

Ruby-Introduction

The goal of this homework is to introduce a Ruby environment and to practice basic programming.

1. Function `rand(n+1)` returns a random integer between 0 and `n`. Write a function that creates an array of 100 random numbers between 0 and 10 [slide 143].
2. Make a function `show(v)` that displays the array `v` [slides 137, 143].
3. Make a function `hist(v)` that plots a histogram of values stored in array `v`. For example:

```
0  *****
1  *****
2  *****
3  *****
4  *****
5  *****
6  *****
7  *****
8  *****
9  *****
10 *****
```

4. Write a function `mean(v)` that returns the mean value of numbers stored in the array `v`.
5. Write a function `sigma(v)` that returns the standard deviation of numbers stored in the array `v`.
6. Write a function `mean_sigma(v)` that returns two values: the mean value and the standard deviation of numbers stored in the array `v` [Slide 141 shows how to return two values].
7. Write a function `sort(v)` that returns the sorted array `v`. Do not use Ruby sort methods; write your own sort. Array `v` must remain unchanged. [Slide 137 shows how to return an array]
8. Write a function `binarysearch(v, x)` that returns the index `i` of the sorted array `v` where `v[i]=x`. Return -1 if `x` does not belong to `v`.
9. Write function `minmax(v)` that returns minimum and maximum value of the array `v`. [Slide 141]
10. Write a main program that illustrates the work of all the above functions.