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Assignment: Project 5: Balance in Life

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There is no student submission text data for this assignment.

Comments:

There are no student comments for this assignment.

Files:

Original filename: BST Test.py

Filename: Project 5 Balance in Life_dquiroga_attempt_2018-04-25-11-50-46 BST Test.py

Original filename: Writeup.pdf

Filename: Project 5 Balance in Life_dquiroga_attempt_2018-04-25-11-50-46 Writeup.pdf

Original filename: Fraction.py

Filename: Project 5 Balance in Life_dquiroga_attempt_2018-04-25-11-50-46_Fraction.py

Original filename: Binary Search Tree.py

Filename: Project 5 Balance in Life_dquiroga_attempt_2018-04-25-11-50-46 Binary Search Tree.py

TEST CASES:

I did the simple insertions that were the same for a regular BST. Just inserting and removing one element, this was to check to see that the function balanced did not impact the base cases of the tree and still worked as expected. Then I used a few test cases to check simple three node left left, left right, and vice versa rotations. This was to see that the None node floating variables were properly taken care of and no issues arose. Then instead of having variables of node none, I used actual nodes to see that the Balanced function did a good job with the rotations and was not impacted by either a none node or a regular node. I then began to insert just multiple values and checked up to see that balance was correctly fixing the tree and also the height. At first the height was not updating properly, which was impacting the way balance was working since the calc balance function depended on the height of the nodes being updated as rotations occurred. I then created a multi-level tree that had a few rotations in order to be built. The insertion aspect worked properly. Then I began by removing one node and checking to see that the height and balance worked. I continued to do so for three until we were back to a simple tree. By the multiple insertions and rotations needed. I am confident that the code has worked. The rotation of the tree kept working properly and the height also was updated whenever there was a rotation that may have lowered the height a total of one or two levels.

Performance Analysis:

Inside of the inner Node Class:

Constructor: I had references to the value of node, setting the new nodes right and left equal to None and by default whenever the node is created it has a height of one since nodes are always inserted at leaf positions.

Get_node_height: The two functions work in constant time. They do not enter any loops and just do basic arithmetic to replace the previous height of the node with a proper value.

The BST class:

Insert_element and __rins: this includes the private function, __rins which also calls on the balance function, which is the recursive function that helps find the correct position to insert the given element. In the worst case, the function will run in log(n) time. Since BST are balanced, in order to locate a specific location, the insertion is dependent on the height of the tree at that given point. Each time hacking away half of the tree. Inside, the recursive function, I call upon the get_node_height function in order to update the height of each node as the recursive call goes through, this has no impact on the time since the function, get node height, works in constant time to update the value of height for the nodes. The __balanced function also runs in constant time. It first calls on the calc_balance function to do a constant time computation. This then just uses if statements to see what type of imbalance has occurred and then calls on the constant function again. Each time the tree is balanced, I again call on get node height which is a constant time function to update the heights of all the nodes that have been moved or rotated.

Remove_element and __rrem: this includes the private function, **__rrem which also calls on the balance function**, which is the recursive call that helps locate the specified element and

remove and update the tree properly. In the worst case, that is removing from the root with an balanced tree, that has height h. The function would run in log(n) time. The function would enter a loop, using, __smallest_value, which would locate the leftmost node on the tree rooted to the right of the root. Each time the function goes to a new level, half of the tree is taken away. The balanced function is called as well which runs in constant time. In the balanced another constant time function, calculates the. Imbalance. This has no impact on the time it takes the function to run. The get_node_height is also called during the function, but this runs in constant time in order to update the node height during the recursive call and has no impact on the overall time. The get node height is also called in balance to update the nodes impacted by rotation during the call.

In_order, pre_order, post_order, to_list: All four traversals work in the same performance time. The worst case would be a balanced tree with height n. The function would run in linear time since it would continue to execute based off of the number of nodes in the tree since it has to visit every single one of them. Then it is a matter in how the string/array is created. As a node is added the time it takes for the traversals to function is also added.

Get_height: This function runs in constant time, since the height of the root position is updated every time an insertion or removal recursive call is used. Thus, all that is needed is to return the attribute n height of the root which is the height of tree.

Fraction: This program first must insert all of the Fraction variables into a balanced BST. This will run in O(log(n)) time. After it must print out the sorted array. This will call on the function to_list() which runs in O(n) time. So for the program to run entirely, it would run in n + log(n) performance time.

The sorting strategy requires O(nlogn) time, as we insert n elements at a cost of O(logn) time each, and then return the sorted list in O(n) time: O(n*logn + n) = O(nlogn).

Writeup grade: 2.5 / 3

```
class Binary_Search_Tree:
     class __BST_Node:
          def init (self, value):
                self.value = value
                self.right = None
                self.left = None
                self.n height = 1
           def get_node_height_ins(self):
                if self.right == None and self.left != None:
                      self.n height = self.left.n height + 1
                elif self.right != None and self.left == None:
                      self.n_height = self.right.n_height + 1
                elif self.right != None and self.left != None:
                      if self.right.n height > self.left.n_height:
                           self.n height = self.right.n height + 1
                      else:
                           self.n height = self.left.n height + 1
           def get_node_height_rem(self):
                if self.right == None and self.left != None:
                      self.n height = self.left.n height + 1
                elif self.right != None and self.left == None:
                      self.n height = self.right.n height + 1
                elif self.right != None and self.left != None:
                      if self.right.n height > self.left.n height:
                           self.n height = self.right.n height + 1
                      else:
                           self.n_height = self.left.n_height + 1
                else:
```

self.n_height -= 1

def __init__(self):

self. root = None

```
def insert_element(self, value):
     x = value
     t = self.__root
     self.__root = self.__rins(x, t)
def rins(self, value, position):
#recursive calls to reach base case
     t = position
     x = value
     if t == None:
          t = Binary_Search_Tree.__BST_Node(x)
           t.get_node_height_ins()
           return t
     if x < t.value:</pre>
           t.left = self.__rins(x, t.left)
     if x > t.value:
           t.right = self.__rins(x, t.right)
     if x == t.value:
           raise ValueError
     t.get node height ins()
     return self. balanced(t)
def remove_element(self, value):
     x = value
     t = self.__root
     self.__root = self.__rrem(x, t)
def __rrem(self, value, position):
#recursive call to remove specific value
     t = position
     x = value
     if t == None:
           raise ValueError
     if t.value == x:
           if t.right == None and t.left == None:
                t.get node height rem()
                return None
           if t.right != None and t.left == None:
                t.get_node_height_rem()
                return t.right
```

```
if t.right == None and t.left != None:
                t.get_node_height_rem()
                return t.left
           if t.right != None and t.left != None:
                pos = t.right
                m = self.__smallest_value(pos)
                t.value = m
                t.right = self.__rrem(m, pos)
                t.get_node_height_rem()
                return t
     if x < t.value:</pre>
           t.left = self.__rrem(x, t.left)
     if x > t.value:
           t.right = self.__rrem(x, t.right)
     t.get node height rem()
     return self. balanced(t)
def __smallest_value(self, position):
     t = position
     while t.left != None:
           t = t.left
     m = t.value
     return m
def __balanced(self, position):
     root = position
     t = position
     balance = self.__calc_balance(root)
     if t == None:
           return t
     if balance == -2:
           temp1 = t.left
           balance = self.__calc_balance(temp1)
           if balance == -1 or balance == 0:
                temp = t.left.right
                root = t.left
                root.right = t
                t.left = temp
                if temp != None:
                      temp.get node height ins()
```

```
t.get_node_height_rem()
                      root.left.get_node_height_ins()
                      if t.right == None and t.left == None:
                           t.n height = 1
                      root.get_node_height_ins()
                      return root
                if balance == 1:
                      root = t.left.right
                      temp = root.left
                      root.left = t.left
                      t.left = root
                      root.left.right = temp
                      temp = root.right
                      root.right = t
                      t.left = temp
                      if temp != None:
                           temp.get_node_height_ins()
                      t.get node height ins()
                      if t.right == None and t.left == None:
                           t.n height = 1
                      root.left.get_node_height_ins()
                      if root.left.right == None and root.left.left ==
None:
                            root.left.n height = 1
                      root.get node height ins()
                      return root
           if balance == 2:
                temp1 = t.right
                balance = self.__calc_balance(temp1)
                if balance == 1 or balance == 0:
                      root = t.right
                      temp = root.left
                      root.left = t
                      t.right = temp
                      if temp != None:
                           temp.get node height ins()
                      t.get_node_height_rem()
                      root.left.get_node_height_ins()
                      if t.right == None and t.left == None:
                           t.n height = 1
                      root.get node height ins()
                      return root
                if balance == -1:
```

```
root = t.right.left
                      temp = root.right
                      root.right = t.right
                      t.right = root
                      root.right.left = temp
                      temp = root.left
                      root.left = t
                      t.right = temp
                      if temp != None:
                           temp.get_node_height_ins()
                      t.get node height ins()
                      if t.right == None and t.left == None:
                           t.n height = 1
                      root.right.get_node_height_ins()
                      if root.right.right == None and root.right.left ==
None:
                           root.right.n_height = 1
                      root.get_node_height_ins()
                      return root
           return root
     def calc balance(self,position):
           t = position
           bal = 0
           if t.left == None and t.right != None:
                bal = int(t.right.n_height)
           if t.right == None and t.left != None:
                bal -= int(t.left.n height)
           if t.left != None and t.right != None:
                bal = int(t.right.n_height - t.left.n_height)
           if t.left == None and t.right == None:
                bal = 0
           return bal
     def in_order(self):
           if self.__root == None:
                return '[ ]'
           else:
                string = '[ '
```

```
string += self.__rin_order(self.__root)
           string += ' ]'
           return string
def __rin_order(self, position):
     t = position
     string = ''
     if t.left != None:
           string += self. rin order(t.left) + ', '
     string += str(t.value)
     if t.right != None:
           string += ', ' + self.__rin_order(t.right)
     return string
def pre order(self):
     if self. root == None:
           return '[ ]'
     else:
           string = '[ '
           string += self.__rpre_order(self.__root)
           string += ' ]'
           return string
def __rpre_order(self, position):
     t = position
     string = ''
     string += str(t.value)
     if t.left != None:
           string += ', ' + self. rpre order(t.left)
     if t.right != None:
           string += ', ' + self.__rpre_order(t.right)
     return string
def post order(self):
     if self.__root == None:
           return '[ ]'
     else:
           string = '[ '
           string += self.__rpost_order(self.__root)
           string += ' ]'
           return string
def __rpost_order(self, position):
     t = position
```

```
string = ''
           if t.left != None:
                string += self. rpost order(t.left) + ', '
           if t.right != None:
                string += self.__rpost_order(t.right) + ', '
           string += str(t.value)
           return string
     def get_height(self):
           if self. root == None:
                return 0
           else:
                return self.__root.n_height # TODO replace pass with your
implementation
     def __str__(self):
           return self.in_order()
     def to_list(self):
          vals = list()
          if self.__root == None:
                return vals
           else:
                vals = self.__rlist(self.__root)
                return vals
     def __rlist(self, position):
          t = position
          vals = list()
           if t.left != None:
                vals += self.__rlist(t.left)
          vals.append(t.value)
           if t.right != None:
                vals += self. rlist(t.right)
           return vals
if name == ' main ':
     pass #unit tests make the main section unnecessary.
```

```
import unittest
from Binary_Search_Tree import Binary_Search_Tree
class BSTTester(unittest.TestCase):
     def setUp(self):
           self.tree = Binary Search Tree()
     def test empty tree(self):
           self.assertEqual('[ ]', self.tree.pre_order())
           self.assertEqual('[ ]', self.tree.in_order())
           self.assertEqual('[]', self.tree.post_order())
           self.assertEqual([], self.tree.to_list())
           self.assertEqual(0, self.tree.get height())
     def test empty tree insert remove(self):
           self.tree.insert element(6)
           self.tree.remove element(6)
           self.assertEqual('[ ]', self.tree.pre order())
           self.assertEqual('[]', self.tree.in_order())
          self.assertEqual('[ ]', self.tree.post_order())
           self.assertEqual([], self.tree.to list())
           self.assertEqual(0, self.tree.get height())
     def test one insertion(self):
           self.tree.insert element(7)
          self.assertEqual('[ 7 ]', self.tree.pre_order())
           self.assertEqual('[ 7 ]', self.tree.in_order())
           self.assertEqual('[ 7 ]', self.tree.post order())
           self.assertEqual([7], self.tree.to list())
           self.assertEqual(1, self.tree.get height())
     def test single left rotation(self):
           self.tree.insert element(5)
           self.tree.insert element(15)
           self.tree.insert element(25)
           self.assertEqual('[ 15, 5, 25 ]', self.tree.pre_order())
           self.assertEqual('[ 5, 15, 25 ]', self.tree.in_order())
          self.assertEqual('[ 5, 25, 15 ]', self.tree.post_order())
           self.assertEqual([5, 15, 25], self.tree.to_list())
           self.assertEqual(2, self.tree.get height())
     def test single right rotation(self):
           self.tree.insert element(20)
           self.tree.insert element(10)
```

```
self.tree.insert element(5)
     self.assertEqual('[ 10, 5, 20 ]', self.tree.pre_order())
     self.assertEqual('[ 5, 10, 20 ]', self.tree.in order())
     self.assertEqual('[ 5, 20, 10 ]', self.tree.post order())
     self.assertEqual([5, 10, 20], self.tree.to_list())
     self.assertEqual(2, self.tree.get height())
def test double rotation simple right left(self):
     self.tree.insert element(25)
     self.tree.insert element(10)
     self.tree.insert element(20)
     self.assertEqual('[ 20, 10, 25 ]', self.tree.pre order())
     self.assertEqual('[ 10, 20, 25 ]', self.tree.in_order())
     self.assertEqual('[ 10, 25, 20 ]', self.tree.post_order())
     self.assertEqual([10, 20, 25], self.tree.to list())
     self.assertEqual(2, self.tree.get height())
def test double rotation simple left right(self):
     self.tree.insert element(10)
     self.tree.insert element(25)
     self.tree.insert element(20)
     self.assertEqual('[ 20, 10, 25 ]', self.tree.pre_order())
     self.assertEqual('[ 10, 20, 25 ]', self.tree.in_order())
     self.assertEqual('[ 10, 25, 20 ]', self.tree.post order())
     self.assertEqual([10, 20, 25], self.tree.to list())
     self.assertEqual(2, self.tree.get height())
def test double rotation simple right left remove root(self):
     self.tree.insert element(25)
     self.tree.insert element(10)
     self.tree.insert element(20)
     self.tree.remove element(20)
     self.assertEqual('[ 25, 10 ]', self.tree.pre order())
     self.assertEqual('[ 10, 25 ]', self.tree.in_order())
     self.assertEqual('[ 10, 25 ]', self.tree.post_order())
     self.assertEqual([10, 25], self.tree.to list())
     self.assertEqual(2, self.tree.get height())
def test_double_rotation_simple_right_left_remove_right(self):
     self.tree.insert element(25)
     self.tree.insert element(10)
     self.tree.insert element(20)
     self.tree.remove element(25)
     self.assertEqual('[ 20, 10 ]', self.tree.pre_order())
     self.assertEqual('[ 10, 20 ]', self.tree.in_order())
     self.assertEqual('[ 10, 20 ]', self.tree.post order())
```

```
self.assertEqual([10, 20], self.tree.to_list())
           self.assertEqual(2, self.tree.get height())
     def test double rotation simple right left remove left(self):
           self.tree.insert element(25)
           self.tree.insert element(10)
           self.tree.insert_element(20)
           self.tree.remove element(10)
           self.assertEqual('[ 20, 25 ]', self.tree.pre order())
           self.assertEqual('[ 20, 25 ]', self.tree.in_order())
           self.assertEqual('[ 25, 20 ]', self.tree.post order())
           self.assertEqual([ 20, 25], self.tree.to list())
           self.assertEqual(2, self.tree.get height())
     def test multiple insert simple(self):
           self.tree.insert element(20)
           self.tree.insert element(10)
           self.tree.insert element(40)
           self.tree.insert element(5)
           self.tree.insert element(15)
           self.assertEqual('[ 20, 10, 5, 15, 40 ]',
self.tree.pre order())
           self.assertEqual('[5, 10, 15, 20, 40]', self.tree.in order())
           self.assertEqual('[ 5, 15, 10, 40, 20 ]',
self.tree.post order())
     def test multiple insert simple rotation(self):
           self.tree.insert element(20)
           self.tree.insert element(10)
           self.tree.insert element(40)
           self.tree.insert element(5)
           self.tree.insert element(15)
           self.tree.insert element(7)
           self.assertEqual('[ 10, 5, 7, 20, 15, 40 ]',
self.tree.pre order())
           self.assertEqual('[ 5, 7, 10, 15, 20, 40 ]',
self.tree.in order())
           self.assertEqual('[ 7, 5, 15, 40, 20, 10 ]',
self.tree.post order())
           self.assertEqual([5, 7, 10, 15, 20, 40], self.tree.to list())
           self.assertEqual(3, self.tree.get height())
     def test multiple insert simple rotation remove root(self):
           self.tree.insert element(20)
           self.tree.insert element(10)
           self.tree.insert element(40)
```

```
self.tree.insert element(5)
           self.tree.insert element(15)
           self.tree.insert element(7)
           self.tree.remove element(10)
           self.assertEqual('[ 15, 5, 7, 20, 40 ]', self.tree.pre_order())
           self.assertEqual('[ 5, 7, 15, 20, 40 ]', self.tree.in_order())
           self.assertEqual('[ 7, 5, 40, 20, 15 ]',
self.tree.post order())
           self.assertEqual([5, 7, 15, 20, 40], self.tree.to list())
           self.assertEqual(3, self.tree.get height())
     def test multiple insert simple rotation remove right(self):
           self.tree.insert element(20)
           self.tree.insert element(10)
           self.tree.insert element(40)
           self.tree.insert element(5)
           self.tree.insert element(15)
           self.tree.insert element(7)
           self.tree.remove element(40)
           self.assertEqual('[ 10, 5, 7, 20, 15 ]', self.tree.pre_order())
           self.assertEqual('[ 5, 7, 10, 15, 20 ]', self.tree.in order())
           self.assertEqual('[ 7, 5, 15, 20, 10 ]',
self.tree.post order())
           self.assertEqual([5, 7, 10, 15, 20], self.tree.to list())
           self.assertEqual(3, self.tree.get height())
     def test multiple insert simple rotation remove left(self):
           self.tree.insert element(20)
           self.tree.insert element(10)
           self.tree.insert element(40)
           self.tree.insert element(5)
           self.tree.insert element(15)
           self.tree.insert element(7)
           self.tree.remove element(5)
           self.assertEqual('[ 10, 7, 20, 15, 40 ]',
self.tree.pre order())
           self.assertEqual('[ 7, 10, 15, 20, 40 ]', self.tree.in_order())
           self.assertEqual('[ 7, 15, 40, 20, 10 ]',
self.tree.post order())
           self.assertEqual([7, 10, 15, 20, 40], self.tree.to list())
           self.assertEqual(3, self.tree.get height())
     def test double rotation right left(self):
           self.tree.insert element(20)
           self.tree.insert_element(25)
           self.tree.insert element(26)
```

```
self.tree.insert element(45)
           self.tree.insert element(40)
           self.assertEqual('[ 25, 20, 40, 26, 45 ]',
self.tree.pre order())
           self.assertEqual('[ 20, 25, 26, 40, 45 ]',
self.tree.in order())
           self.assertEqual('[ 20, 26, 45, 40, 25 ]',
self.tree.post order())
           self.assertEqual([20, 25, 26, 40, 45], self.tree.to_list())
           self.assertEqual(3, self.tree.get height())
     def test multiple insertions with rotations(self):
           self.tree.insert element(25)
           self.tree.insert element(30)
           self.tree.insert element(31)
           self.tree.insert element(50)
           self.tree.insert element(45)
           self.tree.insert element(55)
           self.tree.insert element(34)
           self.assertEqual('[ 45, 30, 25, 31, 34, 50, 55 ]',
self.tree.pre order())
           self.assertEqual('[ 25, 30, 31, 34, 45, 50, 55 ]',
self.tree.in order())
           self.assertEqual('[ 25, 34, 31, 30, 55, 50, 45 ]',
self.tree.post order())
           self.assertEqual([25, 30, 31, 34, 45, 50, 55],
self.tree.to list())
           self.assertEqual(4, self.tree.get height())
     def test multiple insertions with rotations with remove 1(self):
           self.tree.insert element(30)
           self.tree.insert element(35)
           self.tree.insert element(36)
           self.tree.insert element(55)
           self.tree.insert element(50)
           self.tree.insert element(60)
           self.tree.insert element(39)
           self.tree.remove element(55)
           self.assertEqual('[ 36, 35, 30, 50, 39, 60 ]',
self.tree.pre order())
           self.assertEqual('[ 30, 35, 36, 39, 50, 60 ]',
self.tree.in order())
           self.assertEqual('[ 30, 35, 39, 60, 50, 36 ]',
self.tree.post order())
           self.assertEqual([30, 35, 36, 39, 50, 60], self.tree.to list())
           self.assertEqual(3, self.tree.get height())
```

```
def test_multiple_insertions_with_rotations_with_remove_2(self):
           self.tree.insert element(25)
           self.tree.insert element(30)
           self.tree.insert_element(31)
           self.tree.insert element(50)
           self.tree.insert element(45)
           self.tree.insert element(55)
           self.tree.insert element(34)
           self.tree.remove element(50)
           self.tree.remove element(25)
           self.assertEqual('[ 31, 30, 45, 34, 55 ]',
self.tree.pre order())
           self.assertEqual('[ 30, 31, 34, 45, 55 ]',
self.tree.in order())
           self.assertEqual('[ 30, 34, 55, 45, 31 ]',
self.tree.post order())
           self.assertEqual([30, 31, 34, 45, 55], self.tree.to_list())
           self.assertEqual(3, self.tree.get height())
     def
test multiple insertions with rotations with remove 3 with balance0(se
1f):
           self.tree.insert element(25)
           self.tree.insert element(30)
           self.tree.insert element(31)
           self.tree.insert element(50)
           self.tree.insert element(45)
           self.tree.insert element(55)
           self.tree.insert element(34)
           self.tree.remove element(50)
           self.tree.remove element(25)
           self.tree.remove element(30)
           self.assertEqual('[ 45, 31, 34, 55 ]', self.tree.pre_order())
           self.assertEqual('[ 31, 34, 45, 55 ]', self.tree.in_order())
           self.assertEqual('[ 34, 31, 55, 45 ]', self.tree.post_order())
           self.assertEqual([31, 34, 45, 55], self.tree.to list())
           self.assertEqual(3, self.tree.get height())
if __name__ == '__main ':
  unittest.main()
```

class Fraction:

```
def init (self, numerator, denominator):
  # use caution here... In most languages, it is not a good idea to
  # raise an exception from a constructor. Python is a bit different
  # and it shouldn't cause a problem here.
  if denominator == 0:
    raise ZeroDivisionError
  self. n = numerator
  self.__d = denominator
  self. reduce()
@staticmethod
def gcd(n, d):
  while d != 0:
    t = d
    d = n \% d
    n = t
  return n
def reduce(self):
  if self.__n < 0 and self.__d < 0:</pre>
    self.\underline{\phantom{a}}n = self.\underline{\phantom{a}}n * -1
    self. d = self. d * -1
  divisor = Fraction.gcd(self.__n, self.__d)
  self. n = self. n // divisor
  self. d = self. d // divisor
def add (self, addend):
  num = self.__n * addend.__d + self.__d * addend.__n
  den = self. d * addend. d
  return Fraction(num, den)
def __sub__(self, subtrahend):
  num = self.__n * subtrahend.__d - self.__d * subtrahend.__n
  den = self.__d * subtrahend.__d
  return Fraction(num, den)
def __mul__(self, multiplicand):
  num = self.__n * multiplicand.__n
  den = self. d * multiplicand. d
  return Fraction(num, den)
```

```
def __truediv__(self, divisor):
  if divisor. n == 0:
    raise ZeroDivisionError
  num = self.__n * divisor.__d
  den = self. d * divisor. n
  return Fraction(num, den)
def lt (self, other):
  #TODO replace pass with your implementation,
  #returning True if self is less than other and
  #False otherwise.
  if self.to float() < other.to float():</pre>
    return True
  else:
    return False
def gt (self, other):
  #TODO replace pass with your implementation,
  #returning True if self is greater than other and
  #False otherwise.
  if self.to_float() > other.to_float():
    return True
  else:
    return False
def __eq__(self, other):
  #TODO replace pass with your implementation,
  #returning True if self equal to other and
  #False otherwise. Note that fractions are
  #stored in reduced form.
  if self.to float() == other.to float():
    return True
  else:
    return False
def to float(self):
  #this is safe because we don't allow a
  #zero denominator
  return self.__n / self.__d
def __str__(self):
  return str(self. n) + '/' + str(self. d)
# the _repr__ method is similar to __str__, but is called
# when Python wants to display these objects in a container like
# a Python list.
```

```
def __repr__(self):
    return str(self)
if name == ' main ':
 #TODO create a bunch of fraction objects and store them in an array.
 #Then insert each item from the array into a balanced BST.
 #Then get the in-order array representation of the BST using
 #the new to list() method, which you must implement.
 #print the original and in-order traversal arrays to show that
 #the fractions have been sorted.
 arr = [Fraction(3,4), Fraction(5,10), Fraction(100,240), Fraction(5,6),
Fraction(8,40), Fraction(33,99), Fraction(34,99), Fraction(17,19),
Fraction(-2,50), Fraction(-1,2), Fraction(-2,-5), Fraction(5,-18)
 tree = Binary Search Tree()
 for i in arr:
    tree.insert element(i)
 print(arr, tree.to list())
 arr1 = [Fraction(-6,10), Fraction(2,3), Fraction(-3,9),
Fraction(-10,25), Fraction(-2,7), Fraction(-5,13), Fraction(-1,-2),
Fraction(9,13), Fraction(13,17)]
 tree1 = Binary Search Tree()
 for i in arr1:
    tree1.insert element(i)
 print(arr1, tree1.to list())
```

```
test empty height ( main .BSTTester) ... ok
test empty str ( main .BSTTester) ...
test empty traversals ( main .BSTTester) ...
test five left elbow non root height ( main .BSTTester) ...
test five left elbow non root str ( main .BSTTester) ...
test five left elbow non root traversals ( main .BSTTester) ...
test five left non root height ( main .BSTTester) ...
test five left non root str ( main .BSTTester) ...
test five left non root traversals ( main .BSTTester) ...
test five right elbow non root height ( main .BSTTester) ...
test five right elbow non root str ( main .BSTTester) ...
test five right elbow non root traversals ( main .BSTTester) ...
test_five_right_non_root_height (__main__.BSTTester) ...
test five right non root str ( main .BSTTester) ...
test five right non root traversals ( main .BSTTester) ...
test one height ( main .BSTTester) ...
test one str ( main .BSTTester) ...
test one traversals ( main .BSTTester) ...
test six left double height ( main .BSTTester) ...
test six left double str ( main .BSTTester) ...
test six left double traversals ( main .BSTTester) ...
ok
test six left floater height ( main .BSTTester) ...
test six left floater str ( main .BSTTester) ...
test six left floater traversals ( main .BSTTester) ...
test six remove double left height ( main .BSTTester) ...
test six remove double left str ( main .BSTTester) ...
test six remove double left traversals ( main .BSTTester) ...
test six remove double right height ( main .BSTTester) ...
```

```
ok
test six remove double right str ( main .BSTTester) ...
test six remove double right traversals ( main .BSTTester) ...
test six remove no rotate height ( main .BSTTester) ...
test six remove no rotate str ( main .BSTTester) ...
test six remove no rotate traversals ( main .BSTTester) ...
ok
test six remove root height ( main .BSTTester) ...
test six remove root str ( main .BSTTester) ...
test six remove root traversals ( main .BSTTester) ...
test six remove root twice height ( main .BSTTester) ...
test six remove root twice str ( main .BSTTester) ...
test_six_remove_root_twice_traversals ( main .BSTTester) ...
FAIL
test six remove_single_left_height (__main__.BSTTester) ...
test six remove single left str ( main .BSTTester) ...
ok
test six remove single left traversals ( main .BSTTester) ...
test six remove single right height ( main .BSTTester) ...
test six remove single right str ( main .BSTTester) ...
test six remove single right traversals ( main .BSTTester) ...
test six right double height ( main .BSTTester) ...
test six right double str ( main .BSTTester) ...
test six right double traversals ( main .BSTTester) ...
ok
test six right floater height ( main .BSTTester) ...
test six right floater str ( main .BSTTester) ...
test six right floater traversals ( main .BSTTester) ...
test three left elbow height ( main .BSTTester) ...
test three left elbow str ( main .BSTTester) ...
test three left elbow traversals ( main .BSTTester) ...
test three left height ( main .BSTTester) ...
```

```
ok
test three left str ( main .BSTTester) ...
test three left traversals ( main .BSTTester) ...
test three perfect height ( main .BSTTester) ...
test three perfect str ( main .BSTTester) ...
test three perfect traversals ( main .BSTTester) ...
test three right elbow height ( main .BSTTester) ...
test three right elbow str ( main .BSTTester) ...
test three right elbow traversals ( main .BSTTester) ...
test_three_right_height (__main__.BSTTester) ...
test three right str ( main .BSTTester) ...
test three right traversals ( main .BSTTester) ...
test_two_left_height (__main__.BSTTester) ...
test_two_left_str (__main_ .BSTTester) ...
test two left traversals ( main .BSTTester) ...
test two right height ( main .BSTTester) ...
test two right str ( main .BSTTester) ...
test two right traversals ( main .BSTTester) ...
_____
FAIL: test six remove root twice traversals ( main .BSTTester)
______
Traceback (most recent call last):
 File "AVL Grade.py", line 614, in test six remove root twice traversals
   self.assertEqual('[ 50, 30, 80, 55 ]', self.__tree.pre_order())
AssertionError: '[ 50, 30, 80, 55 ]' != '[ 80, 50, 30, 55 ]'
- [ 50, 30, 80, 55 ]
+ [ 80, 50, 30, 55 ]
? ++++
  Ran 72 tests in 0.000s
FAILED (failures=1)
```

[3/4, 1/2, 5/12, 5/6, 1/5, 1/3, 34/99, 17/19, -1/25, -1/2, 2/5, -5/18] [-1/2, -5/18, -1/25, 1/5, 1/3, 34/99, 2/5, 5/12, 1/2, 3/4, 5/6, 17/19] [-3/5, 2/3, -1/3, -2/5, -2/7, -5/13, 1/2, 9/13, 13/17] [-3/5, -2/5, -5/13, -1/3, -2/7, 1/2, 2/3, 9/13, 13/17]