



SYNC or Swim

A Particle Model of the Interaction within Fish Schools

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Synchronization

The coordination of events to operate a system in unison.
Some natural physical examples:

- ▶ Circadian Rhythms
- ▶ Round of Applause (WHAT?!?! - Let's try it!)



Human Swarming - Example



Coupling

One object influencing another by providing feedback.
Real life examples

- ▶ Animal Swarming





Coupling

One object influencing another by providing feedback.
Real life examples

- ▶ Human Imitation (Memes/Trends)





Collective Behavior



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- ▶ For mathematical purposes, consider a swarm as an emergent behavior with no central coordination that arises due to several simple instinctual rules that animals of a given species follow.
- ▶ Other terms we will be using interchangeably with “collective behavior”: swarm, school (specific to fish)



Why Do We Care?

- ▶ Learning C/CUDA
- ▶ Applying mathematical models to real life phenomenon
- ▶ How will environmental factors affect the animal aggregate
- ▶ How animal aggregates will affect the environment



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- ▶ Remain close to neighbors



The Basic Model

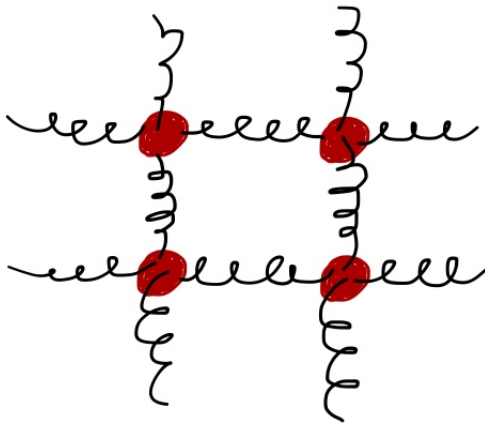
As a simple model/simulation of the swarm (schooling) behavior of fish, our model represents each fish adhering to the following three rules:

- ▶ Move in the same direction as your neighbors
- ▶ Remain close to neighbors
- ▶ Avoid collisions with neighbors



Coupling

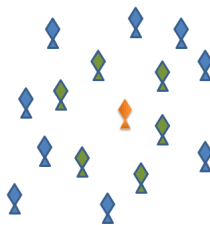
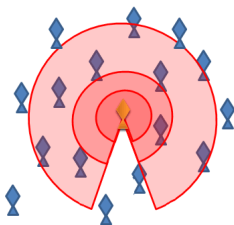
Coupled oscillators are systems of masses connected by springs.





The Mathematics

- ▶ Lagrangian Algorithm
 - ▶ Agent Based Model following individual particles in school
- ▶ Metric distance model - calculate forces on individual particles based on distance to other particles





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$$p_i = p_i + v_i dt$$



Simulations



Where Do We Go From Here?

- ▶ Add initial conditions for species-specific parameters
 - ▶ Density of swarms, how they behave towards targets and obstacles, etc.
- ▶ Move calculations from CPU to GPU to speed up calculation time



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THANK YOU

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QUESTIONS?