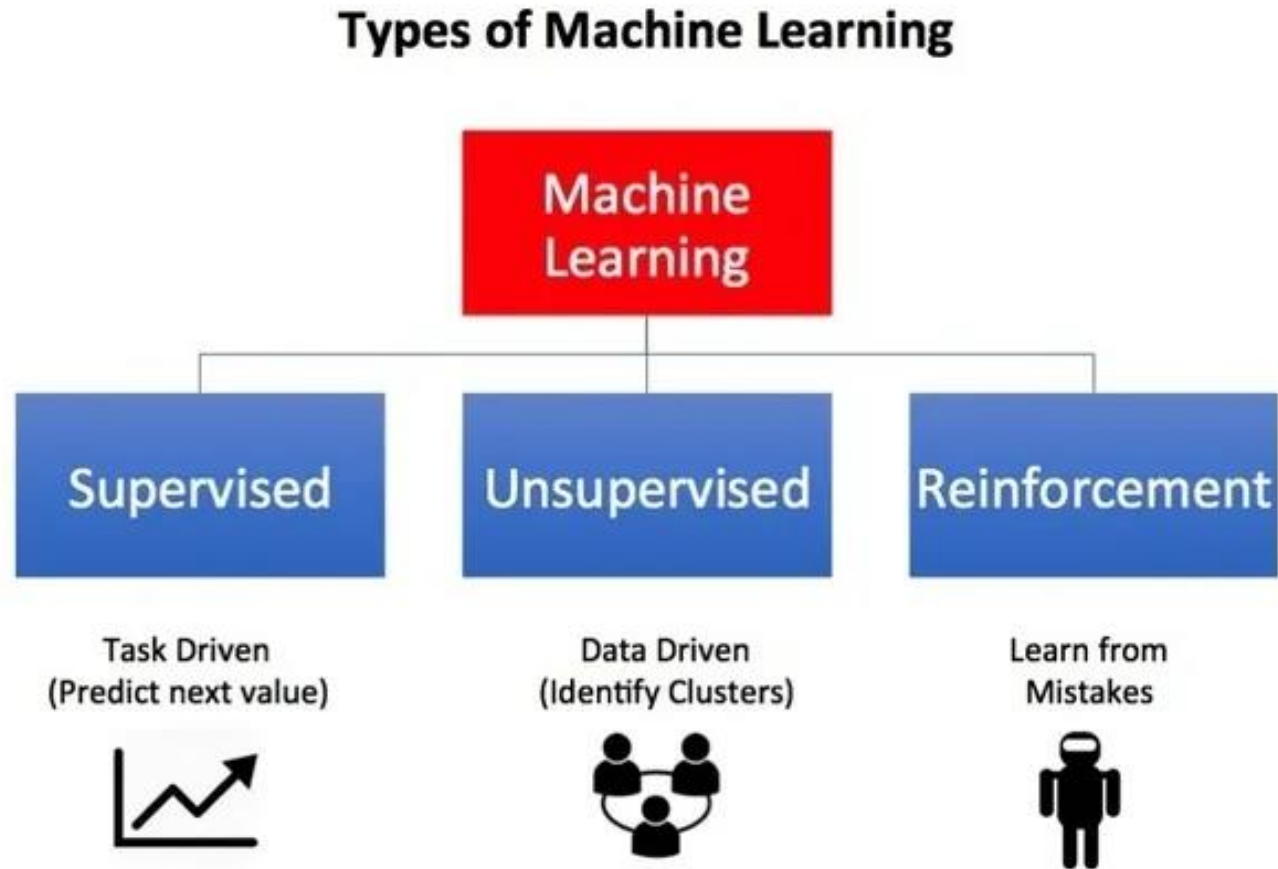


Types of Machine Learning

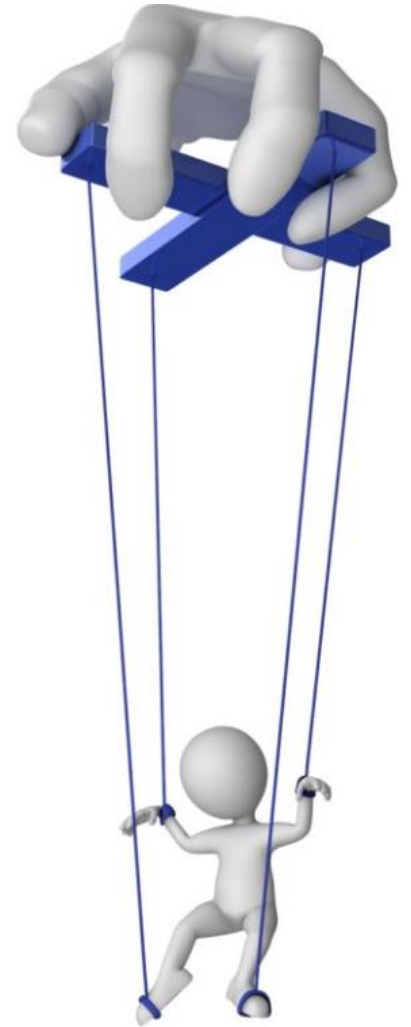
Dr. Muhammad Wasim

Three broad categories of Learning



Supervised Learning

- Supervise how the machine learns by providing it with example input data along with corresponding example outputs.
- Used when you have examples that contain target values.
- Supervised Learning can be of two types:
 - Classification (Output is a class)
 - Regression (Output is a real number)



Types of Supervised Learning

Classification

- Classification problems have finite discrete-valued target function.
- Examples:
 - Digit recognition
 - Coin classification
 - Credit approval (yes/no)

Regression

- Regression problems have continuous-values target functions.
- Examples:
 - Temperature Prediction
 - Credit Limit determination
 - Housing/Car price prediction

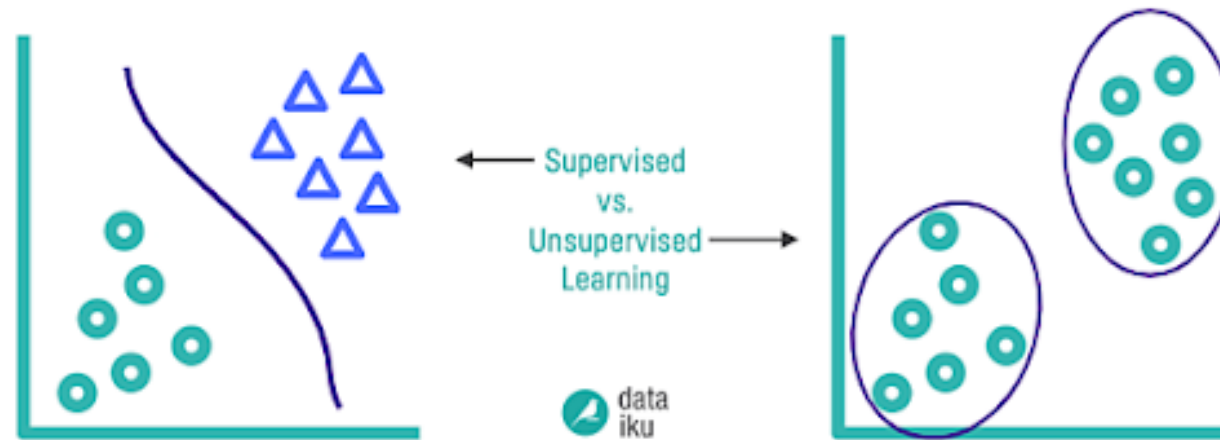
Unsupervised Learning

- Don't supervise how the machine learns.
- Instead, search through the data to try to identify patterns.
- Used when you cannot provide examples to learn from data.



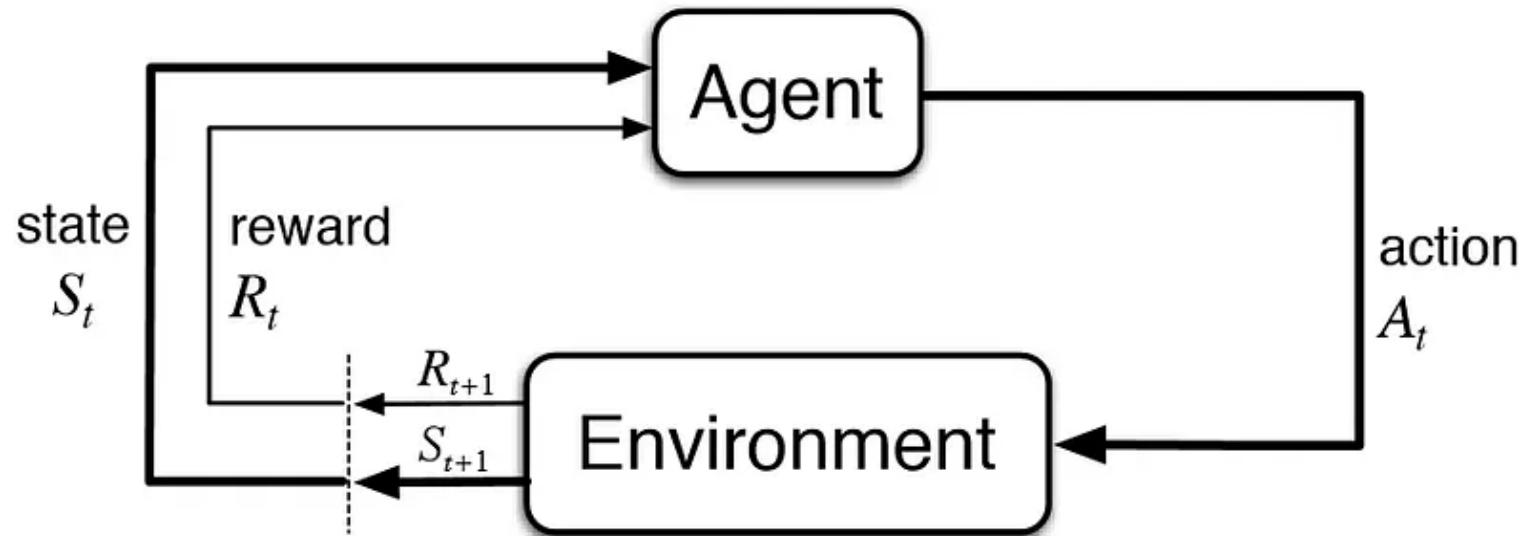
Examples of Unsupervised Learning – Clustering

- Assume that the coin denominations are unknown
- They can be clustered based on their mass and size, however, the label of each cluster will remain unknown.



Reinforcement Learning (RL)

- The goal of RL is to find a suitable action model that would maximize the **total cumulative reward** of the agent.



Reinforcement Learning Example

