

Power regression Calculator

Home / Mathematics / Regression

Analyzes the data table by power regression and draws the chart.

Power regression:  $y=Ax^B$

(input by clicking each cell in the table below)

data

No.	x	y
1	302.20398553634334	0.43460552002626957
2	401.9088595421428	0.36869450645195767
3	505.31795273644065	0.3232390409347363
4	598.0471976105778	0.2944744498230481
5	701.7038286703822	0.2697443649870472
6	809.2217409292141	0.25118864315095807
7	905.4157189380937	0.2377882968026018
8	999.9999999999999	0.22758459260747893
9	1987.519712084896	0.1665054953069651
10	3009.0126602227697	0.1412537544622755
11	4001.763393264597	0.12451970847350334
12	4966.609758663147	0.11343887340720292
13	5954.691781536963	0.1033441063880557
14	6986.789735577608	0.09729605646212959
15	7953.583627213136	0.0911011395688753
16	8937.571151054222	0.0862410996895277
17	9956.892709017235	0.08208914159638261

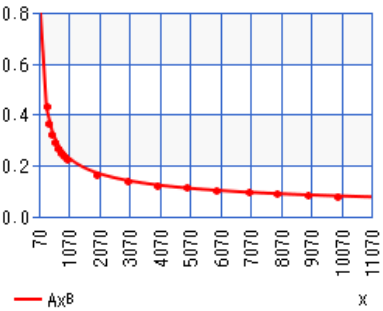
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(Inc/Dec of the row)

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function	value
mean of x	1,920.979764
mean of y	0.1738025013
correlation coefficient r	-0.99898374
A	5.6549095
B	-0.460593616



- Guidelines for interpreting correlation coefficient r :
- 0.7<|r|≤1 strong correlation
  - 0.4<|r|<0.7 moderate correlation
  - 0.2<|r|<0.4 weak correlation
  - 0≤|r|<0.2 no correlation

*Power regression*

$$(1) \text{ mean: } \overline{\ln x} = \frac{\sum \ln x_i}{n}, \quad \overline{\ln y} = \frac{\sum \ln y_i}{n}$$

$$(2) \text{ trend line: } y = Ax^B, \quad B = \frac{S_{xy}}{S_{xx}}, \quad A = e^{\overline{\ln y} - B\overline{\ln x}}$$

$$(3) \text{ correlation coefficient: } r = \frac{S_{xy}}{\sqrt{S_{xx}}\sqrt{S_{yy}}}$$

$$S_{xx} = \frac{\sum (\ln x_i - \overline{\ln x})^2}{n} = \frac{\sum \ln x_i^2}{n} - \overline{\ln x}^2$$

$$S_{yy} = \frac{\sum (\ln y_i - \overline{\ln y})^2}{n} = \frac{\sum \ln y_i^2}{n} - \overline{\ln y}^2$$

$$S_{xy} = \frac{\sum (\ln x_i - \overline{\ln x})(\ln y_i - \overline{\ln y})}{n} = \frac{\sum \ln x_i \ln y_i}{n} - \overline{\ln x} \overline{\ln y}$$