

Quicksort



O que é?

O quicksort, desenvolvido em 1960 por Tony Hoare, é um dos algoritmos de ordenação mais eficiente e elegante.

Utiliza como estratégia "divide and conquer":

- Escolher um valor(pivot)
- Partir a sequência em duas partes
 - valores > pivot
 - pivot < valores
- Recursivamente ordenamos os dois arrays resultantes



Conjunto de Dados

Quatro inputs de diferentes tamanhos:

- 500,000 Integers
- 250,000 Integers
- 100,000 Integers
- 50,000 Integers



Código Base

```
1 void quicksort(int *array, int lo, int hi){
2     int i=lo, j=hi, h;
3     int x=array[(lo+hi)/2];
4     //partition
5     do {
6         while(array[i]<x) i++;
7         while(array[j]>x) j--;
8         if(i<=j){
9             h=array[i]; array[i]=array[j]; array[j]=h;
10            i++; j--;
11        }
12    }while(i<=j);
13    //recursion
14    if(lo<j) quicksort(array, lo, j);
15    if(i<hi) quicksort(array, i, hi);
16 }
```

openMP



Main

```
1 int main(int argc, char* argv[])
2 {
3     //Open the file where the array is at
4     FILE *fp = fopen(argv[1], "r");
5     int arraySize = atoi(argv[2]);
6     int arr[ARRAY_MAX_SIZE];
7     //Read the values from file do array arr
8     readFile(fp, arr, arraySize);
9     double start_time, run_time;
10    // See Beginning time
11    start_time = omp_get_wtime();
12    //Make QuickSort
13    #pragma omp parallel
14        #pragma omp single
15        {
16            quicksort(arr, 0, arraySize-1);
17        }
18    //Beginning time - Final time
19    run_time = omp_get_wtime() - start_time;
20    printf("Run time was %lf seconds\n ", run_time);
21    return 0;
22 }
```



Revisão 1

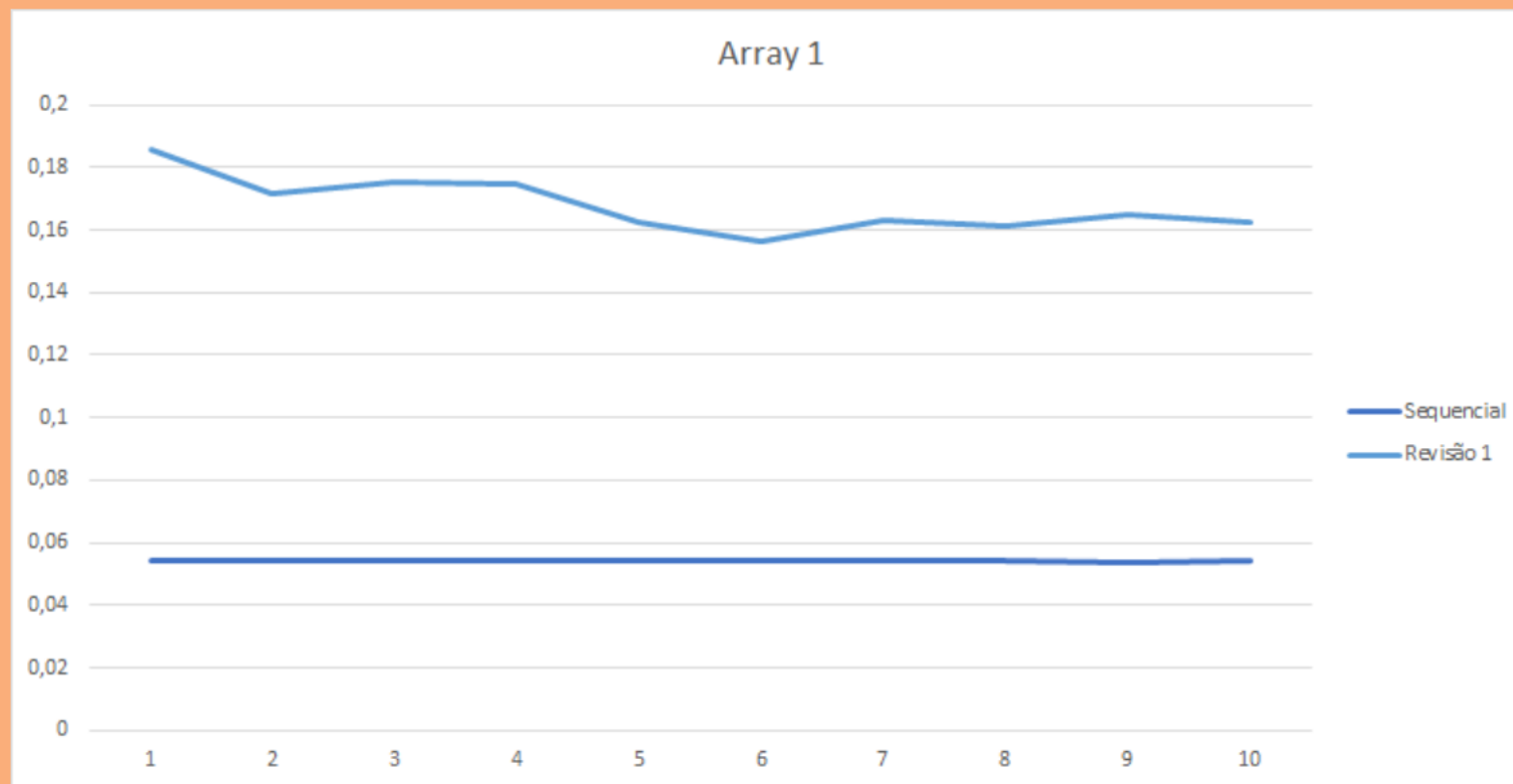
```
1 int main(int argc, char* argv[])
2 {
3     //Open the file where the array is at
4     FILE *fp = fopen(argv[1], "r");
5     int arraySize = atoi(argv[2]);
6     int arr[ARRAY_MAX_SIZE];
7     //Read the values from file do array arr
8     readFile(fp, arr, arraySize);
9     double start_time, run_time;
10    // See Beginning time
11    start_time = omp_get_wtime();
12    //Make QuickSort
13    #pragma omp parallel
14        quicksort(arr, 0, arraySize-1);
15    //Beginning time - Final time
16    run_time = omp_get_wtime() - start_time;
17    printf("Run time was %lf seconds\n ", run_time);
18    return 0;
19 }
```



```
1 void quicksort(int * array, int lo, int hi){
2     int pivotElement;
3     //Se o array for menor que 10000, o custo de atribuir threads não compensa,
4     if((hi - lo + 1) < 10000) {
5         serial_quicksort(array, lo, hi);
6     } else {
7         int i=lo,j=hi,h;
8         int x=array[(lo+hi)/2];
9         do{
10            while(array[i]<x) i++;
11            while(array[j]>x) j--;
12            if(i<=j){
13                h=array[i]; array[i]=array[j]; array[j]=h;
14                i++; j--;
15            }
16        }while(i<=j);
17        #pragma omp task
18        {
19            quicksort(array,lo,j);
20        }
21        #pragma omp task
22        {
23            quicksort(array,i,hi);
24        }
25    }
26 }
```



Resultados

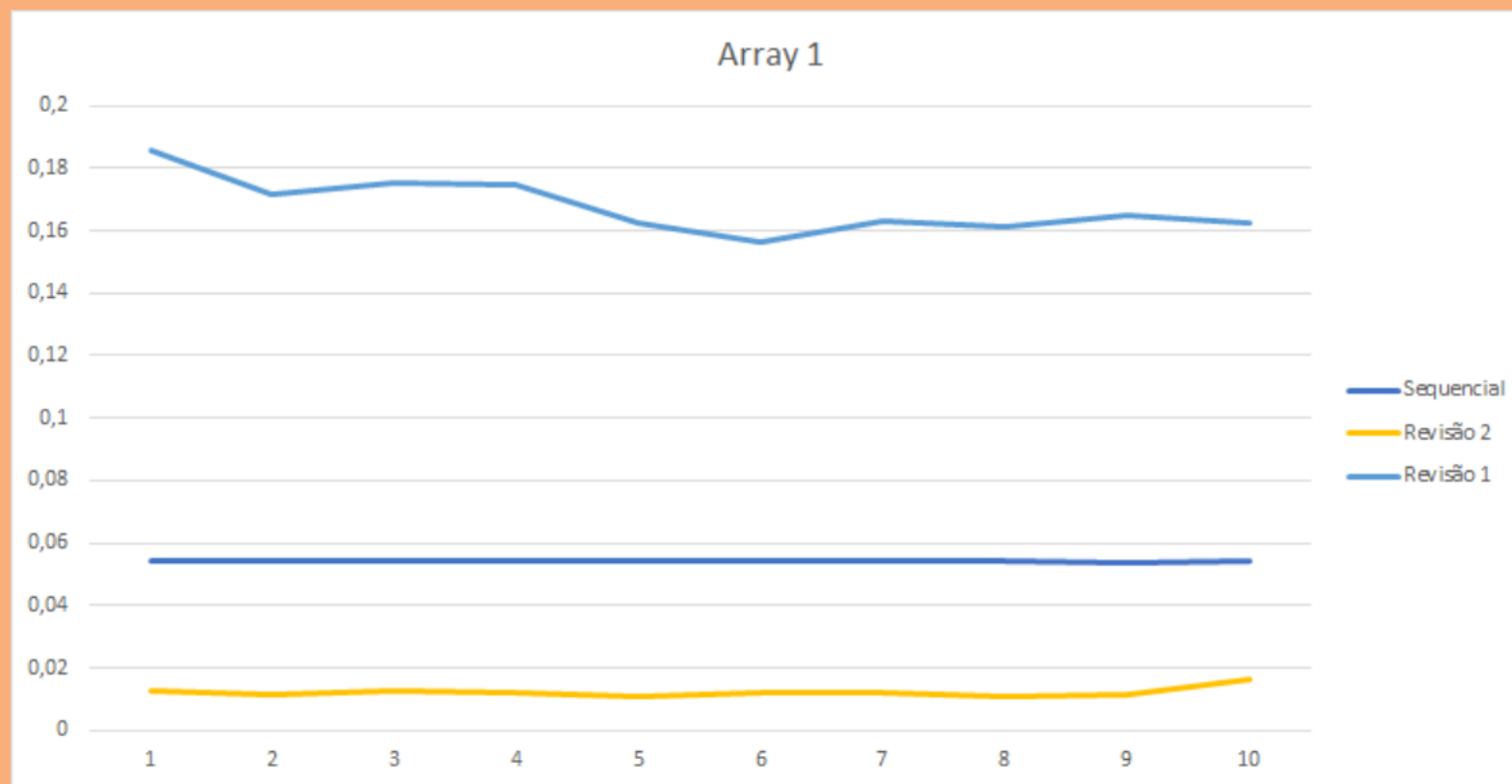


Revisão 2

```
1 int main(int argc, char* argv[])
2 {
3     //Open the file where the array is at
4     FILE *fp = fopen(argv[1], "r");
5     int arraySize = atoi(argv[2]);
6     int arr[ARRAY_MAX_SIZE];
7     //Read the values from file do array arr
8     readFile(fp, arr, arraySize);
9     double start_time, run_time;
10    // See Beginning time
11    start_time = omp_get_wtime();
12    //Make QuickSort
13    #pragma omp parallel
14    #pragma omp single
15    {
16        quicksort(arr, 0, arraySize-1);
17    }
18    //Beginning time - Final time
19    run_time = omp_get_wtime() - start_time;
20    printf("Run time was %lf seconds\n ", run_time);
21    return 0;
22 }
```



Resultados

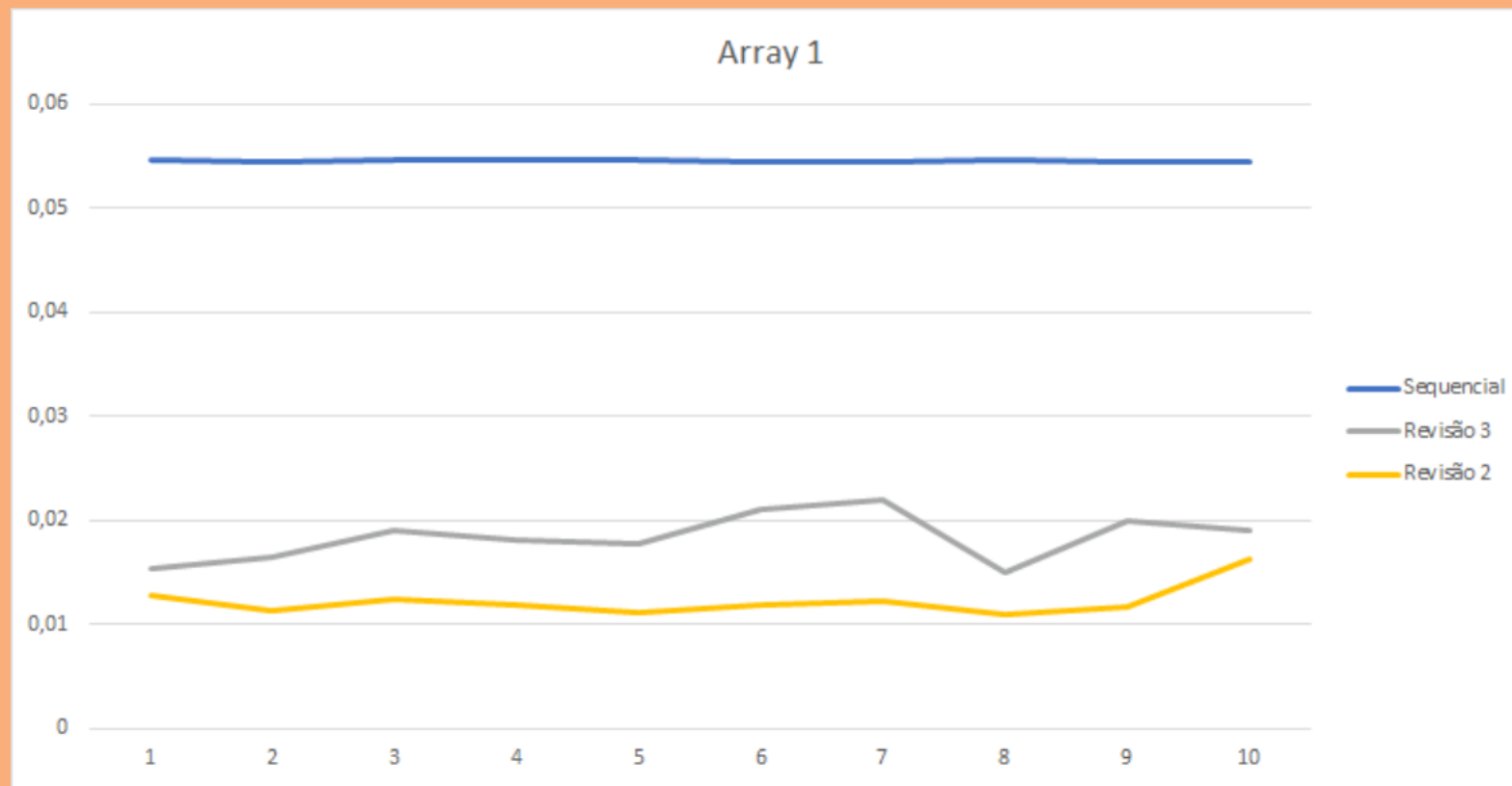


Revisão 3

```
1 void quicksort(int * array, int lo, int hi){
2     int pivotElement;
3     //Se o array for menor que 10000, o custo de atribuir threads não compen
4     if((hi - lo + 1) < 10000) {
5         serial_quicksort(array, lo, hi);
6     }
7     else {
8         int i=lo,j=hi,h;
9         int x=array[(lo+hi)/2];
10        do{
11            while(array[i]<x) i++;
12            while(array[j]>x) j--;
13            if(i<=j){
14                h=array[i]; array[i]=array[j]; array[j]=h;
15                i++; j--;
16            }
17        }while(i<=j);
18        #pragma omp task
19        {
20            quicksort(array,lo,j);
21        }
22        #pragma omp task
23        {
24            quicksort(array,i,hi);
25        }
26        #pragma omp taskwait
27    }
28 }
```



Resultados

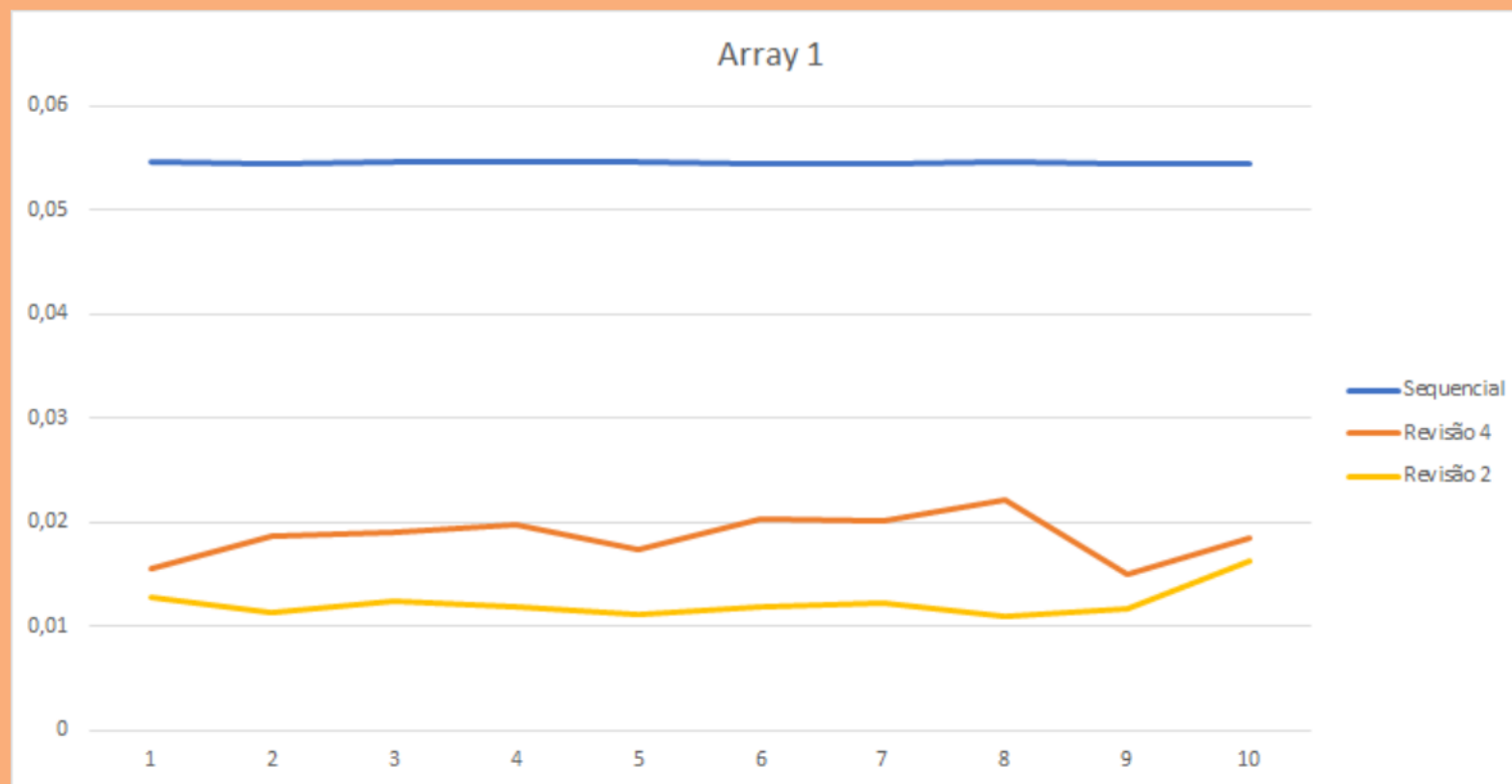


Revisão 4

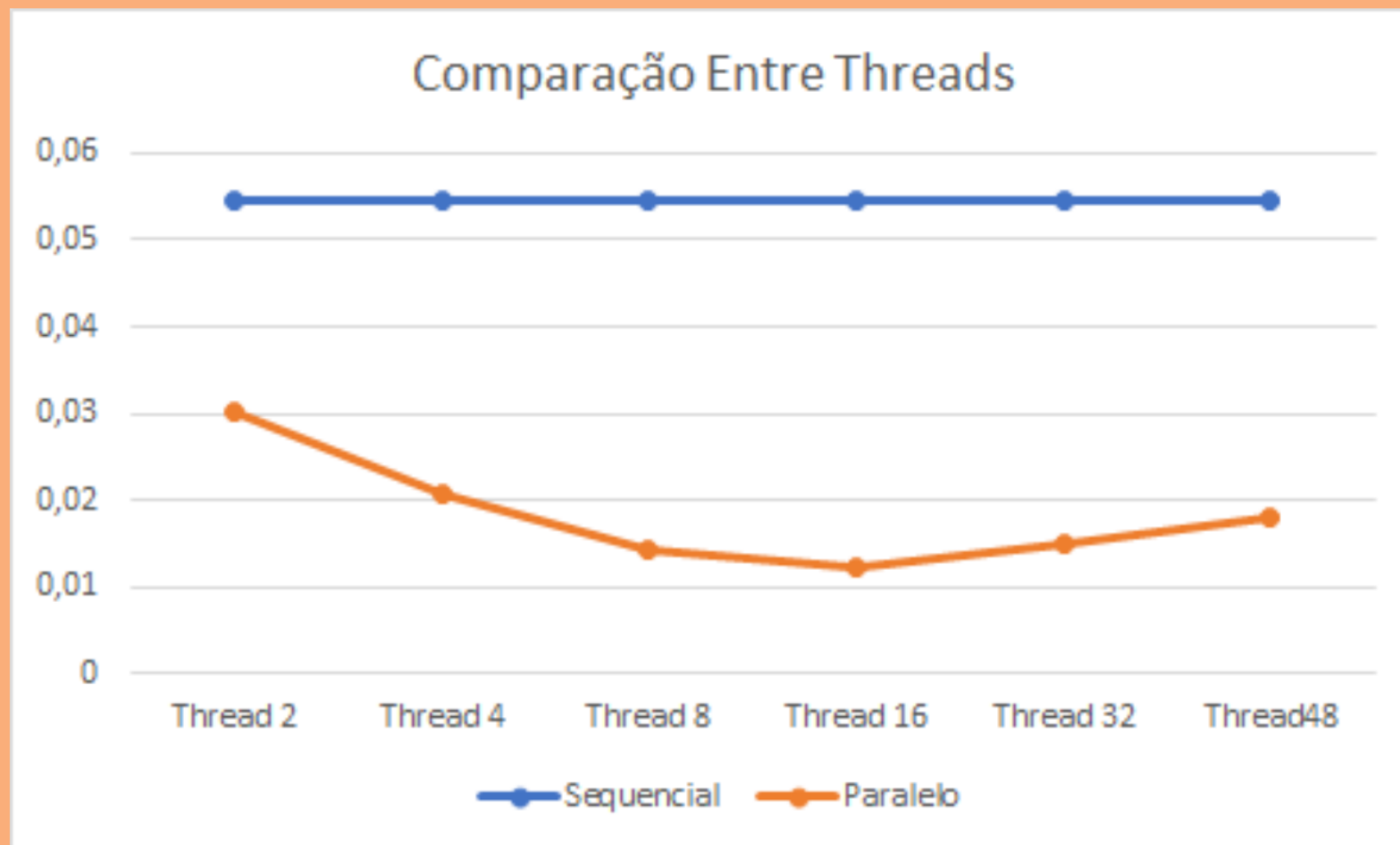
```
1 void quicksort(int * array, int lo, int hi){
2     int pivotElement;
3     //Se o array for menor que 10000, o custo de atribuir threads não compensa
4     if((hi - lo + 1) < 10000) {
5         serial_quicksort(array, lo, hi);
6     }
7     else {
8         int i=lo,j=hi,h;
9         int x=array[(lo+hi)/2];
10        do{
11            while(array[i]<x) i++;
12            while(array[j]>x) j--;
13            if(i<=j){
14                h=array[i]; array[i]=array[j]; array[j]=h;
15                i++; j--;
16            }
17        }while(i<=j);
18        #pragma omp task default(shared)
19        {
20            quicksort(array,lo,j);
21        }
22        #pragma omp task default(shared)
23        {
24            quicksort(array,i,hi);
25        }
26    }
27 }
```



Resultados



Comparação de Threads

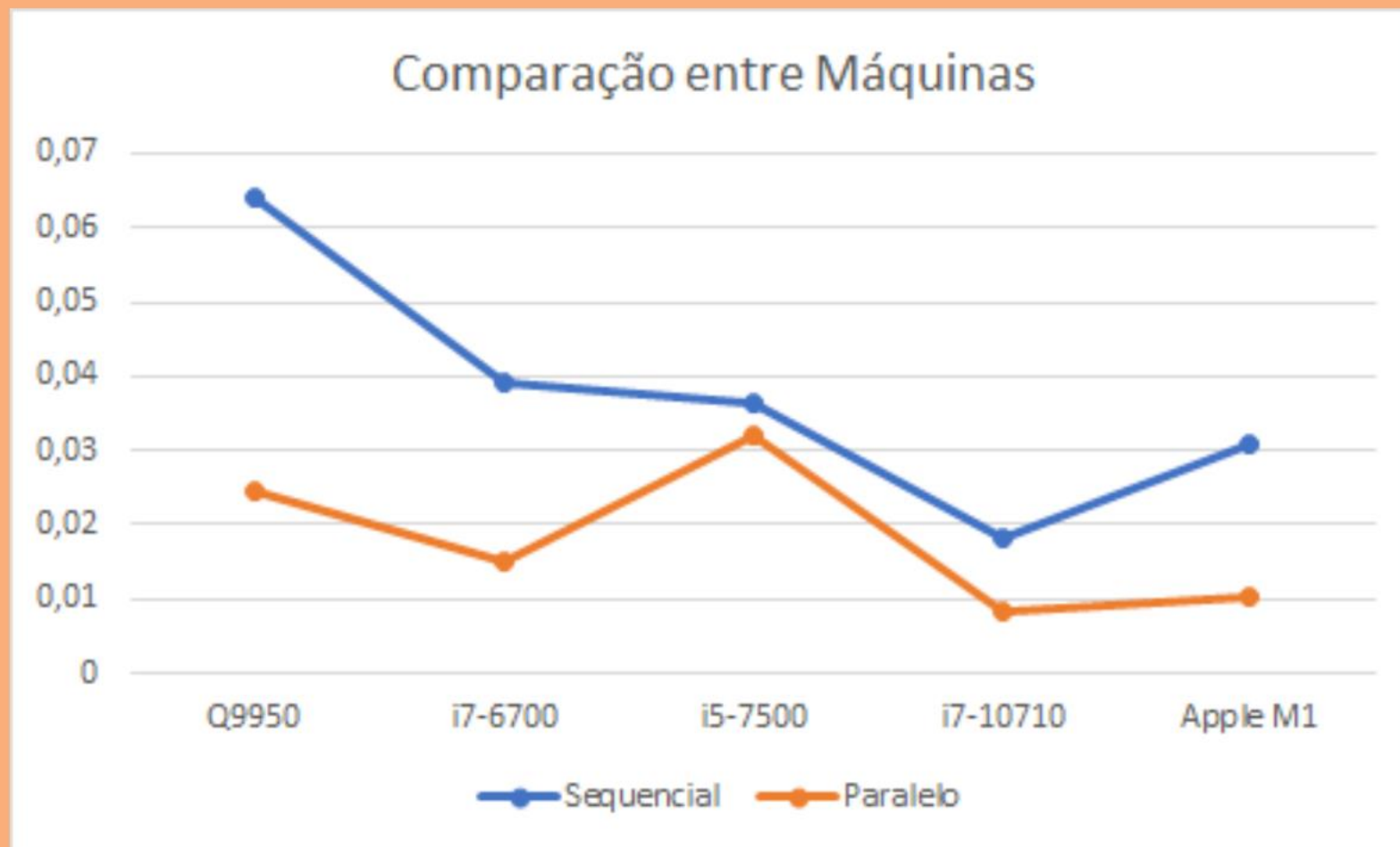


Comparação de Máquinas

Máquina	CPU	GPU	RAM
GL551	i7-6700HQ	GTX960M	16GB
L-Fixo	Core2Quad Q9550	GT710M	6GB
MSI	i7-10710U	GTX 1650	16GB
D-Fixo	i5-7500HQ	GTX1080	16GB
Macbook	Apple M1	Apple M1	16GB
Cluster	——	——	——



Comparação de Máquinas



Fim

