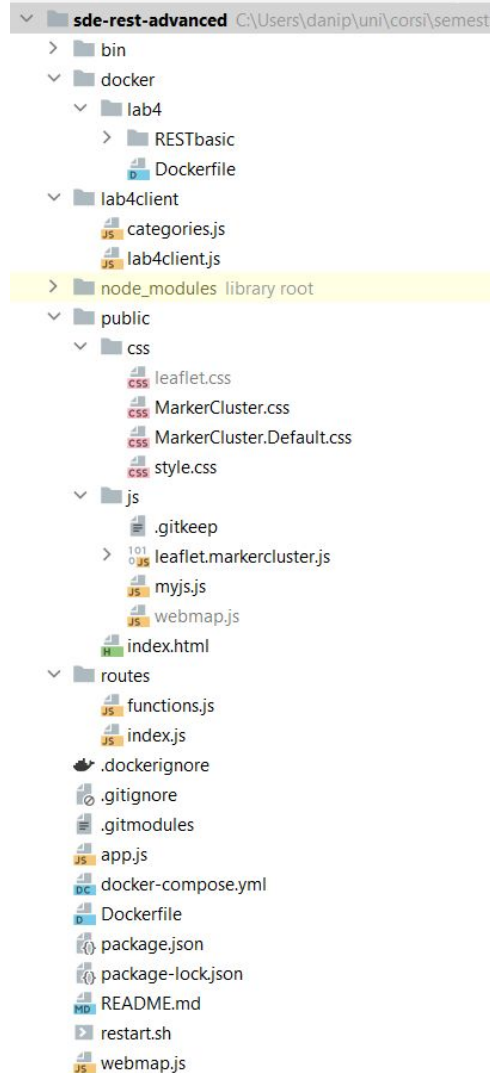
1. User inputs a location
2. We search Lab4 events to know which are close to the user
3. We query Lab4 to get information about each event
4. We redirect to `index.html`
5. Client-side JavaScript uses Leaflet to populate the map with the data fetched in the previous steps



# The Code

Available at <https://github.com/dpdani/sde-rest-advanced>

(and in VM)



# lab4client/

- `searchEvents()` → list of IDs
- `prepareEvents()` → list of events  
formatted for display
- `prepareOneEvent()` → fetch one event  
from Lab4 and format it

# routes/

Our REST endpoints.

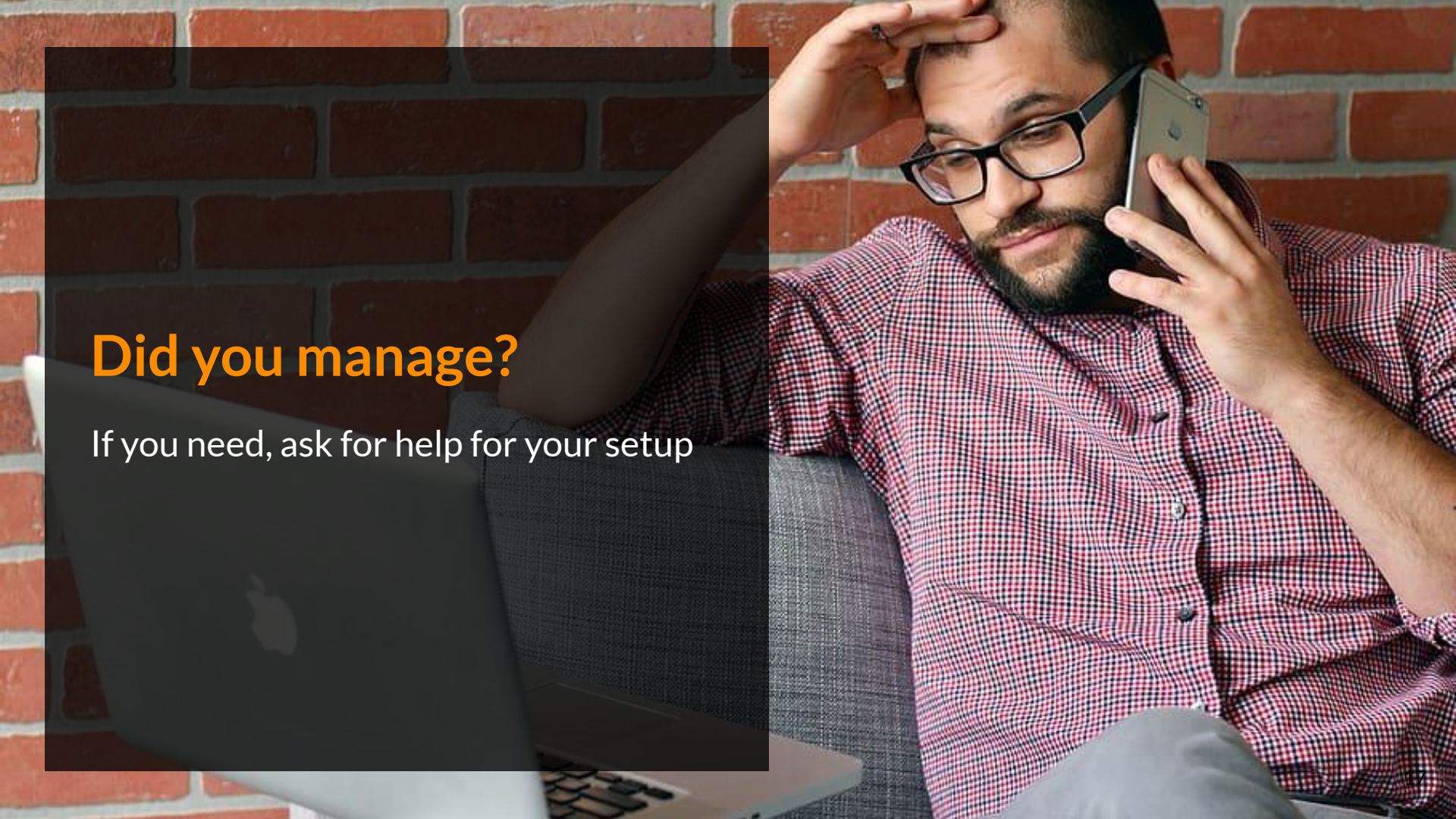
The `/flow` endpoint implements the workflow presented before. This is where the different services are “glued” together.

# public/ & webmap.js

Static data and scripts served for the frontend.

The `webmap.js` script generates the map (Leaflet is used here).





**Did you manage?**

If you need, ask for help for your setup

## Example

Let's try and display Trento on the map.

With the containers all up, visit the frontend and press the "Trento" button. The coordinates should have changed, now hit "Submit".

Do you see Trento?

`localhost:8080`

# Exercises

## Map visualization

Embed categories in the event popups

## Event filtering

Search for events of a specific category

## Location searching

Get geographic coordinates by name through Nominatim

# Exercise 1

## NearMe Events

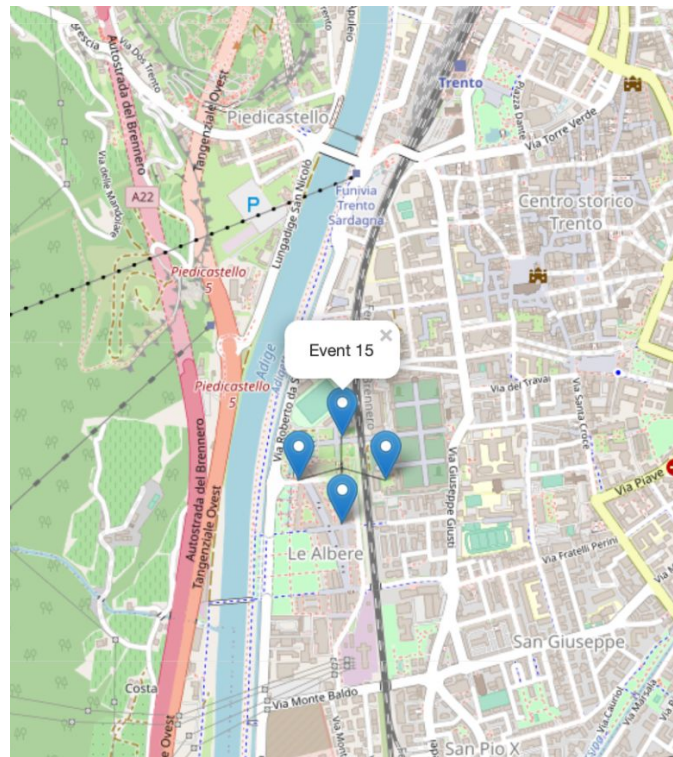
46.06787

Latitude

11.12108

Longitude

Submit



Event title



# Exercise 1

## NearMe Events

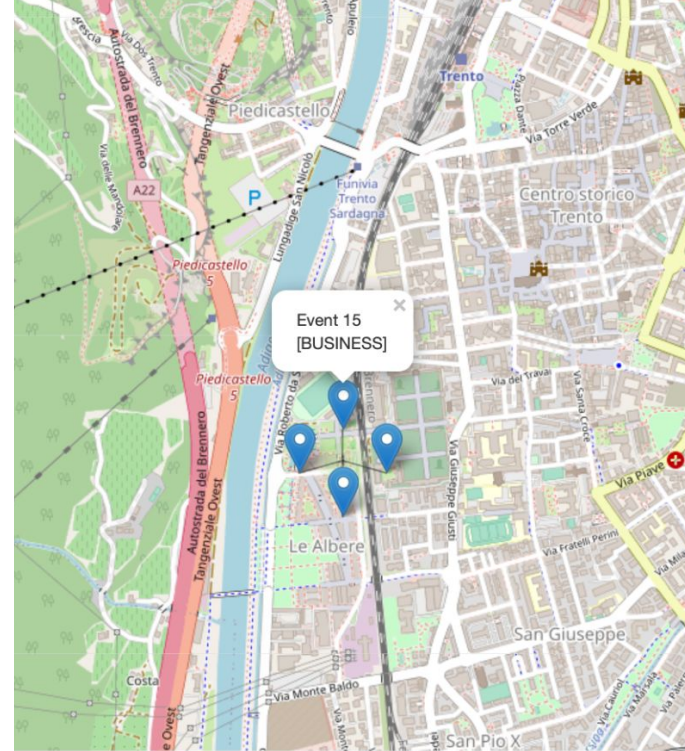
46.06787

Latitude

11.12108

Longitude

Submit



Event title + category

# Exercise 1

## Steps

1. Store the event category as a field of the json response fetched from REST Basics adapter for each event ID
2. Use the response to show category next to title on the event popup

# Exercise 1

## lab4client.js



### Tip

#### REST Basics APIs

The variable **content** contains the fetched response from lab 4 client

```
const prepareOneEvent = async (eventId) => {
  let url = `${process.env.LAB_4_URL}/v1/events/${eventId}`;
  const response = await fetch(url);
  const content = await response.json();
  return {
    id: eventId,
    title: content.title,
    lon: content.physicalAddress.geo.coordinates[0],
    lat: content.physicalAddress.geo.coordinates[1]
    /* Write your code here - exercise 1 */
  };
}
```

# Exercise 1

lab4client.js

## SOLUTION

cat: content.category



```
const prepareOneEvent = async (eventId) => {  
  let url = `${process.env.LAB_4_URL}/v1/events/${eventId}`;  
  const response = await fetch(url);  
  const content = await response.json();  
  return {  
    id: eventId,  
    title: content.title,  
    lon: content.physicalAddress.geo.coordinates[0],  
    lat: content.physicalAddress.geo.coordinates[1],  
    cat: content.category  
  };  
}
```



# Exercise 1



## Tip

[Leaflet quick start guide](#)

The variable **events** contains the previously fetched response

```
// Set popups
if(events !== undefined){
  console.log("LENGHT: ", events.length)
  var markers = L.markerClusterGroup();
  for (var i = 0; i < events.length; i++) {
    // Create new marker
    marker = new L.marker([events[i].lat, events[i].lon])
    .bindPopup(events[i].title /* Write your code here - exercise 1 */);
    // Adding the marker into a Layer
    markers.addLayer(marker);
  }
  // Adding the layer into the map
  map.addLayer(markers);
}
```

webmap.js

# Exercise 1



## SOLUTION

+ "<br/>[" + events[i].cat + "]"



```
// Set popups
if(events !== undefined){
  console.log("LENGHT: ", events.length)
  var markers = L.markerClusterGroup();
  for (var i = 0; i < events.length; i++) {
    // Create new marker
    marker = new L.marker([events[i].lat, events[i].lon])
    .bindPopup(events[i].title + "<br/>[" + events[i].cat + "]");
    // Adding the marker into a Layer
    markers.addLayer(marker);
  }
  // Adding the layer into the map
  map.addLayer(markers);
}
```

webmap.js

# Coffee break



# Exercise 2

45.454967

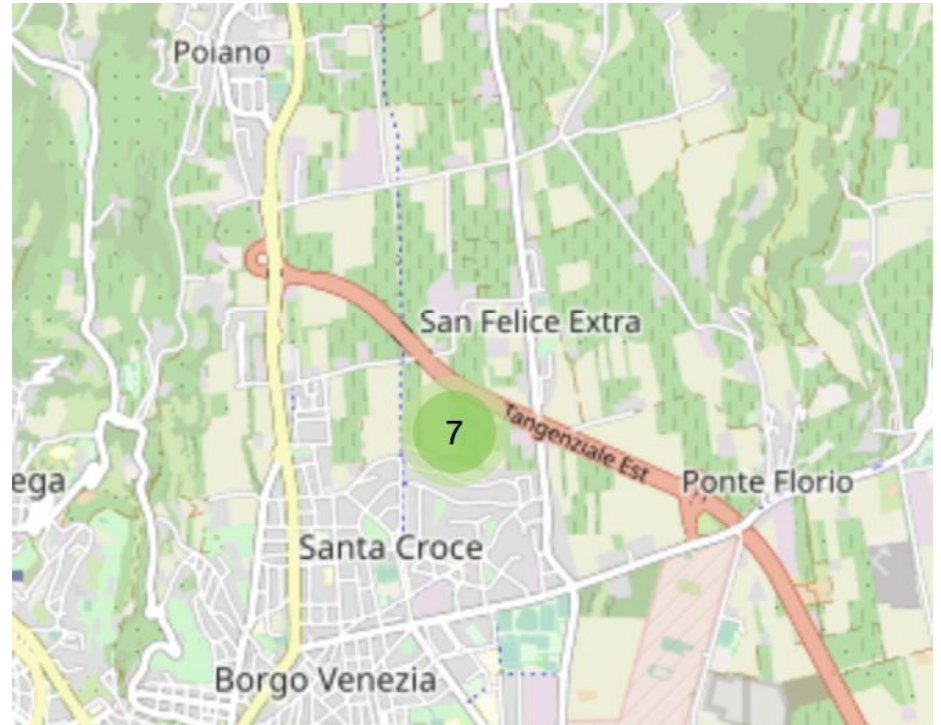
Latitude

11.029849

Longitude

Category

Submit





# Exercise 2

45.454967

Latitude

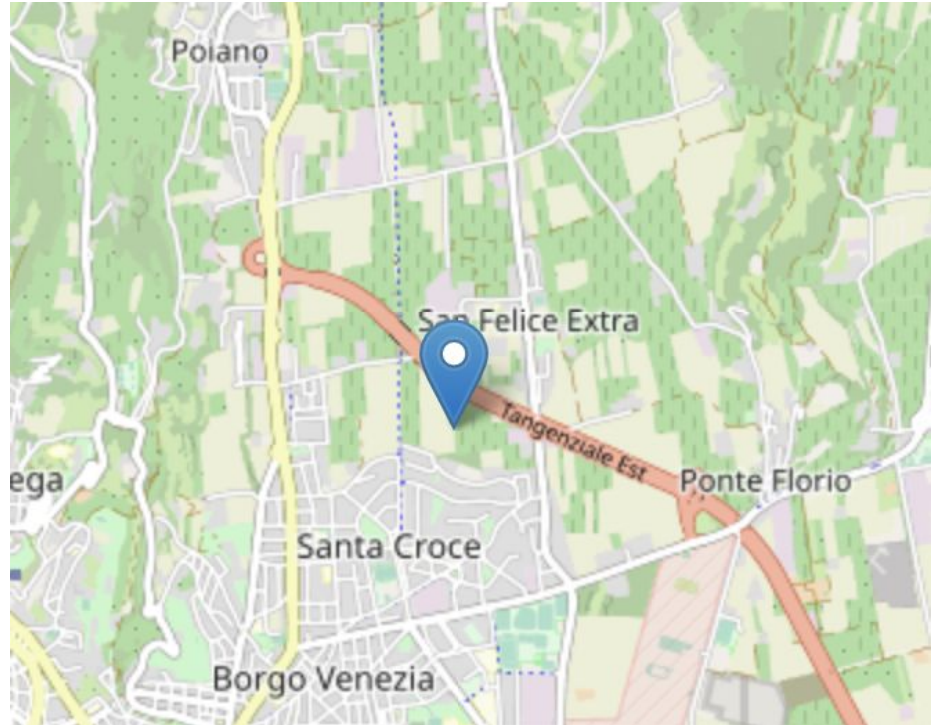
11.029849

Longitude

MEETING

Category

Submit



## Exercise 2

### What you should do:

1. Add a new text box to filter by category
2. Update the flow function to include category parameter

### Hint:

Lab 4 service docs: <https://restbasics.docs.apiary.io>

# Exercise 2

## index.html

```
<form class="w3-container" action="/flow" method="get">
  <p>
    <input class="w3-input" type="number" id="lat" name="lat" step="any" required min="0">
    <label for="lat">Latitude</label></p>
  <p>
    <input class="w3-input" type="number" id="lon" name="lon" step="any" required min="0">
    <label for="lon">Longitude</label></p>
  <!-- snip -->
</form>
```

# Exercise 2

## index.js

```
async function flow(lat, lon){
  // Read lab 4 data
  const eventIds = await lab4client.searchEvents(lat, lon, "");
  json_events = await lab4client.prepareEventsForMap(eventIds);
}

// GET flow function - given lat & lon, retrieve JSON with events
router.get("/flow", async function (req, res, next) {
  // Read params
  let lat = req.query.lat;
  let lon = req.query.lon;

  // Query REST basic to get data
  await flow(lat, lon);

  // Redirect to standard route --> '/'
  await res.redirect('../?' + new URLSearchParams({lat:lat, lon:lon}));
});
```



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# Solution for Exercise 2

Skip the next two pages if you still want to work on the solution.

# Exercise 2

## index.html

```
<form class="w3-container" action="/flow" method="get">
  <p>
    <input class="w3-input" type="number" id="lat" name="lat" step="any" required min="0">
    <label for="lat">Latitude</label></p>
  <p>
    <input class="w3-input" type="number" id="lon" name="lon" step="any" required min="0">
    <label for="lon">Longitude</label></p>
  <p>
    <input class="w3-input" type="text" id="cat" name="cat">
    <label for="cat">Category</label></p>
  <!-- snip -->
</form>
```

# Exercise 2

## index.js

```
async function flow(lat, lon, cat){
  // Read lab 4 data
  const eventIds = await lab4client.searchEvents(lat, lon, cat);
  json_events = await lab4client.prepareEventsForMap(eventIds);
}

// GET flow function - given lat & lon, retrieve JSON with events
router.get("/flow", async function (req, res, next) {
  // Read params
  let lat = req.query.lat;
  let lon = req.query.lon;
  let cat = req.query.cat;

  // Query REST basic to get data
  await flow(lat, lon, cat);

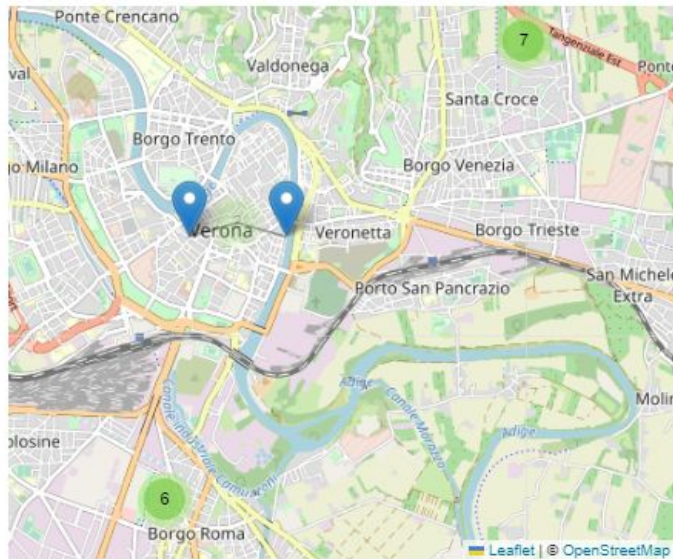
  // Redirect to standard route --> '/'
  await res.redirect('../?' + new URLSearchParams({lat:lat, lon:lon}));
});
```

# Exercise 3

## Get geographic coordinates by name through Nominatim

### Steps:

1. Add a form into index.html page;
2. Fetch the request to nominatim.



Verona

Name

Search by name

# Exercise 3

## Step 1: Add a form into index.html page

### Code:

```
<!-- Your code here / exercise 3 -->
<form class="w3-container" action="/searchOSM" method="get">
  <p>
    <input class="w3-input" type="text" id="name" name="name" required>
    <label for="name">Name</label>
  </p>
  <input id="sbname" type="submit" value="Search by name" class="w3-btn w3-indigo">
</form>
<br><br>
```

In this way, when the form is submitted (we click the submit button) a GET request will be sent to '/searchOSM' route.

# Exercise 3

## Nominatim API:

<https://nominatim.openstreetmap.org/search?>

## Step 2: Fetch the request to nominatim (index.js)

### Code:

```
// GET searchOSM function
router.get('/searchOSM', (req, res, next) => {
  // Read params
  let name = req.query.name;

  // Query nominatim to get the place data (coordinates)
  fetch(`${Nominatim API}/${name}` + new URLSearchParams({q:name, format:'json'})).then(async(response)=>{
    // Read the response
    let body = await response.text();
    let json = JSON.parse(body);

    // Extract coordinates
    let lat = json[0].lat;
    let lon = json[0].lon;
    console.log("LATITUDE: ", lat);
    console.log("LONGITUDE: ", lon);

    // Mini assignment - Your code here

    // Redirect to standard route --> '/'
    await res.redirect('..?'+ new URLSearchParams({lat:lat, lon:lon}));
  });
});
```

# Mini Assignment

Using the code written in the previous exercises, display the events present on the map given the name or address of a place.

Retrieve the events from Lab4's service as in the normal flow of operation.

How many events are there in Milan?



## Tip

Call the flow function in the function written in Exercise 3 after the Nominatim call.

```
// GET searchOSM function - given a name, retrieve JSON with events
router.get('/searchOSM', (req, res, next) => {
  // Read params
  let name = req.query.name;

  // Query nominatim to get the place data (coordinates)
  fetch('https://nominatim.openstreetmap.org/search?' + new URLSearchParams({q:name, format:
    // Read the response
    let body = await response.text();
    let json = JSON.parse(body);

    // Extract coordinates
    let lat = json[0].lat;
    let lon = json[0].lon;

    // Exercise 3 - Your code here
    await flow(lat, lon);

    // Redirect to standard route --> '/'
    await res.redirect('../?' + new URLSearchParams({lat:lat, lon:lon}));
  });
});
```



# Mini Assignment - Possible theory questions

- How do we interact with the lab4 project?

Via API calls

- **Why do we use nominatim?**

To find locations by name and address



# Mini Assignment - Possible practice questions

- How many events are there in Milan?

Should be 7






**Good luck on  
your assignment!**

We hope you have  
enjoyed this lab session!

Please submit your answers in the form  
you'll find on the Telegram group.



**Thank you** for your attention!