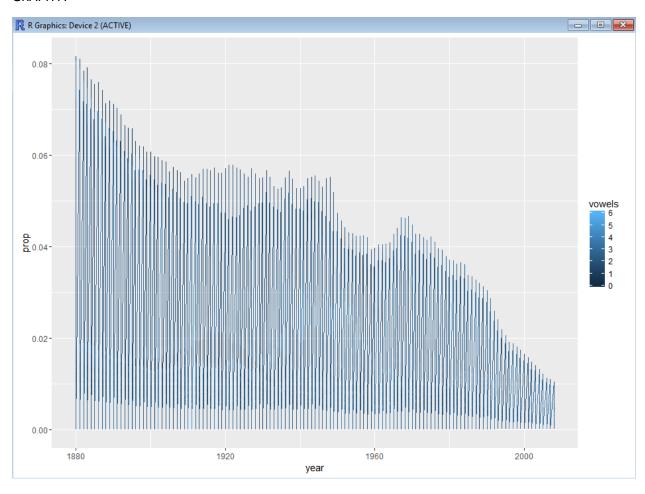
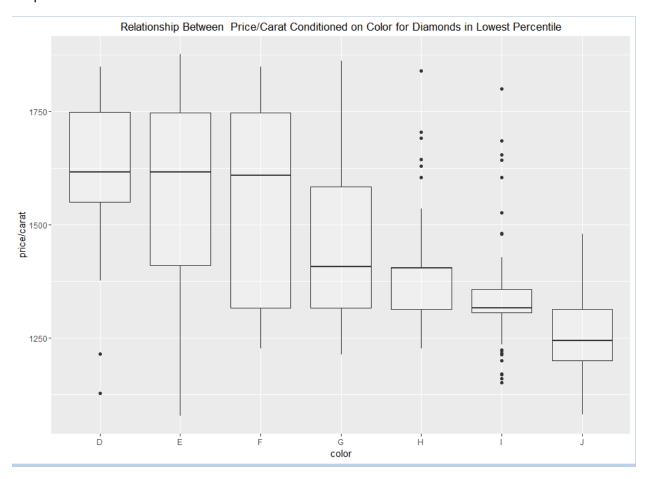
GRAPH A



Graph B



Graph C



R Code for Graph A + B

library(plyr)

library(ggplot2)

library(stringr)

options(stringsAsFactors=FALSE)

bnames <- read.csv("baby-names2.csv.bz2")</pre>

births <- read.csv("births.csv")

bnames <-join(bnames,births,by=c("year","sex"))</pre>

```
bnames <-mutate(bnames,n=round(prop*births))</pre>
vowels <- function(x){str_length(str_replace_all(tolower(x),"[^aeiouy]",""))}</pre>
bnames <- transform(bnames,first=tolower(str_sub(name, 1,1)),last=tolower(str_sub(name,-1,-
1)),vowels=vowels(name),length=nchar(name),per10000=10000*prop,one_per=1/prop)
#Graph A
qplot(year,prop,data=bnames,colour=vowels,geom="line")
#Graph B
qplot(year,prop,data=bnames,colour=sex,geom="line")+facet_wrap(~first)
R code for Graph C
library(ggplot2)
set.seed(1410) #Make the sample reproducible
#create price variable from price column in dsmall data
price <- diamonds$price</pre>
#compute the bottom 1% percentile of price (429 is the result)
bottomPrice <- quantile(price, .01)
#create a variable that contains a subset of the data that is less than 429
cheap <- subset(diamonds, price < bottomPrice)</pre>
#Investigate distribution of price per carat, condtional on color
qplot(color,price/carat,data=cheap, geom="jitter",alpha=I(1/5))
qplot(color,price/carat,data=cheap, geom="boxplot")
```