

CS 4501/6501: Quiz 12

21-Nov-2017

Names:

Instruction: Answer the questions as concisely as you can. Please write neatly; if I can't read it I have to mark it wrong.

Consider the following code:

```
static void fun (boolean a, boolean b, boolean c)
{
    boolean d = a && b;
    boolean e = d || c;
    if (e)
        System.out.println("Hello!");
    else
        System.out.println("Good Bye!");
}
```

1. (3 pts.) Fill in the table below with the output generated by the given mutations of the code above. As a sample, I've solved the quiz for mutants on variable **a**. In the table, I only show where the output is different (----- means the same output as the original program), and hence the mutant is (strongly) killed.
(Reminder: we are considering first-order mutation testing; i.e., only one change per mutant)

Answer:

Row	a	b	c	Original	mutant1 d=T && b	mutant2 d=F && b	mutant3 d=a && T	mutant4 d=a && F	mutant5 e=d T	mutant6 e=d F
1	T	T	T	Hello!	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
2	T	T		Hello!	-----	Good Bye!	-----	Good Bye!	-----	-----
3	T		T	Hello!	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	Good Bye!
4	T			Good Bye!	-----	-----	Hello!	-----	Hello!	-----
5		T	T	Hello!	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	Good Bye!
6		T		Good Bye!	Hello!	-----	-----	-----	Hello!	-----
7			T	Hello!	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	Good Bye!
8				Good Bye!	-----	-----	-----	-----	Hello!	-----

2. (1 pt.) Are any of these mutants equivalent? If so, which one(s)?

Answer: No

3. (2 pts.) Which pairs of rows (in the GACC sense) strongly kill all of the mutants that affect variable **a**?

Answer: (2,6)

4. (2 pts.) Which pairs of rows (in the GACC sense) strongly kill all of the mutants that affect variable **b**?

Answer: (2,4)

5. (2 pts.) Which pairs of rows (in the GACC sense) strongly kill all of the mutants that affect variable **c**?

Answer: {3, 5, 7} x { 4, 6, 8}

or

(3,4), (3,6), (3,8) (5,4), (5,6), (5,8) (7,4), (7,6), (7,8)

Note that the mutation pairs exactly line up with the GACC tool for the predicate $a \&\& b \mid \mid c$