## **Graphs Assignment**

[10,11,13],

1. Given a directed acyclic graph (DAG), implement a function to find the longest path between any two vertices in the graph.
Example: Input: graph = [[1,2],[2,3],[3,4],[4,5],[5,6],[7,6]] Output: 6
2. Implement a function to find the minimum number of swaps required to sort an array using graph theory.
Example: Input: arr = [5,3,8,6,7] Output: 2
3. Implement a function to clone a directed graph, where each node contains a label and a list of its neighbors.
Example: Input: graph = [[1,2],[2,3],[3,4],[4,5],[5,1]] Output: [[1,2],[2,3],[3,4],[4,5],[5,1]]
4. Given a matrix of 0's and 1's, implement a function to find the number of islands in the matrix, where an island is a group of connected 1's.
Example: Input: matrix = [[1,1,1,1,0], [1,1,0,1,0], [1,1,0,0,0], [0,0,0,0,0]] Output: 1
5. Implement a function to find the kth smallest element in a matrix, where the matrix is sorted row-wise and columnwise.
Example: Input: matrix = [[1,5,9],

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[12,13,15]]
k = 8
Output:
13
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6. Implement a function to find the number of ways to reach the bottom-right corner of a m x n grid from the top-left corner, where each cell contains a non-negative integer representing the cost to traverse it. You can only move down or right at each step.

Example: Input: grid = [[1,3,1], [1,5,1], [4,2,1]] Output: 7

7. Implement a function to find the minimum height trees (MHTs) of a undirected graph, where an MHT is a root of the graph that has the minimum height among all possible roots.

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Example:
Input:
n = 6, edges = [[0,1],[0,2],[0,3],[3,4],[4,5]]
Output:
[3, 4]
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8. Given a binary tree, implement a function to find the maximum path sum, where a path is defined as any sequence of nodes from some starting node to any node in the tree along the parent-child connections.

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Example:
Input:
root = [-10,9,20,null,null,15,7]
Output:
42
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9. Implement a function to find the number of paths in a directed acyclic graph (DAG) from the source node to the destination node.

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Example:
Input:
graph = [[0,1],[0,2],[1,2],[1,3],[2,3]]
source = 0, destination = 3
Output:
2
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10. Implement a function to find the number of connected components in an undirected graph.

Example:
Input:
n = 5, edges = [[0,1],[1,2],[3,4]]
Output:
2

11. Implement a function to find the length of the longest increasing path in a matrix of integers, where a path is defined as a sequence of cells that are adjacent horizontally or vertically and whose values are in strictly increasing order.

Example: Input: matrix = [[9,9,4], [6,6,8], [2,1,1]] Output:

12. Implement a function to find the minimum number of steps required to reach the end of an array of non-negative integers, where each element of the array represents the maximum number of steps that can be taken forward from that position.

Example: Input: nums = [2,3,1,1,4] Output: 2

13. Given a list of airline tickets represented as pairs of origin and destination airports, implement a function to reconstruct the itinerary in order, assuming that the itinerary starts from "JFK".

Example: Input: tickets = [["MUC", "LHR"], ["JFK", "MUC"], ["SFO", "SJC"], ["LHR", "SFO"]] Output: ["JFK", "MUC", "LHR", "SFO", "SJC"]

14. Implement a function to find the minimum number of swaps required to sort an array of integers in non-decreasing order.

Example: Input: nums = [4,3,1,2] Output: 2

15. Implement a function to find the number of ways to decode a message encoded as a string of digits, where each

digit can be mapped to a character in the alphabet (1  $\rightarrow$  'A', 2  $\rightarrow$  'B', ..., 26  $\rightarrow$  'Z').

Example: Input: s = "226"

Output:

3