

Quadratic regression Calculator

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Analyzes the data table by quadratic regression and draws the chart.

Quadratic regression: $y=A+Bx+Cx^2$

(input by clicking each cell in the table below)

data

No.	x	y
1	302.20398553634334	0.43460552002626957
2	401.9088595421428	0.36869450645195767
3	505.31795273644065	0.3232390409347363
4	598.0471976105778	0.2944744498230481
5	701.7038286703822	0.2697443649870472
6	809.2217409292141	0.25118864315095807
7	905.4157189380937	0.2377882968026018
8	999.9999999999999	0.22758459260747893
9	1987.519712084896	0.1665054953069651
10	3009.0126602227697	0.1412537544622755
11	4001.763393264597	0.12451970847350334
12	4966.609758663147	0.11343887340720292
13	5954.691781536963	0.1033441063880557
14	6986.789735577608	0.09729605646212959
15	7953.583627213136	0.0911011395688753
16	8937.571151054222	0.0862410996895277
17	9956.892709017235	0.08208914159638261

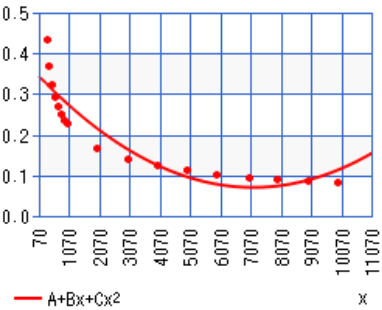
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function	value
mean of x	3,469.309048
mean of y	0.2007711053
correlation coefficient r	0.9276025204
A	0.347227125
B	-7.76835389E-5
C	5.44660788E-9



Guidelines for interpreting correlation coefficient r :

- $0.7<|r|\leq 1$ strong correlation
- $0.4<|r|<0.7$ moderate correlation
- $0.2<|r|<0.4$ weak correlation
- $0\leq|r|<0.2$ no correlation

Quadratic regression

$$(1) \text{ mean: } \bar{x} = \frac{\sum x_i}{n}, \quad \bar{y} = \frac{\sum y_i}{n}, \quad \overline{x^2} = \frac{\sum x_i^2}{n}$$

$$(2) \text{ trend line: } y = A + Bx + Cx^2$$

$$B = \frac{S_{xy}S_{x^2x^2} - S_{x^2y}S_{xx}}{S_{xx}S_{x^2x^2} - (S_{xx^2})^2}$$

$$C = \frac{S_{x^2y}S_{xx} - S_{xy}S_{xx^2}}{S_{xx}S_{x^2x^2} - (S_{xx^2})^2}$$

$$A = \bar{y} - B\bar{x} - C\overline{x^2}$$

$$(3) \text{ correlation coefficient:}$$

$$r = \sqrt{1 - \frac{\sum (y_i - (A + Bx_i + Cx_i^2))^2}{\sum (y_i - \bar{y})^2}}$$

$$S_{xx} = \frac{\sum (x_i - \bar{x})^2}{n} = \frac{\sum x_i^2}{n} - \bar{x}^2$$

$$S_{xy} = \frac{\sum (x_i - \bar{x})(y_i - \bar{y})}{n} = \frac{\sum x_i y_i}{n} - \bar{x}\bar{y}$$

$$S_{xx^2} = \frac{\sum (x_i - \bar{x})(x_i^2 - \overline{x^2})}{n} = \frac{\sum x_i^3}{n} - \bar{x}\overline{x^2}$$

$$S_{x^2x^2} = \frac{\sum (x_i^2 - \overline{x^2})^2}{n} = \frac{\sum x_i^4}{n} - \overline{x^2}^2$$

$$S_{x^2y} = \frac{\sum (x_i^2 - \overline{x^2})(y_i - \bar{y})}{n} = \frac{\sum x_i^2 y_i}{n} - \overline{x^2}\bar{y}$$