

## Practica 2

$$F(D, C, B, A) = \sum_4(0, 1, 6, 8, 14, 15) + \sum_\phi(5, 7)$$

$$F(D, C, B, A) = \prod_4(2, 3, 4, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13) + \prod_\phi(5, 7)$$

	D	C	B	A	F
0	0	0	0	0	1
1	0	0	0	1	1
2	0	0	1	0	
3	0	0	1	1	
4	0	1	0	0	
5	0	1	0	1	X
6	0	1	1	0	1
7	0	1	1	1	X
8	1	0	0	0	1
9	1	0	0	1	
10	1	0	1	0	
11	1	0	1	1	
12	1	1	0	0	
13	1	1	0	1	
14	1	1	1	0	1
15	1	1	1	1	1

ab \ cd	00	01	11	10
00	1 <sub>0</sub>	0 <sub>2</sub>	0 <sub>3</sub>	1 <sub>1</sub>
01	1 <sub>8</sub>	0 <sub>10</sub>	0 <sub>11</sub>	0 <sub>9</sub>
11	0 <sub>12</sub>	1 <sub>14</sub>	1 <sub>15</sub>	0 <sub>13</sub>
10	0 <sub>4</sub>	1 <sub>6</sub>	X <sub>7</sub>	X <sub>5</sub>

$$F = cb + \bar{d}\bar{c}\bar{b} + \bar{c}\bar{b}\bar{a}$$

7410

7427

Para Puertas NAND la función sera

$$F_1 = \overline{cb \cdot \bar{d}\bar{c}\bar{b} \cdot \bar{c}\bar{b}\bar{a}}$$

Para sacar  $F_1$  mediante el uso de puertas NOR, obtendremos su función mediante la expresión mínima conjuntiva empleando Karnaugh:

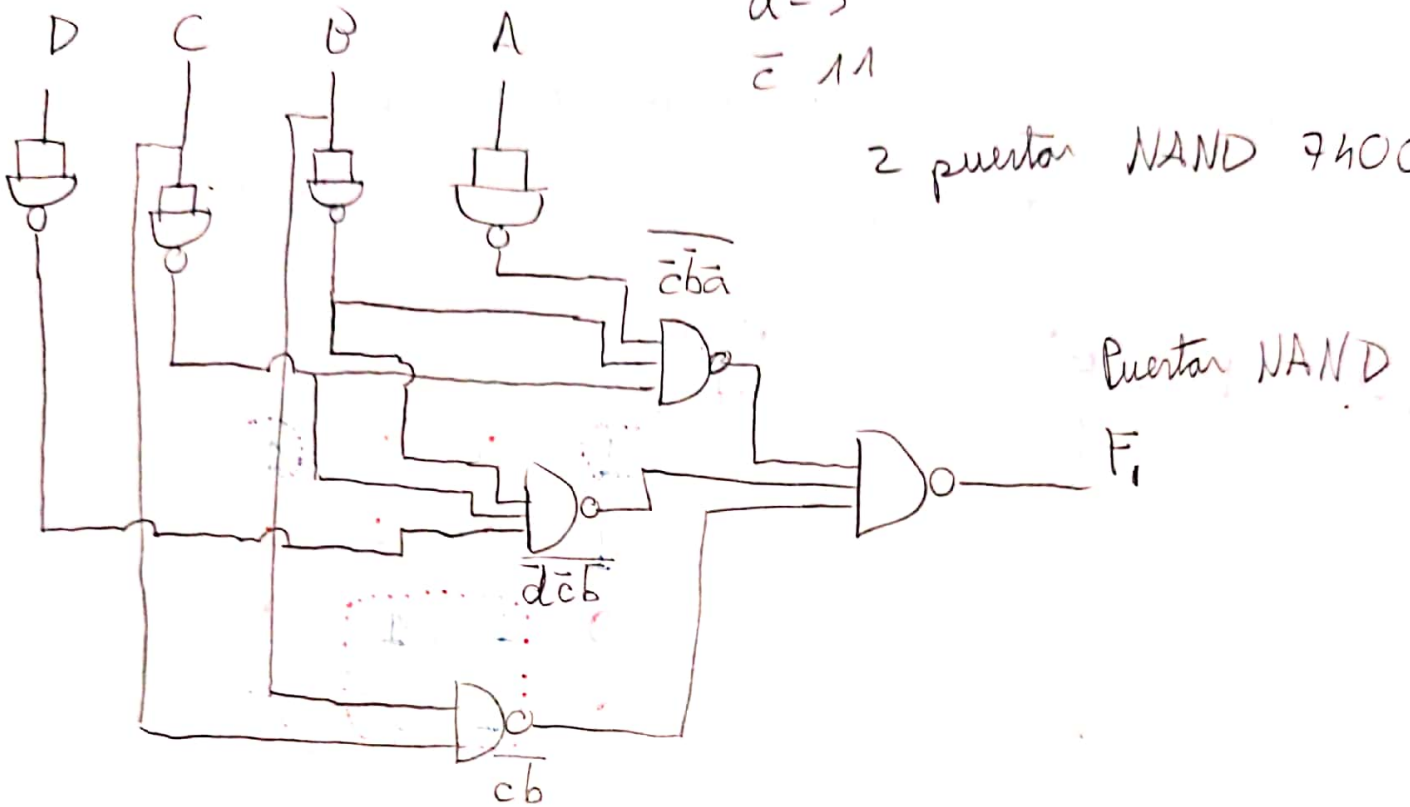
$$F_1' = (c + \bar{b})(\bar{d} + b + \bar{a})(\bar{c} + b + a)$$

Para puertas NOR empleando Morgan:

$$F_1' = \overline{c + \bar{b} + \bar{d} + b + \bar{a} + \bar{c} + b + a}$$

$\bar{d} - 3$   
 $\bar{c} - 11$

2 puertas NAND 7400



Puertas NAND

$F_1$

2 Puertas NOR 7402

