CS 4501/650 Assignment 4 solution

1. (6 points) Ammann & Offutt, edition 2, Exercise chapter 6.1, Number 3 (a-c)

```
Answer:
```

```
a) Lots of examples can be found. One is: list = [3, 4, 3]; e = 3
Another is: list = [3]; e = 3
b) The problem is that e may not be in the list: list = [5,3];e = 4
c) The easiest approach is to separate the characteristics into separate partitions:

Whether e is first in list: true, false
Whether e is last in list: true, false

You might also consider:

Whether e is in list: true, false

But this is not really covered by the original characteristic.
```

2. (14 points) Ammann & Offutt, edition 2, Exercise chapter 6.2, Number 7 (a-f)

• For undergraduate students, design IDM for the compute project grade web app (note: this is one possible design)

```
Answer:
a) List all of the input variables, including the state variables
       * 12 input boxes
       * 2 radio buttons
       * 2 buttons
b) Define characteristics of the input variables. Make sure you cover all input variables
      Characteristics for input boxes
        * characteristic 1: Number of clauses
         characteristic 2: Number of operators
        * characteristic 3: Predicate valid
        * characteristic 4: Predicate empty
        * characteristic 5: Are any clauses repeated
        ... (there could be many more)
       Note: we probably do not want all these characteristics
      Characteristics for input buttons
         characteristic 1: Button is pressed
       Note: the buttons are all mutally exclusive, and at least one button
           must be pressed to do any testing. Thus, we cannot press two buttons at one,
           and we always must press at least one button.
           Therefore, ten True/False characteristics would be unnecessary.
c) Partition the characteristics into blocks
      Let's rename the characteristics
      For input predicate
         characteristic A: Number of clauses: [0, 1, 2, 3-4, > 4]
        * characteristic B: Number of operators: [0, 1, >1]
        * characteristic C: Predicate valid: [T, F]
        * characteristic D: Predicate empty: [T, F]
        * characteristic E: Are any clauses repeated: [T, F]
      For input button
        characteristic E: Button pressed: [Truth Table, GACC, CACC, RACC, GICC, RICC,
                                    NewExpression, Graph, DataFlow, Minimal-MUMCUT]
d) Designate one block in each partition as the "base" block
         characteristic A: Number of clauses: [0, 1, 2, 3-4, > 4], (base: 2)
        * characteristic B: Number of operators: [0, 1, >1], (base: 1)
        * characteristic C: Predicate valid: [T, F], (base: T)
* characteristic D: Predicate empty: [T, F], (base: F)
         characteristic E: Are any clauses repeated: [T, F], (base: F) characteristic E: Button pressed: [Truth Table, GACC, CACC, RACC, GICC, RICC,
                                    NewExpression, Graph, DataFlow, Minimal-MUMCUT], (base: Truth Table)
e) Define values for each block
        * characteristic A: Number of clauses: [0, 1, 2, 4, 5]
        * characteristic B: Number of operators: [0, 1, 2]
         characteristic C: Predicate valid: [T, F]
        * characteristic D: Predicate empty: [T, F]
         characteristic E: Are any clauses repeated: [T, F] characteristic E: Button pressed: [Truth Table, GACC, CACC, RACC, GICC, RICC,
                                     NewExpression, Graph, DataFlow, Minimal-MUMCUT]
f) Write a test set (that satisfies Base Choice Coveage).
      Test requirements:
       tr1 (base test): [2, 1, T, F, F, Truth Table]
tr2 : [2, 1, T, F, F, GACC]
tr3 : [2, 1, T, F, F, CACC]
tr4 : [2, 1, T, F, F, RACC]
        tr5 : [2, 1, T, F, F, GICC]
            : [2, 1, T, F, F, RICC]
```

1 of 3 11/6/17, 3:50 PM

```
tr7 : [2, 1, T, F, F, NewExpression]
       : [2, 1, T, F, F, Graph]
: [2, 1, T, F, F, DataFlow]
  tr8
  tr10 : [2, 1, T, F, F, Minimal-MUMCUT]
tr11 : [2, 1, T, F, T, Truth Table]
  tr12 : [2, 1, \underline{T}, \underline{T}, \underline{F}, Truth Table]
tr13 : [2, 1, \underline{F}, \underline{F}, \underline{F}, \underline{F}, Truth Table]
  tr14 : [2, 0, T, F, F, Truth Table]
  tr15 : \begin{bmatrix} 2 & \overline{2} \\ \overline{2} \end{bmatrix}, T, F, F, Truth Table \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ \overline{2} \end{bmatrix}, T, F, F, Truth Table
  tr17 : [\overline{\underline{1}}, 1, T, F, F, Truth Table]
  tr18 : [\underline{4}, 1, T, F, F, Truth Table]
  tr19 : [\overline{5}, 1, T, F, F, Truth Table]
Test set:
  test 1 (base test): a & b, Truth Table
  test 2
            : a & b, GACC
  test 3 : a & b, CACC
  test 4
           : a & b, RACC
  test 5 : a & b, GICC
  test 6
           : a & b, RICC
           : a & b, NewExpression : expected P = ""
  test 7
  test 8 : a & b, Graph : expected another app with title "Graph Coverage"
  test 9 : a & b, DataFlow : expected another app with title "Data Flow Graph Coverage"
  test 10 : a & b, Minimal-MUMCUT : expected another app with title "Minimal MUMCUT Coverage"
  test 11 : a & a, Truth Table test 12 : "", Truth Table, expected error message (the message will reflect the implementation)
  test 13 : a b &, Truth Table, expected error message (the message will reflect the implementation)
  test 14 : a b, Truth Table, expected error message (the message will reflect the implementation)
  test 15 : a & !b, Truth Table
  test 16 : |, Truth Table, expected error message (the message will reflect the implementation)
  test 17 : !a, Truth Table
  test 18 : (a & b) & (c | d), Truth Table] test 19 : a & b | c | d & e, Truth Table]
                                                                 // infeasible, fixed by changing B to 3
                                                                // infeasible, fixed by changing B to 4
  Note: expected outcomes may be varied, depending on the testers.
Some testers may compare an entire HTML page while
some testers may focus on portions of the page.
      Assuming we don't know what GACC, CACC, RACC, GICC, and RICC do,
      we may choose to verify if the app produces associated results by simply verifying if "result for xxxx" text appears as part of the output.
      (while this direction can check if the app produces the results,
      we assumes the results satify the criterion selection)
      Assuming we know what GACC, CACC, RACC, GICC, and RICC do,
      we may choose to verify in details if the app produces the results
      that satisfy the chosen criterion.
```

 $\bullet \ \ For \ graduate \ students, design \ IDM \ for \ the \ logic \ coverage \ web \ app \ (note: this \ is \ one \ possible \ design)$

Answer:

```
a) List all of the input variables, including the state variables
       Predicate P
      * 10 buttons
b) Define characteristics of the input variables. Make sure you cover all input variables
      Characteristics for input predicate
        characteristic 1: Number of clauses
        characteristic 2: Number of operators
       * characteristic 3: Predicate valid
       * characteristic 4: Predicate empty
       * characteristic 5: Are any clauses repeated
        .. (there could be many more)
       Note: we probably do not want all these characteristics
      Characteristics for input buttons
        characteristic 1: Button is pressed
       Note: the buttons are all mutally exclusive, and at least one button
          must be pressed to do any testing. Thus, we cannot press two buttons at one,
          and we always must press at least one button.
          Therefore, ten True/False characteristics would be unnecessary.
c) Partition the characteristics into blocks
     Let's rename the characteristics
      For input predicate
       * characteristic A: Number of clauses: [0, 1, 2, 3-4, > 4]
       * characteristic B: Number of operators: [0, 1, >1]
        characteristic C: Predicate valid: [T, F]
        characteristic D: Predicate empty: [T, F]
       * characteristic E: Are any clauses repeated: [T, F]
      For input button
        characteristic E: Button pressed: [Truth Table, GACC, CACC, RACC, GICC, RICC,
                                 NewExpression, Graph, DataFlow, Minimal-MUMCUT]
```

2 of 3 11/6/17, 3:50 PM

```
d) Designate one block in each partition as the "base" block
         characteristic A: Number of clauses: [0, 1, 2, 3-4, > 4], (base: 2) characteristic B: Number of operators: [0, 1, >1], (base: 1)
         characteristic C: Predicate valid: [T, F], (base: T) characteristic D: Predicate empty: [T, F], (base: F)
          characteristic E: Are any clauses repeated: [T, F], (base: F)
        * characteristic E: Button pressed: [Truth Table, GACC, CACC, RACC, GICC, RICC,
                                     NewExpression, Graph, DataFlow, Minimal-MUMCUT], (base: Truth Table)
e) Define values for each block
        * characteristic A: Number of clauses: [0, 1, 2, 4, 5]
         characteristic B: Number of operators: [0, 1, 2]
         characteristic C: Predicate valid: [T, F]
         characteristic D: Predicate empty: [T, F]
         characteristic E: Are any clauses repeated: [T, F]
        * characteristic E: Button pressed: [Truth Table, GACC, CACC, RACC, GICC, RICC,
                                     NewExpression, Graph, DataFlow, Minimal-MUMCUT]
f) Write a test set (that satisfies Base Choice Coveage).
     Test requirements:
       tr1 (base test): [2, 1, T, F, F, Truth Table]
        tr2 : [2, 1, T, F, F, GACC]
        tr3 : [2, 1, T, F, F, CACC]
        tr4 : [2, 1, T, F, F, RACC]
        tr5
            : [2, 1, T, F, F, \overline{GICC}]
        tr6 : [2, 1, T, F, F, RICC]
        tr7
            : [2, 1, T, F, F, NewExpression]
        tr8 : [2, 1, T, F, F, Graph]
       tr9 : [2, 1, T, F, F, DataFlow]
       tr10 : [2, 1, T, F, F, Minimal-MUMCUT]
tr11 : [2, 1, T, F, T, Truth Table]
       tr12 : [2, 1, T, T, F, Truth Table]
tr13 : [2, 1, F, F, F, Truth Table]
        tr14 : [2, 0, \overline{T}, F, F, Truth Table]
        tr15 : [2, \overline{2}, T, F, F, Truth Table]
        tr16 : [0, 1, T, F, F, Truth Table]
       tr17 : [\frac{1}{2}, 1, T, F, F, Truth Table]
tr18 : [\frac{4}{2}, 1, T, F, F, Truth Table]
        tr19 : [\overline{5}, 1, T, F, F, Truth Table]
     Test set:
        test 1 (base test): a & b, Truth Table
                : a & b, GACC
        test 2
        test 3 : a & b, CACC
        test 4 : a & b, RACC
        test 5 : a & b, GICC
        test 6
               : a & b, RICC
                : a & b, NewExpression : expected P = ""
        test 7
               : a & b, Graph : expected another app with title "Graph Coverage
        test 8
        test 9 : a & b, DataFlow : expected another app with title "Data Flow Graph Coverage"
        test 10 : a & b, Minimal-MUMCUT : expected another app with title "Minimal MUMCUT Coverage"
        test 11 : a & a, Truth Table test 12 : "", Truth Table, expected error message (the message will reflect the implementation)
        test 13 : a b &, Truth Table, expected error message (the message will reflect the implementation)
       test 14 : a b, Truth Table, expected error message (the message will reflect the implementation) test 15 : a & !b, Truth Table
        test 16: |, Truth Table, expected error message (the message will reflect the implementation)
        test 17 : !a, Truth Table
        test 18 : (a & b) & (c | d), Truth Table]
                                                             // infeasible, fixed by changing B to 3
        test 19 : a & b | c | d & e, Truth Table]
                                                             // infeasible, fixed by changing B to 4
        Note: expected outcomes may be varied, depending on the testers.
           Some testers may compare an entire HTML page while
           some testers may focus on portions of the page.
           Assuming we don't know what GACC, CACC, RACC, GICC, and RICC do,
           we may choose to verify if the app produces associated results by simply verifying if "result for xxxx" text appears as part of the output.
           (while this direction can check if the app produces the results,
           we assumes the results satisfy the criterion selection)
           Assuming we know what GACC, CACC, RACC, GICC, and RICC do,
           we may choose to verify in details if the app produces the results
           that satisfy the chosen criterion.
```

3 of 3 11/6/17, 3:50 PM