

# Wosel

# **WASDI FINAL REPORT**

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# **Chapter 1: Introduction**

#### **Section 1.1: Overview**

GeoServer has emerged as an instrumental tool in the geospatial domain, allowing professionals to share,

process, and edit geospatial data.

applications, one of the most per

GeoServer, in conjunction with sat



paved the way for a myriad of delves into the intricacies of how

Column 1 Column 2 Column 3

Data 1 Data 2 Data 3

Data A Data B Data C



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# **Chapter 2: Literature Review**

#### **Section 2.1: Previous Studies**

Historically, flood prediction relied heavily on ground data and parky worning systems. However, the advent of satellite technology has reshaped the shed light on the efficacy of using satel coverage. This section reviews existing flood detection, and how platforms like (

prediction. Numerous studies have faster response times and broader ements in satellite technology for this data.

	Column A		Column B		
Value 1		Value 2			
Valu	e X	Value	e Y		



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# **Chapter 3: Methodology**

#### Section 3.1: Research Design

A multi-pronged research ap integration in GeoServer, an signatures of water bodies deflooded areas.



real-time flood data tudying the spectral

ar water bodies and

#### **Section 3.2: Data Collect**

Satellite data was procured from various sources, primarily focusing on high-resolution imagery capable of detecting minute changes in water levels. Synthetic Aperture Radar (SAR) imagery, known for its cloud Hendtrating capabilities, was Expective Valuable. Once collated, the data was integrated into GeoServer

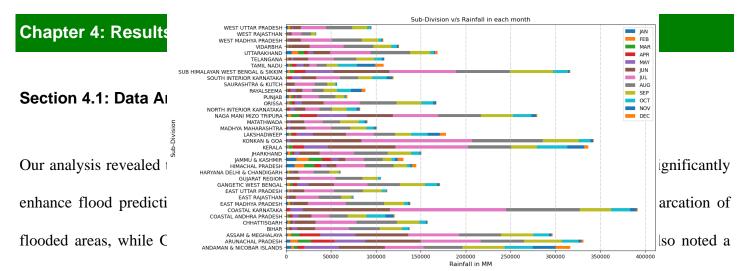
fnfoletailed analysis and visu	alifatBon.
Info X	Info Y

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marked reduction in response time, enabling quicker disaster management actions.

	Value X		Value Y		
Value A		Value			
Number 1		Num			



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**Chapter 5: Discussion** 



## **Section 5.1: Findings**

The confluence of satellite data and GeoServer has undeniably bolstered flood analysis capabilities. The granularity of satellite data ensures meticulous analysis, while GeoServer's robust platform allows for comprehensive data visualization. However, challenges like satellite revisit times and data latency remain. Addressing these can further optimize flood response mechanisms.

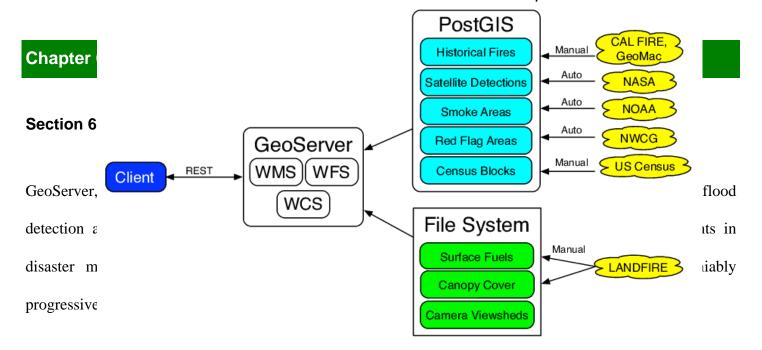
	Category 1		Category 2		Category 3	
Result A		Result B		Result C		
Conclusion X		Conclusion Y		Conclusion Z		

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	Conclusion 1	onclusion 1		
Sum	Summary X		Summary Y	
Final	Final Thoughts		Remarks	

Author: Abdullah Al Foysal Company: UNIGE Address: 16126, Genova, Italy ige.it XXX Cha 100-120 mt 120-140 mt 140-160 mt 160-180 mt Sect 180-200 mt 200-220 mt 240-260 mt Futur 260-280 mt erver. 280-300 mt 300-320 mt Explo 320-340 mt ssing 340-360 mt 360-380 mt es for capat

	Recommendation 1		Recommendation 2		Recommendation 3	
Suggestion A		Suggestion B		Suggestion C		
Nex	Next Steps Expl		oration	Prosp	pects	

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