



Largest Rectangle

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Problem

Submissions

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Discussions

There are N buildings in a certain two-dimensional landscape. Each building has a height given by $h_i, i \in [1, N]$. If you join K adjacent buildings, they will form a solid rectangle of area $K \times \min(h_i, h_{i+1}, \dots, h_{i+k-1})$.

Given N buildings, find the greatest such solid area formed by consecutive buildings.

Input Format

The first line contains N , the number of buildings altogether.

The second line contains N space-separated integers, each representing the height of a building.

Constraints

$$1 \leq N \leq 10^5$$

$$1 \leq h_i \leq 10^6$$

Output Format

One integer representing the maximum area of rectangle formed.

Sample Input

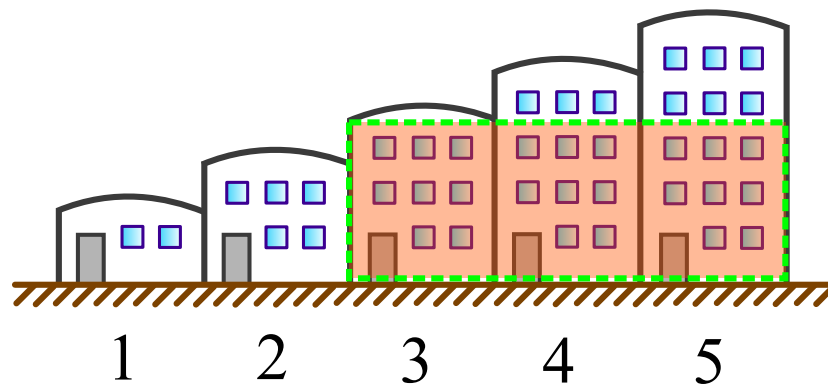
```
5
1 2 3 4 5
```

Sample Output

```
9
```

Explanation

An illustration of the test case follows.



Submissions: 5732

Max Score: 50

Difficulty: Difficult

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C++



```
1 #include <cmath>
2 #include <cstdio>
3 #include <vector>
4 #include <iostream>
5 #include <algorithm>
6 using namespace std;
7
8
9 int main() {
10     /* Enter your code here. Read input from STDIN. Print output to STDOUT */
11     return 0;
12 }
13
```

Line: 1 Col: 1

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