

DATA STRUCTURES & ALGORITHMS

CS106.3

Coursework 2023/2024

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Coursework

Use recursive approach to solve the Binary Search:

- 1. Write a proper pseudocode
- 2. Convert in to a program
- 3. Test the program with [2, 8, 9, 11, 15, 45, 58, 78, 99] array locating 2.

```
----- [Answer Below] ------
```

Pseudo code

```
Function recursiveBinarySearch (ar, low, max, target)

If low > max
Return -1

mid = (low + max) / 2
midValue = ar[mid]

If midValue == target
Return mid // Base case: target found at index mid

If target < midValue
Return recursiveBinarySearch (ar, low, mid - 1, target)

Else
Return recursiveBinarySearch (ar, mid + 1, max, target)
End If

End Function
```

C code

```
if (low > max)
     return -1;
  int mid = (low + max) / 2;
  int midValue = ar[mid];
  if (midValue == target)
     return mid;
  if (target < midValue)
     return recursiveBinarySearch(ar, low, mid - 1, target);
  else
     return recursiveBinarySearch(ar, mid + 1, max, target);
}
int main() {
  int ar[] = \{2, 8, 9, 11, 15, 45, 58, 78, 99\};
  int n = sizeof(ar) / sizeof(ar[0]);
  int target = 2;
  int result = recursiveBinarySearch(ar, 0, n - 1, target);
  if (result != -1)
     printf("Target %d found at index %d.\n", target, result);
  else
     printf("Target %d not found in the array.\n", target);
  return 0;
}
```

```
Target 2 found at index 0.

Process returned 0 (0x0) execution time: 0.039 s

Press any key to continue.

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```